

# FROM **SCALE** TO **VALUE**

**Access Holdings Plc**  
**2025** ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

INTEGRATED REPORT



## BRIDGING WORLDS, CONNECTING OPPORTUNITIES.

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At Access, we represent a global hub of growth, innovation, and revolutionary advancement. An institution where people, opportunities and solution converge for impactful connections and possibilities.

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[accessholdingsplc.com](http://accessholdingsplc.com)





# CONTENT

(All narratives are linked)



## OVERVIEW

06

|                              |    |
|------------------------------|----|
| About Access Holdings Plc    | 7  |
| Our Subsidiaries             | 8  |
| Our Corporate Philosophy     | 9  |
| Business and Operating Model | 10 |
| Business Highlights          | 11 |
| Awards and Recognitions      | 12 |

## STRATEGIC REPORTS

14

|                                            |    |
|--------------------------------------------|----|
| Our Strategic Choices                      | 15 |
| Statement from Group Chairman              | 17 |
| Statement from Group Managing Director/CEO | 21 |
| Statement from Operating Subsidiaries' MDs | 26 |

## CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

42

|                       |    |
|-----------------------|----|
| Sustainability Report | 43 |
|-----------------------|----|

## GOVERNANCE

68

|                                               |     |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----|
| The Board                                     | 70  |
| Directors, Officers and Professional Advisors | 75  |
| Management Team                               | 76  |
| Chairmen & MDs of Our Subsidiaries            | 77  |
| Statutory Audit Committee                     | 78  |
| Directors' Report                             | 79  |
| Free Floatation                               | 86  |
| Corporate Governance Report                   | 87  |
| Statement of Corporate Responsibility         | 103 |
| Statement of Directors' Responsibilities      | 104 |
| Report of the Statutory Audit Committee       | 105 |
| Customers' Complaints and Feedback            | 106 |
| Report on Fraud and Forgeries                 | 108 |
| Report of The External Consultants            | 109 |

## RISK MANAGEMENT

110

|                                        |     |
|----------------------------------------|-----|
| Enterprise-Wide Risk Management        | 111 |
| Credit Risk Management                 | 114 |
| Operational Risk Management            | 115 |
| Market Risk Management                 | 116 |
| Liquidity Risk Management              | 117 |
| Capital Risk Management                | 117 |
| Compliance Risk Management             | 118 |
| Environmental & Social Risk Management | 119 |
| Reputational Risk Management           | 120 |
| Strategic Risk Management              | 121 |
| Economic Intelligence                  | 121 |

## FINANCIALS

122

|                                                |     |
|------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Management Certification and Report on ICFR    | 123 |
| Independent Auditor's Report                   | 126 |
| Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | 140 |
| Consolidated Statement of Financial Position   | 141 |
| Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity    | 142 |
| Consolidated Statement of Cashflows            | 145 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements              | 146 |

## SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

332

|                                               |     |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----|
| Shareholder Engagement                        | 333 |
| Securities Dealing Policy                     | 335 |
| Notice of the Annual General Meeting          | 338 |
| Explanatory Notes to the Proposed Resolutions | 340 |
| Dividend History                              | 342 |
| Capital Formation History                     | 343 |
| E-Mandate Activation Form                     | 345 |
| Contact Information Update Form               | 347 |
| Request for Change of Address                 | 349 |
| Proxy Form                                    | 351 |
| Investors' Enquiries & Complaints             | 352 |

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### Dynamic link button:

Interactive icons

- Read more Page xx-xx
- Interactive contents
- Additional info in our suite of reports.
- Further information within this report
- Other online information
- Video contents
- Audio-enabled contents

- Return to contents
- Page back
- Page forward
- Return to previous page
- Search

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Frameworks considered –

INTEGRATED  
REPORTING

## OUR STYLE OF REPORTING

Our suite of reports caters for the diverse needs of our stakeholders.

**Intended audience** – providers of financial capital.

**Purpose** – assesses our ability to deliver sustainable growth and value in the short, medium and long term.

### Integrated reporting

#### Annual integrated report

Sets out our value story and what we want to achieve for our stakeholders and assesses our ability to deliver sustainable growth and value. It draws information from our supplementary reports which provide more detailed disclosure.

### Shareholder reporting

#### ➤ Annual financial statements

Sets out the group's full audited annual financial statements, including the report of the group audit committee.

#### ➤ Risk management report

Sets out the group's approach to risk management disclosures of the Base Framework.

#### ➤ Governance report

Discusses the group's governance approach and priorities.

**Intended audience** – primarily of interest to our shareholders, debt providers and regulators

**Purpose** – provides detailed financial performance, risk and regulatory disclosures and governance-related aspects of interest.



### Sustainability reporting



#### Sustainability Disclosures Report

Basis of preparation, reporting framework, materiality



#### Governance

Sustainability and climate governance, Board oversight, management roles



#### Strategy

Sustainability strategy, risks and opportunities, climate resilience, financial integration



#### Risk Management

Identification, assessment, mitigation, and integration into enterprise risk management



#### Metrics and Targets

Climate metrics, workforce diversity, and ESG performance indicators



#### Impact and Outlook

Looking ahead & future priorities

**Intended audience** – our clients, employees, regulators, investors and broader society

**Purpose** – our reports to society demonstrate how the group is fulfilling its purpose and the positive impacts it makes.

### Subsidiary annual reports

Our subsidiaries account to their stakeholders through their own annual and/or other reports and information, available on their respective websites, accessible from:

<https://accessholdingsplc.com/>

### Key frameworks

To satisfy various compliance reporting requirements, the disclosure requirements of a range of corporate reporting and regulatory frameworks and guides are considered when preparing the reports in our reporting suite.



### Our reporting portal

All our reports, latest results, presentations, NGX announcements along with financial statements and other disclosure used in our reports are available

<https://accessholdingsplc.com/investor-relations/financial-releases/>

### Notice to shareholders

The invitation to the annual general meeting (AGM) and notice of resolutions to be tabled at the AGM are sent to shareholders separately

<https://accessholdingsplc.com>



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# OVERVIEW



# 01

|   |                              |    |
|---|------------------------------|----|
| ➡ | About Access Holdings Plc    | 7  |
|   | Our Subsidiaries             | 8  |
|   | Our Corporate Philosophy     | 9  |
|   | Business and Operating model | 10 |
|   | Business Highlights          | 11 |
|   | Awards and Recognitions      | 12 |

# About ACCESS HOLDINGS PLC

Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") is a non-operating financial holding company licensed and regulated by the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) and headquartered in Lagos, Nigeria. The Company was incorporated in 2021 and licensed in 2022, following the regulatory, judicial, and shareholders' approvals of the Scheme of Arrangement between Access Bank Plc and holders of its fully paid-up ordinary shares. The Company serves its various markets through five subsidiaries across the banking, payment, pension administration, and insurance sectors. The Company's operating subsidiaries are Access Bank Plc, Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited, Access ARM Pensions Limited, Access Insurance Brokers Limited, and Oxygen X Finance Company Limited.

Access Bank Plc serves its various markets through three business segments - Corporate and Investment, Commercial, and Retail. The Bank has enjoyed what is Africa's most successful banking growth trajectory in the last 23 years. Following its merger with Diamond Bank in March 2019, Access Bank Plc became one of Africa's largest retail banks by customer base and Nigeria's largest bank by total assets. It operates through a network of more than 700 branches and service outlets, spanning three continents and 24 countries.

Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited leverages the Bank's extensive customer franchise, digital infrastructure, and ecosystem capabilities to build a scalable payments platform positioned to become one of Africa's leading business services networks. With deep market insight and a strong understanding of the continent's evolving payment landscape, Hydrogen is strategically positioned to deliver innovative payment solutions across key markets. Its range of products and services, such as InstantPay, Payment gateway, POS services, Card and Switch processing are gaining traction in the marketplace and addressing the unique needs of customers.

Access ARM Pensions Limited [formerly Access Pensions Limited], is one of Nigeria's largest Pension Funds Administrator ('PFA') by customer base and Assets Under Management (AUM), with over ₦4 trillion in AUM and serving over 2 million Retirement Savings Account (RSA) holders.

Access ARM Pensions Limited is the product of several separate entities. The erstwhile Access Pensions Limited first became a subsidiary of Access Holdings following the acquisitions of the former First Guarantee Pension Limited and Sigma Pensions Limited and their subsequent merger. Subsequently, Access Pensions Limited merged with ARM Pensions Managers [PFA] Limited to form Access ARM Pensions Limited. As one of Nigeria's leading PFAs, Access ARM Pensions Limited is leveraging key relationships and the growing ecosystem of Access Group across Africa to unlock greater opportunities for customers.

Access Insurance Brokers Limited is a company licensed by the National Insurance Commission that provides intelligent solutions that mitigate the unique risks faced by individuals and businesses in an ever-changing world, using leading risk management tools and governance standards.

Oxygen X Finance Company Limited is a digital first consumer lending business built to anchor digital lending for Access Group and deliver superior value to customers, drive enhanced value proposition, and maximise value accretion.

Oxygen X is positioned to be a dominant digital-first player in the Nigerian consumer lending space, leveraging connectivity with Access Bank and other subsidiaries while building a dynamic ecosystem.

Access Holdings Plc strives to invest in businesses that are committed to sustainable practices and have a positive impact on the environment.



Read all about Access Holdings Plc on [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com)



# OUR SUBSIDIARIES

Access Holdings Plc is a financial services group established in 2022 as a non-operating holding company that oversees banking and non-banking subsidiaries across Africa and other international markets. Its structure allows the group to diversify into multiple financial services including banking, pensions, payments, insurance, and digital lending.

## Access Bank

**Together, we are redefining banking for a brighter future!**

<http://accessbankplc.com>

 Read more on Page 26-28

Access Bank continues to lead with innovation, financial inclusion, and customer-centric banking solutions. With a strong presence across Africa and beyond, Access Bank remains committed to driving economic growth, empowering businesses, and delivering exceptional financial services.



## Access ARM Pensions

**Your future. Your security. Our commitment.**

Access ARM Pension is committed to providing trusted, innovative, and customer-focused pension solutions. With a strong foundation in financial expertise and a vision for long-term security, we empower individuals to plan, invest, and retire with confidence.



<https://access-armpensions.com/>  Read more on Page 30-33

## Hydrogen

**Innovation. Technology. Access to the Future.**

Hydrogen is dedicated to driving digital transformation and financial technology solutions. Focused on cutting-edge fintech, payments, and digital banking, Hydrogen is shaping the future of seamless, secure, and inclusive financial services across Africa and beyond.



<https://www.hydrogenpay.com/>  Read more on Page 35-36

## Oxygen-X

**Empowering Africa's Future: Sustainable Credit, Transformative Inclusion.**

Oxygen X is a digital-first consumer lending business committed to expanding access to credit across Africa. With a vision to become the world's most respected African consumer lender, Oxygen X leverages ecosystems and partnerships to deliver sustainable financing solutions to retail customers and small businesses.



<https://www.oxygenx.africa/>  Read more on Page 38

## Access Insurance Brokers

**Your Trusted Partner in Risk Management.**

Access Insurance Brokers is a licensed insurance brokerage firm registered with The Nigeria Council of Registered Insurance Brokers (NCRIB) and National Insurance Commission in Nigeria (NAICOM). AIBL provides expert Life and General Insurance solutions, helping clients mitigate risk effectively.



<https://accessinsureco.com/>  Read more on Page 40



# OUR PHILOSOPHY



## OUR PURPOSE

We exist to make a positive impact in Africa.



## OUR VISION

To be the world's most respected African financial services group.



## OUR MISSION

Setting standards for sustainable business practices that ignite the talents of our employees and create superior value for our stakeholders.

## OUR VALUES



### Excellence

"We strive to be exceptional in everything we do."



### Integrity

"We do the right thing."



### Service

"We put the needs of our customers at the heart of every decision and action."

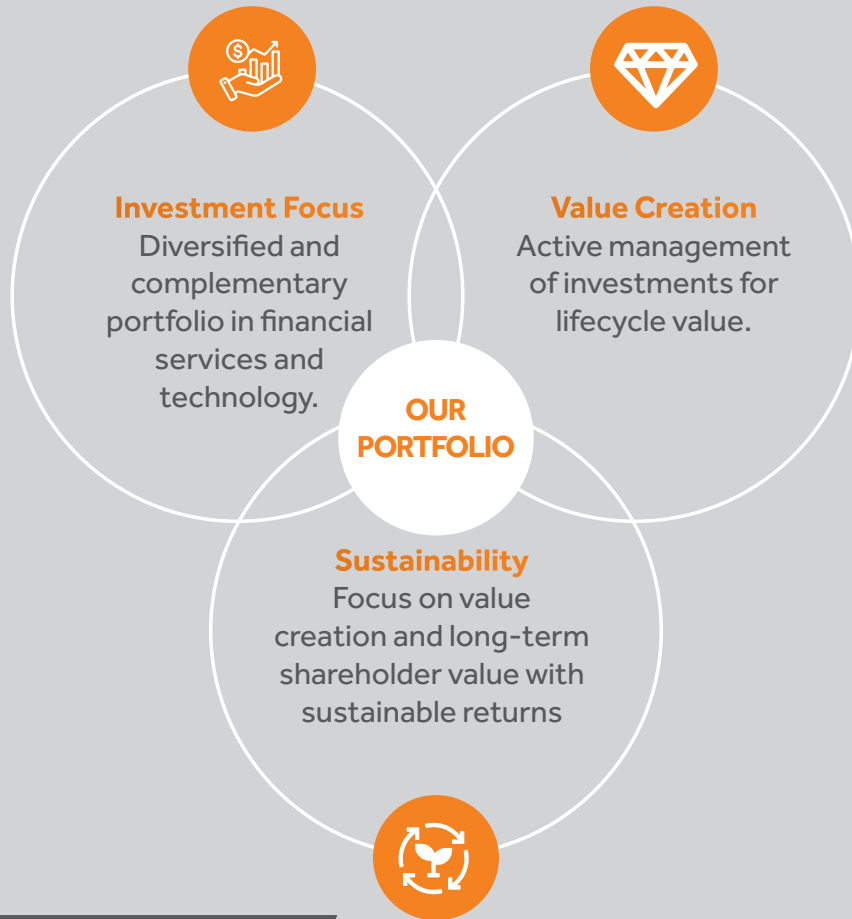


### Innovation

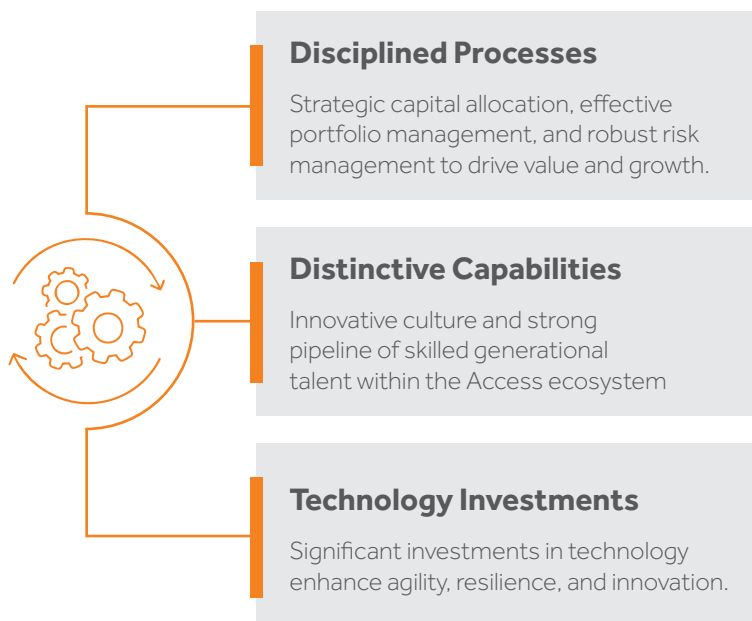
"We challenge the status quo and pioneer new ways of doing things."

# BUSINESS AND OPERATING MODEL

Our business model is designed to sustainably create value for all stakeholders.



## OUR OPERATING MODEL

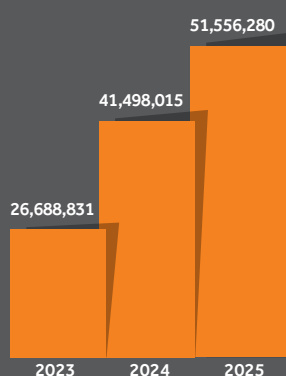




# BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

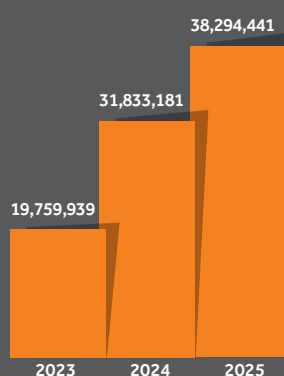
## TOTAL ASSETS

₦'million



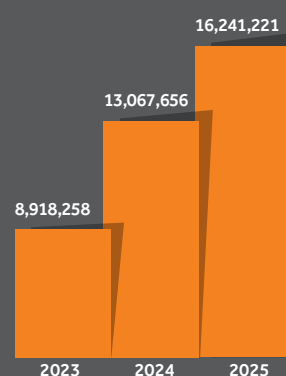
## TOTAL DEPOSITS

₦'million



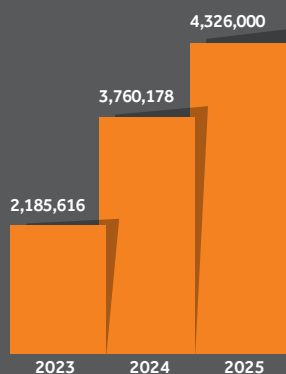
## GROSS LOANS

₦'million



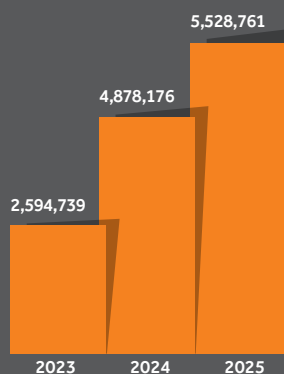
## SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

₦'million



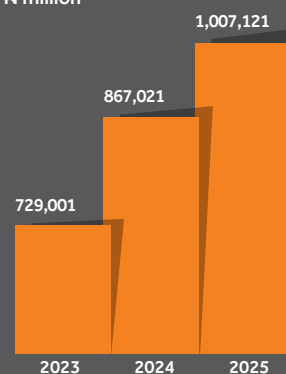
## GROSS REVENUE

₦'million



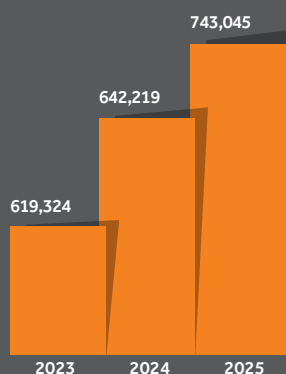
## PROFIT BEFORE TAX

₦'million



## PROFIT AFTER TAX

₦'million



|                           | 2023<br>₦' Million | 2024<br>₦' Million | 2025<br>₦' Million |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Total Assets</b>       | 26,688,831         | 41,498,015         | 51,556,280         |
| <b>Total Deposits</b>     | 19,759,939         | 31,833,181         | 38,294,441         |
| <b>Gross Loans</b>        | 8,918,258          | 13,067,656         | 16,241,221         |
| <b>Shareholders Funds</b> | 2,185,616          | 3,760,178          | 4,326,000          |
| <b>Gross Revenue</b>      | 2,594,739          | 4,878,176          | 5,528,761          |
| <b>Profit Before Tax</b>  | 729,001            | 867,021            | 1,007,121          |
| <b>Profit After Tax</b>   | 619,324            | 642,219            | 743,045            |

\* the figures are in Naira

# AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS 2025



|                                                                                                                |                                                                                                               |                                                                             |                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Best Retail Bank in Nigeria</b><br>Asian Banker Global Excellence in Retail Finance Awards 2025             | <b>Fastest Growing Corporate Bank in Zambia</b><br>Global Brands Magazine                                     | <b>Best Bank in Ghana</b><br>Euromoney                                      | <b>Best Bank in Gambia</b><br>Euromoney                                                                  |
| <b>Best CSR Initiative - East Africa (Kenya)</b><br>The Digital Banker-Global Retail Banking Innovation Awards | <b>Best Bank Gambia 2025</b><br>Global Banking and Finance Awards                                             | <b>Best SME Bank Gambia 2025</b><br>Global Banking and Finance Awards       | <b>Outstanding Sustainable Project Financing</b><br>Karlsruhe Awards                                     |
| <b>Forbes Best Employer Award in Nigeria</b><br>Forbes                                                         | <b>Forbes World's Top Companies for Women 2025 (Nigeria)</b><br>Forbes                                        | <b>Most Outstanding Sustainability Initiatives (UK)</b><br>Corporate Awards | <b>MSME Finance Bank of the Year (International Category) - Nigeria</b><br>African Global Economic Forum |
| <b>Best CSR Initiative in West Africa (Nigeria)</b><br>The Digital Banker Awards                               | <b>Best Transaction Bank in Nigeria (Nigeria)</b><br>Euromoney                                                | <b>Best SME Bank (Nigeria)</b><br>Global Finance                            | <b>Best ESG Initiative - Central Africa (Cameroon)</b><br>Digital Banker                                 |
| <b>Most Sustainable Bank in Nigeria</b><br>International Finance                                               | <b>Best Provider of Short-term Investments/ Money Market Funds in Africa 2025 (Nigeria)</b><br>Global Finance | <b>Best SME Financing Company - Nigeria 2025</b><br>International Finance   | <b>Best Environmental Initiative in Banking/Finance</b><br>World Economic Magazine                       |





# GO GREEN WITH ACCESS



REFUSE



REDUCE



REUSE



REPURPOSE



RECYCLE



[accessholdingsplc.com](https://accessholdingsplc.com)

Access Holdings PLC, RC-1755118 (Licensed by the Central Bank of Nigeria)



**access**





# STRATEGY

Statements from Our Group  
Chairman, Group Managing Director/  
Chief Executive Officer and the  
Subsidiaries' MDs

# 02



|                                            |    |
|--------------------------------------------|----|
| Our Strategic Choices                      | 15 |
| Statement from Group Chairman              | 17 |
| Statement from Group Managing Director/CEO | 21 |
| Statement from Operating Subsidiaries' MDs | 26 |



OUR CORPORATE STRATEGY

# Our Strategic Choices

|                   |  <b>Bank-led Financial Services Group</b>                            |  <b>Financial Services Group</b>                                                                |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Core Focus</b> | Offers a wide range of financial services including insurance, asset management, and banking among others                                             | Primarily centred around banking operations, including retail, commercial, and investment banking.                                                                                 |
| <b>Expansion</b>  | Integrates multiple financial services under one umbrella to provide comprehensive solutions and leverage synergies between different business units. | Typically diversifies into related financial services such as asset management, insurance, and private equity to enhance their core banking business.                              |
| <b>Strategy</b>   | Emphasises diversification across different financial sectors to mitigate risks and capture growth opportunities in various markets.                  | Leverages banking expertise to offer a broad range of financial products and services, often focusing on cross-selling to existing customers and expanding international presence. |

## Strategy

We have identified these nine focus areas to deliver our growth ambitions based on the macroeconomic and industry trends



### PORTFOLIO & INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

Ensure informed decisions, effective resource allocation, and a diversified portfolio aligned with strategic goals



### FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Optimise resources, manage risk, and enhance performance through accurate forecasting and transparent reporting



### GOVERNANCE & RISK MANAGEMENT

Implement Global Subsidiary Governance framework & other oversight structures for strategic alignment, regulatory compliance, and risk management to drive sustainable growth



### STAKEHOLDER MANAGEMENT

Build strong stakeholder relationships through collaboration and accountability to support long-term growth



### INNOVATION MANAGEMENT

Foster innovation to create unique products and services that meet evolving customer needs



### TECHNOLOGY

Leverage cutting-edge technology to drive growth, enhance customer experiences, and unlock new opportunities



### TALENT MANAGEMENT

Attract and retain talent in key areas to ensure a skilled and resilient workforce that supports our growth and expansion objectives



### BRAND MANAGEMENT

Develop a strong, distinctive brand through effective management practices to drive growth and create a lasting legacy



### STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT

Strengthen strategic planning and execution to maximise value and foster a culture of innovation and resilience across our portfolio



Aigboje **AIG-IMOUKHUEDE, CFR**  
Group Chairman, Access Holdings Plc

# Group Chairman's Statement

## To Our Shareholders,

The enduring question for any financial institution is not whether it can grow, but whether it can grow profitably, sustainably, and with discipline over time.

Over the years, I have come to believe that this distinction is what separates institutions that expand from those that endure.

In 2025, Access Holdings delivered strong financial performance while continuing to strengthen the foundations required for long-term value creation. Yet performance in a single year, while important, is only one measure of progress. The more important question is whether the institution is becoming stronger, more resilient, and better positioned for the future.

### Operating Environment

The operating environment in 2025 was characterised by continued macroeconomic adjustment, both globally and within our core markets.

Across many economies, the effects of tighter financial conditions, currency volatility, and inflationary pressures continued to shape business performance and capital flows. For financial institutions, this translated into a more complex environment for balance sheet management, pricing, and risk calibration.

Within Nigeria, the ongoing process of economic reform, particularly in foreign exchange markets, monetary policy, and fiscal adjustments, introduced both short-term volatility and longer-term structural clarity. These developments affected asset yields, funding costs, and customer behaviour, while also requiring a more conservative approach to risk recognition and provisioning. At the same time, regulatory expectations evolved, most notably in relation to the treatment of forbearance exposures and capital adequacy considerations. This required institutions to align more closely with prudential standards, even where such alignment had near-term implications for reported earnings.

Across our international markets, operating conditions were mixed. While some regions benefited from relative stability and growth, others experienced similar pressures around inflation, currency movements, and policy tightening, reinforcing the importance of prudence, diversification, and balance sheet resilience. It is against this backdrop that our 2025 performance should be assessed.

### Performance in Context

For the year, the Group delivered profit before tax of ₦1.007 trillion (2024: ₦867 billion), supported by continued growth in gross earnings and operating income.

This performance reflected the breadth of our platform and the increasing contribution of geographically diversified revenue streams across our businesses. However, these results must be viewed in full context. During the year, impairment charges increased significantly, largely driven by the deliberate recognition of legacy exposures and the exit from regulatory forbearance positions. This was a considered decision.

In many institutions, there is a natural tendency to optimise for short-term earnings stability. Our approach is different. We have prioritised balance sheet strength and long-term resilience over near-term optics.

The outcomes for 2025 therefore reflected a business that is not only growing but improving the quality and sustainability of its earnings. Periods such as this tend to reveal more about an institution than periods of uninterrupted growth.

In our experience, it is not the absence of volatility that

**In 2025, Access Holdings delivered strong financial performance while continuing to strengthen the foundations required for long-term value creation.**



defines strength, but the ability to respond to it with clarity and discipline.

The Group's balance sheet continued to expand in a disciplined manner. Total assets increased to over ~~¥~~51.56 trillion (2024: ~~¥~~41.50 trillion), while customer deposits grew strongly, reflecting both franchise strength and deepening customer trust.

At the same time, capital adequacy remained strong, supported by earnings generation and prudent capital management.

These outcomes reflected an approach to growth that combines ambition with discipline, and expansion with a clear understanding of risk.

**The outcomes for 2025 therefore reflect a business that is not only growing but improving the quality and sustainability of its earnings. Periods such as this tend to reveal more about an institution than periods of uninterrupted growth.**

## Returns, Capital, and Value

One of the central issues for the Group is the relationship between returns and cost of capital. While we continue to generate strong returns, our cost of equity remains elevated. Closing this gap is fundamental to long-term value creation. This will require sustained improvement in earnings quality, disciplined capital allocation, and continued refinement of our business mix.

The Group recognises that there is significant unrealised value within its portfolio, particularly in certain international banking subsidiaries, which is not yet fully reflected in our current market valuation. In our view, this provides a clear impetus to pursue opportunities to close the gap between intrinsic value and market capitalisation. Addressing this will require both execution and clarity, ensuring that the strength and diversity of the franchise are better understood and appropriately valued over time.

## Business Model and Diversification: Evolving the Platform

As Access Holdings evolves, our concentration in traditional banking continues to moderate. We are increasingly a diversified financial services platform, with growing contributions from our investment management and technology verticals. This evolution is deliberate and designed to create a more balanced, resilient, and scalable earnings profile over time. While the banking subsidiary remains the core earnings engine, contributing approximately 97% of revenue and over 95% of profit before tax, we continue to evolve the business model toward a more diversified and resilient platform.

Our investment management platforms, including Access ARM Pensions and Access Insurance, provide stable, long-term, recurring income streams. At the same time, our technology-led consumer finance and payments platforms, including Oxygen X and Hydrogen, are expanding the Group's position within the digital financial ecosystem, deepening customer engagement and extending reach. Central to this evolution is a more deliberate focus on innovation and venture building.

The Group is advancing an ideas-to-ventures approach, identifying structural opportunities, incubating new platforms, and scaling them into future growth engines. Access Holdings is therefore evolving into a diversified financial services platform, one defined not only by scale, but by its capacity to innovate, build, and sustain multiple high-quality growth businesses over time.

## Efficiency and Discipline

Operating expenses increased during the year, reflecting both regulatory costs and continued investment in the business. However, we also achieved improved cost efficiency, with the cost-to-income ratio declining. This demonstrates the benefits of scale, as well as the early impact of ongoing cost optimisation initiatives. Looking ahead, efficiency will remain a central focus. Growth, on its own, is not sufficient. It must be accompanied by improving productivity and stronger operating leverage.

## Dividends and Distributions

The Board recognises that dividends remain a central component of shareholder value, reflecting not only financial performance, but the discipline with which capital is managed and returned over time.

In 2025, the Group delivered strong earnings and further strengthened the quality of its capital base. However, in line with prevailing regulatory requirements, the immediate payment of dividends has been constrained. This reflects supervisory expectations across the banking system, particularly in relation to capital adequacy and the maintenance of appropriate buffers in a dynamic operating environment.

In the case of our principal banking subsidiary, this constraint arises from non-compliance with Section 19(8)(c) of BOFIA. The Board has engaged with the subsidiary to ensure that this matter is addressed with urgency and in full alignment with regulatory expectations.

Importantly, this position does not alter the Board's commitment to shareholders, nor does it diminish the underlying capacity of the business to generate distributable value. We continue to engage constructively with our regulators and remain confident in the Group's trajectory toward meeting the conditions required for dividend resumption. Subject to regulatory approval and the maintenance of the required capital thresholds, the Board remains committed to restoring shareholder distributions as soon as the required conditions are satisfied. In the interim, retained capital will continue to be managed prudently within the Group's capital management framework, with a focus on preserving balance sheet strength, supporting regulatory alignment and positioning the Group for sustainable returns to shareholders.

Our approach reflects a clear principle: that capital retained today must translate into value delivered tomorrow and, ultimately, sustainable returns to our shareholders.

## Institutional Strength, Governance and Continuity

At Access Holdings, governance remains the foundation upon which the institution is built. It is through governance that strategic direction is set, risk is calibrated, and capital is deployed with discipline. During the year, the Board continued to strengthen its oversight capabilities, with a focus on independence, depth of expertise, and the effectiveness of its committee structures. We do not view these as procedural matters; they are central to ensuring that decisions are made with clarity, accountability, and a long-term perspective.

To further strengthen Board independence, Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director during the year. We welcome her to the Board. During the same period, Mr. Roosevelt Ogbonna, FCA, and Mr. Seyi Kumapayi, FCA stepped down from the Board as Non-Executive Directors in compliance with regulatory requirements on board size and composition.

I would like to personally acknowledge their contributions to the development of the institution and thank them for their service. The past year also required careful stewardship in leadership continuity. Executive transitions were managed in a manner that preserved operational stability, ensured alignment with regulatory expectations, and maintained stakeholder confidence.

During the year, Mr. Innocent C. Ike, FCA, was appointed Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer. Prior to his appointment, Ms. Bolaji Agbede, Executive Director, Business Support, served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer and provided steady leadership through the transition. We welcome Mr. Ike and thank Ms. Agbede for her contribution to the institution's ongoing stability. This reflects a core institutional principle: leadership succession must be orderly, transparent, and merit-based, with a clear line of sight to continuity of strategy and execution.

Engagement with regulators remained constructive, particularly in areas relating to capital adequacy, forbearance exposures, and evolving governance expectations. Our approach has been to engage proactively, align early, and operate not only within the letter of regulation, but also in a manner consistent with its broader intent.

The events of recent years have reinforced the importance of this approach. Leadership transitions have been managed with continuity, operations have remained stable, and strategic direction has been sustained.

## Sustainability and Corporate Citizenship

Our approach to sustainability is grounded in a clear principle: long-term value creation is inseparable from the resilience of the economies and societies in which we operate.

At Access Holdings, sustainability is embedded within our strategy and capital allocation decisions, not treated as a separate agenda.

During the year, we expanded financial inclusion through our retail and SME platforms, supported clients in adopting more sustainable business practices, and deepened our commitment to corporate citizenship through investments in education, as well as the arts and creative economy, recognising their role in shaping identity, driving economic value, and strengthening institutional presence.

These efforts are underpinned by a strengthening governance framework, ensuring that sustainability considerations are integrated into risk management and decision-making.

We remain focused on deploying capital in a manner that delivers sustainable returns while contributing to broader economic and societal progress.

## Outlook

As we look ahead, our priorities are clear.

We are entering a phase that requires a deliberate shift from scale to value. This means:

- Improving the quality and consistency of earnings
- Strengthening cost discipline
- Enhancing capital efficiency
- Deepening execution across the Group

The operating environment remains uncertain for the foreseeable future, and macroeconomic conditions will continue to evolve. However, the steps we have taken position us well for more stable and sustainable performance in the years ahead.

## Conclusion

On behalf of the Board, I thank you for your continued trust and engagement. As always, we remain mindful that this institution is built on the confidence you place in it.

Our responsibility is to justify that confidence, consistently and overtime. I would also like to recognise the professionalism and commitment of our employees across the Group. Their dedication continues to underpin the strength and resilience of the institution.

We remain committed to building an institution that will endure, and one that will continue to serve its shareholders, customers, and broader stakeholders with clarity of purpose and discipline of execution. Above all, we remain grateful to God for His grace and guidance over the institution and its people.

God Bless.

**AIGBOJE AIG-IMOUKHUEDE, CFR**

Chairman, Access Holdings Plc

**The events of recent years have reinforced the importance of this approach. Leadership transitions have been managed with continuity, operations have remained stable, and strategic direction has been sustained.**



Innocent C. **IKE**

Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer,  
Access Holdings Plc



# GMD/CEO's Statement

## To Our Shareholders,

It is a privilege to share my first letter with you as Group Managing Director/ Chief Executive Officer of Access Holdings Plc.

I begin by thanking the Board of Directors for the trust and confidence placed in me to lead the Group into its next phase of growth. I accept this responsibility with humility, a strong sense of stewardship, and a clear commitment to building on the solid foundation established over the years.

This moment is also deeply personal. Access Holdings is not only an institution I have the privilege to lead; it is one that has shaped my professional journey. Having been part of the Banking Group earlier in my career, I have a deep appreciation for what defines us: ambition, resilience, disciplined execution, and an unwavering focus on long-term value creation.

To our shareholders, thank you for your continued trust and support. Your confidence has enabled us to navigate a complex operating environment, execute disciplined strategic decisions, and position the Group to deliver sustainable value.

I also acknowledge Ms. Bolaji Agbede for her exemplary leadership during a critical period. Her stewardship ensured stability and continuity and positioned the Group strongly for the future.

## 2025 Operating Environment and 2026 Outlook

The global economy remained resilient in 2025, though increasingly shaped by structural constraints. Global GDP growth moderated to approximately 2.8% in 2025 (vs. ~3.2% in 2024), reflecting the cumulative impact of elevated interest rates, tighter financial conditions, and persistent geopolitical uncertainty.

Inflation across advanced economies declined meaningfully, from ~5–6% in 2024 to ~3–4% in 2025, as supply-side pressures eased and restrictive monetary policy took effect. However, policy rates remained elevated for most of the year, sustaining tight global liquidity conditions and moderating capital flows to emerging markets.

For emerging and frontier markets, this environment drove more selective capital allocation. Higher global yields increased the cost of external financing, while investors showed a stronger preference for markets with policy credibility, macro stability, and attractive real returns.

Against this backdrop, Nigeria's macroeconomic trajectory in 2025 reflected a clear transition from volatility to stabilisation. Real GDP growth improved to approximately 3.9% in 2025 (vs. ~2.7% in 2024), supported by resilience in the services sector and a gradual recovery across key segments of the economy. While still below long-term potential, this marks an improvement in growth momentum.

Inflation dynamics also shifted decisively. Headline inflation declined to approximately 15.15% by year-end 2025 (following the NBS CPI rebasing/methodology update), compared to peak levels of ~34–35% in 2024. This reflected the combined impact of sustained monetary tightening, improved exchange rate stability, and easing supply constraints. While inflation remains elevated in absolute terms, the direction of travel represents an important inflection point in restoring macroeconomic balance.

Monetary policy remained firmly restrictive through most of 2025. The Central Bank maintained elevated policy rates to contain inflation and support currency stability, reinforcing policy credibility and encouraging capital inflows.

I begin by thanking the Board of Directors for the trust and confidence placed in me to lead the Group into its next phase of growth. I accept this responsibility with humility, a strong sense of stewardship, and a clear commitment to building on the solid foundation established over the years.

This discipline came with trade-offs. Funding costs rose across the economy, compressing margins in certain sectors and moderating credit expansion.

By early 2026, the moderation of the policy rate to 26.5% signalled the start of a gradual transition from stabilisation to normalisation, creating a more supportive backdrop for credit growth, investment activity, and economic expansion.

A key improvement in 2025 was recorded in the foreign exchange market. Reforms aimed at improving transparency and price discovery contributed to a more functional FX market. As a result, the naira traded within a narrower band than in 2024, reducing a major source of macroeconomic uncertainty.

External buffers strengthened materially. Foreign exchange reserves increased to over US\$45 billion by year-end 2025 (vs. ~US\$33–34 billion in 2024), supported by improved inflows and more effective FX management.

Capital inflows rebounded, led by foreign portfolio investors, reflecting improved yields, greater policy clarity, and renewed investor confidence. While encouraging, this reinforces the importance of transitioning toward more stable, long-term sources of capital.

Fiscal conditions improved in 2025. Enhanced revenue mobilisation and stronger expenditure discipline contributed to a narrower fiscal deficit and more stable debt metrics.

Oil production recovered to approximately 1.6–1.7 million barrels per day (vs. ~1.3–1.4 mbpd in 2024), supporting fiscal revenues and external balances. However, structural dependence on oil remains a key consideration and reinforces the long-term imperative of economic diversification.

Nigeria's capital markets delivered exceptional performance in 2025. The NGX All-Share Index rose by over 51%, making it one of the strongest-performing equity markets globally. The rally reflected a rotation of domestic institutional capital from fixed income into equities, supported by broad-based sector performance and increased participation by both local retail and institutional investors.

For the banking sector, this environment was supportive. Improved system liquidity, strengthening investor demand, and more constructive valuation dynamics created a favourable backdrop for capital formation, as banks participated in various capital-raising exercises. This enabled institutions to access funding more efficiently, optimise balance sheets, and reinforce capital buffers positioning the sector for the next phase of sustainable growth and stronger shareholder returns.

## Positioning for Opportunity

For Access Holdings, this macroeconomic backdrop presents both opportunity and responsibility.

**The Group maintained strong balance sheet growth, with Total Assets up 24.2% to ₦51.56 trillion and Customer Deposits increasing 53.4% to ₦34.56 trillion. Loan growth remained measured at 16.1%, while Shareholders' Funds rose 15.1% to ₦4.33 trillion, supporting continued capital strength.**

Macroeconomic stabilisation, improving capital market conditions, and ongoing structural reforms in the banking sector are combining to create a more supportive operating environment particularly for well-capitalised, diversified financial institutions.

As a leading financial holding company with a strong capital position, a geographically diversified banking platform, and growing non-banking businesses, we are well positioned to:

- Capture increased financial intermediation opportunities.
- Benefit from improving capital market conditions.
- Support trade flows and economic activity across our markets.
- Deliver stronger earnings quality and improved return on capital.

We will approach this moment with discipline and intent focused on delivering higher-quality earnings, stronger returns on capital, and sustainable long-term value.

## 2025 Group Performance Highlights

Gross earnings remained resilient, supported by a 7.0% increase in Net Interest Income to ₦1.36 trillion. This reflected modest growth in interest income and lower funding costs (relative to the prior year), enabled by improved liquidity management and a stronger deposit mix. Non-interest revenue was a key growth driver, with Net Fees and Commission Income rising 40.9% to ₦585.1 billion, reflecting strong momentum in digital banking, payments, and transaction services.

Impairment charges more than doubled to ₦523.6 billion, reflecting prudent provisioning linked to regulatory forbearance exposures. Notwithstanding this, Operating Income after impairment grew 14.0% to ₦2.65 trillion, demonstrating underlying earnings resilience.

Operating expenses increased, driven by higher personnel and regulatory costs. However, improved revenue generation and continued cost discipline supported enhanced efficiency, with the Cost-to-Income Ratio improving to 51.7% in 2025 from 56.7% in 2024.

Profit Before Tax rose 16.2% to ₦1.007 trillion, reflecting strong core earnings performance. Returns moderated, with ROAE at 18.4% and ROAA at 1.6%.

The Group maintained strong balance sheet growth, with Total Assets up 24.2% to ₦51.56 trillion and Customer Deposits increasing 53.4% to ₦34.56 trillion. Loan book grew by 16.1%, while Shareholders' Funds rose 15.1% to ₦4.33 trillion, supporting continued capital strength.

## Subsidiary Performance Overview

The Group recorded a strong and increasingly diversified performance, driven by the scale and resilience of its banking operations and reinforced by the rapid growth and strong returns from its non-banking businesses.

Access Bank Plc remains the primary earnings driver, delivering gross earnings of ₦5.39 trillion and profit before tax (PBT) of ₦954.2 billion. Total assets expanded by 25.5% to ₦51.3 trillion, largely supported by strong deposit mobilisation, with customer deposits rising 53.4% to ₦34.6 trillion reflecting sustained customer confidence in the brand and service delivery.

Customer loans grew moderately by 16.0% to ₦13.3 trillion, in line with a disciplined credit strategy focused on maintaining asset quality and optimizing risk-adjusted returns. Shareholders' funds increased by 24.3% to ₦4.8 trillion, supported by retained earnings and further strengthening the Group's capital base.

The Group's non-banking subsidiaries continue to validate its strategic focus on diversification and capital-efficient growth:

- Access ARM Pensions delivered solid annuity-driven income, recording PBT of ₦27.1 billion. Its strong return on equity (ROE) of 48.8% and low cost-to-income ratio (CIR) of 36.3% highlight its capital-light structure and ability to generate stable, predictable returns.
- Hydrogen Payments continued to scale as a key digital growth platform. While still in an investment phase, it reported a ROE of 33.0%. Its higher CIR of 60.2% reflects ongoing investments in technology and infrastructure to support future growth and margin expansion.
- Oxygen X Finance delivered standout performance, with PBT of ₦5.8 billion and exceptional returns (ROE of 69.0% and ROA of 49.0%), demonstrating the strength of its digital lending model.
- Access Insurance Brokers maintained a lean, high-efficiency profile, generating PBT of ₦1.4 billion with a CIR of 26.0%. Its ROE of 74.0% underscores the significant value potential within the Group's insurance operations.

Overall, subsidiary performance reflects the Group's continued progress in building a more balanced earnings base, with its core banking operations providing stability while non-banking businesses increasingly contribute to growth and returns.

**Our strategic direction remains clear. In 2026, our core focus will be on delivering sustainable value. At the core of this strategy is our portfolio model, which enables us to diversify earnings, optimise capital allocation, and build resilience across economic cycles.**

## Sustainability and Environmental Stewardship

In 2025, the Group strengthened its sustainability leadership, supported by strong governance, global partnerships, and multiple international recognitions. It also advanced its role in global sustainability initiatives and achieved the IFC-EDGE Green Building Certification for its head office.

On the social front, Access delivered 100% employee participation in volunteering, contributing over 359,500 hours and impacting more than 2.4 million lives across Africa.

In sustainable finance, the Group mobilised US\$185.38 million from development partners, expanded its sustainability-focused loan book by over US\$1.26 billion, and supported over 2.2 million low-income individuals and MSMEs, reinforcing its commitment to financial inclusion.

Environmental efforts resulted in a reduction of over 9,826.62 MtCO<sub>2</sub>e emissions, alongside expansion of solar-powered infrastructure to 586 locations and recycling initiatives across 199 sites.

## People, Culture and Leadership

Our people are central to the delivery of our strategy and the sustainability of our long-term performance.

We continue to invest in building a deep and resilient talent pipeline through focused leadership development, disciplined succession planning, and targeted capability enhancement across the Group. This approach ensures we are equipped with the right skills and leadership capacity to execute effectively across our diverse markets and business lines. Our programmes

are designed to strengthen execution, deepen cross-functional and cross-market expertise, and ensure alignment with our strategic priorities.

In parallel, we are embedding a high-performance culture defined by clear accountability, strong collaboration, and consistent delivery of results. We are sharpening performance management frameworks, aligning incentives more closely with strategic outcomes, and reinforcing a culture where individual contributions are linked to enterprise value creation.

Together, these efforts position us to drive sustained performance while building an organisation that is agile, disciplined, and execution focused.

**Our Banking business remains the core engine of earnings and capital generation providing stability, liquidity, and earnings resilience.**



## Strategy and Execution in 2026 and Beyond

Our strategic direction remains clear. In 2026, our core focus will be on delivering sustainable value. At the core of this strategy is our portfolio model, which enables us to diversify earnings, optimise capital allocation, and build resilience across economic cycles.

The Banking Group will continue to anchor our growth trajectory, providing scale, liquidity, and earnings stability. At the same time, we are scaling our non-banking businesses to enhance diversification, improve earnings quality, and unlock higher returns.

Our geographic footprint spanning over 20 markets across four continents positions us uniquely to facilitate trade flows, connect capital to opportunity, and capture growth across Africa and beyond.

We are also advancing our ambition to be a leading digitally enabled financial services group, with continued investments in technology, transaction banking, and customer experience.

## Outlook for 2026 and Beyond

We are entering a new phase focused on converting scale into value.

This phase is driven by four clear imperatives:

- Improving the quality and consistency of earnings through resilient, recurring income streams
- Strengthening cost discipline to unlock operating leverage and margin expansion
- Enhancing capital efficiency to drive superior risk-adjusted returns
- Deepening execution to ensure consistent delivery across the Group

Our Banking business remains the core engine of earnings and capital generation providing stability, liquidity, and earnings resilience. In parallel, our non-banking businesses are scaling with intent, expanding earnings diversification and building high-quality, recurring revenue streams.

Together, this positions the Group as a fully integrated financial services platform focused on delivering higher-quality earnings, improved returns on capital, and sustained long-term shareholder value

## Closing Remarks

Africa remains one of the most compelling growth frontiers globally, underpinned by favourable demographics, increasing financial penetration, and expanding trade and capital flows.

Access Holdings is well positioned to capture this opportunity. Our pan-African footprint, diversified earnings platform, and disciplined execution capability provide a strong foundation for sustainable long-term growth. We recognise that long-term value creation must be reflected not only in growth, but also in consistency, transparency, and disciplined execution.

To our shareholders, our commitment remains unwavering: to deliver consistent, high-quality, risk-adjusted returns over the long term, underpinned by disciplined execution and strong governance.

This progress is supported by the strategic oversight of our Board of Directors, the continued support and partnership of our regulators, and the commitment of our employees across all our markets. Together, these pillars strengthen our ability to operate with integrity, resilience, and accountability, while delivering sustainable value to all stakeholders.

As the operating environment continues to stabilise and structural reforms take hold, we are increasingly confident that our positioning will translate into stronger profitability, enhanced capital efficiency, and, over time, long-term value creation.

We remain focused on disciplined execution, prudent risk management, and consistent delivery against our strategic priorities, ensuring that the value created through our investments is fully realised.

Thank you to our shareholders once again and above all, I remain grateful to God for the strength, wisdom, and grace that continue to guide our path.

Yours Sincerely,

**INNOCENT C. IKE**  
Group Managing Director/  
Chief Executive Officer,  
Access Holdings Plc

**We remain focused on disciplined execution, prudent risk management, and consistent delivery against our strategic priorities, ensuring that the value created through our investments is fully realised.**



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**Roosevelt Ogbonna**  
Managing Director / CEO, Access Bank Plc



## To Our Shareholders,

**It is my privilege to present Access Bank's 2025 performance a year in which we improved earnings quality, deepened customer confidence, and advanced our deliberate transition from scale to disciplined value creation.**

Periods of uncertainty often reveal the true strength of institutions. In 2025, amid one of the most complex global operating environments in recent years, Access Bank once again demonstrated the resilience of its franchise, the rigour of its execution, and the enduring strength of its long-term vision.

### Operating Environment

The year was shaped by elevated interest rates, persistent inflationary pressure, foreign-exchange adjustment, geopolitical fragmentation, and uneven global growth. Central banks continued to balance price stability against the need to sustain activity, while investors increasingly prioritised institutions capable of combining resilience, disciplined execution, and long-term value creation.

Conditions across our international markets evolved at different speeds:

- **United Kingdom:** activity remained subdued as higher borrowing costs weighed on demand, while moderating inflation allowed the Bank of England to begin a measured easing cycle.
- **Ghana:** macroeconomic stability improved materially, supported by fiscal reforms, IMF-backed programmes, and stronger foreign-exchange liquidity.
- **Kenya:** the economy remained relatively stable, underpinned by firm monetary management and a steadier currency.
- **South Africa:** growth remained constrained by structural and infrastructure limitations, though the inflation outlook improved.
- **Zambia and Angola:** both advanced fiscal and structural reforms aimed at strengthening medium-term resilience.

Despite these pressures, Africa's long-term structural drivers demographics, urbanisation, entrepreneurship, digital adoption, financial inclusion, and the continued deepening of intra-African trade remain firmly intact.

In Nigeria, the economy continued its transition toward a more market-based framework, shaped by foreign-exchange liberalisation, subsidy reform, and tight monetary policy. While these reforms created near-term pressure on businesses and households, they improved price discovery, strengthened external balances, and reinforced the foundation for more sustainable long-term growth. In the banking sector, the recapitalisation programme and tighter supervisory expectations reinforced the premium on capital strength, operational efficiency, and balance-sheet resilience and investor sentiment toward the sector improved meaningfully during the year.

Across these markets, one reality became increasingly evident: the future will favour institutions capable of combining scale with discipline, growth with governance, and ambition with sustainable execution.

**Periods of uncertainty often reveal the true strength of institutions. In 2025, amid one of the most complex global operating environments in recent years, Access Bank once again demonstrated the resilience of its franchise, the discipline of its execution, and the enduring strength of its long-term vision.**

### 2025 Financial Performance

Against this backdrop, Access Bank delivered a resilient set of results, supported by balance-sheet expansion, stronger customer activity, and a broader contribution from non-funded income.

•Gross Earnings rose 11.9% to ₦5.39 trillion, while Operating Income grew 20.6% to ₦3.07 trillion, reflecting continued momentum in lending, payments, transaction banking, treasury, and digital channels.

•Net Interest Income increased 5.5% to ₦1.39 trillion in a highly competitive funding environment, while Net Fee and Commission Income rose 41.5% to ₦537.9 billion, supported by higher



transaction volumes, payments activity, and deeper customer engagement.

- Net Gains on Foreign Exchange and Fair-Value instruments increased 46.0% to ₦594.3 billion, reflecting active treasury management through a volatile rate and currency cycle.
- Profit Before Tax rose 6.8% to ₦954.2 billion. Earnings growth was deliberately moderated by a materially higher impairment charge, taken in line with CBN guidance on regulatory forbearance and our own prudent stance on risk recognition. We accept the near-term earnings impact as the right trade-off for stronger balance-sheet credibility and more durable forward earnings.
- Total Assets grew 25.5% to ₦51.27 trillion, with Gross Loans up 24.2% to ₦16.23 trillion, reflecting continued franchise growth and disciplined deployment.
- Customer Deposits expanded 53.4% to ₦34.56 trillion, underscoring the strength of our retail, commercial, and transaction-banking franchise and providing a strong foundation for liquidity and funding resilience.
- Shareholders' Funds increased 24.3% to ₦4.79 trillion, supported by earnings retention, capital injections, and continued internal capital generation.

Beyond headline growth, the quality of earnings improved. Fee income, transaction volumes, and customer activity contributed more meaningfully than in prior years, broadening the income base and supporting more durable returns across cycles. The 41.5% growth in net fee and commission income is, in our view, among the most strategically significant numbers in this year's results.

At the Group level, geographic diversification continues to strengthen earnings resilience. Nigeria remained the largest single contributor at 48% of Group PBT, with the Rest of Africa and International businesses each contributing 26%. On a consolidated basis, businesses outside Nigeria now account for 52% of Group PBT a clear indication that our pan-African and international franchise has matured from geographic presence into genuine earnings diversification.

### Capital Strength and Shareholder Returns

Capital strength remains central to our strategy. As regulatory expectations evolve under the recapitalisation programme, our focus is to remain strongly capitalised while improving

**Across these markets, one reality became increasingly evident: the future will favour institutions capable of combining scale with discipline, growth with governance, and ambition with sustainable execution.**

the productivity of every naira of capital employed. We will continue to balance growth with disciplined asset allocation, risk-adjusted pricing, and sustained attention to shareholder returns.

That discipline leaves Access Bank well positioned to respond to regulatory change while capturing opportunities from customer growth, market dislocation, and selective consolidation.

### Our Distinctive Position

Access Bank's competitive edge is increasingly clear: we are the African-headquartered bank operating at meaningful scale across 24 markets, with an integrated trade, payments,

and capital-flows platform that connects Africa to the United Kingdom, Europe, Asia, and the GCC. Our pan-African presence is no longer simply geographic expansion. It is a strategic network that allows us to intermediate trade, payments, liquidity, and capital flows across some of the world's most important growth corridors. We believe this positioning will remain a significant and difficult-to-replicate competitive advantage as African economies integrate more deeply into global markets.

### Strategic Direction

The next phase of our evolution will focus on improving earnings quality, deepening customer relevance, enhancing capital efficiency, and delivering stronger long-term returns. Five priorities will guide our execution:

1. **Strengthening Earnings Quality.** We will continue to deepen non-interest revenue streams across payments, transaction banking, trade finance, treasury services, agency banking, and digital financial services, building a more resilient and capital-efficient earnings profile.
2. **Driving Capital Efficiency.** We are enhancing risk-adjusted returns through disciplined asset allocation, improved pricing frameworks, stronger portfolio quality, and a continued focus on low-cost deposits and transaction balances. Long-term shareholder value will increasingly depend not only on growth, but on the productivity of capital deployed.
3. **Building an Agile, Technology-Enabled Institution.** Through automation, process optimisation, data-led decision-making, and scalable

**Gross Earnings increased by 11.9% to ₦5.39 trillion, while Operating Income grew by 20.6% to ₦3.07 trillion, reflecting the continued expansion of our lending activities, transaction banking franchise, treasury operations, and digital banking ecosystem.**

digital infrastructure, we are improving efficiency and reinforcing competitive advantage. Operational excellence remains central to our long-term competitiveness.

4. **Scaling Trade and Payments Leadership.** Our pan-African platform, international banking licences, correspondent network, and cross-border payments capabilities position Access Bank uniquely as critical financial infrastructure for intra-African and global trade flows.
5. **Sustaining Strong Governance, Risk Discipline, and Talent.** Enduring institutional strength rests on the consistency of governance, constructive regulatory engagement, rigorous risk management, and deliberate investment in leadership and talent development. As we transition from scale to value creation, the strength of our institutional culture will remain decisive.

**As we look ahead, our strategic direction remains clear. The next phase of Access Bank's evolution will increasingly focus on improving earnings quality, enhancing operational efficiency, strengthening capital productivity, and delivering superior long-term shareholder returns.**

## Conclusion

Our ambition is clear: to build one of Africa's most respected and systemically important banking franchises, while delivering sustainable returns, safeguarding depositor confidence, and compounding value for shareholders over time.

That confidence rests on four enduring strengths:

- Improved earnings quality
- Strong capital generation
- Rigorous risk discipline
- A diversified and adaptable business model

2025 reinforced our conviction that institutions able to combine ambition with discipline, and innovation with sound judgment, will define the next era of African banking. Access Bank is firmly positioned among those institutions.

On behalf of the Board and Management, I extend my sincere appreciation to our customers, employees, regulators, shareholders, partners, and all stakeholders for their continued trust and partnership.

We enter the period ahead with confidence, clarity of purpose, and the institutional capacity to convert opportunity into enduring performance.

### Roosevelt Ogbonna

Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer  
Access Bank Plc

## People, Culture, and Stakeholders

Our results reflect the dedication of tens of thousands of colleagues across our markets, the trust of millions of customers, and the constructive partnership of our regulators across every jurisdiction in which we operate. They also reflect a continuity of institutional ambition the belief that the most respected African banking institutions will be those that combine scale with discipline and ambition with sound judgment. That conviction continues to shape every decision we take.



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more than banking





**Abimbola Sulaiman**

Acting Managing Director/CEO,  
Access ARM Pensions Ltd.



### Pensions | Our Purpose in Action:

At Access ARM Pensions, every decision, investment and customer interaction was guided by the Group's purpose: to make a positive impact in Africa. For a pensions business, that purpose is lived through concrete commitments protecting the dignity of work, preserving the promise of retirement, managing long-term savings with discipline, helping institutions meet their defined benefit obligations, widening access to retirement security, and deploying capital in ways that support lasting economic resilience. 2025 was our first full year as a combined entity following the strategic merger completed in 2024. We used that year to convert scale into something more meaningful: stronger service, more disciplined execution and measurable value for customers, employees, shareholders, communities and the broader Nigerian financial ecosystem.

### Pensions | Industry Overview, Macroeconomic Context and Regulatory Developments

#### Operating Environment

The operating environment in 2025 remained dynamic. Globally, growth was divergent across major economies, shaped by rising trade protectionism and persistent geopolitical uncertainty. On the domestic front, Nigeria's economy showed meaningful signs of stabilisation following the turbulent adjustment phase of 2023–2024. By year-end, the macro picture had turned more constructive: inflation eased materially, currency stability improved, and the market backdrop remained broadly supportive for long-term institutional investors.

**2025 was our first full year as a combined entity following the strategic merger completed in 2024. We used that year to convert scale into something more meaningful: stronger service, more disciplined execution and measurable value for customers, employees, shareholders, communities and the broader Nigerian financial ecosystem.**

Financial market conditions in 2025 were broadly favourable for investment performance, particularly in equities. The Nigerian All-Share Index (ASI) gained 40%, supported by a recovery in corporate earnings and increased investor participation. In the fixed-income space, yields on government securities declined significantly as the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) began easing monetary policy in response to declining inflation. Front-end yields retraced over the year with the 1-year NTB yield sliding to the 19.00%–19.50% range by late 2025, compared with the 28% levels seen earlier in the year while bond yields moderated to 17–18% from the 20–22% levels at the end of 2024. Interbank funding rates also declined to the 24% region, while large-ticket placement rates moderated to 18%–20%, consistent with the corridor adjustment and waning liquidity stress.

## Industry Growth

Total Nigerian pension assets closed 2025 at approximately ₦27.45 trillion, up 22% year-on-year. The primary driver was strong growth in Retirement Savings Account (RSA) funds, which rose 25% to ₦21.5 trillion. Closed Pension Fund Administrator (CPFA) assets expanded 3.6% to ₦2.7 trillion, while Approved Existing Schemes (AES) assets grew 18% to ₦3.3 trillion. The comparatively softer growth in CPFA and AES funds reflects their greater offshore investment exposure, a headwind in a year marked by naira strength, and a reversal of the tailwind these segments enjoyed in the prior year. RSA membership rose to 11.04 million, up from 10.6 million at end-2024. Total RSA contributions remained robust, reaching ₦1.32 trillion through September 2025, with contributions broadly balanced between the public sector (44%) and the private sector (56%). The micro-pension segment continued its expansion, with total assets growing 55% to ₦1.7 billion.

In terms of returns, average RSA fund performance ranged between 15 and 21% across the industry. Pension fund allocations remained largely weighted to ward government securities, which accounted for 60% of total pension assets, followed by equities at 15%, money market instruments at 10%, corporate debt at 8%, with the remainder allocated to mutual funds and alternative assets.

## Competitive Landscape

The number of licensed Pension Fund Administrators increased to twenty following the licensing of two new operators, and the transfer window continued to drive active competition across the industry. There were no new carve-out approvals for special interest groups during the year.

## Regulatory Developments

2025 was a consequential year for regulatory reform. PenCom issued a broad range of guidance and updated frameworks, including:

- Revised investment regulations: Updated guidelines governing the investment of pension fund assets which reduced limits on FGN Securities exposure and expanded allocation to alternative assets.
- Corporate governance: Revised guidelines for licensed pension fund operators.
- Personal Pension Plan (PPP): New frameworks supporting distribution through accredited pension agents and providing an expanded level of access to pension savings across different segments.
- Capital requirements: Revised minimum capital requirements for Pension Fund Operators.
- RSA Fund VII: New guidelines for a foreign currency-denominated pension fund, enabling Nigerians in the diaspora and expatriate workers to save towards retirement within the formal pension system.

**Our strategy remained fully aligned with the Access Holdings agenda, organised around three priorities: defending our core franchise, growing participation, and optimising our operating model for long-term sustainability.**

Taken together, these reforms strengthen the long-term resilience, governance and inclusiveness of the industry - developments we welcomed and responded to proactively across our business.

## Pensions | Our Strategic Execution

Our strategy remained fully aligned with the Access Holdings agenda, organised around three priorities: defending our core franchise, growing participation, and optimising our operating model for long-term sustainability.

### Defending Our Core Franchise

- Investment stewardship: We maintained a disciplined investment philosophy anchored in research depth, asset allocation rigour and robust risk oversight, keeping capital preservation,

liquidity management and risk-adjusted returns at the centre of our approach.

- Client relationships: We strengthened service delivery across digital and relationship channels, improved responsiveness and continued to simplify access to statements, remittances, account updates and benefit-related support.
- Governance and compliance: We continued to strengthen fiduciary oversight, internal controls, data protection and operational resilience, recognising that trust is the foundation of long-term retirement stewardship.

### Growing Our Business

- Strategic partnerships: As a member of Access Holdings, we deepened distribution and expanded our ability to serve retail and institutional clients by leveraging the Group's scale, reach and ecosystem advantages.

- **Market coverage:** We widened retirement coverage across public, private and institutional segments through simplified onboarding, employer engagement and improved accessibility.
- **Long-term savings culture:** We advanced retirement readiness and financial inclusion by helping more Nigerians view pensions not simply as a statutory obligation, but as a practical pathway to long-term financial security.

### Optimising Our Business

- **Digital transformation:** We continued to invest in self-service and multichannel access, making pension administration simpler, faster and more transparent for contributors, retirees and institutional clients.
- **Operational efficiency:** We captured merger synergies, improved network coordination and reinforced process discipline, contributing to stronger operating efficiency and a more resilient platform.
- **People and capability:** We invested in leadership alignment, learning and performance discipline to ensure our people could serve customers with greater consistency, confidence and accountability.

### Pensions | How We Performed in 2025

We delivered a strong financial and operating performance in 2025. Assets under management closed the year at over ₦4trillion, up 22.5% from 2024, with over 2.4 million RSA contributors and more than 30 institutional clients on our books. Revenue grew 27% to ₦44.4 billion, while profit before tax rose 45% to ₦27.1 billion. Our cost-to-income ratio held at 36.3% and return on average equity reached 48.8%.

Across our key business areas, we continued to execute on our strategic pillars. In the area of investment performance, despite the macroeconomic headwinds and market volatility, our newly combined entity demonstrated exceptional resilience as we closed the year with top quartile rankings across our fund portfolios, generating above average investment returns.

These outcomes reflect purposeful execution, not market conditions alone. We strengthened our operating model, improved service coordination across our network and continued to invest in capabilities that make retirement savings management more seamless, transparent and resilient. Our priority was not simply to grow faster, but to grow better with stronger governance, more reliable service delivery and a sharper focus on long-term value creation.

Across our fund portfolios, we maintained a disciplined balance between growth and prudence, remaining committed to capital preservation, liquidity protection and competitive risk-adjusted returns. This sustained customer confidence in our ability to manage retirement outcomes through changing market conditions.

### Pensions | Delivering Measurable Positive Impact

Our greatest impact is measured in the lives of the people and institutions who entrust us with their future. In 2025, we improved the customer journey by strengthening self-service capabilities, enhancing data recapture and account update processes, and simplifying access to statements, remittances, benefit applications and service support. We supported contributors across critical life stages from onboarding and contribution growth to retirement processing, RSA transfers and pension-backed mortgage pathways and provided benefit payment services for more than 20,000 members of defined benefit schemes.

Our service model became increasingly digital and accessible. Through eight digital and self-service channels, we continued to provide timely, secure and seamless access to Retirement Savings Accounts, helping customers monitor their accounts and engage with us more conveniently. We also deepened our contribution to financial inclusion. Retirement security in Africa will not be built solely around formal salaried employment; it must extend to entrepreneurs, small business owners and workers in the informal sector. Through targeted outreach, simplified onboarding and employer engagement, we continued to build the culture of long-term savings and retirement readiness. Furthermore, we onboarded our first distribution agent targeted at driving deeper engagement with informal sector workers looking to save for retirement.

**Revenue grew 27% to ₦44.4 billion, while profit before tax rose 45% to ₦27.1 billion. Our cost-to-income ratio held at 36.3% and return on average equity reached 48.8%.**

### Pensions | Our People, Culture and Organisational Resilience

Positive impact must also be felt within our organisation. 2025 was a defining year in building one culture from two strong legacies. We invested in leadership alignment, performance discipline, employee development and operational clarity so that our people could serve customers with greater consistency and confidence. We ended the year with 700 employees, 16,146 hours of training delivered, and a 73% employee engagement score.

More fundamentally, we reinforced a culture grounded in excellence, integrity, service and innovation. In a business where trust, expertise and operational precision are non-negotiable, the quality of our people remains a core source of competitive advantage and organisational resilience.

### Pensions | Governance, Sustainability and Long-term Value Creation

Resilience remained central to our strategy throughout 2025. We upheld rigorous standards in compliance, risk management, internal controls, cybersecurity, data protection and fiduciary oversight. Our Board and management maintained close focus on asset safety, operational continuity, regulatory compliance and transparent stewardship of contributors' funds. We also continued to engage employers, regulators and industry stakeholders to strengthen confidence in the Contributory Pension Scheme and support broader retirement readiness.



Sustainability is integral to how we create value. As a long-term allocator of capital, we recognise that the retirement outcomes of our contributors are directly linked to the health of the economy, institutions and communities in which they live and work. We continued to embed sustainability thinking into our investment processes and business decisions, balancing financial performance with sound governance, responsible conduct and long-term economic relevance. The pensions industry has a unique role to play in mobilising patient capital, encouraging formal savings and supporting national development priorities, a role we take seriously.

**As we look ahead, our ambition is clear: to be the most trusted partner in helping Africans prepare for retirement and build long-term financial security.**

We also responded proactively to PenCom's revised minimum capital requirements announced in September 2025. On our current forecasts, the required capital position for Access ARM Pensions as at 1 January 2026 is approximately ₦48.6 billion, against shareholders' funds of ₦41.0 billion, an estimated shortfall of ₦7.6 billion. We are comfortable with this position and expect to meet the requirement through internal capital retention, with retained earnings in 2026 expected to fully cover the gap within the regulatory timeline. This reflects the strength of our earnings profile, prudent capital planning and a disciplined commitment to long-term value creation.

### Pensions | 2026 and Beyond

As we look ahead, our ambition is clear: to be the most trusted partner in helping Africans prepare for retirement and build long-term financial security. The progress we made in 2025 has reinforced our confidence in the strength of our strategy, the resilience of our business and the opportunities ahead. With the scale, reach and ecosystem advantages of Access Holdings, we are well positioned to deepen customer relevance, broaden inclusion, strengthen our investment capability and create sustainable long-term value for all stakeholders.

- **Enhancing Investment Capability and Performance:** We will continue to pursue strong risk-adjusted returns across our portfolios through disciplined asset allocation, robust research and prudent risk management, ensuring that we protect and grow our customers' retirement savings over the long term.
- **Driving Digital Engagement:** We will keep investing in technology and digital platforms to improve accessibility, transparency and ease of use, while delivering a more seamless and intuitive customer experience across all touchpoints.
- **Expanding Financial Inclusion:** We will deepen our reach across underserved segments, including the informal sector, by scaling inclusive pension solutions and broadening awareness of the importance of long-term savings and retirement preparedness.
- **Strengthening Customer-Centric Service:** We will continue to enhance service delivery through faster response times, simpler processes and more efficient account management,

ensuring that customers experience the value of a truly responsive and trusted pension partner.

- **Improving Operational Efficiency and Resilience:** We remain focused on strengthening our operating model, simplifying processes and embedding execution discipline across the business to support sustainable growth and long-term value creation.
- **Leveraging the Access Ecosystem:** We will continue to harness the scale, reach and ecosystem advantages of Access Holdings to unlock new opportunities across

our customer base and the broader financial services landscape.

- **Commitment to Governance, Sustainability and Stewardship:** We will maintain rigorous governance, disciplined capital stewardship and a strong focus on sustainability, ensuring that we continue to create value responsibly and in line with our purpose of making a positive impact in Africa.

2025 demonstrated that our purpose is not simply a statement; it is reflected in action. By protecting retirement savings, supporting institutions, empowering our people, extending access and stewarding capital responsibly, Access ARM Pensions delivered measurable positive impact. As we move into 2026 and beyond, we remain confident in the resilience of our business, the strength of our strategy and our ability to create enduring value for customers, employees, shareholders and the broader African ecosystem.

### ABIMBOLA SULAIMAN

Acting Managing Director/CEO,  
Access ARM Pensions Limited

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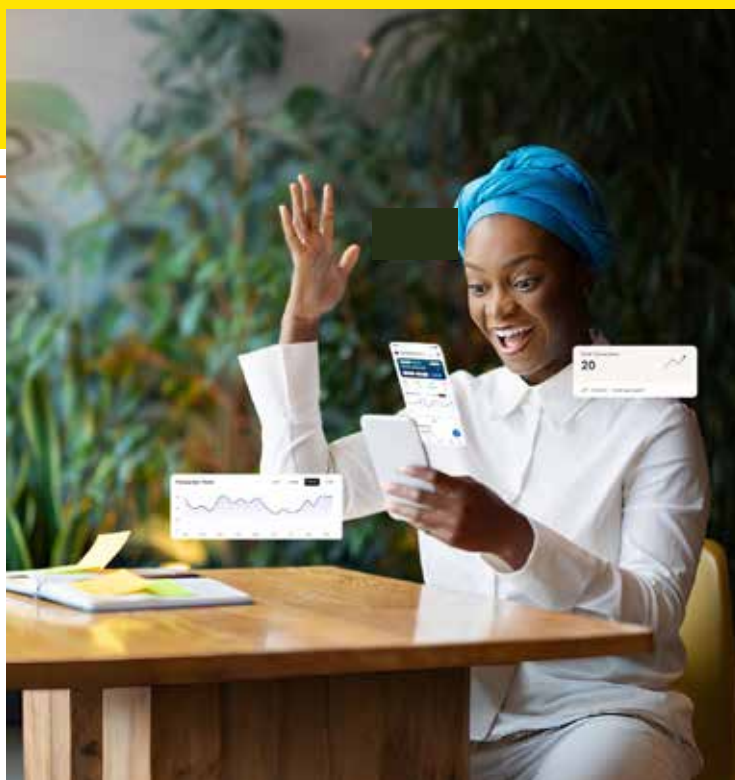




**Kemi Okusanya**  
Managing Director/CEO,  
Hydrogen Payment Services Company Ltd.

**Africa's digital economy is rapidly reshaping the continent's economic trajectory. Across industries, technology is transforming how individuals access financial services, how businesses reach customers, and how governments participate in regional and global markets. At the centre of this transformation are digital payments, the infrastructure that enables commerce, expands financial inclusion, and underpins the seamless movement of value across economies.**

At Hydrogen, we do more than facilitate transactions. We build the infrastructure that enables commerce and strengthens the digital foundations of Africa's future. Guided by a clear purpose, we exist to make a positive



impact across the continent. In 2025, this purpose continued to guide our strategy, inform our investments, and shape how we engage with partners, regulators, and communities.

The year under review marked significant operational growth and continued platform adoption. Hydrogen processed transaction value of ₦85.9 trillion in 2025, representing a seventy five percent increase from ₦49.1 trillion in 2024. Transaction volumes also grew significantly, rising from 1.7 billion transactions in 2024 to 2.8 billion transactions in 2025, reflecting growth of approximately sixty five percent year on year. These metrics reflect more than scale. They demonstrate growing trust in the reliability, scalability, and efficiency of Hydrogen's infrastructure.

Our technology infrastructure continued to strengthen during the year as we enhanced the resilience and scalability of our payments platform. Hydrogen maintained 99.9% system uptime, supported by a robust architecture with built-in failover capabilities and a cloud-forward infrastructure designed to scale efficiently under growing transaction demand. Performance also improved significantly, with our core transaction processing engine operating at speeds approximately forty five percent faster than prevailing industry benchmarks. Together, these capabilities reinforce Hydrogen's ability to deliver secure, high performance payment infrastructure that supports the expanding scale and complexity of Africa's digital economy.

In our effort to deepen our footprint in payment servicing, Hydrogen expanded



its offerings across different sectors including Oil and Gas, Federal and State Government institutions, and large-scale retail businesses. By strengthening payment infrastructure within these critical sectors, we continue to enable secure, efficient, and scalable payment capabilities that support the broader growth of commerce and strengthen public sector service delivery.

Innovation remains central to who we are. In 2025, we introduced several solutions designed to enhance transparency, strengthen security, and improve operational efficiency for our partners. Our POS Acquiring Processing capability enables financial institutions and businesses to process card payments more efficiently across networks, strengthening reliability while expanding the reach of digital commerce. Our E-Invoicing platform enables organisations to generate, track, and reconcile invoices within a single digital workflow, improving payment visibility and accelerating the movement from billing to settlement. In addition, our advanced fraud management capability strengthens transaction security by using intelligent monitoring and risk detection tools to help institutions identify suspicious activity and protect customers in real time.

During the year, we continued to execute our strategy with discipline, strengthening the underlying capacity of our platform through sustained investment in technology infrastructure and operational capabilities. This approach reflects a deliberate focus on building a resilient and scalable foundation for long-term growth, even as near-term revenue expansion remained measured. Our operating model continues to demonstrate strong efficiency and scalability, supported by a disciplined balance between investment and profitability, and positioning the business to translate increasing transaction volumes into sustainable earnings growth over time.

Our people remain central to the execution of our strategy. During the year, Hydrogen strengthened its technical and operational capabilities, with the number of full-time employees increasing by 36% in 2025 as we continued to build the specialist talent required to support a rapidly evolving digital payments ecosystem. We remain committed to fostering a diverse and inclusive organisation that reflects the communities and markets we serve. Women represent 49% of our workforce, reinforcing our belief that diverse perspectives strengthen decision making, enhance innovation, and contribute to building a more resilient organisation capable of delivering sustainable long-term growth.

Our commitment to impact extends beyond business performance. In 2025, Hydrogen's sustainability initiatives impacted 335,745 lives across community health, education, environmental stewardship, and digital capacity development. This was achieved through targeted interventions, including school infrastructure and technology programmes benefiting over 3,000 students and staff and improving water access for

**Hydrogen is well positioned to support and help shape the next phase of this transformation. By strengthening the interoperability of payment systems and enabling the seamless movement of value across institutions, markets, and borders, we contribute directly to the infrastructure required for a more integrated and connected African digital economy.**

an estimated 22,000 community members, alongside health initiatives that provided screenings for 325 small business owners and extended preventive awareness to over 210,000 individuals. Our environmental and ecosystem efforts further strengthened responsible e-waste practices, supported recycling partnerships, and enabled the training of 220 techpreneurs, reinforcing Hydrogen's role in advancing inclusive and sustainable growth across the markets we serve.

Looking ahead, the opportunities within Africa's digital payments ecosystem remain substantial. The continued expansion of digital commerce, increasing demand for financial interoperability, and the need for seamless cross border payment capabilities will play a defining role in shaping Africa's economic trajectory.

Hydrogen is well positioned to support and help shape the next phase of this transformation. By strengthening the interoperability of payment systems and enabling the seamless movement of value across institutions, markets, and borders, we contribute directly to the infrastructure required for a more integrated and connected African digital economy. As regional trade

expands and economies become increasingly interconnected, resilient payment infrastructure will be essential to enabling businesses and governments to participate fully in this new economic landscape.

Hydrogen operates within a broader financial services ecosystem, while maintaining a partner-agnostic approach that enables us to support a diverse range of institutions across the market. By strengthening the digital infrastructure that underpins commerce, we continue to expand the pathways through which financial institutions, businesses, and communities can participate meaningfully in Africa's economic future.

I extend my sincere gratitude to our customers, partners, regulators, and employees for their continued trust and collaboration. Together, we will continue building infrastructure that enables prosperity, strengthens institutions, and creates lasting impact across Africa.

#### **KEMI OKUSANYA**

Managing Director/CEO,  
Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited



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**Daniel Watts**

Acting Managing Director/CEO,  
Oxygen X Finance Company Limited

**In a year shaped by shifting market dynamics across the nation and the African economic landscape, Oxygen X Finance Company Limited remained firmly anchored to its purpose of making an impact in Africa. This purpose continues to guide our strategy, inform our decisions, and define the value we create for all stakeholders.**

2025 stands as a landmark year in our evolution. Through disciplined execution and a clear strategic focus, we delivered exceptional growth across all key performance indicators, demonstrating both the strength of our business model and the increasing relevance of our offerings within the market.

Our gross revenue grew significantly to ₦13.18bn, compared to ₦4.05bn in the prior year, reflecting strong market penetration, improved yield optimization, deepening of our Credit Lifecycle Management product and noteworthy growth in our loans to Individuals and SMEs. Profit Before Tax rose to ₦5.79bn, up from ₦805mn in FY 2024, underpinned by scale efficiencies, enhanced risk management, and operational discipline.

We also recorded a remarkable expansion in our lending activities, with loan originations increasing to ₦19.22bn, compared to ₦152mn in the previous year. This growth highlights our strengthened distribution capabilities, improved credit processes, and a deliberate focus on addressing financing gaps within underserved segments. Consequently, our total assets grew to ₦10.04bn, up from ₦7.51bn in FY 2024, reinforcing the robustness of our balance sheet and our capacity to sustain future growth. These

growth strides led to a top 10 ranking amongst Finance Companies in Nigeria at the end of 2025.

Amongst other notable achievements for 2025 were the launches of the company's fixed term investment products as well as its entry into the Buy Now Pay Later sector with selected retailers in Lagos.

Beyond these financial achievements, we are most proud of the impact behind the numbers. Each loan disbursed represents a business empowered, a household supported, and an opportunity created. By expanding access to finance, we have contributed to economic participation, job creation, and enterprise growth, advancing our commitment to inclusive development across Africa.

Our strategic priorities during the year were centered on scaling responsibly, strengthening our risk framework, and leveraging technology to enhance customer experience. We optimised our credit models, and accelerated digital initiatives to improve accessibility, speed, and convenience for our customers.

Our people remain the driving force behind our success. In FY 2025, we continued to invest in talent development, foster a high-performance culture, and strengthen leadership capacity across the organization. We are building a resilient, agile workforce equipped to deliver sustained value in an increasingly dynamic environment.

We also reinforced our role within the broader ecosystem through community-focused initiatives, partnerships, and financial literacy programs, ensuring that our growth translates into meaningful societal impact.

Resilience and sustainability were central to our approach throughout the year. Despite some macroeconomic headwinds, we maintained strong asset quality and liquidity positions, supported by proactive risk management and prudent capital allocation. At the same time, we advanced our sustainability agenda by embedding responsible lending practices and aligning our operations with long-term environmental and social considerations.

Our commitment to strong governance remains unwavering. We continue to uphold the highest standards of transparency, accountability, and regulatory compliance, ensuring that our growth is both responsible and sustainable.

As we look ahead, we are confident in our ability to build on this momentum. We will continue to scale our operations, deepen our impact, and leverage the strength of our Group to unlock new opportunities across Africa. Our focus remains on creating long-term value for our shareholders, our customers, our employees, and the communities we serve.

#### **DANIEL WATTS**

Acting Managing Director/CEO,  
Oxygen X Finance Company  
Limited







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**Godwin Onyeke**

Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer,  
Access Insurance Brokers Ltd.

## Introduction:

**Brokers led Nigeria's insurance sector, contributing over ₦1.2 trillion in gross written premiums, which made up more than 60% of total market income for 2025.**

In 2025, we achieved a major milestone toward establishing standards for sustainable business practices by automating our operations and earning broad industry recognition for our dedication to service excellence.

To become a leading African insurance broker, the company strategically recruited experts in various risk specialties. This enhanced our capacity to deliver comprehensive insurance advisory services.

This enhancement of our team enabled us to actively participate in and support key sectors of the Nigerian economy. Our focus areas include Energy, Construction, Aviation, Manufacturing, Telecommunication, Agriculture, and Financial Services. Through this targeted approach, we have positioned ourselves to offer specialised guidance and tailored insurance solutions that address the unique needs of clients within these industries.

As a result of these strategic efforts, we are better equipped to deliver exceptional service and value to our clients, reinforcing our commitment to excellence in all aspects of our operations.

## Service Offerings:

Access Insurance Brokers is licensed and regulated by the National Insurance

Commission (NAICOM) to provide insurance intermediation services on Life, General Insurance, including Health and Employee Benefits programs.

We collaborate closely with our clients to design intelligent risk mitigation solutions such as predictive analytics models and real-time monitoring systems tailored to their unique needs. By utilizing leading risk management tools and governance standards, we help clients reduce exposure, ensure regulatory compliance, and gain greater confidence in managing their risks.

Our technical skills and industry partnerships help us secure competitive insurance contracts. We also ensure timely premium payments to protect our clients' interests during claims.

Our services are divided into two main areas:

### Insurance Brokerage

We help clients secure tailored coverage for:

- General Accident
- Energy, Engineering & Special Risks
- Aviation
- Marine
- Motor
- Suretyship/Bonds
- Liability
- Property
- Life & Health Insurance

### Risk Consultancy Services

We provide:

- Insurance Audits
- Risk Management Evaluation
- Claims and Uninsured Loss Recovery
- Research and Market Reviews
- Risk Retention Fund Management

## Position for the Future:

Looking ahead, our immediate goal is to accelerate our growth from contributing

**Our market expansion strategy involves establishing a presence in key regions across Nigeria, leveraging the extensive footprint of Access Bank and the broader Access Holdings ecosystem.**

₦11 billion in premium income to the industry's gross written premium in 2025 to becoming a top five player by 2027, generating a minimum of ₦36 billion in gross written premium. This ambitious target will be achieved through the introduction of innovative products and the expansion of our distribution channels, positioning us for sustained industry leadership.

Given that Nigeria's insurance penetration remains under 1%, our organization is dedicated to spearheading a comprehensive national campaign to enhance awareness and broaden participation within the insurance market.

Our market expansion strategy involves establishing a presence in key regions across Nigeria, leveraging the extensive footprint of the banking operating company of the Access Holdings.

Technology will be integral in streamlining the insurance onboarding process. By 2027, our objective is to become a premier brokerage firm, leveraging People, Process, Technology, and Data Analytics as foundational pillars of our success.

We continue to uphold our dedication to transforming insurance brokerage and providing exceptional value to our clients and stakeholders.

### GODWIN ONYEKE

Managing Director/CEO,  
Access Insurance Brokers Limited



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# CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

Reviewing Our Sustainability Report and Corporate Responsibility



# 03



Sustainability Report - 43

43



# SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

FOR A GREENER TOMORROW



NATURE



RENEWABLE



COMMUNITY



EARTH



# OUR SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY AND FRAMEWORK

## 1.0

### Basis of Preparation



#### 1.1 Reporting Framework

This report has been prepared in accordance with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards issued by the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) as the primary reporting basis, specifically, the IFRS S1 - General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information and IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures.

The Group's approach to sustainability reporting is supported by internally approved sustainability- and risk-related frameworks, policies, and guidance documents, which provide the foundation for the identification, assessment, management, and disclosure of sustainability-related and climate-related risks and opportunities across the business.

In preparing these sustainability-related disclosures, the Group has referred to and considered the applicability of the disclosure topics and metrics outlined in the SASB Standards for Commercial Banks, Asset Management & Custody Activities, Insurance, and Consumer Finance industries. The GRI Standards (2021) have been applied as a complementary source of guidance to support disclosures across economic,

Access Holdings Plc | Sustainability

environmental, social, and governance dimensions, in line with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards and applicable regulatory guidance on sources of guidance and interoperability.

Where no specific IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standard directly applies to a sustainability-related risk or opportunity, the Group applies judgement to identify information that is relevant and faithfully representative, taking into account relevant guidance and internal policies.

#### 1.2 Reporting Structure and Presentation

This Sustainability Report presents the Access Holdings Plc's ("the Group") sustainability-related and climate-related disclosures for the 2025 financial year. It is structured around the four core disclosure pillars of governance, strategy, risk management, and metrics and targets, in line with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards, while also incorporating relevant SASB and GRI considerations to support material sustainability disclosures on the Group's sustainability-related information.

The report is intended to be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements and aligns with the reporting period of the Group's consolidated financial statements.



The report has been developed in a format intended to be clear and accessible to our diverse range of stakeholders, including investors and other primary users of general-purpose financial reports, as well as broader stakeholders relevant to the Group's GRI-aligned disclosures. In doing so, it brings together the matters most relevant to understanding both how sustainability-related and climate-related risks and opportunities could reasonably be expected to affect the Group's business, cash flows, access to finance, and cost of capital over the short, medium, and long term, and how the Group's activities impact the economy, environment, and society.

### 1.3 Reporting Entity, Period and Boundary

This sustainability report covers Access Holdings Plc and its direct operating subsidiaries: Access Bank Plc, Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited, Access ARM Pensions Limited, Access Insurance Brokers Limited, and Oxygen X Finance Company Limited. Together, these entities represent the Group's principal business verticals of banking, payments, pensions, insurance, and lending.

While this report has been prepared for the Access Holdings Group and its subsidiaries, given that Access Bank Plc represents the most significant component of the Group's operations, the disclosures presented in this report predominantly reflect Access Bank's sustainability-related performance, except where otherwise stated. Going forward, Access Holdings intends to continue strengthening its alignment with IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards by improving the data consolidation, consistency, and coverage of sustainability-related and climate-related disclosures across the Group in subsequent reporting cycles.

The disclosures presented in this report cover the period from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025. In preparing these

sustainability-related (including climate-related) disclosures, the Group has used all reasonable and supportable information available at the reporting date without undue cost or effort, and has employed approaches commensurate with the skills, capabilities, and resources available.

Data and assumptions used in preparing these sustainability-related financial disclosures are, to the extent possible, consistent with the corresponding data and assumptions used in preparing the Group's related consolidated financial statements.

Where specific metrics or disclosures are subject to different methodological boundaries, estimation approaches, data limitations, or a high level of measurement uncertainty, these are indicated in the relevant sections.

### 1.4 Significant Judgements

In preparing these disclosures, the Group has made the following significant judgements:

- The determination of material sustainability-related risks and opportunities (see Section 2.0).
- The definition of short-term (0–1 year), medium-term (2–3 years), and long-term (3–5 years) time horizons (see Section 4.1).
- The selection of climate scenarios, underlying assumptions, and sector-level parameters used in the climate transition risk assessment, including the choice of the IEA's Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS) and Net Zero Emissions by 2050 (NZE) pathways, and the application of the 1in1000 TRISK platform and PACTA framework to assess portfolio-level impacts (see Section 4.2).

## 2.0

### Our Approach to Materiality Assessment



business prospects, financial position, performance, or resilience. While meeting investor-focused disclosure requirements, we also recognise that issues affecting customers, employees, regulators, and communities can quickly evolve into material financial considerations.

To meet these diverse needs, Access Holdings applies a double materiality approach, assessing sustainability topics through both financial materiality

### 2.1 Objective and Approach

Understanding the sustainability matters that are most significant to our stakeholders and most influential to our long-term success is central to Access Holdings' approach to responsible business. Our material issues reflect the economic, environmental, social, and governance (EESG) factors that guide our sustainability strategy and ensure our efforts remain focused on areas of greatest strategic and stakeholder relevance.

In adopting the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards, our materiality process evaluates the sustainability-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably affect our

(how sustainability and climate-related matters may affect the Group's enterprise value) and impact materiality (how the Group's activities may affect people, society, and the environment) perspectives. The financial materiality approach is aligned with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards, while the impact materiality approach is aligned with the GRI Standards. A combination of both approaches to achieve a double materiality approach takes into cognisance the interoperability consideration of the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards. The double materiality approach ensures a comprehensive view of our sustainability impacts and dependencies while meeting the financial materiality requirement of the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards.

Our 2025 materiality assessment provides a clear basis for the disclosures presented, ensuring that our disclosures remain focused on the issues most relevant to decision-making as it relates to users of general-purpose financial statements, most meaningful to stakeholders and most critical to the Group's long-term outlook.

## 2.2 Materiality Assessment Process

Access Holdings adopted a structured process to determine

its material topics for the reporting year. The process combined topic identification, stakeholder input, assessment, prioritisation, and validation, ensuring that the selected material topics accurately reflected both the organisation's strategic priorities and the expectations of its stakeholders.

Stakeholder groups engaged as part of the materiality assessment process included executive management, employees, and select external stakeholders, ensuring that the perspectives of the Group's most significant internal and external stakeholder groups were reflected in the identification and prioritisation of material topics.

Table 1: Materiality Assessment Process

| S/N | Step                                                                                                                       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | <b>Identification of topics</b><br><i>Understand the organisational context, and identify actual and potential impacts</i> | Relevant sustainability-related (including climate-related) matters were identified through a review of internal and external inputs, including the Group's business model and value chain, strategic priorities, peer and industry benchmarking, applicable sustainability standards (IFRS S1/S2, GRI Standards, SASB Standards), regulatory developments, and matters emerging through the wider reporting process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 2   | <b>Stakeholder engagement</b><br><i>Gather internal and external perspectives</i>                                          | Inputs were obtained through multiple channels, including a structured materiality assessment workshop, and materiality surveys deployed to key stakeholders. Internal perspectives were further informed through sustainability data analysis and engagement with contributors across the sustainability management and reporting process. External stakeholders provided an additional perspective on expectations, impacts and the broader significance of the identified issues.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 3   | <b>Assessment and prioritisation</b><br><i>Evaluate significance using defined criteria</i>                                | Identified topics were evaluated and scored using defined materiality criteria to determine their relative significance for reporting. For financial materiality, topics were assessed based on their likelihood of occurrence and the magnitude of their potential impact on the Group's financial performance. For impact materiality, topics were evaluated in terms of the scale, scope, severity, and likelihood of the Group's actual or potential effects on the economy, environment, and people. Subsequently, the assessment results were analysed and normalised to enable a clear prioritisation of the issues presented in this report. |
| 4   | <b>Validation</b><br><i>Review and Sign-off</i>                                                                            | The outcome of the assessment was reviewed and validated by the management team prior to finalisation, to confirm that the identified material topics were relevant, complete, and appropriate for inclusion in the Group's 2025 sustainability disclosures.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## 2.3 Material Topics Identified

The following topics were identified as material for the 2025 reporting period and form the basis for the disclosures presented in this report. Together, they represent the sustainability-related and climate-related matters assessed as most significant, both in terms of their potential to affect the Group's financial prospects (financial materiality), and the Group's most significant impacts on the economy, the environment, and people (impact materiality).

*The topics are organised across four dimensions of environment, economic, social and governance:*

### Environmental Matters

1. Climate Change Mitigation & Transition
2. GHG Emissions & Energy Management
3. Resource Use, Waste & Conservation
4. Sustainable Infrastructure & Supply Chain

### Economic Matters

1. Economic Growth & Financial Performance
2. Sustainable Finance & Investment
3. Financial Inclusion
4. Business Model Resilience & Innovation

### Social Matters

1. Employee Wellbeing, Talent Development & Diversity
2. Customer Experience & Data Security
3. Community Engagement & Social Impact
4. Gender Equity, Women's Economic Empowerment & Leadership
5. Stakeholder Engagement & Partnerships

### Governance Matters

1. Risk Management & Operational Resilience
2. Ethics, Compliance & Anti-Corruption
3. Sustainability Governance

# 3.0

## Governance and Leadership at Access Holdings

### 3.1 Governance Framework for Sustainability and Climate-related Matters

We recognise that effective sustainability governance is the cornerstone of sustainable business performance at Access Holdings. Accordingly, we have intentionally designed our governance framework to ensure that sustainability and climate-related risks and opportunities receive the dedicated attention and oversight they require in today's fast-evolving operating environment.

Access Holdings Board of Directors have the ultimate responsibility for the oversight of sustainability-related[References to sustainability-related risks and opportunities as well as sustainability-related matters in this report include climate-related matters unless explicitly stated otherwise or specifically differentiated] risks and opportunities across the Group. This responsibility is exercised through the Board's standing committee structure, with the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee serving as the primary governance body charged with oversight of sustainability matters. The Committee advises the Board on its responsibilities in relation to the Group's sustainability practices, human resource policies, plans, processes, and procedures. Through this Committee, sustainability-related and climate-related matters are reviewed at Board level, and recommendations are escalated to the full Board as required. The committee also has oversight on progress achieved on set targets on a regular basis.

The composition of the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee during the year 2025 is set out below:

**Table 2: Composition of the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee**

| No. | Director                         | Designation   |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1.  | <b>Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere</b>     | Chairman      |
| 2.  | <b>Mr. Abubakar Jimoh</b>        | Vice-Chairman |
| 3.  | <b>Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo</b>    | Member        |
| 4.  | <b>Mrs. Fatimah Bello-Ismail</b> | Member        |
| 5.  | <b>Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi</b>     | Member        |
| 6.  | <b>Mr. Innocent C. Ike</b>       | Member        |
| 7.  | <b>Ms. Bolaji Agbede</b>         | Member        |

The Board Human Resource and Sustainability Committee convenes on a quarterly basis. Sustainability matters are therefore presented to the Committee regularly throughout the year, with significant issues escalated to the Board as appropriate.

Access Holdings is committed to maintaining a diverse and inclusive Board that reflects a broad range of skills, perspectives, and experiences relevant to overseeing the Group's strategy, including its sustainability agenda. As at 31 December 2025, the Board comprised 9 directors, with 45% female representation. During the reporting period, two Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Oluseyi Kumapayi and Mr. Roosevelt Ogbonna, retired from the Board. Two additional Directors were appointed, namely Mr. Innocent Ike (Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer) and Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi (Independent Non-Executive Director). The Group continues to monitor and strengthen Board diversity in line with emerging best practices and regulatory expectations.

Board composition across the Group's principal subsidiaries during the reporting year is presented below. Changes to board composition occurred across all entities during the period, except for Hydrogen Payment Services and Oxygen X Finance. Details of these changes are reflected within the respective entity annual reports for the reporting period.

**Table 3: Composition of the Access Holdings Board of Directors as at December 31, 2025**

| No. | Name                               | Status                             | Gender |
|-----|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede</b>      | Chairman/Non-Executive Director    | Male   |
| 2   | <b>Abubakar Jimoh</b>              | Independent Non-Executive Director | Male   |
| 3   | <b>Fatimah Bintah Bello-Ismail</b> | Independent Non-Executive Director | Female |
| 4   | <b>Ibironke Adeyemi</b>            | Independent Non-Executive Director | Female |
| 5   | <b>Olusegun Ogbonnewo</b>          | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 6   | <b>Ojinika Olaghere</b>            | Non-Executive Director             | Female |
| 7   | <b>Innocent Ike</b>                | Group Managing Director/CEO        | Male   |
| 8   | <b>Bolaji Agbede</b>               | Executive Director                 | Female |
| 9   | <b>Olanrewaju Bamisebi</b>         | Executive Director                 | Male   |



**Table 4: Composition of the Access Bank's Board of Directors  
as at December 31, 2025**

| S/N | Name                       | Status                                                        | Gender |
|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Paul Usoro</b>          | Chairman/Non-Executive Director                               | Male   |
| 2   | <b>Ifeyinwa Osime</b>      | Independent Non-Executive Director                            | Female |
| 3   | <b>Okey Nwuke</b>          | Non-Executive Director                                        | Male   |
| 4   | <b>Hassan Usman</b>        | Independent Non-Executive Director                            | Male   |
| 5   | <b>Omosalewa Fajobi</b>    | Non-Executive Director                                        | Female |
| 6   | <b>Titilayo Osuntoki</b>   | Non-Executive Director                                        | Female |
| 7   | <b>Uche Orji</b>           | Independent Non-Executive Director                            | Male   |
| 8   | <b>Akinyemi Odusolu</b>    | Independent Non-Executive Director                            | Male   |
| 9   | <b>Roosevelt Ogbonna</b>   | Managing Director/CEO                                         | Male   |
| 10  | <b>Chizoma Okoli</b>       | Deputy Managing Director                                      | Female |
| 11  | <b>Gregory Jobome</b>      | Executive Director, Risk Management Division                  | Male   |
| 12  | <b>Hadiza Ambursa</b>      | Executive Director, Commercial Banking Division               | Female |
| 13  | <b>Oluseyi Kumapayi</b>    | Executive Director, African Subsidiaries                      | Male   |
| 14  | <b>Iyabo Soji-Okusanya</b> | Executive Director, Corporate and Investment Banking Division | Female |

**Table 5: Composition of the Access ARM Pensions Limited Board of Directors  
as at December 31, 2025**

| S/N | Name                         | Status                             | Gender |
|-----|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Gbenga Oyeboode</b>       | Chairman/Non-Executive Director    | Male   |
| 2   | <b>Chijioke Ugochukwu</b>    | Independent Non-Executive Director | Female |
| 3   | <b>Obafunmilayo Agosto</b>   | Independent Non-Executive Director | Male   |
| 4   | <b>Remilekun A. Odunlami</b> | Independent Non-Executive Director | Female |
| 5   | <b>Oritsedere Otubu</b>      | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 6   | <b>Bolaji Agbede</b>         | Non-Executive Director             | Female |
| 7   | <b>Austin Opara</b>          | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 8   | <b>Okey Nwuke</b>            | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 9   | <b>Robert Imowo</b>          | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 10  | <b>Abimbola Sulaiman</b>     | Acting Managing Director/CEO       | Female |
| 11  | <b>Afolabi Folayan</b>       | Executive Director                 | Male   |
| 12  | <b>Nuhu Modibbo</b>          | Executive Director                 | Male   |

**Table 6: Composition of the Access Insurance Brokers Limited Board of Directors  
as at December 31, 2025**

| S/N | Name                    | Status                             | Gender |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Peggy Onwu</b>       | Chairman/Non-Executive Director    | Female |
| 2   | <b>Adeyemi Odusanya</b> | Independent Non-Executive Director | Male   |
| 3   | <b>Njideka Esomeju</b>  | Non-Executive Director             | Female |
| 4   | <b>Adaeze Ume</b>       | Non-Executive Director             | Female |
| 5   | <b>Godwin Onyeke</b>    | Managing Director/CEO              | Male   |

**Table 7: Composition of the Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited Board of Directors as at December 31, 2025**

| S/N | Name                             | Status                                      | Gender |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Michael Babajide Ogundare</b> | Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director | Male   |
| 2   | <b>Kehinde Aluko</b>             | Independent Non-Executive Director          | Female |
| 3   | <b>Abimbola Akeredolu</b>        | Independent Non-Executive Director          | Female |
| 4   | <b>Olanrewaju Bamisebi</b>       | Non-Executive Director                      | Male   |
| 5   | <b>Bayo Adewolu</b>              | Non-Executive Director                      | Male   |
| 6   | <b>Robert Giles</b>              | Non-Executive Director                      | Male   |
| 7   | <b>Kemi Okusanya</b>             | Managing Director/CEO                       | Female |

**Table 8: Composition of the Oxygen X Finance Company Limited Board of Directors as at December 31, 2025**

| S/N | Name                               | Status                             | Gender |
|-----|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| 1   | <b>Obeahon Asekhami Ohiwerei</b>   | Chairman/Non-Executive Director    | Male   |
| 2   | <b>Olufemi Paul Johnson</b>        | Independent Non-Executive Director | Male   |
| 3   | <b>Egbe Otubu</b>                  | Independent Non-Executive Director | Female |
| 4   | <b>Olusegun Babalola Ogbonnewo</b> | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 5   | <b>Kolawole Augustine Ajimoko</b>  | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |
| 6   | <b>Daniel Babatola Awe</b>         | Non-Executive Director             | Male   |

### 3.2 Board Oversight Responsibilities

At Access Holdings, both the Board Risk Management Committee and the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee provide oversight on sustainability matters, with their responsibilities designed to complement each other.

Oversight responsibilities for sustainability-related risks and opportunities are reflected in the Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) Charter which defines its mandate, purpose, composition, duties, and reporting lines to the Board. The Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee is responsible for reviewing the Group's sustainability strategy, monitoring performance against sustainability-related targets and overseeing the integration of sustainability-related considerations into the Group's broader governance and decision-making processes, as articulated in the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee Charter.

In exercising its oversight, the Committee considers sustainability-related risks and opportunities as part of its review of the Group's strategy, major transactions, and risk management processes, including consideration of trade-offs associated with those risks and opportunities. The Committee also oversees the setting of targets related to sustainability-related and climate-related matters and monitors progress towards those targets.

### 3.3 Board Committee Structure

The Board exercises its wider governance responsibilities through six standing committees:

1. Board Audit Committee
2. Board Digital and Information Technology Committee

3. Board Finance and Investment Committee
4. Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee
5. Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee
6. Board Risk Management Committee

Each committee operates under a charter that defines its purpose, composition, structure, duties, tenure, and reporting lines to the Board. While these committees review matters within their respective mandates, ultimate responsibility for the Group's affairs, including sustainability-related matters, remains with the Board.

This structure supports integrated oversight of the broader matters that shape the Group's sustainability agenda, including governance, risk, finance, internal control, technology, and people. Sustainability oversight is not treated as a standalone process but is embedded within the wider governance framework through which the Board directs and supervises the Group.

### 3.4 Escalation and Reporting Mechanisms

Sustainability-related matters are escalated to the Board through two complementary reporting channels:

1. **Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee:** Serves as the primary channel for sustainability strategy, governance, policy approvals, and performance monitoring. For urgent matters arising outside of scheduled meeting cycles, written resolutions are utilised to communicate with Directors, ensuring timely decision-making on critical sustainability issues.

**2. Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC):** Receives sustainability-related risk reporting, particularly concerning green and ESG-related credit facilities, the issuance of green credits, and sustainable finance transactions. This channel ensures that climate-related financial risks are integrated within the Group's broader risk governance.

The two committees operate under distinct charters with separate mandates, ensuring complementarity without duplication. The HR and Sustainability Committee that exist in the Banking Group & Holding Company addresses the broader sustainability strategy and governance, while the BRMC focuses on sustainability-related credit risk and portfolio-level exposures. Together, they provide the Board with a comprehensive, multi-dimensional view of sustainability across both strategic and risk perspectives.

The Company Secretariat facilitates governance processes through the Board Diligence platform, an electronic system used to share board packs, reports, and sustainability-related documentation with Directors, supporting timely and paperless communication.

### 3.5 Management's Role in Sustainability Governance

At management level, execution and coordination of sustainability-related matters are supported through the following governance structures, which operate across the Holding Company and its subsidiaries:

- Management Committee (MANCO)
- ESG/Sustainability Committee
- Group Committee of CEOs of Subsidiaries
- Group Risk Management Committee (GRMC)
- Executive Committee (EXCO) at the various subsidiaries
- Risk Committees at the various subsidiaries
- Management Credit Committee (MCC)
- Group Asset and Liability Committee (Group ALCO)
- Digital Steering Committee (DSC)
- Information Security Council (ISC)
- Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC)

These management-level structures support the implementation, coordination, and oversight of sustainability-related risks and opportunities across the Group's operations. They use targeted controls and procedures that are integrated with the Group's broader internal governance and risk management functions.

The oversight of sustainability-related risks and opportunities is supported by a system of internal controls designed to ensure the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of sustainability-related data across the Group. These controls include established sustainability policies, sustainability sub-committee structures across African subsidiaries, internal and external audits, Group Support functions, and defined procedures for reviewing data sources, collection methods, calculation methodologies, and tracking systems used within the Group's sustainability reporting processes.

Sustainability governance at the management level is further reinforced through the integration of sustainability objectives into the Group's performance management systems. Key governance mechanisms include:

**Capital allocation for climate risk:** The Environmental & Social Risk Management & Risk Analytics team manages the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP), which includes explicit capital allocation for climate and ESG risk, ensuring that sustainability-related financial exposures are reflected in the Group's capital planning.

**Sustainability budget governance:** The Group make budgetary allocation from its Profit Before Tax (PBT) specifically for Sustainability initiatives, providing a structured and predictable funding mechanism for the sustainability programme. In 2025, this resulted in a sustainability budget allocation of ₦4.8 billion, representing a significant increase from ₦2.1 billion in 2024, showing the growth in the Group's profitability and its deepening commitment to the sustainability agenda.

**Operational sustainability targets:** At the operational level, cost-reduction initiatives aligned with sustainability objectives including car-pooling systems, electric vehicle deployment, energy-saving measures such as earlier branch shutdowns, and the transition to paperless operations are tracked through the Finance function and integrated into management reporting.

### 3.6 Climate-related and Sustainable Finance Governance

For climate-related and sustainable finance matters within the Group, particularly Access Bank, governance is further strengthened through the ESG Committee. The Committee has oversight responsibility for:

- Driving green banking, climate risk disclosures, and carbon accounting;
- Governing portfolio greening activities, limits, and target setting;
- Supporting internal emissions reduction;
- Recommending the Bank's Portfolio Greening Policy for approval through the Policy MCC;
- Overseeing implementation of the Portfolio Greening Strategy across the enterprise;
- Reviewing methodologies and tools for the identification, measurement, monitoring, and impact reporting of green assets;
- Approving the Green Asset Register; and
- Reviewing and approving the Environmental & Social Impact Report of the Sustainable Finance Programme.

The Group ESG Committee is jointly chaired by the GMD/CEO of Access Holdings Plc alongside the MD/CEO of Access Bank and includes the heads of the following key functions:

- Environmental and Social Risk Management (ESRM)
- Enterprise Business Support
- Strategic Business Units (SBUs)
- Sustainability
- Human Resources
- Credit Risk Management (CRM)
- Project and Structured Finance (PSF)
- Product Development
- Information Technology (IT)
- Legal



- Chief Financial Officer of Bank and Holding Company
- Group Chief Conduct and Compliance Officer
- Country Managing Directors (Banking Subsidiaries)
- MD/CEO Access ARM Pensions Ltd.
- MD/CEO Hydrogen Payment Services Company Ltd.
- MD/CEO Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd.
- MD/CEO Access Insurance Brokers Ltd.

This composition provides climate-related and sustainable finance matters with a defined governance structure incorporating representation from both control and business functions.

The ESRM function serves as the operational backbone of the Group's climate-related and environmental governance. During the 2025 reporting period, the Group maintained its zero regulatory penalties record related to sustainability for the second consecutive year, while reducing the proportion of the loan book exposed to high environmental and social risk (Category A) from approximately 8% to 7% as at year end 2025. Climate and environmental risk are fully integrated into the credit risk management system through the ESG Toolkit embedded in the credit approval platform, ensuring that all facilities are reviewed against IFC Performance Standards, the Equator Principles, and World Bank sector guidelines prior to approval.

Governance over environmental and social risk is further strengthened through the following mechanisms:

- Transactions on the Group's exclusion list are automatically blocked within the credit system;
- An E&S Monitoring Team conducts periodic site visits and audits for high-risk (Category A facilities; and inclusive of Category B, project-related loans as well as IFC PS triggered transactions.
- The ESRM team was fortified during 2025 to enhance monitoring capacity and oversight effectiveness.

### 3.7 Implementation Responsibilities under the Portfolio Greening Strategy

Implementation responsibilities under the Portfolio Greening Strategy are clearly allocated across relevant functions:

- The ESRM team, working with the Sustainability team, has ownership of green assets policy development, policy amendments, target-setting recommendations, and integration of evolving climate financing guidance.
- Green asset portfolio creation, green loan relationship management, and green loan portfolio growth are jointly owned by the Corporate and Investment Banking Division (CIBD), the Commercial Banking Division (CBD) and the Retail Banking Division.

This allocation embeds governance for climate-related and sustainable finance matters within both policy oversight and day-to-day business execution.



### 3.8 Group-wide Sustainability Governance

Sustainability governance extends beyond the Holding Company through established structures at country level. Across the African subsidiaries, ESG sub-committee structures and ESG policies were established and operational in several countries during the 2025 reporting period, reflecting a governance approach supported through country-level implementation mechanisms across the Group's operations.

The Group maintains a centralised governance process over sustainability-related communications to ensure consistency, accuracy, and authenticity across its diverse operating markets. The Brand Management function works in close collaboration with the Sustainability and Investor Relations teams through a structured feedback loop whereby sustainability content is developed, reviewed for alignment and accuracy by the Sustainability team, and cleared by Investor Relations for investor-facing material prior to deployment.

In 2025, the Group adopted a Global Communications Strategy designating sustainability as a key strategic pillar, supported by updated marketing, internal communications, and social media policies. Sustainability messaging is cascaded through an annual communications calendar to all operating regions, with localised executions reviewed by the Group Sustainability office to mitigate greenwashing risk. Reputational risk is actively monitored through dedicated tools including Brandwatch, Repustate, and Prowly, which recorded an overall positive brand sentiment of approximately 97% during the reporting period.

### 3.9 Board and Management Capacity-Building

Strengthening the Board's skills, competencies, and capabilities to effectively oversee sustainability matters at Access Holdings remains critical to our long-term growth and business success. The Board's capacity development is driven through a Directors' Orientation and Continuous Education Policy. Under this framework, Directors are exposed to domestic and international training to strengthen decision-making capacity and support effective oversight. New Directors receive a personalised induction programme covering the Strategic Business Units, Board processes and policies, together with an induction pack containing committee charters, significant reports, important statutes and policies, minutes of previous Board meetings, and a calendar of Board activities. The Board also approves an annual training plan and budget for Directors.

To ensure informed oversight of sustainability-related matters, the Board undertakes dedicated training on an ongoing basis. In November 2025, a Board training session covering the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards (IFRS S1 and S2) was conducted as part of the Board's annual master classes. The session was designed to strengthen Directors' understanding of evolving climate reporting requirements and their governance implications.

In addition to this group session, seven Non-Executive Directors individually completed specialised development programmes at

leading international institutions during 2025, including Imperial College London, the Institute of Directors London, Harvard Business School, Stanford Graduate School of Business, INSEAD, and Chicago Booth. These programmes covered areas including risk management, corporate strategy, portfolio management, corporate governance, organisational culture, innovation leadership, and corporate revitalization, collectively enhancing the Board's capacity to provide effective governance over matters integral to the Group's sustainability and long-term value creation agenda.

The Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for ensuring the Board maintains an appropriate mix of skills and adequate composition to oversee the Group's strategy, including sustainability-related matters. The Committee approves an annual training budget based on each director's assessed development needs, while an independent board performance evaluation and corporate governance assessment is conducted annually by external consultants, who identify any skill gaps and provide recommendations. At management level, capability-building is embedded within the Group's sustainability governance framework, supported by a structured Director's Orientation programme for newly appointed executives. Capacity Building Training and Sustainability Champions were operational across all countries in which the Group operates, helping to strengthen awareness, implementation, and accountability across the business.



# 4.0

**Sustainability  
Strategy and  
Execution**

Access Holdings' sustainability strategy is anchored in its corporate purpose: We exist to make a positive impact in Africa. This is guided by the core values of excellence, innovation, service, and integrity. The Group recognises that climate change and wider sustainability dynamics present both material financial risks and significant strategic opportunities, with direct implications for portfolio composition, earnings stability, and long-term value creation.

The Group's 5-Year Sustainability Strategy (2023–2027) serves as the roadmap for this agenda, focusing efforts on three key pillars where the Group can drive the most meaningful impact. Central and key to this strategy is a commitment to meeting the world's financial needs in economically, socially, and environmentally responsible ways, while creating lasting value to the communities it serves.



#### 4.1 Sustainability-related Risks and Opportunities

At Access Holdings, we identified the material sustainability-related and climate-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect the Group's cash flows, access to finance, and cost of capital over the short, medium, and long term. In line with the Group's strategic planning framework, these time horizons are defined as follows:

**Table 9: Definition of Time Horizons for Sustainability-related Risks and Opportunities**

| Time Horizon | Definition       |
|--------------|------------------|
| Short term   | <b>0–1 year</b>  |
| Medium term  | <b>2–3 years</b> |
| Long term    | <b>3–5 years</b> |

These definitions have been applied consistently across reporting periods. Progress against the targets associated with each identified risk and opportunity is monitored on an ongoing basis and reported in the sections that follow.

#### Sustainability-related Risks

The following table summarises the key sustainability-related risks identified across the Group and its entities, their impacts on the business model, and the mitigating controls and planned responses in place:

**Table 10: Sustainability-related Risks, Effects, and Mitigating Controls**

| Sustainability Risk        | Time Horizon   | Current Effect on Access Holdings<br>2024                                                                                          | Anticipated Effect on Access Holdings<br>2025                                                                                      | Mitigating Controls and Planned Response                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Groupwide Risk             |                |                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Regulatory Compliance Risk | Short - Medium | Zero regulatory penalties recorded.                                                                                                | Zero regulatory penalties recorded.                                                                                                | Legal or regulatory sanctions, reputational loss, and associated financial and business impacts.                                          | Regular monitoring of adherence to regulatory requirements and internal compliance policies.                                                                                 |
| Money Laundering Risk      | Short - Medium | Zero loss of earnings recorded from non-compliance with anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing regulations and policy. | Zero loss of earnings recorded from non-compliance with anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing regulations and policy. | Loss of earnings or capital arising from non-compliance with anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing regulations and policies. | Filing of Suspicious Activity Reports (SARs) with relevant authorities when suspicious activities are identified. Mandatory training for employees on anti-money laundering. |



|                                     |                       |                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cyber Risk                          | Short                 | Zero cybersecurity breaches recorded.                                        | Zero cybersecurity breaches recorded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Potential disruption to operations, data breaches, and associated reputational and financial impacts, particularly as the Group continues to expand through mergers and acquisitions. | Network access control, network security, and application security measures.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Environmental and Social (E&S) Risk | Short - Medium - Long | Approximately 8% of the loan book was vulnerable to E&S risks.               | <p>Approximately 8% of the Nigeria loan book was assessed as vulnerable to E&amp;S risks, while the corresponding exposure at the Group level was 4%.</p> <p>In addition, the Group remains exposed to physical climate risks, including notable flooding incidents in Kenya, as well as coastal erosion and extreme heat, which directly affected branch operations and the wider network.</p> | Environmental and social performance and climate risk may have financial, legal, and reputational implications for the Group's business and assets.                                   | Robust system for continuous E&S risk evaluation. Regular training programmes to enhance E&S risk management skills.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Fraud Risk <sup>2</sup>             | Short                 | <del>₦</del> 1.69 billion in losses incurred.                                | <del>₦</del> 1.24 billion in losses incurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Potential constraint on growth opportunities, increased likelihood of adverse regulatory action, and impact on asset quality and business continuity.                                 | Two-factor authentication on key channels and applications. Fraud awareness training for customers and employees. Electronic fraud Monitoring solutions for key banking channels. Deployment of the following initiatives. Enhanced Fraud Risk Prevention capabilities. Regulatory compliance and automated AML/CFT Reporting, and Quickbucks 3.0 |
| Reputational Risk                   | Short - Medium        | <p>3,205,348 complaints received.</p> <p>99.25% resolution rate achieved</p> | <p>3,055,829 complaints received.</p> <p>99.79% resolution rate achieved</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Loss of current or future customers and loss of public confidence.                                                                                                                    | REPUSAT monitoring. Staff competence development, support, and continuous tracking of staff attrition rates.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

<sup>2</sup> Fraud risk losses represent the actual losses incurred during the year arising from fraud-related activities. These losses form part of the organization's operational risk exposures. Further details are provided in the Fraud Incidents and Recoveries section of this annual report.

| Sustainability Risk       | Time Horizon  | Current Effect on Access Holdings                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Anticipated Effect on Access Holdings                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Mitigating Controls and Planned Response                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                           |               | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2025                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Value Chain Exposure Risk | Medium - Long | Facilities are categorised as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Category A (High E&amp;S risk): 7%,</li> <li>Category B (Medium E&amp;S risk): 39%</li> <li>Category C (Low E&amp;S risk): 55%</li> </ul> | Facilities are categorised as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Category A (High E&amp;S risk): 4%,</li> <li>Category B (Medium E&amp;S risk): 35 %</li> <li>Category C (Low E&amp;S risk): 61%</li> </ul> | Funding risk from high financed emissions, and operational disruptions from climate-affected suppliers and clients.                                                                                                                                | Financed emissions measurement, expanded green lending products, climate-based supplier criteria, and client transition support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Market Risk               | Medium - Long | No material risk crystallised                                                                                                                                                                                   | No material risk crystallised                                                                                                                                                                                    | New carbon taxes and climate disclosure mandates across the Group's operating jurisdictions could raise compliance costs, reduce returns on carbon-exposed assets, and increase the Group's cost of funding as investors apply stricter screening. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Availability of Exclusion List covering gambling, armaments, forced/child/tied labour, HFCs, ozone-depleting substances, and other items aligned with IFC and DFI partner standards.</li> <li>Automatic blocking of exclusion list transactions</li> <li>E&amp;S risk categorisation (A/B/C) per IFC Performance Standards</li> <li>Green Loan Identifier for green-eligible transactions</li> </ul> |
| <b>Bank Risks</b>         |               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Credit Risk               | Medium - Long | No material risk crystallised                                                                                                                                                                                   | Zero transactions were declined or restructured due to E&S risk in 2025.                                                                                                                                         | Higher loan defaults and collateral devaluation as borrowers in carbon-intensive sectors face tightening regulations and extreme weather events.                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Climate-sensitive loan screening, climate-adjusted provisioning, sector exposure limits, and borrower transition readiness assessments.</li> <li>ESG Toolkit embedded directly into the credit risk management system.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                    |

Initiatives deployed to mitigate fraud risk include Enhanced Fraud Risk Prevention capabilities, strengthened regulatory compliance measures, the implementation of an automated AML/CFT issuance solution, and Quickbucks 3.0. Collectively, these initiatives contributed to a reduction in fraud-related losses during the year.

Climate-related transition risks may affect the carrying amounts of loans and advances to customers in carbon-intensive sectors through increased probability of default and reduced collateral values over the medium to long term. Climate-related physical risks (flooding, extreme weather events) may affect the Group's property and equipment and collateral values underpinning secured lending, principally over the medium to long term.

In line with this risk profile, approximately 8% of the Nigeria loan book was assessed as vulnerable to E&S risks following detailed screening and due diligence. This subset of the portfolio highlights exposures concentrated in

sectors with elevated climate risk characteristics, showing both physical and transition risk drivers. Notably, agriculture (₦699.04b) is exposed to very high physical risk due to climate-related factors such as drought, flooding, and rainfall variability, while construction (₦798.31b) and real estate activities (₦474.86b) face high to very high physical risks linked to flooding, heat stress, and infrastructure vulnerability. In addition, significant transition risk exposures are evident in carbon-intensive sectors such as oil and gas upstream (₦562.53b), downstream (₦248.43b), and services (₦378.17b), as well as in cement (₦102.80b) and power and energy (₦282.68b), driven by decarbonisation pressures and evolving regulatory requirements. The general sector, with exposure of ₦4.48b, represents a significant concentration within the assessed portfolio, with risk levels dependent on underlying borrower activities and therefore potentially masking specific environmental and social vulnerabilities.

## Sustainability-related Opportunities

The table below summarises the key sustainability-related opportunities identified across the Group and its entities:

Table 11: Sustainability-related Opportunities and Effects

| Opportunity                                                | Time Horizon          | Current Effect on Access Holdings                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Anticipated Effect on Access Holdings                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                            |                       | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 2025                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Group wide Opportunities                                   |                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Community Engagement and Corporate Social Investment (CSI) | Short - Medium        | <b>Budget:</b> ₦2.10 billion<br><b>Environment:</b> 54,204 trees<br><b>Entrepreneurship:</b> 3,367,699 entrepreneurs<br><b>Health:</b> 6,720,584 individuals<br><b>Education:</b> 4,976,909 young people | <b>Budget:</b> ₦4.3 billion<br><b>Environment:</b> 50,000 trees<br><b>Entrepreneurship:</b> 407,642 entrepreneurs<br><b>Health:</b> 803,761 individuals<br><b>Education:</b> 733,446 young people                                                                                                              | Strengthens corporate social investment, enhances public perception, and contributes to social impact as well as supports market penetration                                                          |
| Sustainable Supply Chain                                   | Short - Medium        | Empowerment and capacity building for vendors.                                                                                                                                                           | Periodic vendors engagement and capacity building sessions (Annual Compliance Training Session for Vendors and Third Parties)<br><br>Improved vendor onboarding criteria                                                                                                                                       | Minimises environmental risks, enhances supply chain resilience, promotes responsible sourcing, and mitigates risks such as reputational damage, regulatory challenges, and supply chain disruptions. |
| Employee Engagement in Sustainability                      | Short                 | 350,000 volunteer hours dedicated to community development programmes.                                                                                                                                   | 359,500 hours volunteered<br>(Each professional staff required to volunteer minimum of 52 hours in a year)<br><br>Internal Sustainability Champions Training Conducted across subsidiaries<br><br>Digital Advocacy Webinar conducted across the Group.<br><br>2,000+ Sustainability Champions across the group | Enhances employee morale, fosters a culture of sustainability, drives internal innovation and facilitates top talent attraction and retention                                                         |
| Digital Transformation for Sustainability                  | Medium                | No material effects crystallised.                                                                                                                                                                        | Integrated sustainability criteria into Process Maker Approval to determine the emissions factor of purchases and recommend offset strategies. (developed in 2025, launched in 2026).                                                                                                                          | Optimises resource use, reduces operational costs, and supports the shift to a digital, low-carbon future.                                                                                            |
| ESG Data & Analytics Capability                            | Medium                | Revalidated the standardised ESG reporting templates to ensure accuracy, consistency, and alignment with reporting requirements.                                                                         | An automated Group data collection and analysis system is under development to improve data quality and streamline reporting processes.                                                                                                                                                                        | Enhanced ability to identify climate-exposed assets early, reduce portfolio losses, and monetise ESG insights through client-facing analytics products                                                |
| Bank Opportunities                                         |                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Sustainable Investments                                    | Short - Medium - Long | Sustainability Loan Book- \$580.24m.<br><br>Green Financing - ₦72.32b deployed to green projects in Nigeria.<br><br>DFI Inflows - \$437.42m (₦400.24b) inflow recorded.                                  | Sustainability Loan Book by \$1.269 billion, with African subsidiaries contributing \$687,517,399.9 (₦989,976,929,638.01) to the pool across key sectors like Agriculture, Energy, SME Finance, Health, Education and Infrastructure                                                                           | Enhances brand reputation, attracts socially responsible investors and eco-conscious customers, and generates new income streams.                                                                     |



|                                                |                |                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                |                |                                                                                                                                        | <p>Green Financing - ₦92.14 billion green asset portfolio.</p> <p>DFI Inflows - \$185.38 million (₦266.83b) inflow recorded.</p> <p>Edge Certification - Full Edge certification of 2 infrastructures in Nigeria and Ghana</p> <p><b>Nigeria</b></p> <p>Access Towers, Head Office Lagos, Nigeria</p> <p>Certification Level: EDGE Certified</p> <p>20% less energy consumption</p> <p>33% water savings</p> <p>99% reduction in embodied carbon in materials</p> <p><b>Ghana</b></p> <p>Access Bank Ghana Head Office.</p> <p>Certification Level: EDGE Certified 29% energy savings through high performance glass, insulated walls, and energy-efficient cooling systems</p> <p>25% water savings with low-flow fixtures and aerators</p> <p>99% reduction in embodied carbon in materials, drastically lowering the environmental footprint.</p> |                                                                                                                           |
| Innovation in Sustainable Products             | Short - Medium | Launched the Access Sustainable Finance Accelerator programme.                                                                         | <p>Launched the Solar Health Initiative and financed hospitals in Kwara, Kaduna, Enugu, Lagos,</p> <p>Launched Switch to Solar Initiative financing volume to the tune of ₦443,341,018</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Encourages sustainable business practices among clients and opens up new market opportunities.                            |
| Just Transition Financing                      | Medium - Long  | Developed the Switch-to-Solar                                                                                                          | <p>Currently invested into 13 Electric vehicles purchase</p> <p>Conversion of 20 diesel vehicles to CNG operated vehicles</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | New revenue from lending and products that support communities transitioning to a low-carbon economy.                     |
| Gender-Lens Investing & Women-Focused Products | Short - Medium | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>W-Power loans</li> <li>W-Health Loans</li> <li>Maternal Health Support Scheme (MHSS)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>W-Power loans</li> <li>Womenpreneur Pitch-a-thon</li> <li>Level-Up Initiative</li> </ul> <p>Number of loans made to women: 354,156</p> <p>(a) Individuals: 50,989</p> <p>(b) Women -owned businesses: 3,167</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Access to an underserved market, improved portfolio diversification, and enhanced appeal to development finance partners. |

|  |  |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|  |  |  | <p>Total value of all lending made to women: ₦67,445,349,342</p> <p>(a) Individual women: ₦33,247,555,645</p> <p>(b) Women -owned businesses: ₦34,197,793,697</p> <p>(c) Percentage of total loan portfolio: 24%</p> |  |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|



Sustainability-related opportunities (green portfolio growth, DFI partnerships, sustainable product innovation) are expected to positively affect interest income, fee and commission income, and borrowing costs over the short to medium term. The Group expects its financial position to change as green assets grow, with corresponding growth in interest income from sustainable lending.

New carbon taxes where applicable and climate disclosure mandates across the Group's operating jurisdictions could possibly increase operating expenses (compliance costs) and reduce net interest income on carbon-exposed assets over the medium term.

The Group engages and partners with key stakeholders including customers, employees, shareholders and investors, regulators such as the Central Bank of Nigeria and the Securities and Exchange Commission, suppliers, host communities, industry associations e.g., Nigerian Exchange Group and development finance partners such as the International Finance Corporation and African Development Bank, to inform its response to these risks and opportunities, supporting sustainable product innovation, and regulatory compliance.

In managing its sustainability-related risks and opportunities, the Group has considered the following trade-offs in its strategy and decision-making:

I.Portfolio transition vs. client relationships: The Group's deliberate rebalancing from carbon-intensive sectors toward sustainable assets (from ₦22 billion green assets in 2021 to ₦92.14 billion in 2025) involves managed reduction of exposures to existing fossil fuel clients, which must be balanced against the Group's role in supporting just transition financing for these clients and the communities that depend on them.

II.Short-term compliance costs vs. long-term resilience: Investment of ₦8.23 billion in 2025 on sustainability infrastructure, ESRM systems, and ESG data platforms creates near-term cost pressure on operating expenses but is expected to strengthen long-term portfolio resilience, access to more DFI funding, and competitive positioning.

III.Financial inclusion vs. climate risk concentration: The Group's commitment to expanding access to finance for MS-MEs and low-income individuals (78,438 new MSMEs and 2.47 million low-income individuals served in 2025) is a core strategic objective that creates revenue diversification and social license benefits. However, many of these borrowers operate in climate-vulnerable geographies and sectors (agriculture, informal trade, transport) with limited adaptive capacity. The Group balances the development opportunity of financial inclusion against the portfolio-level physical climate risk that accompanies lending into climate-exposed segments.

These trade-offs have directly informed the Group's decision to impact more communities, accelerating sustainable portfolio growth and operational decarbonisation while continuing to serve clients and communities across its operating markets. Going forward, the Board will formally reassess these trade-

offs as part of each annual strategic planning cycle, ensuring that the Group's sustainability approach adapts to evolving climate risks, regulatory developments, and stakeholder expectations

## 4.2 Climate Resilience and Scenario Analysis

In 2023, Access Bank partnered with the International Finance Corporation (IFC) and 1in1000 to conduct a pilot climate transition risk assessment. This exercise leveraged the 1in1000 TRISK platform, an asset-level, bottom-up climate stress testing tool, alongside the Paris Agreement Capital Transition Assessment (PACTA) framework to examine how the Group's corporate lending portfolio, specifically exposures in oil and gas, cement, and steel industries, would perform under various climate transition pathways aligned with the Paris Agreement.

The assessment was conducted using two scenarios from the International Energy Agency's (IEA) World Energy Outlook (WEO):

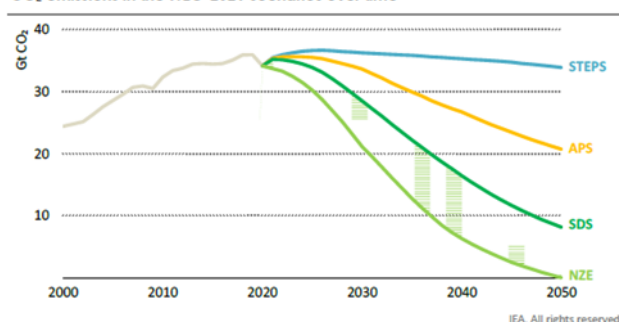
**Table 12: Climate Scenario Descriptions**

| Scenario                                              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS) - Baseline</b>    | Reflects the trajectory of the global energy system under the existing policy framework and announced intentions. This scenario is not Paris-aligned, with projected warming exceeding 2.5°C by century end. |
| <b>Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS) - Shock</b> | Explores the energy outlook under significantly stricter climate policies, holding temperature rise to just above 1.5°C by 2100, consistent with the Paris Agreement.                                        |

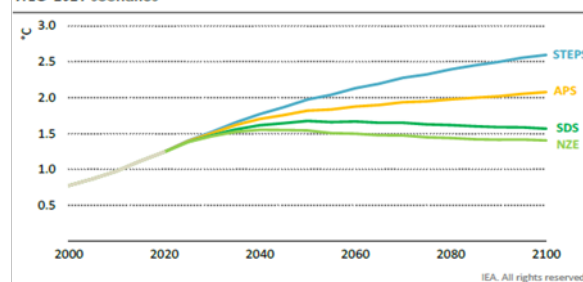
The results, which remained valid and applicable during the 2025 reporting period, indicated differentiated sectoral impacts:

- **Oil and Gas:** Projections indicate mounting pressure, with production and profitability declining sharply from 2026 onward under the shock scenario, signaling the need for proactive portfolio recalibration.
- **Power Generation:** The Group's renewable energy-focused power portfolio demonstrates robust growth potential, effectively transforming transition risk into strategic opportunity.

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the WEO-2021 scenarios over time



Global median surface temperature rise over time in the WEO-2021 scenarios



These findings are actively informing the Group's capital allocation, risk appetite, and long-term strategy, supporting its positioning for a low-carbon economy.

Drawing on these insights, the Group has identified clear priorities to further strengthen its climate resilience framework. These include completing physical climate risk modelling and fully integrating it into its Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP); and expanding the green loan portfolio, which has grown from ₦22 billion in 2021 to ₦92.14 billion in 2025, toward a long-term target of ₦475 billion, with increased financing for electric vehicles and other climate-friendly assets, supported by ₦72.3 billion deployed under the Sustainable Finance Framework during the reporting period. The Group is also continuing to leverage development finance institution partnerships, having mobilised \$185.38 million (₦266.83 billion) in concessional DFI funding in 2025 alone, to improve sustainability.

### 4.3 Integration into Financial Planning

At Access Holdings, sustainability has become a core driver of financial planning and capital allocation across the Group's operations. We recognise that embedding sustainability into its financial strategy is essential to unlocking long-term value, strengthening resilience, and positioning the Group as a leading force in Africa's transition to a sustainable economy. This commitment is reflected in the financial resources dedicated to advancing the Group's sustainability agenda, as summarised below:

Table 13: Integration of Sustainability into Business Model and Value Chain

| Focus                          | Amount          | Description                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sustainability Budget          | ₦4.8 billion    | Allocated in 2025, covering execution of CSI programmes and process improvements.                                            |
| Concessional DFI Funding       | ₦266.83 billion | Mobilised from DFIs in 2025, demonstrating the financial value of the Group's sustainability positioning.                    |
| Green Asset Portfolio          | ₦92.14 billion  | As of 31 December 2025, deployed towards eligible environmentally beneficial projects under the Portfolio Greening Strategy. |
| Sustainable Finance Deployment | ₦72.3 billion   | Deployed in 2025 towards eligible environmentally friendly projects under the Sustainable Finance Framework.                 |
| Long-term Green Asset Target   | ₦475 billion    | The Group's primary medium-to-long-term sustainable finance objective.                                                       |





## 5.0

### Managing Risk, Protecting Value

#### 5.1 Overview

Access Holdings Plc has established processes and related policies to identify, assess, prioritise, and monitor sustainability-related and climate-related risks and opportunities across the Group. These processes are embedded within the Group's enterprise-wide risk management framework, supported by dedicated tools, governance structures, and a three-lines-of-defense model.

#### 5.2 Risk Identification and Assessment

The Group adopts a risk-based approach that combines qualitative judgement with quantitative methodologies to identify, assess, and categorise sustainability-related and climate-related risks.

These processes apply to all Group lending, investment, and advisory activities across Access Holdings' operations in all countries where the Group maintains a presence, as well as to the holding company's strategic investment decisions.

Transactions are assessed and categorised according to the following risk classification framework:

*Table 14: Environmental and Social Risk Classification Framework*

| Risk Category              | Due Diligence Approach                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Low / Category C</b>    | Limited additional due diligence; periodic annual review or upon initiation of a new transaction.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Medium / Category B</b> | Enhanced environmental and social due diligence, including desktop reviews, stakeholder engagement, Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS) assessment, and evaluation of client track record.         |
| <b>High / Category A</b>   | Rigorous due diligence, including site visits, independent third-party reviews, Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA), and Environmental and Social Action Plans (ESAPs) embedded in loan covenants. |

In addition, project finance and advisory requests are assessed using the Environmental and Social Toolkit within Credit360 FINTRAK, which categorises projects by their potential environmental and social impacts, and evaluates client commitment, capacity, and track record. The Equator Principles guide due diligence and monitoring for Category A and Category B projects.

Climate-related risks are integrated into credit assessments through ESAPs for high-risk exposures and, where needed, through adjustments to Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) parameters. Forward-looking transition risk insights are generated

through climate scenario analysis using the 1in1000 TRISK platform.

In 2025, 100% of commercial and industrial loans, as well as project finance transactions, were screened in line with the Equator Principles, and environmental and social risk assessments were conducted across the entire loan portfolio.

The Group has enhanced the processes it uses to identify, assess, prioritise, and monitor environmental, social, and climate-related risks through the integration of the ESG Toolkit into the FINTRAK system to streamline transaction-level screening, the embedding of sustainability and emissions considerations into the procurement approval system, and the enhancement of financed emissions measurement through the adoption of PCAF methodologies.

### 5.3 Risk Monitoring and Reporting

The Group monitors sustainability-related risks through ESG risk dashboards that track portfolio-level indicators, early warning signals, and climate risk data using TRISK scenario analytics and PCAF emissions metrics. Client ESG ratings are reassessed during new transactions or when material changes occur. Where persistent non-compliance with ESG requirements is identified, issues are escalated, including potential default classification where warranted.

Regular updates on ESG risk, sustainability performance, and regulatory developments are reported to senior management and the Board, supporting transparent disclosure in line with the Group's sustainability reporting obligations.

The Group is working to expand the use of dashboards to cover the business verticals and other risk areas, which will strengthen our monitoring and reporting systems, aligned with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards.

### 5.4 Risk Mitigation Strategies

The Group adopts a structured mitigation approach anchored in its ESRM Policy and Sustainable Finance Framework. The key mitigation strategies are summarised below:

Table 15: Key Sustainability Risk Mitigation Strategies

| Mitigation Strategy   | Description                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Exclusion List</b> | Restricts financing of environmentally or socially harmful activities. The list is reviewed periodically to ensure alignment with regulatory requirements and DFI expectations. |

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ESAPs in Loan Agreements</b>      | Corrective measures are formalised for transactions with identified environmental and social risks. These are embedded in loan covenants and monitored throughout the facility lifecycle.           |
| <b>Risk-based Pricing</b>            | ESG risk is reflected in loan pricing to ensure the cost of capital appropriately reflects the sustainability risk profile of individual exposures.                                                 |
| <b>Sector-specific ESG Standards</b> | Minimum ESG standards are applied for high-risk industries, including oil and gas, power, cement, and agriculture, consistent with IFC Performance Standards and the Equator Principles.            |
| <b>Portfolio Diversification</b>     | Deliberate rebalancing from carbon-intensive sectors toward sustainable assets. The Group's green asset portfolio grew from ₦22 billion in 2021 to ₦92.14 billion in 2025 (₦72.32 billion in 2024). |
| <b>Sustainable Finance Framework</b> | Channels capital to eligible green and social projects with robust governance, project evaluation, and use-of-proceeds reporting.                                                                   |
| <b>Carbon Offsets Policy</b>         | No carbon offsets were applied during the year; the Group focused on direct emissions reduction and environmental initiatives, consistent with its strategy of using offsets only as a last resort. |
| <b>Capacity Building</b>             | Structured training programmes for employees, clients, and stakeholders enhance ESG awareness and risk management capabilities across the Group.                                                    |

### 5.5 Integration into Enterprise Risk Management

The Group does not manage sustainability-related risks in isolation. Rather, these risks are fully integrated into the enterprise-wide risk management framework, operating across all three lines of defense:

- **First line** - Business units own and manage sustainability risks at the transaction level. Account officers conduct environmental and social screening and apply ESG policies and ESRM requirements in their day-to-day credit and business activities.
- **Second line** - Risk and Compliance function provides independent oversight by developing ESG risk methodologies, performing enhanced due diligence on high-risk transactions, monitoring portfolio exposures, and reporting to senior management and the Board Risk Management Committee.
- **Third line** - Internal Audit offers independent assurance over the effectiveness of the sustainability risk framework, ESRM policy compliance, data governance, and external disclosures.

Sustainability-related risks are incorporated into the Group's risk taxonomy, risk appetite statement, and

annual Material Risk Assessment, informing strategic planning and capital allocation decisions. Access Holdings continues to strengthen its capabilities through improved data quality, enhanced climate risk modelling, stronger ESRM governance, and alignment with evolving regulatory expectations.

## 5.6 Processes for Identifying and Managing Sustainability-related Opportunities

Access Holdings adopts a structured and systematic approach to identifying sustainability-related opportunities across its operations and throughout its value chain. At Access Holdings, opportunity identification is informed by multiple inputs, including:

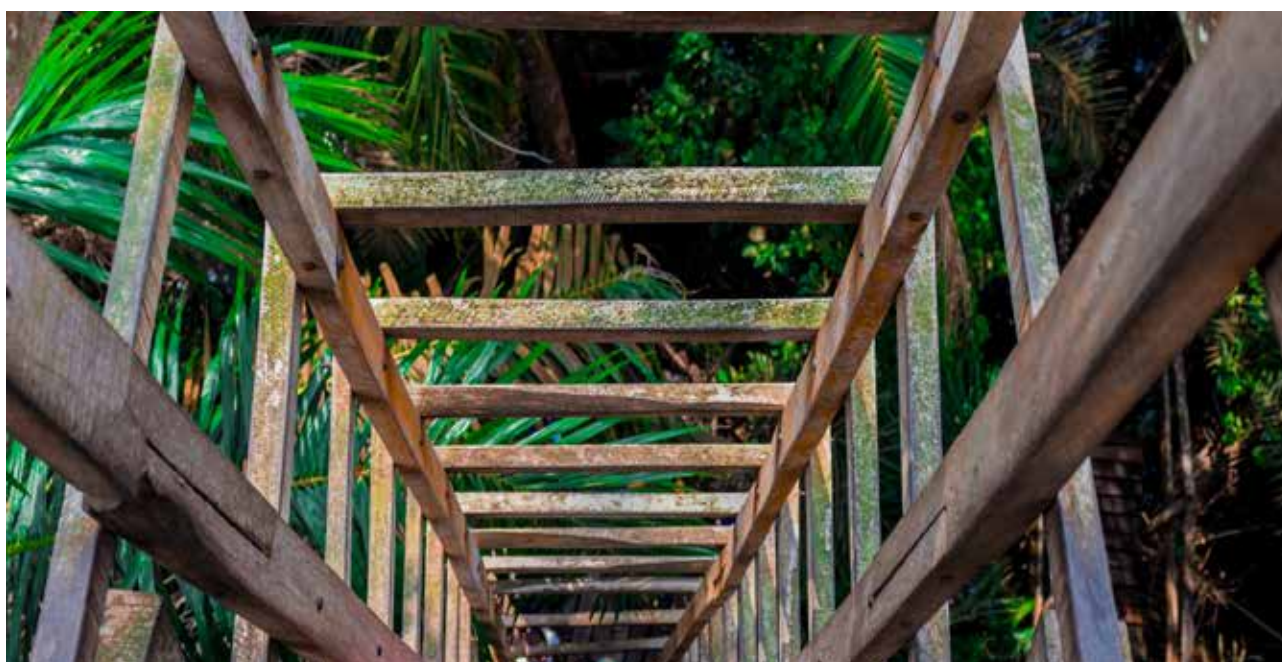
- Materiality assessment, which serves as the primary mechanism for surfacing risks and opportunities that could substantially affect the Group's business prospects, financial position, and performance over time;
- Regulatory and policy horizon scanning, through which the Sustainability and ESG teams monitor evolving regulations, central bank guidelines, and national climate commitments;
- DFI engagement, whereby partnerships with multi-lateral and bilateral development institutions identify concessional and blended finance opportunities;
- Market and sector analysis, assessing demand trends for green and sustainable financial products across the Group's operating jurisdictions; and
- Internal strategic planning, through which the Sustainability Steering Committee and Board-level committees review the sustainability landscape to identify opportunities aligned with the Group's long-term strategy.

Once identified, sustainability-related opportunities are assessed against the Group's strategic priorities, risk criteria, and capital allocation framework. Opportunities are prioritised based on their potential contribution to long-term value creation, alignment with the Group's Sustainable Finance Framework, and feasibility of execution within the Group's operational capacity. Progress in pursuing prioritised opportunities is monitored through defined key performance metrics, including growth in the green asset portfolio, volume of DFI inflows mobilised, and the number of beneficiaries reached through financial inclusion initiatives. These metrics are reported to the Sustainability Committee and the Board on a periodic basis.

The Group's approach to sustainability extends beyond risk mitigation. Alongside its risk management processes, the Group actively pursues material sustainability-related opportunities through a series of targeted initiatives:

- Expand the green asset portfolio towards a long-term target of ₦475 billion, with the portfolio having grown from ₦22 billion in 2021 to ₦92.14 billion in 2025.
- Strengthen DFI partnerships to mobilise concessional and blended finance for sustainable projects. In 2025, the Group attracted \$185.38m in DFI inflows.
- Scale renewable energy and clean infrastructure financing as part of the Group's broader sustainable finance strategy.
- Advanced financial inclusion, including the onboarding of 78,438 MSMEs and reaching 2.47 million low-income individuals during the reporting period.

Leveraged ESG-linked capital market opportunities to diversify funding sources and attract sustainability-focused investors.





# 6.0

## Measuring What Matters



### 6.1 Overview

At Access Holdings, we believe that strategic ambition must be supported by measurable results. Our commitment to sustainability is embedded within our broader business strategy and demonstrated through transparent metrics and clearly defined targets. To ensure robust, comparable, and globally aligned disclosure, our reporting approach is guided by leading international frameworks, including the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), the Sustainability Standards and Certification Initiative (SSCI), the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), and the United Nations Environment Programme Finance Initiative (UNEP FI) Principles for Responsible Banking (PRB).

Our performance measurement framework has been purpose-built to track progress against our five-year sustainability strategy, ensuring that our actions are closely aligned with our long-term ambitions. The metrics were developed internally and validated by CSR-In-Action as an independent third party, incorporating insights from global best practice to ensure they are both relevant and decision-useful. These indicators are organised around Access Holdings' three strategic pillars: Sustainable Operations, Sustainable Development Finance, and Corporate Social Investment.

To enhance transparency and support informed stakeholder evaluation, we report absolute metrics that provide clear, quantifiable performance data. Our targets are benchmarked against a 2022 base year to ensure consistency and comparability over time. The methodologies used in defining and calculating these metrics, including greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, have remained consistent throughout the reporting period, enabling reliable trend analysis, meaningful performance tracking, and confidence in the integrity of our disclosures.

**Table 16: Sustainability Performance Against Strategic Targets**

| Pillar                 | 2027 Targets                                                                                  | Metrics                                                                              | 2024 Performance                                                            | 2025 Performance                                                                     |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sustainable Operations | Achieve 50% reduction in operational emissions viz-a-viz baseline (68,996MtCO <sub>2</sub> e) | Percentage reduction in operational missions compared to baseline                    | 57,176.28 MTCO <sub>2</sub> e representing a 17.13% reduction from baseline | Achieved 49,352.03 MTCO <sub>2</sub> e representing a 28.47% reduction from baseline |
|                        |                                                                                               | Number of locations <sup>3</sup> with waste segregation and collection for recycling | 181 locations                                                               | 199 locations                                                                        |
|                        |                                                                                               | Number of new locations <sup>4</sup> with solar installation                         | 167 locations                                                               | 263 locations                                                                        |

<sup>3</sup> Locations referenced in this metric relate to all Access Bank operational locations in Nigeria only

<sup>4</sup> Locations referenced in this metric relate to all Access Bank operational locations

| Pillar                            | 2027 Targets                                                                                                        | Metrics                                                                                                | 2024 Performance                                                                                                                                                       | 2025 Performance                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                   |                                                                                                                     | Number of solar powered ATMs <sup>5</sup>                                                              | 160 ATMs                                                                                                                                                               | 323 ATMs                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                   | BBB ESG rating by MSCI and achieve Medium ESG rating by Sustainalytics                                              | ESG rating                                                                                             | BB ESG rating by MSCI                                                                                                                                                  | Achieved BB ESG rating by MSCI                                                                                                                                 |
|                                   | Sustainability reporting and disclosures to relevant stakeholders                                                   | Publication of sustainability report aligned with the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards         | Published the 2024 Access Group Sustainability Report using the IFRS S1 and S2 Standards                                                                               | Sustainability report ongoing using the IFRS S1 and S2 standards                                                                                               |
| Sustainable Development Finance   | Raise \$1billion DFIs/ Donor agency funds impacting a minimum of 10million MSMEs beneficiaries                      | Value of Donor agency Funding Number of MSMEs beneficiaries onboarded                                  | Raised \$437.42m (₦677.56b) from DFIs/Donor Agencies<br>Onboarded 3.9m MSMEs beneficiaries                                                                             | Raised \$185.38m (₦266.83b) DFI Funds<br>Onboarded 78,438 new MSMEs beneficiaries                                                                              |
|                                   | Grow Sustainability-focused loan book to \$3billion                                                                 | Value of sustainability focused loan book                                                              | \$580.24m (₦898.19b) cumulative                                                                                                                                        | \$1.85b (₦1.95t) cumulative                                                                                                                                    |
|                                   | Increase access to finance for 1 million low-income individuals                                                     | Number of low-income Individual beneficiaries                                                          | 1,680,593 low-income individuals                                                                                                                                       | 2,528,117 low income individuals                                                                                                                               |
| Corporate Social Investment (CSI) | Reach 100 million individuals in Africa through interventions in: Education, Environment, Entrepreneurship & Health | Number of direct and indirect beneficiaries across Education, Environment, Entrepreneurship and Health | a. 4,976,909 individuals in Education<br>b. 3,367,699 individuals in Entrepreneurship<br>c. 6,720,584 individuals in Health<br>d. 6,214,334 individuals in Environment | a. 733,446 individuals in Education<br>b. 407,642 individuals in Entrepreneurship<br>c. 803,761 individuals in Health<br>d. 494,631 individuals in Environment |

<sup>5</sup> Solar-powered ATMs referenced in this report are standalone units operating independently of our branch network. These installations are reported separately and are not included in the count of branches with solar installations.



The reduction in reported community impact figures for 2025 reflects a Board mandated review of the Group's impact measurement methodology. This review informed a strategic shift towards deeper, long-term outcomes for priority beneficiary groups, including more stringent impact definitions, revised indicators, and enhanced beneficiary validation. As a result, reported figures for the year prioritise quality, sustainability, and measurable long-term impact over volume, and are not directly comparable with prior reporting periods.

The Group achieved a 28.47% reduction in operational emissions during the reporting period, driven primarily by the expansion of branch solarisation to 263 locations and 323 solar-powered ATMs, primarily across Access Bank Nigeria. The 16% year-on-year increase in Scope 2 emissions reflects improved availability and uptake of national grid electricity supply, alongside business expansion across the Group's operating footprint. Waste recycling programmes are operational across 199 locations spanning the banking Group's African subsidiaries, where waste is segregated at source and collected by recycling partners for processing. Recyclable categories include plastic bottles, glass, and electronic waste (e-waste). Water consumption is currently tracked at the head office and annex facilities in Nigeria.

In 2025, sustainability emission considerations were integrated into the Group's internal procurement approval system (Process Maker), enabling the assessment of emissions factors associated with purchases and the recommendation of offset strategies at the point of procurement. Environmental and social criteria are also embedded within vendor management and supply chain policies. The Group conducts an Annual Compliance Training Session for Vendors and Third Parties and has committed to awarding a defined percentage of contracts to female-led businesses.

Sustainability communications are governed through a structured feedback loop between Brand Management, Sustainability, and Investor Relations, with reputational sentiment monitored through dedicated tools (Brandwatch, Reputastate, and Prowly), which recorded approximately 97% positive brand sentiment during the reporting period.

## 6.2 Climate-related Targets

Our greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions are measured and monitored in line with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol, the globally recognised standard for corporate emissions accounting. This ensures that our climate-related disclosures remain consistent, comparable, and credible.

For financed emissions across our lending and investment portfolio, we plan to adopt the Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF) methodology. This approach enables us to quantify the carbon intensity of our financial intermediation activities, ensuring that our climate disclosures reflect both our direct operational footprint and our indirect impacts through capital allocation.

Our operational emissions inventory is defined using the operational control approach prescribed by the GHG Protocol. Under this methodology, we account for 100% of emissions from operations over which Access Holdings maintains operational control across our African footprint.

For the reporting period, our emissions data covers operational emissions linked to the activities of Access Bank across its African operations, which represent the largest share of our organisational footprint. As we advance on our sustainability journey, the Group remains strategically focused on enhancing the consolidation of emissions data across all subsidiaries to provide a holistic view of GHG emissions at Access Holdings.

Table 17: GHG emissions data collection across approach all three scopes of emissions

| Scope   | Emission Sources                                                                                                                                       | Data Collection Method                                                         | Calculation Approach                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Scope 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel consumed by the Bank's vehicle fleet</li> <li>Diesel consumed from use of power generating sets</li> </ul> | Primary activity data from fuel records, facility meters, and operational logs | <p>Emissions are quantified using GHG Protocol calculation methodologies, applying the most appropriate approach based on emission source type and data quality. This includes direct measurement, activity-based calculations with emission factors, and spend-based methodologies where primary data is unavailable.</p> <p>Emission factors used for calculations are sourced from reliable sources such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Electricity (WRI, GHG Protocol, 2009)</li> <li>Diesel (EU Commission: <a href="http://www.europa.eu">www.europa.eu</a>)</li> <li>Fuel (<a href="http://us.epa.org">us.epa.org</a>)</li> <li>Business Travels (<a href="http://www.carbonfund.org">www.carbonfund.org</a>, <a href="http://carbonindependent.org">carbonindependent.org</a>)</li> </ul> |



Our energy mix comprises diesel generation, alongside electricity sourced from the national grid, and Solar. This energy profile is reflected in the Group's emissions footprints, where Scope 1 emissions, arising primarily from diesel and petrol use account for approximately 61.7% of total emissions. Scope 2 emissions, associated with purchased electricity, represent 34.9%, while Scope 3 emissions, mainly from air travel and ride-hailing services such as Uber and Bolt, contribute 3.4% of total emissions.

Table 18: Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Scope - Mtco<sub>2</sub>e

| Scope                | 2024 Performance | 2025 Performance |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Scope 1              | 39,065.94        | 30,445.68        |
| Scope 2              | 14,817.00        | 17,237.51        |
| Scope 3 <sup>7</sup> | 3,293.33         | 1,668.84         |
|                      | <b>57,176.28</b> | <b>49,352.03</b> |

### 6.3 Workforce Composition and Diversity

As a diversified financial services group with over 31,000 employees across multiple jurisdictions, Access Group recognises that its people are central to achieving its sustainability ambitions. The metrics presented below provide an overview of workforce composition, diversity, employee wellbeing, and engagement during the 2025 reporting period.

Table 19: Workforce Gender Composition by Subsidiary

| Subsidiary                | Male | Female |
|---------------------------|------|--------|
| Access Holdings (HoldCo)  | 53%  | 47%    |
| Banking Group             | 54%  | 46%    |
| Access ARM Pensions       | 52%  | 48%    |
| Hydrogen Payment Services | 51%  | 49%    |
| Oxygen X Finance          | 42%  | 58%    |
| Access Insurance Brokers  | 78%  | 22%    |

**Employee Wellbeing:** The Group recorded an employee satisfaction score of 87% in 2025, exceeding the internal target of 80%. Wellbeing programmes operational during the year included internal wellness workshops conducted with external vendors, gym membership subsidies, standard HMO/health insurance coverage across all employees, and an Employee Assistance Programme (EAP) providing confidential support services.

**Attrition and Retention:** The Group's attrition rate decreased from approximately 13% in 2024 to approximately 11% in 2025. Retention initiatives included the maintenance of a key talent pool, enhanced Employee Value Proposition (EVP) assessments, regular communication during merger and acquisition integration periods, social events and team-building activities, and active promotion of work-life balance. Career opportunity concerns were cited as the primary reason for voluntary departures.

**Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI):** DEI targets are embedded in the Group's broader corporate communications and sustainability objectives. Initiatives delivered in 2025 included career development and networking sessions for female senior managers, career conversations for female employees, knowledge-sharing sessions for female middle managers, executive mentoring sessions, and participation in external DEI programmes. Overall achievement was assessed at 70-75% of full DEI plans for the year.

**Training and Development:** Learning and development budget utilisation reached approximately 70% in 2025. A new Learning Management System (LMS) has been approved and is being implemented to standardise and scale training delivery across the Group. Each division engages teams in CSR and sustainability-related projects as part of internal development programming.



<sup>7</sup> For the Access Banking Group entities outside Nigeria, only air travel was reported under Scope 3.

# 7.0

## Looking Ahead

Access Holdings has established a foundation of sustainability and will continue to deepen its integration across governance, strategy, risk management, and performance measurement, to better mitigate against sustainability-related risks and capitalise on emerging sustainability-related opportunities.

The Group will continue to strengthen Board and management oversight over sustainability matters, embedding sustainability more firmly into decision-making and incentive structures. To support effective governance and regulatory compliance, Access Holdings intends to appoint an Executive Director responsible for Sustainability in line with Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) requirements.

Strategically, the Group will accelerate the transition of its portfolio toward low-carbon and climate-resilient

assets, supported by enhanced climate analytics, scenario analysis, and tighter integration of climate risks into financial planning and capital allocation.

Risk management practices will continue to evolve through stronger integration of ESG considerations, enhanced monitoring, and improved environmental and social due diligence. The Group will prioritise improvements in data quality, particularly for financed emissions and Scope 3 measurement, to enable more decision-useful, investor-grade disclosures.

Furthermore, the Group's operational decarbonisation efforts, including renewable energy adoption and energy efficiency initiatives, will be scaled, alongside deeper integration of sustainability into procurement and enterprise systems.



# GOVERNANCE

A summary of our Corporate Governance Practices and the Directors' Report to the Shareholders



# 03

|   |                                               |     |
|---|-----------------------------------------------|-----|
| ➔ | The Board                                     | 70  |
|   | Directors, Officers and Professional Advisors | 75  |
|   | Management Team                               | 76  |
|   | Chairmen & MDs of Our Subsidiaries            | 77  |
|   | Statutory Audit Committee                     | 78  |
|   | Directors' Report                             | 79  |
|   | Free Floatation                               | 86  |
|   | Corporate Governance Report                   | 87  |
|   | Statement of Corporate Responsibility         | 103 |
|   | Statement of Directors' Responsibilities      | 104 |
|   | Report of the Statutory Audit Committee       | 105 |
|   | Customers' Complaints and Feedback            | 106 |
|   | Report on Fraud and Forgeries                 | 108 |
|   | Report of The External Consultants            | 109 |





# UNLOCKING AFRICA'S TRUE POTENTIAL

We are more than a financial services group, we are architects of possibility. With banking, pensions, insurance, payments, and lending seamlessly integrated, we deliver solutions that empower communities and accelerate progress across the continent and beyond.

**Access Holdings** – where financial solutions  
connect the world.



Scan to  
learn more



# THE BOARD



***Left to right:***

Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede, CFR  
 Abubakar Jimoh, CFA  
 Fatimah Bintah Bello-Ismail  
 Ojinika Olaghere, FCA  
 Olusegun Ogbonnewo



*Right to left:*

Innocent C. Ike, FCA  
 Bolaji Agbede  
 Olanrewaju Bamisebi  
 Ibironke Adeyemi  
 Sunday Ekwochi, HCIB





Aigboje **AIG-IMOUKHUEDE, CFR**  
Group Chairman, Access Holdings Plc

\* Appointed as Director - **8 March, 2024**  
\*\* Appointed as Chairman - **13 March, 2024**



Abubakar **JIMOH, CFA**  
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

\* Appointed **February 2022**

**COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP**

- Board Finance and Investment Committee (Chairman)
- Board Audit Committee
- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee
- Board Risk Management Committee
- Board Governance Nomination and Remuneration Committee



Fatimah **BINTAH BELLO-ISMAIL**  
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

\* Appointed **February 2022**

**COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP**

- Board Governance Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Chairman)
- Board Digital and Information Technology Committee
- Board Audit Committee
- Board Finance and Investment Committee
- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee



Ojinika **OLAGHERE, FCA**  
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

\* Appointed **February 2022**

**COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP**

- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee (Chairman)
- Board Digital and Information Technology Committee (Chairman)
- Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- Board Risk Management Committee
- Board Audit Committee



## Olusegun **OGBONNEWO**

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

\* Appointed **February 2022**

### COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

- Board Risk Management Committee (Chairman)
- Board Finance and Investment Committee
- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee
- Board Digital and Information Technology Committee



## Ibrinke **ADEYEMI**

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

\* Appointed **April 2025**

### COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

- Board Audit Committee (Chairman)
- Board Finance and Investment Committee
- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee
- Board Risk Management Committee



## Innocent C. **IKE, FCA**

GROUP MANAGING DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

\* Appointed **August 2025**

### COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee
- Board Digital and Information Technology Committee
- Board Risk Management Committee
- Board Finance and Investment Committee



## Bolaji **AGBEDE**

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, BUSINESS SUPPORT

Appointed February 2022

### COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

- Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee



Olanrewaju **BAMISEBI**

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, IT AND DIGITALISATION

\* Appointed **August 2022**

---

**COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP**

- Board Digital and Information Technology Committee



Sunday **EKWOCHI, HCIB**

COMPANY SECRETARY



# DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

## Corporate Information

This is the list of directors who served in the company during the year and up to the date of this report

### Directors

|                                                     |                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Mr. Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede, CFR</b>              | Chairman/Non-Executive Director                 |
| <b>Mr. Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh, CFA</b>            | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| <b>Mrs. Fatimah Bintah Bello-Ismail</b>             | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| <b>*Mrs. Ibironke Olatokunbo Adeyemi</b>            | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| <b>Mr. Olusegun Babalola Ogbonnewo</b>              | Non-Executive Director                          |
| <b>Mrs. Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere, FCA</b>       | Non-Executive Director                          |
| <b>**Mr. Roosevelt Ogbonna, FCA, CFA, FCIB</b>      | Non-Executive Director                          |
| <b>***Mr. Oluseyi Kolawole Kumapayi, FCA</b>        | Non-Executive Director                          |
| <b>****Mr. Innocent Chukwunweike Ike, FCA, FCIB</b> | Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer |
| <b>*****Ms. Bolaji Olaitan Agbede</b>               | Executive Director                              |
| <b>Mr. Olanrewaju Babatunde Bamisebi</b>            | Executive Director                              |

\*Approved by Central Bank of Nigeria ('CBN') as an Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025

\*\*Resigned from the Board on August 7, 2025

\*\*\*Resigned from the Board on March 11, 2025

\*\*\*\*Approved by CBN as Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025

\*\*\*\*\*Served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer from March 1, 2024 to August 28, 2025

### Company Secretary

Mr. Sunday Ekwochi

### Corporate Head Office

Access Tower  
Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Oniru Street,  
Oniru Estate, Victoria Island, Lagos

**Email:** info@accessholdingsplc.com

**Website:** www.accessholdingsplc.com

### Company Registration Number:

RC1755118

### FRC Number:

FRC/2024/COY/528718

### Independent Auditors

KPMG Professional Services  
KPMG Tower, Bishop Aboyade Cole Street,  
Victoria Island, Lagos.  
Telephone: (01) 271 8955  
Website: kpmg.com/ng/en/home.html

### Corporate Governance Consultant

Ernst & Young  
10th Floor UBA House  
57, Marina, Lagos  
Telephone: +234 (01) 6314500  
FRC Number: FRC/2012/ICAN00000000187

### Registrars

Coronation Registrars Limited  
9, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu  
Victoria Island, Lagos  
Telephone: +234 01 2272570

### For further information please contact:

Access Holdings Plc.  
+234 0813 059 1031

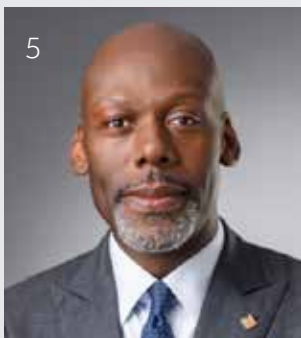
### Investor Relations Team

investorrelation@accessholdingsplc.com  
TIN: 23816481-0001

### Investor Relations

Access Holdings Plc has a dedicated investors' portal on its corporate website which can be accessed via this link <https://www.accessholdingsplc.com/investor-relations.aspx>

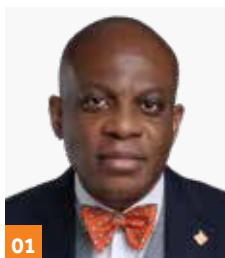
# MANAGEMENT TEAM



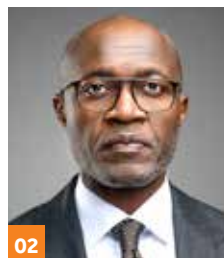
- 1 Innocent C. **IKE, FCA**  
Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer
- 2 Bolaji **AGBEDE**  
Executive Director, Business Support
- 3 Olanrewaju **BAMISEBI**  
Executive Director, IT and Digitalisation
- 4 Sunday **EKWOCHI**  
Group Company Secretary
- 5 AMAECHI **OKOBI**  
Group Head, Corporate Communications

# CHAIRMEN AND MDs OF OUR SUBSIDIARIES

## Access Bank Plc

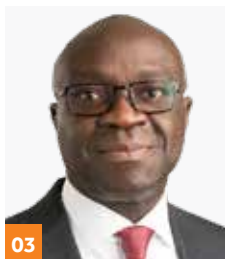


01



02

## Hydrogen Payment Services Company Ltd.

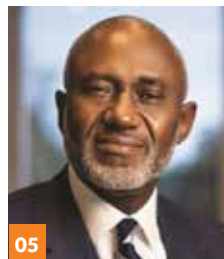


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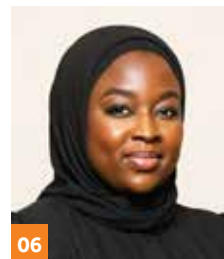


04

## Access ARM Pensions Ltd.



05

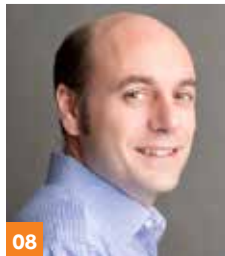


06

## Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd.

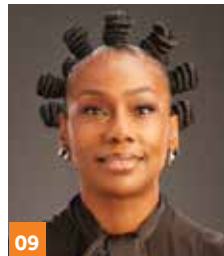


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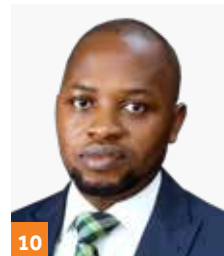


08

## Access Insurance Brokers Ltd.



09



10

|    |                          |                                                                  |
|----|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | <b>Paul Usoro, SAN</b>   | Chairman, Access Bank Plc                                        |
| 2  | <b>Roosevelt Ogbonna</b> | Managing Director/CEO, Access Bank Plc                           |
| 3  | <b>Babajide Ogundare</b> | Chairman, Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited              |
| 4  | <b>Kemi Okusanya</b>     | Managing Director/CEO, Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited |
| 5  | <b>Gbenga Oyebo</b>      | Chairman, Access ARM Pensions Ltd                                |
| 6  | <b>Abimbola Sulaiman</b> | Acting Managing Director/CEO, Access ARM Pensions Ltd            |
| 7  | <b>Obeahon Ohiwerei</b>  | Chairman, Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd                           |
| 8  | <b>Daniel Watts</b>      | Acting Managing Director/CEO, Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd       |
| 9  | <b>Peggy Onwu</b>        | Chairman, Access Insurance Brokers Limited                       |
| 10 | <b>Godwin Onyeke</b>     | Managing Director/CEO, Access Insurance Brokers Limited          |



# STATUTORY AUDIT COMMITTEE

1



2



3



4



5



1. Henry O. Aragho, FCA - **Chairman**
2. Idare Gogo-Ogan - **Member**
3. Akindele Gbogboade, FCA - **Member**
4. Ojini Olaghere, FCA - **Member**
5. Abubakar Jimoh, CFA - **Member**

# DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December, 2025

The Directors have the pleasure in presenting their report on the affairs of Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group" and separately referred to as "Group entities"), the Company and the Group's Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements with Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 December 2025.

## Legal Form and Principal Activities

Access Holdings Plc was incorporated as a public limited liability company on 10 February 2021. The Company is a Nigerian Exchange premium board listed parent non-operating Financial Holding Company for Access Bank ('the Bank') and the related Group entities that emerged from the court-sanctioned Scheme of Arrangement between the Bank and holders of its fully paid ordinary shares of 50 Kobo each.

The Company's business segments comprise deposit money banking, wealth and investment management, financial technology and insurance while its operating and direct subsidiaries are Access Bank Plc, Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited, Oxygen X Finance Company Limited and Access Insurance Brokers Limited. Access Golf Limited is a Special Purpose Vehicle for the Company's equity investment in its indirect subsidiary, Access ARM Pension Limited.

The Group, through Access Bank Plc, acquired 74.85% of Standard Chartered Bank (SCB) Gambia and the Consumer, Private and Business Banking Segment of SCB Tanzania during the year under review. Access Bank Plc also completed the divestment of 25% of its shareholdings plus one vote in Access Bank South Africa. Access Bank Plc operates Representative Offices in China, Lebanon and India. The Access Bank (UK) Limited operates branches in United Arab Emirates, Paris, and Hong Kong as well as subsidiaries in Malta, Mauritius and France.

The financial results of all operating subsidiaries and entities have been consolidated in these financial statements.

## Operating Results

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                  | Group<br>December<br>2025 | Group<br>December<br>2024 | Company<br>December<br>2025 | Company<br>December<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Gross earnings</b>                                        | <b>5,528,761</b>          | <b>4,878,176</b>          | <b>215,278</b>              | <b>188,451</b>              |
| Profit before income tax                                     | 1,007,121                 | 867,019                   | 159,658                     | 123,533                     |
| Income tax                                                   | (232,689)                 | (205,450)                 | (4,072)                     | (42,569)                    |
| Minimum tax                                                  | (31,387)                  | (19,352)                  | -                           | -                           |
| Profit from continuing operations                            | 743,045                   | 642,217                   | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| Profit for the year                                          | 743,045                   | 642,217                   | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income                            | (284,474)                 | 456,774                   | -                           | -                           |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                      | 458,571                   | 1,098,991                 | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| Non-controlling interest                                     | (49,789)                  | (1,660)                   | -                           | -                           |
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Access Holdings | 408,782                   | 1,097,331                 | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>      | Group<br>December<br>2025 | Group<br>December<br>2024 | Company<br>December<br>2025 | Company<br>December<br>2024 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Earnings per share - Basic (k)   | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | 292                         | 219                         |
| Earnings per share - Diluted (k) | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | 292                         | 219                         |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                       | Group<br>December<br>2025 | Group<br>December<br>2024 | Company<br>December<br>2025 | Company<br>December<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total equity                                                      | 4,325,998                 | 3,760,178                 | 644,493                     | 598,514                     |
| <b>Total impaired loans and advances</b>                          | <b>468,041</b>            | <b>368,216</b>            | <b>-</b>                    | <b>-</b>                    |
| <b>Total impaired loans and advances to gross risk assets (%)</b> | <b>2.82%</b>              | <b>2.76%</b>              | <b>-</b>                    | <b>-</b>                    |

## Deposit for shares (Subsequent events)

In line with Section 7.1 of the CBN Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria (2014), which defines minimum paid-up capital as the aggregate of the par value of issued shares and any related share premium, the Group obtained approval for a ₦21.42 billion private placement from the Central Bank of Nigeria on 20 February 2026.

This capital raise brings the Group into full compliance with the minimum paid-up capital requirement under the CBN Guidelines.

## Events after Reporting period

There were no significant events after the reporting date that could affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as of the reporting date which have not been adjusted for, or disclosed in the financial statements

## Directors and their interests

The Directors who served during the year, together with their direct and indirect interests in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholding and as notified by the Directors for the purposes of Sections 301 and 302 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act and listing requirements of the Nigerian Exchange Ltd are noted below:

Number of Ordinary Shares of 50k each held as at 31 December 2025

|                    | 31 December 2025 |               | 31 December 2024 |               |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
|                    | Direct           | Indirect      | Direct           | Indirect      |
| A. Aig-Imoukhuede  | 178,847,572      | 4,819,364,572 | 178,847,572      | 4,819,364,572 |
| **R. C. Ogbonna    | 169,730,544      | -             | 158,494,589      | -             |
| Innocent C. Ike    | -                | -             | -                | -             |
| B. O. Agbede       | 86,048,693       | -             | 81,371,245       | -             |
| O. Ogbonnewo       | 11,788,945       | -             | 11,788,945       | -             |
| *O. Kumapayi       | 93,702,990       | -             | 87,525,668       | -             |
| O. N. Olaghere     | 24,598,044       | -             | 24,598,044       | -             |
| O.B. Bamisebi      | 28,627,023       | -             | 28,627,023       | -             |
| A. A. Jimoh        | -                | -             | -                | -             |
| F. B. Bello-Ismail | -                | -             | -                | -             |
| I. O. Adeyemi      | -                | -             | -                | -             |

The indirect holdings relate to the holdings of the under listed companies

|                   |                                     | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| A. Aig-Imoukhuede | United Alliance Company of Nig. Ltd | 1,056,320,373    | 1,056,320,373    |
|                   | Trust and Capital Limited           | 1,147,316,397    | 1,147,316,397    |
|                   | Coronation Trustees Limited         | 1,974,698,283    | 1,974,698,283    |
|                   | Tengen Holdings Limited             | 641,029,519      | 641,029,519      |

\*Resigned from the Board on March 11, 2025

\*\*Resigned from the Board on August 7, 2025

## Directors' interest in contracts

In accordance with the provisions of Section 303 (1) and (3) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, the following Directors have disclosed their interest in the under listed vendors to the company.

| Related director       | Interest in entity   | Name of company                               |                                |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede | Director/Shareholder | Coronation Group Limited and its Subsidiaries | Financial Services             |
| Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede | Shareholder          | Central Securities Clearing System Plc        | Securities Depository services |
| Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede | Shareholder          | Chapel Hill Denham Limited                    | Financial Advisory             |
| **Roosevelt Ogbonna    | Director             | Access Bank Plc                               | Banking                        |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo     | Director/Shareholder | Coronation Insurance Plc                      | Insurance                      |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo     | Director             | Coronation Registrars Limited                 | Registrar                      |
| *Oluseyi Kumapayi      | Director             | Access Bank Plc                               | Banking                        |
| Ojinika Olaghere       | Director             | Coronation Life Assurance Ltd                 | Assurance                      |
| Ojinika Olaghere       | Director             | The Nigerian Exchange Group Plc               | Securities Listing             |
| Bolaji Agbede          | Director             | Access ARM Pensions Limited                   | Pensions Fund Administrator    |
| Bolaji Agbede          | Related Party        | Lorem Excellentiam Services                   | Professional services          |
| Bolaji Agbede          | Related Party        | Stem Africa Fest                              | Professional services          |

\*\*Resigned from the Board on August 7, 2025

\*Resigned from the Board on March 11, 2025

## Analysis of shareholding:

The shareholding pattern of Access Holdings Plc as at 31 December 2025 was as stated below:

| December 2025                  |                        |                   |                       |                   |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Range                          | Number of Shareholders | % of Shareholders | Number of shares held | % of Shareholders |
| <b>Domestic Shareholders</b>   |                        |                   |                       |                   |
| 1 - 1,000                      | 520,554                | 53.01%            | 103,253,099           | 0.20%             |
| 1,001 - 5,000                  | 278,303                | 28.34%            | 623,432,736           | 1.20%             |
| 5,001 - 10,000                 | 71,683                 | 7.30%             | 495,946,451           | 0.96%             |
| 10,001 - 50,000                | 80,865                 | 8.23%             | 1,661,935,255         | 3.20%             |
| 50,001 - 100,000               | 13,619                 | 1.39%             | 974,279,783           | 1.88%             |
| 100,001 - 500,000              | 12,580                 | 1.28%             | 2,595,422,354         | 5.00%             |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000            | 1,947                  | 0.20%             | 1,375,738,327         | 2.65%             |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,000          | 1,892                  | 0.19%             | 3,835,043,919         | 7.39%             |
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,000         | 255                    | 0.03%             | 1,744,175,055         | 3.36%             |
| 10,000,001 - 50,000,000        | 254                    | 0.03%             | 5,292,082,051         | 10.19%            |
| 50,000,001 - 100,000,000       | 44                     | 0.00%             | 3,050,747,831         | 5.88%             |
| 100,000,001 - 500,000,000      | 59                     | 0.01%             | 11,576,632,985        | 22.30%            |
| 500,000,001 - 1,000,000,000    | 4                      | 0.00%             | 2,265,583,190         | 4.36%             |
| 1,000,000,001 - 10,000,000,000 | 9                      | 0.00%             | 16,322,809,760        | 31.44%            |
|                                | <b>982,068</b>         | <b>100%</b>       | <b>51,917,082,796</b> | <b>100%</b>       |
| <b>Foreign Shareholders</b>    |                        |                   |                       |                   |
| 1 - 1,000                      | 431                    | 26.03%            | 141,687               | 0.01%             |
| 1,001 - 5,000                  | 413                    | 24.94%            | 1,136,774             | 0.08%             |
| 5,001 - 10,000                 | 196                    | 11.84%            | 1,437,253             | 0.10%             |
| 10,001 - 50,000                | 423                    | 25.54%            | 9,670,892             | 0.69%             |
| 50,001 - 100,000               | 91                     | 5.50%             | 6,731,775             | 0.48%             |
| 100,001 - 500,000              | 66                     | 3.99%             | 13,841,288            | 1.00%             |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000            | 11                     | 0.66%             | 7,361,884             | 0.53%             |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,000          | 14                     | 0.85%             | 24,113,132            | 1.72%             |
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,000         | -                      | 0.00%             | -                     | 0.00%             |
| 10,000,001 - 50,000,000        | 7                      | 0.42%             | 119,059,065           | 8.50%             |
| 50,000,001 - 100,000,000       | 1                      | 0.06%             | 51,934,304            | 3.71%             |
| 100,000,001 - 500,000,000      | 2                      | 0.12%             | 516,449,486           | 36.87%            |
| 500,000,001 - 1,000,000,000    | 1                      | 0.06%             | 648,878,097           | 46.32%            |
| 1,000,000,001 - 10,000,000,000 | -                      | 0.00%             | -                     | 0.00%             |
|                                | <b>1,656</b>           | <b>100%</b>       | <b>1,400,755,637</b>  | <b>100%</b>       |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>983,724</b>         | <b>100%</b>       | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>100%</b>       |

## Analysis of shareholding:

The shareholding pattern of Access Holdings Plc as at 31 December 2024 was as stated below:

| December 2024                  |                        |                   |                       |                   |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Range                          | Number of Shareholders | % of Shareholders | Number of shares held | % of Shareholders |
| <b>Domestic Shareholders</b>   |                        |                   |                       |                   |
| 1 - 1,000                      | 489,199                | 52.33%            | 93,868,769            | 0.20%             |
| 1,001 - 5,000                  | 271,206                | 29.01%            | 604,766,280           | 1.32%             |
| 5,001 - 10,000                 | 69,342                 | 7.42%             | 477,547,605           | 1.04%             |
| 10,001 - 50,000                | 77,304                 | 8.27%             | 1,573,367,750         | 3.43%             |
| 50,001 - 100,000               | 12,693                 | 1.36%             | 907,266,785           | 1.98%             |
| 100,001 - 500,000              | 11,232                 | 1.20%             | 2,301,410,177         | 5.02%             |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000            | 1,616                  | 0.17%             | 1,130,831,257         | 2.47%             |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,000          | 1,628                  | 0.17%             | 3,277,736,728         | 7.15%             |
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,000         | 196                    | 0.02%             | 1,391,987,848         | 3.03%             |
| 10,000,001 - 50,000,000        | 238                    | 0.03%             | 5,152,929,207         | 11.23%            |
| 50,000,001 - 100,000,000       | 44                     | 0.00%             | 2,943,391,822         | 6.42%             |
| 100,000,001 - 500,000,000      | 53                     | 0.01%             | 9,567,833,793         | 20.86%            |
| 500,000,001 - 1,000,000,000    | 6                      | 0.00%             | 4,412,374,058         | 9.62%             |
| 1,000,000,001 - 10,000,000,000 | 9                      | 0.00%             | 12,033,053,155        | 26.23%            |
|                                | <b>934,766</b>         | <b>100%</b>       | <b>45,868,365,234</b> | <b>100%</b>       |



## Foreign Shareholders

|                                |                |             |                       |             |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 1 - 1,000                      | 369            | 25.27%      | 120,019               | 0.00%       |
| 1,001 - 5,000                  | 361            | 24.73%      | 970,489               | 0.01%       |
| 5,001 - 10,000                 | 174            | 11.92%      | 1,275,273             | 0.02%       |
| 10,001 - 50,000                | 384            | 26.30%      | 8,596,264             | 0.12%       |
| 50,001 - 100,000               | 78             | 5.34%       | 5,688,990             | 0.08%       |
| 100,001 - 500,000              | 59             | 4.04%       | 12,055,079            | 0.16%       |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000            | 11             | 0.75%       | 6,857,106             | 0.09%       |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,000          | 11             | 0.75%       | 17,936,226            | 0.24%       |
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,000         | -              | 0.00%       | -                     | 0.00%       |
| 10,000,001 - 50,000,000        | 6              | 0.41%       | 99,106,789            | 1.33%       |
| 50,000,001 - 100,000,000       | 2              | 0.14%       | 105,395,301           | 1.41%       |
| 100,000,001 - 500,000,000      | 2              | 0.14%       | 447,809,973           | 6.01%       |
| 500,000,001 - 1,000,000,000    | -              | 0.00%       | -                     | 0.00%       |
| 1,000,000,001 - 10,000,000,000 | 3              | 0.21%       | 6,743,661,690         | 90.53%      |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>1,460</b>   | <b>100%</b> | <b>7,449,473,199</b>  | <b>100%</b> |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>936,226</b> | <b>100%</b> | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>100%</b> |

## Shareholding Analysis as at 31 December 2025

| Type of Shareholding             | December 2025         |             | December 2024         |             |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
|                                  | Holdings              | Holding %   | Holdings              | Holding %   |
| Retail investors                 | 19,978,925,833        | 37.47%      | 19,958,131,315        | 37.43%      |
| Domestic institutional investors | 30,794,659,882        | 57.76%      | 25,848,601,937        | 48.48%      |
| Foreign institutional investors  | 2,474,836,652         | 4.64%       | 7,391,891,647         | 13.86%      |
| Foreign retail Investors         | 9,011,418             | 0.02%       | 57,337,732            | 0.11%       |
| Government related entities      | 60,404,648            | 0.11%       | 61,875,802            | 0.12%       |
|                                  | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>100%</b> | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>100%</b> |

## Substantial interest in shares

|                             | December 2025         |                   | December 2024         |                   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|                             | Number of shares held | % of shareholding | Number of shares held | % of shareholding |
| Coronation Trustees Limited | 3,949,396,566         | 7.41%             | 3,949,396,566         | 7.41%             |

## Sponsorships

The company identifies with the aspirations of the community and the environment in which it operates. This balance is included in events, charities and sponsorship in the operating expense in Note 15. The group made contributions to charitable and non-charitable organisations amounting to ₦2,855 million (December 2024: ₦6,740million) during the year, as listed below:

| S/N | Purpose                                                                                      | Group ₦     | Company ₦  |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| 1   | Sponsorship fee for the NAWJN Biennial Conference 2025                                       | 10,000,000  | 10,000,000 |
| 2   | Sponsorship contribution for The Noble Warrior (Eni Ogun) Stage Play                         | 5,000,000   | 5,000,000  |
| 3   | Sponsorship for the Holdco CSR Event at Oniru Market                                         | 670,500     | 670,500    |
| 4   | Sponsorship for Kaduna and UK polo for Education                                             | 840,612,799 | -          |
| 5   | Sponsorship of Tate Modern Art Exhibition                                                    | 423,860,982 | -          |
| 6   | Sponsorship of Africa CEO Forum                                                              | 229,500,000 | -          |
| 7   | Sponsorship of the Intra-African Trade Fair (IATF) 2025                                      | 150,880,000 | -          |
| 8   | AFIS Diamond sponsorship to ACE                                                              | 132,920,000 | -          |
| 9   | Sponsorship of ThisDay Awards                                                                | 102,740,760 | -          |
| 10  | Payment to MUHILD for second milestone construction of NYSC skill acquisition centre Kagarko | 87,248,737  | -          |
| 11  | Partnership fee for the Africa Soft Power Summit in Kenya                                    | 79,690,000  | -          |
| 12  | Sponsorship for Forum Creation Africa                                                        | 76,246,388  | -          |
| 13  | Sponsorship of Students at the City of Knowledge Academy                                     | 53,040,000  | -          |
| 14  | Support for Lagos State Security Trust Fund                                                  | 50,000,000  | -          |
| 15  | Support for the Womenpreneur Pitchaton Program                                               | 45,000,000  | -          |
| 16  | Sponsorship of Stem Africa Fest 2025                                                         | 21,640,578  | -          |
| 17  | Sponsorship for the Royal African Society                                                    | 21,458,200  | -          |
| 18  | Sponsorship of Free Open Heart Surgeries for Children (Hospitals for Humanity)               | 21,000,000  | -          |
| 19  | Sponsorship of the French Week 2025 & 40th Anniversary Celebration                           | 20,000,000  | -          |

|    |                                                                                                                                     |            |   |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---|
| 20 | Sponsorship of the 6th Lagos State Real Estate Conference & Exhibition Sponsorship 2025 for LAS-RERA                                | 20,000,000 | - |
| 21 | Support towards Sandal More Project                                                                                                 | 20,000,000 | - |
| 22 | Sponsorship of Access United Steps against Cancer                                                                                   | 19,000,000 | - |
| 23 | Support for Access towards the Clean Water Project                                                                                  | 18,324,200 | - |
| 24 | Sponsorship for Africa Real Estate Expo 2025 Silver Package                                                                         | 16,031,400 | - |
| 25 | Sponsorship for Nigerian Philanthropy Office NPO meeting in Silicon Valley                                                          | 15,410,000 | - |
| 26 | Sponsorship of the 2025 STEM Africa Festival                                                                                        | 15,000,000 | - |
| 27 | Sponsorship of the Sterling Oil Cultural Celebration Event                                                                          | 11,000,000 | - |
| 28 | Support for A Sandal More Project 4.0                                                                                               | 10,000,000 | - |
| 29 | Support for the Ikogosi Day Celebration for Community Development                                                                   | 10,000,000 | - |
| 30 | Support for the Greenworks Africa Renewable Energy Empowerment Program                                                              | 9,500,000  | - |
| 31 | Support towards the Lead the Future Educational Programme                                                                           | 9,000,000  | - |
| 32 | Support for the Access Clean Water Project - Alimosho & Badagry                                                                     | 8,849,324  | - |
| 33 | Support to NerdzFactory Foundation for the Implementation of DIGISAFE Programme 3.0                                                 | 8,700,000  | - |
| 34 | Support for the Workable Africa Youth Employability Program                                                                         | 8,500,000  | - |
| 35 | Support for the Project GenNext Digital Skills Development Program                                                                  | 8,500,000  | - |
| 36 | Support for the Access Community Health Outreach Badagry                                                                            | 7,975,000  | - |
| 37 | Support for the Access Clean Water Project - Ikorodu                                                                                | 7,944,662  | - |
| 38 | Support to NerdzFactory Foundation for the Implementation of the Sustainability Cubs Project in 10 Secondary Schools in Lagos State | 7,100,000  | - |
| 39 | Support towards the Project Educate Me 3.0                                                                                          | 7,000,000  | - |
| 40 | Sponsorship of the Chartered Risk Management Institute 24th Annual International Conference                                         | 7,000,000  | - |
| 41 | Support for Ego Foundation's Stem Training for Primary Schools in Lagos                                                             | 7,000,000  | - |
| 42 | Support for She Enabled - Woman Financial & Digital Inclusion Programme in Badagry                                                  | 7,000,000  | - |
| 43 | Support for the Financial Literacy Programme for Secondary School Students in Lagos                                                 | 7,000,000  | - |
| 44 | Support for the Access End Malaria Project                                                                                          | 7,000,000  | - |
| 45 | Support for the She Enabled Entrepreneurship Initiative - Delta State                                                               | 6,700,000  | - |
| 46 | Support for Smart Tech Initiative 1.0 for Youth Entrepreneurship                                                                    | 6,500,000  | - |
| 47 | Support to the Ego Foundation for the Young Innovators Program in Partnership with the Kwara State Government                       | 6,500,000  | - |
| 48 | Support for the Wompreneur Empowerment Program                                                                                      | 6,000,000  | - |
| 49 | Support for the Contribution to Body of Banks' CEOs in Nigeria                                                                      | 5,905,151  | - |
| 50 | Support for the Cleanup & Recycling Project                                                                                         | 5,500,000  | - |
| 51 | Support to the Ego Foundation for the Implementation of the She Enabled Project in Plateau State                                    | 5,500,000  | - |
| 52 | Support for the Implementation of the Empowering the Next Generation Digital Skills Training Program                                | 5,500,000  | - |
| 53 | Support towards Atlantic Exhibition for HILDAY Fair Setup                                                                           | 5,235,750  | - |
| 54 | Sponsorship of the Access Pad Me a Girl                                                                                             | 5,000,000  | - |
| 55 | Support towards MSME Toolkits Initiative                                                                                            | 5,000,000  | - |
| 56 | Support for Solar for School Community Programme in Anambra                                                                         | 5,000,000  | - |
| 57 | Support for Global Money Week 2025 (GMW)                                                                                            | 5,000,000  | - |
| 58 | Support for TAFH Edu Ad Initiative                                                                                                  | 5,000,000  | - |
| 59 | Support for the Rural Community Recycling Project                                                                                   | 5,000,000  | - |
| 60 | Support for SHE Enabled                                                                                                             | 5,000,000  | - |
| 61 | Support the Planting of 2,000 Trees for the Mental and Environmental Development Initiative for Children (MEDIC)                    | 5,000,000  | - |
| 62 | Sponsorship support towards the implementation of the Enterprise Corner Initiative                                                  | 5,000,000  | - |
| 63 | Support towards the 2025 Chevron Employee Multipurpose Cooperative Society (CEMICS) Exhibition                                      | 5,000,000  | - |
| 64 | Sponsorship for the Obiora Iwaji Festival 2025                                                                                      | 5,000,000  | - |
| 65 | Sponsorship for the Kingdom Lifestyle Conference 2025                                                                               | 5,000,000  | - |
| 66 | Support to Kidpreneur Africa LTD for the 2025 Kidbiz Fair 2025                                                                      | 5,000,000  | - |
| 67 | Support for the Annual Market Impact Conference Series III                                                                          | 5,000,000  | - |
| 68 | Sponsorship of the NOTAP Technology and Innovation Summit                                                                           | 5,000,000  | - |
| 69 | Support Mento Match Up Challenge 7                                                                                                  | 5,000,000  | - |
| 70 | Sponsorship for the 3rd South Africa Week and Freedom Day Celebration 2025                                                          | 5,000,000  | - |
| 71 | Support towards the implementation of the Skillup Youth Initiative 2025                                                             | 4,800,000  | - |
| 72 | Support towards PADS a Girl Project                                                                                                 | 4,500,000  | - |
| 73 | Support for Community Outreach for Underserved People Ikotun                                                                        | 4,500,000  | - |
| 74 | Support for the 2025 Kidbiz Fair Event Activation                                                                                   | 4,500,000  | - |

|              |                                                                                                                                                |                      |                   |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 75           | Support the Media Coverage Services for the 4th International Conference of the Renewable Energy and Efficiency Association Alliance (REEEA-A) | 4,192,500            | -                 |
| 76           | Support for Community Outreach for Underserved People Ibeju Lekki                                                                              | 4,141,500            | -                 |
| 77           | Support for the Access Men's Health Initiative                                                                                                 | 3,103,650            | -                 |
| 78           | Sponsorship for the 1st Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain International Conference (AIBIC) Abuja 2025                                     | 3,000,000            | -                 |
| 79           | Support for the 20th Anniversary of Eagle Toastmasters Club                                                                                    | 3,000,000            | -                 |
| 80           | Sponsorship for the Access Health Workshop                                                                                                     | 3,000,000            | -                 |
| 81           | Support towards the Help the Woman Cervical Cancer Awareness Project                                                                           | 2,627,000            | -                 |
| 82           | Sponsorship of the 17th edition of the PSRG-RICHARDSON HSSE Forum 2025                                                                         | 2,500,000            | -                 |
| 83           | Sponsorship of the Gender and Inclusion Summit 2025 for the Policy Innovation Centre (PIC)                                                     | 2,500,000            | -                 |
| 84           | Support towards the London Business School Worldwide Alumni Celebration (WAC) Nigeria 2025                                                     | 2,500,000            | -                 |
| 85           | Support towards the World Sight Day 2025                                                                                                       | 2,230,000            | -                 |
| 86           | Co Sponsorship of the 2024 AGM Conference of Association of Chief Audit Executives of Bank                                                     | 2,000,000            | -                 |
| 87           | Sponsorship of the 11th Internal Auditors Nigeria (IIA Nigeria) 2025 Hybrid Conference                                                         | 2,000,000            | -                 |
| 88           | Support for the PCOS Awareness Project                                                                                                         | 2,000,000            | -                 |
| 89           | Support the Rural Health Intervention Project Shomolu                                                                                          | 2,000,000            | -                 |
| 90           | Sponsorship of the Dangote Group Staff Multipurpose Co-Operative Society Limited Annual Retreat                                                | 1,800,000            | -                 |
| 91           | Sponsorship for the Eco Alchemy a Plastic to Art Project                                                                                       | 1,586,000            | -                 |
| 92           | Support towards the Kidpreneur Africa LTD for the 6th Kidpreneur Conference 2025                                                               | 1,500,000            | -                 |
| 93           | Sponsorship of Association of Public Health Physicians of Nigeria                                                                              | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 94           | Support towards the 14th edition of the DOAM Foundation's Charity Golf Tournament                                                              | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 95           | Sponsorship Invitation for IWD Support for LIBROD Energy                                                                                       | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 96           | Support towards the Executive Woman Summit 2025                                                                                                | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 97           | Sponsorship of the Connector's Code Executive Roundtable 2025                                                                                  | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 98           | Sponsorship for Converge 2025                                                                                                                  | 1,000,000            | -                 |
| 99           | Support Media Coverge for Sigma Quiz Grand Finale                                                                                              | 752,500              | -                 |
| 100          | Support the Stage Play - All and None                                                                                                          | 500,000              | -                 |
| 101          | Sponsorship of Manufacturers Association of Nigeria (MAN) AGM event                                                                            | 500,000              | -                 |
| 102          | Sponsorship for the Iyi Nwangwo Health Walk 7.0                                                                                                | 500,000              | -                 |
| 103          | Sponsorship for Project Unifeed 5.0                                                                                                            | 500,000              | -                 |
| <b>Total</b> |                                                                                                                                                | <b>2,855,417,580</b> | <b>15,670,500</b> |

### Property and equipment

Information relating to changes in property and equipment is given in Note 28 to the consolidated and separate financial statements. In the Directors' opinion, the fair value of the Group's property and equipment is not less than the carrying value in the financial statements.

## HUMAN RESOURCES

### (i) Report on diversity in employment

The Company as at December 31, 2025 operates a non-discriminatory policy in the consideration of applications for employment. The Company's policy is that the most qualified and experienced persons are recruited for appropriate job levels, irrespective of an applicant's state of origin, ethnicity, religion, gender or physical condition.

We believe diversity and inclusion are powerful drivers of competitive advantage in developing and understanding of our customers' needs and creatively addressing them.

| Composition of Employees by Gender |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| Total number of female employees   | 26 |
| Total number of male employees     | 30 |

| Board Composition by Gender         |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Total number of female on the Board | 4 |
| Total number of men on the Board    | 5 |

| Top Management (Executive Director to GMD/CEO) Composition by Gender |   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Total number of female in Executive Management Position              | 1 |
| Total number of men in Executive Management Position                 | 2 |

| Top Management (Assistant General Manager to General Manager) Composition by Gender |   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Total number of female in Top Management Position                                   | - |
| Total number of men in Top Management Position                                      | 3 |

### (ii) Employment of physically challenged

The Company has a non-discriminatory policy on the consideration of applications for employment, including those received from physically challenged. All employees are given equal opportunities to develop themselves. The Company's policy is that the highest qualified and most experienced persons are recruited for appropriate job levels irrespective of an applicant's state of origin, ethnicity, religion or physical condition.

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had no person (December 2024: Nil) that is physically challenged on the staff list.

### (iii) Health, safety and welfare of employees

The Company maintains business premises designed with a view to guaranteeing the safety and healthy living conditions of its employees and customers alike. Employees are adequately insured against occupational and other hazards. In addition, the Company retains top-class hospitals where medical facilities are provided for its employees and their immediate families at its expense.

Fire prevention and fire-fighting equipment are installed in strategic locations within the Company's premises.

The Company operates Group Personal Accident and the Workmen's Compensation Insurance covers for benefit of its employees. It also operates a contributory pension plan in line with the Pension Reform Act 2014 as Amended and other benefit schemes for its employees.

### (iv) Employee involvement and training

The Company encourages participation of employees in arriving at decisions in respect of matters affecting their wellbeing. Towards this end, the Company provides opportunities where employees deliberate on issues affecting the Company and its employees' interests, with a view to making inputs to decisions thereon. The Company places a high premium on the development of its manpower. Consequently, the Company sponsors its employees for various training courses, both locally and overseas.

### (v) Statement of commitment to maintain positive work environment

The Company shall strive to maintain a positive work environment that is consistent with best practice to ensure that business is conducted in a positive and professional manner and to ensure that equal opportunity is given to all qualified members of the Group's operating environment.

### (vi) Audit committee

Pursuant to Section 404(3) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria, the Company's Audit Committee for the 2025 FY comprised Directors and shareholders as follows:

|   |                                   |             |          |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| 1 | Mr. Henry Omatsola Aragho         | Shareholder | Chairman |
| 2 | Mr. Idaere Gogo Ogan              | Shareholder | Member   |
| 3 | Mr. Akindele Gbogboade            | Shareholder | Member   |
| 4 | Mr. Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh      | Director    | Member   |
| 5 | Mrs. Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere | Director    | Member   |

The functions of the Audit Committee are as provided in Section 404(7) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria.

### Auditors

Messrs. KPMG Professional Services, having satisfied the relevant corporate governance rules on their tenure in office have indicated their willingness to continue in office as auditors to the Company. In accordance with Section 401 (2) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, therefore, the auditors will be re-appointed at the next annual general meeting of the Company without any resolution being passed.

### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD



### Sunday Ekwochi

Company Secretary  
FRC/2013/PRO/NBA/002/00000005528  
February 20, 2026



# FREE FLOATATION

| Description                                                                                                                                                                                | 31 December, 2025      |                                                  | 31 December, 2024      |                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                            | Units                  | Percentage (In relation to Issued Share Capital) | Units                  | Percentage (In relation to Issued Share Capital) |
| Issued Share Capital                                                                                                                                                                       | 53,317,838,433         | 100.00%                                          | 53,317,838,433         | 100.00%                                          |
| Details of Substantial Shareholdings (5% and above)                                                                                                                                        |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| Estate of H. O. Wigwe                                                                                                                                                                      | 3,045,898,002          | 5.71%                                            | 3,045,898,002          | 5.71%                                            |
| Coronation Trustees Tengen Mauritius                                                                                                                                                       | 3,949,396,566          | 7.41%                                            | 3,949,396,566          | 7.41%                                            |
| Stanbic Nominees Limited*                                                                                                                                                                  | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 3,290,474,271          | 6.17%                                            |
| <b>Total Substantial Shareholdings</b>                                                                                                                                                     | <b>6,995,294,568</b>   | <b>13.12%</b>                                    | <b>10,285,768,839</b>  | <b>19.29%</b>                                    |
| *As at 31 December 2025, Stanbic Nominees Limited holds less than 5% of the Group shares.                                                                                                  |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| Details of Directors Shareholdings (direct and indirect), excluding directors' holding substantial interests                                                                               |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| [Name(s) of Directors]                                                                                                                                                                     |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| A. Aig-Imoukhuede                                                                                                                                                                          | 3,023,513,861          | 5.67%                                            | 3,023,513,861          | 5.67%                                            |
| Innocent C. Ike                                                                                                                                                                            | -                      | -                                                | -                      | -                                                |
| *R. C. Ogbonna                                                                                                                                                                             | 169,730,544            | 0.32%                                            | 158,494,589            | 0.30%                                            |
| **O. Kumapayi                                                                                                                                                                              | 93,702,990             | 0.18%                                            | 87,525,668             | 0.16%                                            |
| B. O. Agbede                                                                                                                                                                               | 86,048,693             | 0.16%                                            | 81,371,245             | 0.15%                                            |
| S. Ogbonnewo                                                                                                                                                                               | 11,788,945             | 0.02%                                            | 11,788,945             | 0.02%                                            |
| O. N. Olaghere                                                                                                                                                                             | 24,598,044             | 0.05%                                            | 24,598,044             | 0.05%                                            |
| O. B. Bamisebi                                                                                                                                                                             | 28,627,023             | 0.05%                                            | 28,627,023             | 0.05%                                            |
| I. Adeyemi                                                                                                                                                                                 | -                      | -                                                | -                      | -                                                |
| <b>Total Directors' Shareholdings</b>                                                                                                                                                      | <b>3,438,010,100</b>   | <b>6.45%</b>                                     | <b>3,415,919,375</b>   | <b>6.41%</b>                                     |
| Details of Other Influential Shareholdings, if any (E.g. Government, Promoters)                                                                                                            |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| [Name(s) of Entities/Government]                                                                                                                                                           |                        |                                                  |                        |                                                  |
| Restricted Share Performance Plan (RSPP)                                                                                                                                                   | 1,088,852,256          | 2.04%                                            | 853,234,529            | 1.60%                                            |
| Federal Ministry of Finance Incorporated                                                                                                                                                   | 9,049,171              | 0.02%                                            | 34,674,944             | 0.07%                                            |
| Bauchi Local Government Council                                                                                                                                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 2,204,991              | 0.00%                                            |
| Ondo State Government                                                                                                                                                                      | 5,498,611              | 0.01%                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            |
| Toro Local Government Council                                                                                                                                                              | 1,976,888              | 0.00%                                            | 1,976,888              | 0.00%                                            |
| Dambam Local Government Council                                                                                                                                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 1,064,478              | 0.00%                                            |
| Bauchi Investment Corporation Limited                                                                                                                                                      | 1,409,224              | 0.00%                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            |
| Local Govt. Joint Account                                                                                                                                                                  | 903,467                | 0.00%                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            |
| Abia State Government                                                                                                                                                                      | 2,143,241              | 0.00%                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            |
| Lagos State Government (Pension fund)                                                                                                                                                      | 48,949,005             | 0.09%                                            | -                      | 0.00%                                            |
| Ningi Local Govt. Council                                                                                                                                                                  | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 1,672,751              | 0.00%                                            |
| Misau Local Govt. Council                                                                                                                                                                  | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 1,292,580              | 0.00%                                            |
| Kirfi Local Govt. Council                                                                                                                                                                  | -                      | 0.00%                                            | 1,225,670              | 0.00%                                            |
| Katsina State Govt Ministry of Finance Incorporated                                                                                                                                        | 20,000,000             | 0.04%                                            | 20,000,000             | 0.04%                                            |
| Ekiti State Govt College of Medicine                                                                                                                                                       | 1,397,128              | 0.00%                                            | 1,397,128              | 0.00%                                            |
| <b>Total of Other Influential Shareholdings</b>                                                                                                                                            | <b>1,180,178,991</b>   | <b>2.21%</b>                                     | <b>918,743,959</b>     | <b>1.72%</b>                                     |
| "Free Float in Unit and Percentage [Issued Share Capital (%) - (Total Substantial Shareholdings (%) + Total Directors' Shareholdings (%) + Total of Other Influential Shareholdings (%))]" | 41,704,354,774         | 78.22%                                           | 38,697,406,260         | 72.58%                                           |
| <b>Share Price</b>                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>23.05</b>           |                                                  | <b>23.85</b>           |                                                  |
| <b>"Free Float in Value [Free Float Unit x Share Price]"</b>                                                                                                                               | <b>961,285,377,541</b> |                                                  | <b>922,933,139,301</b> |                                                  |

## Declaration:

- (A) Access Holdings PLC with a free float percentage of 78.22% as at 31 December 2025, is compliant with the Exchange's free float requirements for companies listed on the Premium Board
- (B) Access Holdings PLC with a free float value of ₦961,285,377,541 as at 31 December 2025, is compliant with the Exchange's free float requirements for companies listed on the Premium Board

\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective March 11, 2025



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED  
DECEMBER 31, 2025

The Board of Access Holdings Plc ('the Company') is pleased to present the Corporate Governance report for the Financial Year ended December 31, 2025. The report provides insight into the operations of the Company's governance framework and key Board activities during the reporting period.

Our governance framework is designed to align Management's actions with the interest of shareholders and achieve appropriate balance with the interest of other stakeholders. Our governance structures and processes comply with global best practices, company charters, corporate governance codes, and the Nigerian Exchange Limited's post-listing requirements.

The Board is focused on enhancing shareholders' value by providing best-in-class strategic oversight.

## Board Responsibilities

The primary responsibility of the Board is to provide effective leadership and direction to enhance the long-term value of the Company to its shareholders and other stakeholders. It has the overall responsibility for reviewing the strategic plans and performance objectives, financial plans and annual budget, key operational initiatives, major funding and investment proposals, financial performance review and corporate governance practices.

The Chairman provides leadership to the Board in establishing the Group's strategic direction and

determining its risk appetite. The Board considers Management's recommendations and approves both capital and operational plans to achieve the Group's strategic objectives. The composition of the Board for the 2025 Financial Year is detailed as follows:

| S/N | NAME                              | DESIGNATION                                     |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | Mr. Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede        | Chairman/Non-Executive Director                 |
| 2   | Mr. Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh      | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| 3   | Mrs. Fatimah Bintah Bello-Ismael  | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| 4.  | Mrs. Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere | Non-Executive Director                          |
| 5   | Mr. Olusegun Babalola Ogbonnewo   | Non-Executive Director                          |
| 6   | Mrs. Ibironke Olatokunbo Adeyemi* | Independent Non-Executive Director              |
| 7   | Mr. Roosevelt Ogbonna**           | Non-Executive Director                          |
| 8   | Mr. Oluseyi Kolawole Kumapayi***  | Non-Executive Director                          |
| 9   | Mr. Innocent C. Ike****           | Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer |
| 10  | Ms. Bolaji Olaitan Agbede*****    | Executive Director                              |
| 11  | Mr. Olanrewaju Bamisebi           | Executive Director                              |

\* Approved by the CBN as Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025

\*\* Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*\* Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective March 11, 2025

\*\*\*\* Approved by the CBN as Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025

\*\*\*\*\* Served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer from March 1, 2024, to August 29, 2025.

## Composition and Role

As of December 31, 2025, the Board was made up of 9 members as detailed below:

## Board Members Profile



**Mr. Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede, CFR**  
*Chairman/Non-Executive Director*

Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede is a highly respected investor, banker, and philanthropist with a track record of major accomplishments in for-profit and non-profit endeavours within and beyond Nigeria. He oversees an ecosystem of investments encompassing banking and finance, insurance, technology, real estate, and oil and gas sectors. His career in banking and finance spans four decades and has earned him national and international recognition, including: Commander of the Order of the Federal Republic 'CFR', conferred by the Federal Republic of Nigeria; Ernst Young Entrepreneur of the Year (West Africa) in 2011; African Banker Magazine's 'African Banker of the Year' in 2013 and 'African Banker Lifetime Achievement' in 2024.

He was the Group Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Access Bank Plc from 2002, following a management buy-in transaction. Under his leadership, Access Bank was transformed from a minor player into a leading African Bank with a significant global footprint. Having retired as CEO in 2013, he returned in March 2024 as Chairman of Access Holdings Plc. He was the founding Chairman of the FMDQ Securities Exchange and served as President of the Nigerian Stock Exchange, becoming the first African to chair two national exchange platforms. His advocacy for sustainable banking practices and financial market reform has earned him global recognition. He holds an executive MBA, jointly awarded by the London School of Economics, NYU Stern Business School, and HEC Paris, an LLB degree from the University of Benin, and a BL from the Nigerian Law School.

Through the Aig-Imoukhuede Foundation, Aigboje and his wife, Ofofwe, drive impactful initiatives focused on grooming Nigeria's future government leaders, helping transform public sector effectiveness, and improving access to quality primary healthcare. He continues to spearhead impactful initiatives like the Adopt-A-Healthcare-Facility Programme, reinforcing his commitment to transformative change and social progress. He is a member of the International Advisory Board of Oxford University's Blavatnik School of Government and an inducted member of the prestigious American Academy of Arts and Sciences.

He was 59 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mr. Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh, CFA**  
*Independent Non-Executive Director*

Mr. Jimoh is a versatile professional with over thirty (30) years' experience in the financial services sector covering client relationship management, treasury, market risk, credit risk management, operational risk management, project, and portfolio management. He is the Group Managing Director of Trustbanc Group, a leading investment management firm. Prior to his current role, Mr. Jimoh led the transformation of

Associated Discount House (ADH) from a failing Discount House to a Merchant Bank (Coronation Merchant Bank Ltd).

Before joining ADH, he was a General Manager and Divisional Head at the UBA Group with responsibility for Balance Sheet Management, Market Risk, and Investors Relations. He was also the Chief Risk Officer for various business segments including UBA Africa and UBA Capital.

Mr. Jimoh worked with the Royal Bank of Canada Financial Group between 1999 and 2005 in various capacities. He worked as the Chief Internal Control Officer and the Divisional Chief in charge of Private Sector Portfolio Management with the African Development Bank between 2005 and 2008. Mr. Jimoh also served as an Independent Non-Executive Director on the Board of Shelter Afrique between 2012 and 2013. He currently sits on the boards of TrustBanc Financial Group, J Six Group, Impact Credit Guarantee Limited and Film One Group.

He has a robust professional cum academic pedigree with a Bachelor of Science and a Master of Science in Finance from University of Lagos, Nigeria. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst and an Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accounts of Nigeria and Chartered Institute of Bankers of Nigeria. Mr. Jimoh is a Chartered Internal Auditor and Certified General Accountant of Ontario and Canada. He has attended several Executive Management Development Programmes in leading institutions including Harvard Business School, London Business School, and Lagos Business School.

He is the Chairman of the Board Finance and Investment Committee, and the Vice-Chairman of the Board Risk Management Committee.

He was 59 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mrs. Fatimah Bintah Bello-Ismail**  
*Independent Non-Executive Director*

Mrs. Bello-Ismail is a lawyer with more than thirty-six (36) years' experience in the legal and financial services fields. She commenced her legal career at the Department of Public Prosecution in the Federal Ministry of Justice, Lagos before working as a counsel in the firm of Kehinde Sofola & Co.

She also worked at the Nigerian Social Insurance Trust Fund (NSITF) and Continental Merchant Bank (formerly Chase Merchant Bank) before becoming the Managing Partner at Universal Chambers, a full-service commercial law firm.

Mrs. Bello-Ismail obtained her bachelor's degree (in Law) from Ahmadu Bello University Zaria, Nigeria in 1984 and was called to the Nigerian Bar in 1985.

She sits on the boards of Jex Markets Limited and Katsina State Development Board. She is a member of the Nigerian Bar Association, International Bar Association, and Founder and Trustee of the Home of Hospitality Development Initiative (HOHDI). She was a Council Member in the Nigerian Stock Exchange between 2017 and 2020 and sat as a Non-Executive Director on the Board of Nigerian Exchange Group between 2020 and 2022.

She is the Chairman of the Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Mrs. Bello-Ismail was 63 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mrs. Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere, FCA**  
*Non-Executive Director*

Mrs. Olaghere is a seasoned professional with over thirty-five (35) years' experience in banking, administration, and consulting. She is currently the Managing Director of Rickela Consulting Limited, a management consultancy firm which provides training, capacity building, coaching and advisory services to companies in the financial services sector.

She joined Access Bank Plc ('the Bank') in 2007 as a General Manager in the Enterprise Resource Support Group where she spearheaded the smooth rationalisation of the Bank's assets following the acquisition of Intercontinental Bank. She retired from the Bank in June 2018 as Executive Director, Operations, and Information Technology. As Executive Director, Mrs. Olaghere led the seamless upgrade of the Bank's major IT infrastructure and executed the Operations Transformation Programme which resulted in the Bank being ranked amongst the top five in KPMG's 2018 Banking Industry Customer Service Satisfaction Survey.

Prior to joining Access Bank Plc, she spent sixteen (16) years with Ecobank Nigeria, where she worked in the Operations and Consumer Banking Groups. As a multi-skilled and valuable resource, she was involved in the implementation of several critical projects. She has played key roles in the shaping and development of strategies that have led to the successes of multiple businesses across different industries. She sits on the boards of several organisations such as Nigerian Exchange Group Plc, Coronation Life Assurance Limited and Pelijini Nigeria Limited.

Mrs. Olaghere holds a Bachelor of Arts in French Language from the University of Nigeria, Nsukka and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN). She has attended several leadership development programmes in leading institutions including INSEAD, London Business School, Harvard Business School, Lagos Business School, and Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

She is the Chairman of the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee and Board Digital and Information Technology Committee.

She was 62 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo**  
*Non-Executive Director*

Mr. Ogbonnewo has over 30 years' professional experience spanning Retail and Commercial Banking, Human Capital Development, Operations and Technology, Financial Inclusion, Payment Systems and Fintech.

He was Operating Director, Tengen Family Office between September 2017, and December 2023. He is currently a Financial Services Consultant and Board Advisor. Prior to this, he occupied several roles in Access Bank Plc between 2006 and 2017 including Group Head, Channels Services; Head, Transaction Services

Division; Group Head, Domestic Payments; Group Head, Central Processing Centre and Group Head, Settlements and Payments and Group Head Branch Operations.

Mr. Ogbonnewo served in various capacities in Guaranty Trust Bank between 1993 and 2006 including Head, International Settlements; Divisional Head, Banking Operations and Information Technology in Guaranty Trust Bank Gambia Ltd, (the first offshore subsidiary of the bank) as well as Relationship Manager, Commercial Banking leading the Apapa team and Branch Operations Manager of flagship Branches.

He also served as Branch Manager and Programme Officer in Peoples Bank Nigeria Limited between 1990 and 1992.

He sits on the board of several organisations including Coronation Insurance Plc, Coronation Registrars Limited, Trium Limited, Fiducia Data Services Limited, Oxygen X Limited, Remita, and Coronation Insurance Ghana Limited. He has also served in sub committees of CBN led Payments Systems Vision 2020 between 2007 and 2012. He was a member of the Verve Card Advisory Council.

Mr. Ogbonnewo holds a Bachelor of Arts Education and a master's in public administration from University of Ilorin. He also holds a master's in business administration from IESE, University of Navarra Barcelona Spain/Lagos Business School. He is also an Honorary Senior Member (HCIB) of the Chartered Institute of Bankers of Nigeria.

He has attended several renowned leadership and professional development programmes including the High-Performance Leadership Programme organised by Institute of Management and Development; Corporate Restructuring Programme organised by Harvard Business School; Achieving Outstanding Performance by INSEAD and several global payments and systems processing courses organised by VISA, MasterCard, Verve and Entrust amongst others.

Mr. Ogbonnewo is the Chairman of the Board Risk Management Committee. He was 64 years old as at the end of the reporting period and resident in Nigeria.



**Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi**  
*Independent Non-Executive Director*

Mrs. Adeyemi is an accomplished professional with over 30 years' experience in Education and Corporate Governance. She has a proven track record of strategic management, transformative leadership, and exceptional financial acumen.

She is renowned for fostering organisational growth, spearheading innovation, and inspiring excellence across diverse sectors.

She is currently the Managing Director of Chrisland Schools Limited, Nigeria's leading private educational organisation. Prior to this role, she served as an Executive Director for Chemo-Pharma Laboratories, driving financial efficiency and operational growth. She previously worked with Peat Marwick Ani and Ogunde (now KPMG Professional Services) as an Audit Trainee and Chartered Accountant.

Mrs. Adeyemi is the Chairperson of Salvation International School, Ikeja, and a member of the Institute of Directors in Nigeria. She also serves on the Boards of Chrisland University, Victor and Winifred Awosika Foundation, Holy Trinity Hospital, and City Commercial Enterprises Limited.



Mrs. Adeyemi obtained her Bachelors Degree in Economics (1986), her Postgraduate Diploma in Education (2018), and her Masters Degree in Educational Administration and Planning (2020) from the University of Lagos. Mrs. Adeyemi qualified as a chartered accountant over thirty years ago and has attended numerous executive trainings, including the Lagos Business School Advanced Management Program II in 2000, the Institute of Directors' Company Directors' Course in 2012, and Harvard Business School Executive Course in 2022.

She is the Chairman of the Board Audit Committee.

She was 60 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mr. Innocent C. Ike FCA, FCIB**

**Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer**

Mr. Innocent C. Ike is a seasoned banker, strategist, and corporate leader with over three decades experience in banking and financial services, ten years of which were spent at

Access Bank, where he rose to General Manager, overseeing portfolios in corporate, commercial, and public sectors. His career spans commercial and investment banking, digital innovation, and strategic leadership, marked by a consistent record of institutional growth and operational excellence.

Mr. Ike graduated from the University of Lagos with a BSc (Hons) in Accounting in 1988, receiving recognition as the Best Graduating Student. He is a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Bankers of Nigeria (CIBN), a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN), and a certified IFRS expert. He is an Associate of the Chartered Institute of Stockbrokers of Nigeria and an authorised dealing clerk of the Nigerian Exchange

He served as the Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer of Polaris Bank from 2020 to 2022, during which he launched VULTe, the bank's digital banking platform, earning several industry awards including the BusinessDay BAFI Digital Bank of the Year Award and the Nigerian Fintech Digital Bank of the Year Award in 2021 and 2022, respectively. As Executive Director in charge of Technology and Services, he led a comprehensive overhaul of Polaris technology infrastructure and enhanced service delivery across the bank.

Previously, he held the position of Executive Director at Skye Bank Plc and Keystone Bank Limited. His earlier career at Guaranty Trust Bank and Deloitte helped him build strong foundations in audit, treasury, technology, operations, and business development.

Mr. Ike holds an Executive Certificate in Strategy & Innovation from MIT Sloan School of Management and a Certificate in Private Equity from Oxford University's Said Business School. He has completed advanced leadership programmes at Harvard Business School, Wharton, and IMD Switzerland. He has served on the boards of Skye Bank Gambia Limited, MainOne Cable Company, Unified Payments Systems Limited, and Pay Attitude Global Limited. Passionate about mentoring and community development, Mr. Ike continues to champion leadership excellence and sustainable growth across the financial services industry.

He was 61 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Ms. Bolaji Olaitan Agbede**

**Executive Director**

Ms. Agbede is a versatile professional with over three decades experience in human resources management, customer relationship management and banking operations. She has a proven record of successful people integration during mergers and acquisitions, culture transformation and execution of corporate strategies.

She began her professional journey at Guaranty Trust Bank, assuming multiple roles within Commercial Banking and Operations. Through consistent dedication and performance, she advanced from Executive Trainee in 1992 to Manager by 2001. In 2003, Ms. Agbede was appointed Chief Executive Officer of JKG Limited, a business consulting firm.

Ms. Agbede joined Access Bank in 2003 as an Assistant General Manager and was responsible for managing the Bank's portfolio of chemical trading companies. She was the Group Head, Human Resources of Access Bank Plc between 2010 and 2022.

She holds a bachelor's degree in Mathematics and Statistics from the University of Lagos (1990) and subsequently obtained a Master of Business Administration degree from Cranfield University in 2002. She is a member of the Chartered Institute of Management UK and Chartered Institute of Personnel Management of Nigeria.

She has attended several renowned leadership and professional development programmes including the High-Performance Leadership Programme, organised by the IMD and the Strategic Talent Management Programme, organised by the London Business School.

Ms. Agbede sits on the boards of Access ARM Pensions Limited, Nigerian Business Coalition Against Aids, HIV Trust Fund of Nigeria and Nigerian Mortgage Refinance Company Plc.

She was 56 years old as at the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Mr. Olanrewaju Bamisebi**

**Executive Director**

Mr. Bamisebi is a seasoned technology and business executive with over two decades of experience spanning information technology, Cyber Security, talent development and Finance.

He has extensive Pan-African experience, having managed IT operations across 22 African countries. A pioneer advocate for Generative AI for Good, Mr. Bamisebi is committed to leveraging artificial intelligence and digital transformation to drive innovation and business growth.

Before his appointment as Executive Director at Access Holdings, he served as Managing Director of Finserve Africa, the fintech arm of Equity Bank, and as Group Director for IT & Operations at Equity Group Holdings Limited (EGHL), Kenya. Prior to that, he was the Group Chief Information Officer at Diamond Bank Plc and United Bank for Africa (UBA).

Mr. Bamisebi holds a Higher National Diploma in Computer Science from The Polytechnic Ibadan and dual bachelor's degrees, Accounting from Olabisi Onabanjo University and Computing & Information Technology from the University of Derby, UK

He also earned a Master of Business Administration from Durham Business School UK an Executive MBA from Quantic School of Business and Technology, US. In addition, he has completed Executive Management Development Programs at globally renowned institutions, including Harvard, Wharton, IMD, and Cambridge JBS UK. He is a director of Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited.

He was 52 years old as of the end of the reporting period and is resident in Nigeria.



**Sunday Ekwochi, HCIB,**

Company Secretary

Mr. Ekwochi was appointed the Company Secretary of the Company in May 2022.

He graduated as a top student in Law from the University of Jos with a second-class upper division degree in 1996 and from the Nigerian Law School in February 1998 with a second-class upper division degree. He has over 2 decades of banking experience from the then African Express Bank, Fidelity Bank and Access Bank Plc.

Mr. Ekwochi qualified as a Chartered Secretary with the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, London in 2003. He has attended Management Development Programmes at London

Business School, Euromoney, Wharton Business School and IMD. He is an Honorary Senior Member of the Chartered Institute of Bankers of Nigeria and is a member of the Chartered Institute of Directors of Nigeria .

Mr. Ekwochi served as the Vice-Chair of the Association of Banks Legal Advisers and Company Secretaries and Chairman of its Capacity Development Committee.

## PERFORMANCE MONITORING AND EVALUATION

The Board, in the discharge of its oversight function, engages management on the planning, definition and execution of the Company's strategy. Management regularly presents reports on the implementation of defined strategic objectives as a standing item on the Board's agenda, thereby enabling the Board to evaluate and provide constructive feedback on Management's execution of the organization's strategy.

The Board usually holds an annual Board retreat, where the strategy for the coming year is rigorously debated and agreed between Management and the Board. The Board held its Group Retreat for the year under review on February 28 – March 1, 2025.

Management provides the Board with quarterly updates on implementation of the strategy, affording the Board the opportunity to challenge Management's performance and assess significant risk issues as well as mitigating controls implemented. Management's report on the Group's actual financial performance is presented relative to the planned budget to enable the Board assess performance. Peer comparison is also a regular feature of Management reporting to the Board to benchmark performance against that of our competitors.

The Company's performance on corporate governance is monitored and reported. The Company equally carries out extensive reviews of its compliance with the corporate Governance Guidelines issues by the CBN, SEC and Nigerian Code of Corporate Governance 2018 with appropriate reports rendered to the regulators.

Board assessment, when done effectively provides



the Board the opportunity to identify and remove obstacles to better performance and to strengthen what works well. The Board has established a policy on its performance evaluation which provides for the independent annual evaluation of its performance, that of its committees and individual directors. The evaluation is done by an independent consultant approved by the Board.

The Board believes that the use of an independent consultant promotes the objectivity and transparency of the evaluation process. Our Board and corporate governance assessment transcends box ticking and involves a rigorous process of on-line self-evaluation and 360° feedback with a heavy focus on qualitative considerations. It includes the assessment of our corporate governance frameworks and policies, evaluation of the Board and the Committees as well as the effectiveness of the Independent Directors.

In compliance with the CBN Code of Corporate Governance, the 2025 Annual Board Performance Evaluation Report was presented at the Board meeting held on January 29, 2026, by a representative of Ernst & Young, the Company's Board Evaluation Consultants.

## Board Composition – Guiding Principles

The Fit and Proper Person Policy is designed to ensure that the Company and its subsidiaries are managed and overseen by capable and trustworthy individuals. The Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for Executive Directors' succession planning and recommends new appointments to the Board. The Committee takes cognisance of the existing range of skills, experience, background, and diversity on the Board in the context of our strategic direction before articulating the specifications for the candidate sought. The Committee also considers the need for appropriate demographic and gender balance in recommending candidates for Board appointments. Candidates who meet the criteria set by the

Committee are subjected to enhanced due diligence enquiries. We are comfortable that the Board is sufficiently diversified to optimise its performance and deliver sustainable value to stakeholders.

The Board's composition subscribes to global best practice on the need for Non-Executive Directors to exceed Executive Directors. In 2025, the Board had more Non-Executive Directors than Executive Directors, with three of the Non-Executive Directors being independent. Non-Executive Directors are appointed to the Board to bring independent, specialist knowledge and impartiality to strategy development and execution monitoring. The Board is committed to improving gender diversity in its composition in line with its diversity policy. The Board had 44% female membership as of December 31, 2025.

## Election/Re-Election of Directors

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one third of all Non-Executive Directors (rounded down) are offered for re-election every year (depending on their tenure on the Board) together with Directors appointed by the Board since the last Annual General Meeting.

Mr. Abubakar Jimoh and Mrs Fatimah Bello-Ismail retired from office at the Company's 3rd AGM held on May 15, 2025, and being eligible for re-election, were duly re-elected by shareholders.

## Board Effectiveness

Today's boards are required to be more engaged, knowledgeable, and effective than in the past as they contend with myriads of new pressures, challenges, and risks. As stakeholders' expectations from the Board continue to grow, the Board must set its strategic priorities often across diverse business segments and markets and monitor the firm's risk profile. The Board must demonstrate that good corporate governance is not a box-ticking exercise by setting the right ethical tone from the top. The effectiveness of the Board is achieved through composition, induction, training, and a rigorous evaluation process. The effectiveness of the Board derives from the diverse range of skills and competences of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors who have exceptional degrees in banking, financial and broader professional and entrepreneurial experiences.

## Training and Induction

We recognise that being a Director is becoming increasingly more challenging. The Company has a Directors' Orientation and Continuous Education Policy which provides that Directors should be exposed to domestic and international trainings to improve their decision-making capacity, thereby contributing to the overall effectiveness of the Board.

New Directors are exposed to a personalised induction programme which includes one-on-one meetings with Executive Directors and Senior Executives responsible for our key business areas. Such sessions focus on the challenges, opportunities and risks facing the business areas. The induction programme covers an overview of the Strategic Business Units as well as Board processes and policies.

A new Director is provided with an induction pack containing charters of the various Board Committees, significant reports, important statutes and policies, minutes of previous Board meetings and a calendar of Board activities. Based on the recommendation of the Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board approves the annual training plan and budget for Directors while the Company Secretary ensures the implementation of the plan with regular reports to the Board.

During the period under review, the Directors attended the training programmes detailed below:

| S/N | NAME OF DIRECTOR              | TRAINING                                    | FACILITATOR             | DATE                 |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1.  | Ojinika Olaghere              | Portfolio Management                        | Chicago Booth           | June 9-13, 2025      |
| 2.  | Fatimah Bello-Ismail          | Making Corporate Boards More Effective      | Harvard Business School | November 12-15, 2025 |
| 3.  | Ibironke Adeyemi              | Audit Committees in a New Era of Governance | Harvard Business School | November 16-18, 2025 |
| 4.  | Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede        | Board Risk Masterclass                      | Olaniwun Ajayi LP       | November 20, 2025    |
|     | Abubakar Jimoh                |                                             | KPMG                    |                      |
|     | Olusegun Ogbonnewo            |                                             | PricewaterhouseCoopers  |                      |
|     | Ojinika Olaghere              |                                             | Deloitte & Touche       |                      |
|     | Fatimah Bello-Ismail          |                                             | Olaniwun Ajayi LP       |                      |
|     | Innocent C. Ike               |                                             | KPMG                    |                      |
|     | Bolaji Agbede                 |                                             |                         |                      |
|     | Olanrewaju Babatunde Bamisebi |                                             |                         |                      |

## Shareholders and Regulatory Engagement

The Board recognises the importance of a free flow of complete, adequate, and timely information to shareholders to enable them to make informed decisions and is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate disclosure. The implementation of our Investor Communication and Disclosure Policy helps the Board to understand shareholders' views. The Company's website, [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com) is regularly updated with both financial and non-financial information.

Shareholder's meetings are convened and held in an open manner in line with our Articles of Association and existing statutory and regulatory regimes, for the purpose of deliberating on issues affecting our strategic direction. The AGM is a medium for promoting interaction between the Board, management, and shareholders. Attendance at the Annual General Meeting is open to shareholders or their proxies, while proceedings at such meetings would be monitored by members of the press, representatives of the Nigerian Exchange Limited, the Central Bank of Nigeria, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company has a dedicated Investors Relations Unit that facilitates communication with shareholders and analysts on a regular basis and addresses their queries and concerns. Investors and stakeholders are frequently provided with information about the Company through various channels, including Quarterly Investors Conference Calls, the General Meeting, our website, the Annual Report and Accounts, Non-Deal Road Shows, and Investors Forum at Nigerian Exchange Limited.

The Board ensures that communication with the investing public about the Company and its subsidiaries is timely, factual, broadly disseminated, and accurate in accordance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Our reports and communication to shareholders and other stakeholders are in plain, readable, and understandable format. The Board ensures that shareholders' statutory and general rights are always protected, particularly their right to vote at general meetings. The Board also ensures that all shareholders are treated equally regardless of the size of their shareholding and social conditions. Our shareholders are encouraged to share in the responsibility of sustaining our corporate values by exercising their rights as protected by law.

## Access to Information and Resources

Management recognises the importance of ensuring the flow of complete, adequate and timely information to the Directors on an ongoing basis to enable them to make informed decisions in discharge of their responsibilities. There is ongoing engagement between Executive Management and the Board, and the Heads of Strategic Business Units attend Board meetings to make presentations. The Company's External Auditors attend the meetings of the Board Audit Committee and the Statutory Audit Committee to make presentation on the audit of the Company's Financial Statements. Directors have unrestricted access to Management and company information in addition to the necessary resources to carry out their responsibilities including access to external professional advice at the Company's expense in line with policy.

## Term of Office

The Company's Non-Executive Directors are appointed for an initial term of four years, and they can be re-elected for a maximum of two subsequent terms of four years each, subject to satisfactory performance and shareholders' approval. The Independent Non-Executive Directors are subject to a maximum tenure of eight years, while Executive Directors are appointed for an initial term of four years subject to a maximum cumulative tenure of twelve years in line with CBN's Corporate Governance Guidelines. Executive Directors are prohibited from holding other directorships outside the Group or investee companies.

## Separation of Roles

In line with best practice, the Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer's roles are assumed by different individuals to ensure the balance of power and authority. The Board can reach impartial decisions as its Non-Executive Directors are a blend of Independent and Non-Independent Directors with no shadow or Alternate Directors, thus ensuring that their independence is brought to bear on decisions of the Board.

## The Role of the Board

The principal responsibility of the Board is to promote the long-term success of the Company by creating and delivering sustainable shareholder value. The Board leads and provides direction for the Management by setting policy directions and strategy, and by overseeing their implementation. The Board seeks to ensure that Management delivers on both its long-term growth and short-term objectives, striking the right balance between both goals. In setting and monitoring the execution of our strategy, consideration is given to the impact that those decisions will have on the Company's obligations to various stakeholders, such as shareholders, employees, suppliers and the community in which we operate.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that robust systems of internal controls are maintained, and that Management maintains an effective risk management and oversight process across the Company so that growth is delivered in a controlled and sustainable way. In addition, the Board is responsible for determining and promoting the collective vision of the Company's purpose, values, culture and behaviours.

In carrying out its oversight functions, matters reserved for the Board include but are not limited to:

- Defining the business strategy and objectives.
- Formulating risk policies.
- Approval of quarterly, half yearly and full year financial statements.
- Approval of significant changes in accounting policies and practices.
- Appointment or removal of Directors and the Company Secretary.
- Approval of major acquisitions, divestments of operating companies, disposal of capital assets or capital expenditure.



- g. Approval of charter and membership of Board Committees.
- h. Setting of annual Board objectives and goals.
- i. Approval of allotment of shares.
- j. Approval of the framework for determining the policy and specific remuneration of Executive Directors.
- k. Monitoring delivery of the strategy and performance against plan.
- l. Reviewing and monitoring the performance of the GMD/CEO and the Executive team.
- m. Ensuring the maintenance of ethical standard and compliance with relevant laws.
- n. Performance appraisal and compensation of Board members and Senior Executives.
- o. Ensuring effective communication with shareholders.
- p. Ensuring the integrity of financial reports by promoting disclosure and transparency.
- q. Succession planning for key positions.

### The Role of the Chairman

The principal role of the Chairman is to provide leadership and direction to the Board. The Chairman is accountable to the Board and shareholders and liaises directly with the Board and the Management of the Company, through the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer. The positions of the Chairman and the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer are held by separate individuals.

More specifically, the duties and responsibilities of the Chairman are as follows:

- a. Primarily responsible for the effective operation of the Board and ensures that the Board works towards achieving the Company's strategic objectives.
- b. Setting the agenda for Board meetings in conjunction with the GMD/CEO and the Company Secretary.
- c. Approval of the Annual Board Activities Calendar.
- d. Playing a leading role in ensuring that the Board and its Committees have the relevant skills, competencies for their job roles.
- e. Ensuring that Board meetings are properly conducted and that the Board is effective and functions in a cohesive manner.
- f. Ensuring that the Directors receive accurate and clear information about the affairs of the Company in a timely manner to enable them to take sound decisions.
- g. Acting as the main link between the Board and the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer as well as advising the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on the effective discharge of his duties.
- h. Ensuring that all Directors focus on their key responsibilities and play constructive roles in the affairs of the Company.
- i. Ensuring that induction programmes are conducted for new Directors and continuing education programmes are

in place for all Directors.

- j. Ensuring effective communication with the Company's institutional shareholders and strategic stakeholders.
- k. Taking a leading role in the assessment, improvement, and development of the Board.
- l. Presiding over General Meetings of shareholders.

### The Role of Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

The Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer has the overall responsibility for leading the development and execution of the Company's long-term strategy, with a view to creating sustainable shareholder value. He manages the day-to-day operations and ensures that operations are consistent with the policies approved by the Board.

Specifically, the duties and responsibilities of the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer include the following:

- a. Acts as head of the Management team and is answerable to the Board.
- b. Responsible for ensuring that a culture of integrity and legal compliance is imbibed by personnel at all levels of the Company.
- c. Responsible for the Company's consistent achievement of its financial objectives and goals.
- d. Ensures that the Company's philosophy, vision, mission, and values are disseminated and practised throughout the Company.
- e. Ensures that the allocation of capital reflects the Company's risk management philosophy.
- f. Ensures that the Company's risks are controlled and managed effectively, optimally and in line with the Company's strategies and objectives.
- g. Serves as the Company's Chief Spokesman and ensures that it is properly presented to its various publics.
- h. Ensures that the Directors are provided with enough information to support their decision making.

### The Role of the Company Secretary

Directors have separate and independent access to the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is responsible for, amongst other things, ensuring that Board procedures are observed and that the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, plus relevant rules and regulations, are complied with. He also assists the Chairman and the Board in implementing and strengthening corporate governance practices and processes, with a view to enhancing long-term shareholder value. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in ensuring good information flow within the Board and its Committees and between Management and Non-Executive Directors.

The Company Secretary also facilitates the orientation of new Directors and coordinates their professional development. As

primary compliance officer for the Company's compliance with the listing rules of the Nigerian Exchange Limited, the Company Secretary is responsible for designing and implementing a framework for the Company's compliance with the listing rules, including advising Management on prompt disclosure of material information. The Company Secretary attends and prepares the minutes for all Board meetings. As secretary for all Board Committees, the Company Secretary assists in ensuring coordination and liaison between the Board, the Board Committees and Management. The Company Secretary also assists in the development of the agenda for the various Board and Board Committee meetings. The appointment and the removal of the Company Secretary are the exclusive preserve of the Board.

### Delegation of Authority

The ultimate responsibility for the Company's operations rests with the Board. The Board retains effective control through a well-developed Committee structure that provides in-depth focus on the Board's responsibilities. Each Board Committee has a written term of reference and presents regular reports to the Board on its activities. The Board delegates authority to the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer to manage the affairs of the Company within the parameters established by the Board from time to time. The Company also has in place a Delegation of Authority Policy that defines the limits of authority designated to specified positions of responsibility within the Company and establish the maximum obligations that may be approved by individuals and Committees. The approval of commitments and transactions must always be made by the parties that have been assigned approval authority.

### Board Meetings

The Board meets quarterly, and emergency meetings are convened as may be required. The Annual Calendar of Board and Committee meetings is approved by the Board in advance during the last quarter of the preceding year. Material decisions may be taken between meetings through written resolutions in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

All Directors are provided with notices, agenda, and meeting papers in advance of each meeting to enable Directors adequately prepare for the meeting. Where a Director is unable to attend a meeting, he/she is still provided with the relevant papers for the meeting. Such a Director also reserves the right to discuss with the Chairman any matter he/she may wish to raise at the meeting. Directors are also provided with regular updates on developments in the regulatory and business environment.

The Board in demonstration of its commitment to environmental sustainability operates a secure electronic portal: Diligent Board book, for the circulation of board documentation to members.

The Board met 13 times during the period under review.

The Board devoted considerable time and efforts on the following issues in 2025:

- Approval of the 2025 Full Year Audited Financial Statements
- Approval of top Management and Board appointments
- Approval of subsidiary expansion activities
- Review and approval of policies
- Approval of Notice of the 3rd Annual General Meeting.
- Approval of the Company's 2026 Budget
- Approval of revised Board Committee's Charters
- Approval of the Company's 2026 Results Release Calendar

### Board Meeting Attendance in 2025 Financial Year

The membership of the Board and attendance at meetings in 2025 are set out below:

| Type of Meeting        | Board Retreat | AGM       | EGM        | Board Meetings |          |           |           |           |           |          |            |            |            |           |            |            |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Date                   | 28/2/2025     | 15/5/2025 | 18/12/2025 | 30/1/2025      | 3/4/2025 | 29/4/2025 | 15/5/2025 | 18/6/2025 | 30/7/2025 | 7/8/2025 | 28/10/2025 | 20/11/2025 | 21/11/2025 | 8/12/2025 | 18/12/2025 | 27/12/2025 |
| Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Abubakar Jimoh         | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Ibironke Adeyemi*      | NM            | NM        | P          | NM             | NM       | NM        | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Fatimah Bello-Ismael   | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Ojinika Olaghere       | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo     | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Roosevelt Ogbonna**    | P             | P         | NM         | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | NM         | NM         | NM         | NM        | NM         | NM         |
| Oluseyi Kumapayi***    | P             | NM        | NM         | P              | NM       | NM        | NM        | NM        | NM        | NM       | NM         | NM         | NM         | NM        | NM         | NM         |
| Innocent C. Ike****    | NM            | NM        | P          | NM             | NM       | NM        | NM        | NM        | NM        | NM       | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Bolaji Agbede          | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |
| Olanrewaju Bamisebi    | P             | P         | P          | P              | P        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P        | P          | P          | P          | P         | P          | P          |

\*Approved by the CBN as an Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025

\*\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*\* Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective March 11, 2025

\*\*\*\* Approved by the CBN as Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025

#### Key

|           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| <b>P</b>  | Present    |
| <b>A</b>  | Absent     |
| <b>NM</b> | Non-Member |

## Board Committees

The Board exercises oversight responsibility through its standing committees, each of which has a charter that clearly defines its purpose, composition, structure, frequency of meetings, duties, tenure, and reporting lines to the Board. In line with best practice, the Chairman of the Board is not a member of any Committee.

The Board had six standing committees as of December 31, 2025, namely: the Board Audit Committee, the Board Digital and Information Technology Committee, the Board Finance and Investment Committee, the Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee, and the Board Risk Management Committee.

While the various Board committees have the authority to examine issues within their remit and report their decisions and/or recommendations to the Board, the ultimate responsibility for all matters lies with the Board.

## Reports of Board Committees

This section highlights the activities of the Board Committees in 2025.

### 1. Board Audit Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meetings as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                 | Designation     | 16/1/2025 | 28/1/2025 | 17/4/2025 | 10/7/2025 | 25/7/2025 | 9/10/2025 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Abubakar Jimoh       | Chairman        | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         |
| Ojinika Olaghere     | Vice-Chairman   | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         |
| Fatimah Bello-Ismail | Member          | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         | P         |
| Ibironke Adeyemi*    | Member/Chairman | NM        | NM        | NM        | P         | P         | P         |

\*Appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025 and Chairman of Board Audit Committee July, 2025

The Committee supports the Board in performing its oversight responsibility relating to the integrity of the Group's Financial Statements and the financial reporting process, as well as the independence and performance of the Group's Internal and External Auditors. It oversees the Group's system of internal control and the mechanism for receiving complaints regarding the Group's accounting and operating procedures.

During the review period, the Committee considered the Group's financial performance and recommended the revised Internal Audit Group Charter, Internal Audit Reports, and Chief Financial Officers Reports to the Board for approval.

The Committee met 6 times during the reporting period.

Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi is the Chairman of the Committee.

### 2. Board Digital & Information Technology Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meetings as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                 | Designation   | 17/1/2025 | 14/4/2025 | 11/7/2025 | 10/10/2025 | 29/12/2025 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Ojinika Olaghere     | Chairman      | P         | P         | P         | P          | P          |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo   | Vice-Chairman | P         | P         | P         | P          | P          |
| Fatimah Bello-Ismail | Member        | P         | P         | P         | P          | P          |
| Roosevelt Ogbonna*   | Member        | P         | P         | P         | NM         | NM         |
| Innocent C. Ike**    | Member        | NM        | NM        | NM        | P          | P          |
| Bolaji Agbede***     | Member        | P         | P         | P         | NM         | NM         |
| Olanrewaju Bamisebi  | Member        | P         | P         | P         | P          | P          |

\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*Approved by the CBN as Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025

\*\*\*Served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer from March 1, 2024, to August 29, 2025. She ceased to be a member of BDITC afterwards.

The Committee oversees the end-to-end digital delivery of the Group's products and services. The Committee receives regular

reports on the Group's digital ecosystem and customer experience and oversees the Group's IT strategy. The Committee monitors investments in the Group's IT infrastructure and support systems to ensure the safe and effective delivery of products and services.

The key issues considered by the Committee during the period included the reports on Information Technology, Information and Cyber Security, customer feedback, internal audit report on the Company's information technology and digital systems and 2026 IT budget.

The Committee met 5 times during the reporting period. Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere is the Chairman of the Committee.

### 3. Board Finance and Investment Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meetings as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                 | Designation   | 17/3/2025 | 3/3/2025 | 14/4/2025 | 11/7/2025 | 8/9/2025 | 10/10/2025 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Abubakar Jimoh       | Chairman      | P         | P        | P         | P         | P        | P          |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo   | Vice-Chairman | P         | P        | P         | P         | P        | P          |
| Fatimah Bello-Ismail | Member        | P         | P        | P         | P         | P        | P          |
| Roosevelt Ogbonna*   | Member        | P         | P        | P         | P         | NM       | NM         |
| Oluseyi Kumapayi**   | Member        | P         | P        | NM        | NM        | NM       | NM         |
| Ibironke Adeyemi***  | Member        | NM        | NM       | NM        | P         | P        | P          |
| Innocent C. Ike****  | Member        | NM        | NM       | NM        | NM        | P        | P          |
| Bolaji Agbede*****   | Member        | P         | P        | P         | P         | NM       | NM         |

\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective March 11, 2025

\*\*\* Approved by the CBN as an Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025

\*\*\*\*Approved by the CBN as Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025.

\*\*\*\*\*Served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer from March 1, 2024, to August 29, 2025. She ceased to be a member of BFIC afterwards

The Committee assists in monitoring the Group's strategy formulation and implementation process. It also oversees the Group's investment planning, execution and monitoring process. The key issues considered by the Committee during the period included the review of the Company's expansion strategies.

The Committee met 6 times during the reporting period.

Mr. Abubakar Jimoh is the Chairman of the Committee.

### 4. Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meeting as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                 | Designation   | 15/1/2025 | 16/4/2025 | 28/4/2025 | 9/7/2025 | 5/8/2025 | 8/10/2025 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Fatimah Bello-Ismail | Chairman      | P         | P         | P         | P        | P        | P         |
| Abubakar Jimoh       | Vice-Chairman | P         | P         | P         | P        | P        | P         |
| Ojinika Olaghere     | Member        | P         | P         | P         | P        | P        | P         |

The Committee advises the Board on its oversight responsibilities pertaining to governance, appointment, re-election, and removal of Directors. The Committee also advises the Board on issues relating to Directors' induction, training as well as Board performance evaluation. The Committee is responsible for recommending appropriate remuneration for Directors and other staff to the Board for approval.

The key decisions of the Committee in the reporting period were Board appointments, including subsidiary Board appointments, approval of policies, review of employee's remuneration and recommendation of directors training plan and budget.

The Committee met 6 times during the reporting period. Mrs. Fatimah Bello Ismail is the Chairman of the Committee.



## 5. Board Human Resources and Sustainability Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meetings as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                 | Designation   | 14/1/2025 | 15/4/2025 | 8/7/2025 | 7/10/2025 | 29/12/2025 |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|
| Ojinika Olaghere     | Chairman      | P         | P         | P        | P         | P          |
| Abubakar Jimoh       | Vice-Chairman | P         | P         | P        | P         | P          |
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo   | Member        | P         | P         | P        | P         | P          |
| Fatimah Bello-Ismail | Member        | P         | P         | P        | P         | P          |
| Roosevelt Ogbonna*   | Member        | P         | P         | P        | NM        | NM         |
| Ibironke Adeyemi**   | Member        | NM        | NM        | P        | P         | P          |
| Innocent C. Ike***   | Member        | NM        | NM        | NM       | P         | P          |
| Bolaji Agbede        | Member        | P         | P         | P        | P         | P          |

\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*Approved by the CBN as an Independent Non-Executive Director on April 15, 2025

\*\*\*Approved by the CBN Group Chief Executive Officer on August 22, 2025

The Committee advises the Board on its oversight responsibilities in relation to the Company's human resource policies, plans, processes, and procedures as well as sustainability practices.

During the review period, the Committee considered the Company's Human Resources and Sustainability reports and made recommendations to the Board.

The Committee met 5 times during the reporting period.

Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere is the Chairman of the Committee.

## 6. Board Risk Management Committee

The membership of the Committee and attendance at the meetings as of December 31, 2025, are as set out below:

| Name                | Designation   | 15/1/2025 | 16/4/2025 | 9/7/2025 | 9/10/2025 |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Olusegun Ogbonnewo  | Chairman      | P         | P         | P        | P         |
| Abubakar Jimoh      | Vice-Chairman | P         | P         | P        | P         |
| Ojinika Olaghere    | Member        | P         | P         | P        | P         |
| Roosevelt Ogbonna*  | Member        | P         | P         | P        | NM        |
| Oluseyi Kumapayi**  | Member        | P         | NM        | NM       | NM        |
| Ibironke Adeyemi*** | Member        | NM        | NM        | P        | P         |
| Innocent C. Ike**** | Member        | NM        | NM        | NM       | P         |
| Bolaji Agbede*****  | Member        | P         | P         | P        | NM        |

\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective August 7, 2025

\*\*Resigned as a Non-Executive Director effective March 11, 2025

\*\*\*Approved By CBN as GMD/CEO on August 22, 2025

\*\*\*\*Served as Acting Group Chief Executive Officer from March 1, 2024, to August 29, 2025. She ceased to be a member of BRMC afterwards

The Committee is responsible for oversight of the Group's risk management framework and advising the Board on the risk appetite as well as the risk culture and risk management strategy of the Group.

During the period under review, the Committee considered the quarterly macroeconomic report, and Chief Risk Officer's report.

The Committee met 4 times during the reporting period.

Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo is the Chairman of the Committee.

### Key

|           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| <b>P</b>  | Present    |
| <b>A</b>  | Absent     |
| <b>NM</b> | Non-Member |

## DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

Disclosure on Directors' interest in contracts are contained in page 80 of this report.

### Management Committee

The Management Committee (MANCO) is made up of the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer as Chairman, Executive Directors, and all Group Heads. The Committee is primarily responsible for the implementation of strategies approved by the Board and ensuring the efficient deployment of the Company's resources.

### Group Committee of CEOs of Subsidiaries

The Group Committee of CEOs of Subsidiaries of the Company supports Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer to guide and control the overall direction and success of the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries. The responsibilities are highlighted below:

- i. Ensuring effective implementation and alignment with the Group strategy by its subsidiaries.
- ii. Ensuring overall alignment of the business performance of the subsidiaries with the Company's overarching strategy and plans.
- iii. Reviewing strategic and business performance of the subsidiaries against the approved plan and budgets and agree recommendations for corrective actions.
- iv. Promoting the identification of synergies and ensuring the implementation of initiatives designed to deliver the synergies.
- v. Discussing and monitoring major reputation and brand management risk issues as they impact the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries.

### Statutory Audit Committee

In compliance with Section 404 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, the Company has a Statutory Audit Committee. The Committee is constituted to ensure its independence, which is fundamental to upholding stakeholders' confidence in the reliability of the Committee's report and the Group's Financial Statements. There is no Executive Director sitting on the Committee. The Chairman of the Committee is an ordinary shareholder, while the shareholders' representatives are independent and answerable to the shareholders.

The duties of the Committee are as enshrined in Section 404 (3) and (4) of CAMA 2020. The Committee is responsible for



ensuring that the Company's financials comply with applicable financial reporting standards.

### Composition

The composition of the Company's Statutory Audit Committee follows the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 and comprises three shareholders and 2 Non-Executive Directors, one of whom is an Independent Non-Executive Director while the other is independent of the management of the Company.

The profiles of the shareholders' representatives in the Committee in 2025 are as follows:



**Henry Omatsola Arago, FCA**  
Chairman, Statutory Audit Committee

Mr. Arago obtained his Higher National Diploma (Accounting) from Federal Polytechnic Auchi in 1981 and a master's degree in business administration from Ogun State University (1999). He qualified as a Chartered Accountant with the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) in 1985. He was admitted as an Associate Member of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria in March 1986 and subsequently qualified as a fellow of the Institute. He joined the Nigerian Ports Authority in 1982 and retired as General Manager Audit in 2005. He is presently the Managing Consultant of Henrose Consulting Limited and Managing Director Henrose Global Resources Limited.



**Idaere Gogo-Ogan**  
Member, Statutory Audit Committee

Mr. Ogan is a 1987 graduate of Economics from the University of Port Harcourt and holds a master's degree in international finance from Middlesex University, London. He joined the Corporate Banking Department of Guaranty

Trust Bank Plc in 1996. He left Guaranty Trust Bank to found D' Group, incorporating Becca Petroleum Limited and Valuestream and Cordero Engineering Ltd.

He is a Non-Executive Director of Coronation Merchant Bank Limited and Chairman of Coronation Registrars Limited.



**Akindele Gbogboade, FCA**  
Member, Statutory Audit Committee

Mr. Gbogboade holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Microbiology from Obafemi Awolowo University. He is also a member of the Chartered Institute of Taxation of Nigeria, and a Fellow of both the Institute of Chartered Accountants

of Nigeria and Chartered Institute of Procurement and Supply (CIPS) UK.

He is currently a Partner at Gbogboade Akindele and Co Chartered Accountants, and the Managing Director of Diversified Procurement Solutions Limited.

## Role and Focus of the Statutory Audit Committee

The duties of the Statutory Audit Committee are as enshrined in Section 404 (3) and (4) of CAMA. The statutory provisions are supplemented by the provision for the Codes of Corporate Governance issued by the CBN and SEC and are highlighted as follows:

- Ascertaining whether the accounting and reporting policies of the Company are in accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical practices.
- Reviewing the scope and planning of audit requirements.
- Reviewing the findings on management matters in conjunction with the external auditor and management's responses thereon.
- Keeping under review the effectiveness of the Company's system of accounting and internal control.
- Making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, removal and remuneration of the external auditors of the Company, ensuring the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and that there is no conflict of interest which could impair their independent judgement.
- Authorising the internal auditor to carry out investigations into any activity of the Company which may be of interest or concern to the Committee.
- Assisting in the oversight of the integrity of the Company's financial statements and establish and develop the internal audit function.

## Record of Attendance at Statutory Audit Committee Meetings as of 2025 FY

| Name                                                            | 28/01/2025 | 25/04/2025 | 25/07/2025 | 24/10/2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Henry Omatsola Aragho<br>Chairman<br>Shareholder representative | P          | P          | P          | P          |
| Idaere Gogo Ogan<br>Member<br>Shareholder representative        | P          | P          | P          | P          |
| Akindele Gbogboade<br>Member<br>Shareholder representative      | P          | P          | P          | P          |
| Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh<br>Member<br>Board representative      | P          | P          | P          | P          |
| Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere<br>Member<br>Board representative  | P          | P          | P          | P          |

## 2025 Audit Fee

The audit fee paid by the Company to KPMG, external auditors for the 2025 statutory audit was ₦100,000,000 while fees for non-audit services rendered to the Company during the year amounted to ₦35,500,000.

## Going Concern

The Directors confirm that after making appropriate enquiries, they have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

## External Auditors

Messrs KPMG acted as our external auditors for the 2025 financial year. The Board confirms that the Company has complied with the regulatory requirement as enshrined in the CBN and SEC Codes of Corporate Governance on the rotation of audit firm and audit partners. KPMG was appointed the Company's sole external auditors effective January 1, 2023.

## Succession Planning

The Board has a robust policy which is aligned to the Company's performance management process. The policy identifies key positions in respect of which there will be formal succession planning. The policy provides that potential candidates for positions shall be identified at the beginning of each financial year.

## Tenure of the Statutory Audit Committee

The tenure of each Committee member lasts from the date of election at an Annual General Meeting till the next. The membership may, however, be renewed through re-election at the next Annual General Meeting.

## Code of Ethics

The Company's Codes of Conduct specify expected behaviours for its employees and Directors. The Codes are designed to empower employees and Directors and enable effective decision making at all levels of the business according to defined ethical principles.

## Dealing in Company Securities

The Company implements a Securities Trading Policy that prohibits Directors, members of the Audit Committee, employees and all other insiders from abusing, or placing themselves under the suspicion of abusing price sensitive information in relation to its securities. In line with the policy, affected persons are prohibited from trading on the Company's security during a closed period which is usually announced by the Company Secretary. The Company has put in place a mechanism for monitoring compliance with the policy.

## Remuneration Policy

The Company has established a remuneration policy that seeks to attract and retain the best talent in countries that it operates. To achieve this, the Company seeks to position itself among the best performing and best employee rewarding companies in its industry in every market that it operates. This principle will act as a general guide for the determination of compensation in each country. The objective of the policy is to ensure that salary structures, including short- and long-term incentives, motivate sustained high performance and are linked to corporate performance. It is also designed to ensure that stakeholders can make reasonable assessment of our reward practices. The Company ensures that all local tax policies are complied with in its countries of operation.

Operating within the guidelines set by the principles above, compensation for country staff is based on the conditions in the local economic environment as well as the requirements of local labour laws. The Group Office usually commissions independent annual compensation surveys in the subsidiaries to obtain independent statistics the local markets pay to arrive at specific compensation structures for each country. Compensation will be determined annually at the end of the financial year.

Total compensation provided to employees will typically include

guaranteed and variable portions. The specific proportion of each will be defined at the country level. Guaranteed pay will include base pay and other guaranteed portions while variable pay may be both performance-based and discretionary.

The Company has put in place a performance bonus scheme which seeks to attract and retain high-performing employees. Awards to individuals are based on the job level, business unit performance and individual performance. Other determinants of the size of individual award amounts include pay levels for each skill set which may be influenced by the relative dearth of skills in an area.

The Company complies with the Pension Reform Act on the provision of retirement benefit to employees at all levels. The Company also operates an Employee Performance Share Plan for the award of units of its shares to its employees, subject to terms and conditions determined by the Board of Directors.

Furthermore, the Company has developed a Remuneration Policy for Non-Executive Directors to ensure fair, transparent compensation that aligns with regulatory standards and the organisation's long-term interests. The policy seeks to attract and retain qualified directors whilst upholding sound governance practices. The process involves the Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewing recommendations before submission by the Board to shareholders for approval at the General Meeting.

Remuneration principles are benchmarked against comparable organisations, typically targeting the 80th percentile to secure highly skilled directors, with adjustments reflecting company-specific circumstances and regular competitiveness reviews. Remuneration components for directors comprise fees, sitting allowances, and reimbursement for travel and accommodation expenses.

Restrictions are in place to safeguard independence and align directors' interests with those of shareholders. Non-Executive Directors do not receive performance-related pay, share options, severance, or pension benefits. They may acquire company shares in line with long-term incentives, subject to a recommended retention period post-tenure to maintain alignment.

The policy is reviewed annually to ensure relevance and compliance, with remuneration details disclosed in the Annual Report. The option to engage independent consultants for remuneration advice is also available.

## Whistle-Blowing Procedure

The Company expects all its employees and Directors to observe the highest level of probity in their dealings with the Company and its stakeholders. Our Whistle-Blowing structure covers internal and external whistle-blowers and extends to the conduct of the stakeholders including employees, vendors, and customers. It provides the framework for reporting suspected breaches of the Company's internal policies and laws and regulations.

The Company has engaged Deloitte to provide consulting assistance in the implementation of the policy. The policy provides that suspected wrongdoing by an employee, vendor, supplier or consultant may be reported through the Company's or Deloitte's Ethics lines or emails, details of which are provided below.

### Internal Channels:

Email: [Whistleblower@accessholdingsplc.com](mailto:Whistleblower@accessholdingsplc.com)

### External Channels:

**Toll-free Hotline:** 0800TIP-OFFS (0800 847 6337)

**Email:** [tip-offs@deloitte.com.ng](mailto:tip-offs@deloitte.com.ng)

**Web Portal Link:** <https://tip-offs.deloittemanagedsolutions.com.ng/>

**Mobile App:** **Deloitte Tip-Offs Anonymous App**

Available on Google Play Store for Android and App Store for Apple

In addition to the foregoing, stakeholders may also report unethical practices to the Central Bank of Nigeria via [anticorruptionunit@cbn.gov.ng](mailto:anticorruptionunit@cbn.gov.ng).



## Shared Services Framework

The Group operates a Shared Services model designed to ensure standardised governance practices, uniform operational processes, and drive synergies and operational efficiency across its businesses. The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) has approved six core shared services, covering:

1. Human Resources
2. Procurement
3. Company Secretariat Services
4. Risk and Compliance
5. Corporate Communications and Branding Services
6. Information Technology and Digital Services

In line with the disclosure requirements of the CBN Guidelines on Shared Services, the Group has executed formal agreements with its subsidiaries, delivering shared services to the Banking Group, AccessARM Pensions, Hydrogen Payment Services, Oxygen X, and Access Insurance Brokerage businesses. These agreements have been duly approved by the Board of Directors. The Board Audit Committee provides ongoing oversight to ensure strict adherence to regulatory requirements and sound governance practices.

## Customer Complaints and Resolution

The Company in line with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commissions has implemented Investors Enquiries and Complaints Management Policy.

## Highlights of The Company's Clawback Policy

The objective of the Clawback policy is to recover excess and undeserved rewards such as bonuses, incentives, profit sharing and other performance-based compensation from current and former Executives and applicable Senior Management employees.

The policy would be triggered if the Company's financial performance on which the reward was based is discovered to be materially false, misstated, erroneous or in instances of misdemeanour, fraud, material violation of the Company's policy or regulatory infractions.

The Executives, Chief Financial Officer and applicable senior management employee must have served the Company during the 'look back period and incentives paid to them must have

been tied to a financial parameter. The policy applies to any incentive-based compensation paid during any of the three fiscal completed years immediately preceding the date the Company is required to restate its financial results (look back period), meaning the earlier of:

- i. The date that the Audit Committee concludes that the Company's previously issued financial statement contains a material error or;
- ii. The date on which a court, regulator or other similarly authorised body causes the Company to restate its financial information to correct a material error.

## Highlights of Sustainability Policies

The Company's sustainability vision and strategy are underpinned by international principles, frameworks and standards that support the design of best-in-class local policies that enable effective mainstreaming of sustainability in the Company for strategic growth and long-term success. The Company's policies and frameworks facilitate the achievement of its vision. The strict adherence to these policies is one of the ways to ensure the Company remains a responsible corporate citizen.

## Statement of Compliance

We hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge that the Company has complied with the following Codes of Corporate Governance and Listing Standards

1. The Securities and Exchange Commission Corporate Governance Guidelines
2. The Central Bank of Nigeria's Corporate Governance Guidelines for Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria
3. The Financial Reporting Council's Nigerian Code of Corporate Governance
4. The Nigerian Exchange Rules for Listing on the Premium Board
5. The Post-Listing Rules of the Nigerian Exchange Limited

Save that in the event of any conflict regarding the provisions of the respective Codes and Rules, the Company will defer to the provisions of the CBN Corporate Governance Guidelines as the CBN is its primary regulator.

**Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede, CFR**  
Chairman

**Sunday Ekwochi**  
Company Secretary

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

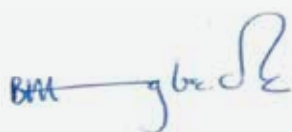
## Statement of directors' responsibilities in relation to the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025

The directors accept responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and Group as at 31 December 2025 and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended, in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards) and in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011 (Amended).

The directors further accept responsibility for maintaining adequate accounting records as required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

The directors have made an assessment of the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the Group and Company will not remain a going concern in the year ahead.

### SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS BY:



**Bolaji Olaitan Agbede**

Executive Director

FRC/2024/PRO/DIR/003/480085

February 20, 2026



**Innocent C. Ike, FCA, FCIB**

Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

FRC/2016/PRO/00000014597

February 20, 2026

# REPORT OF THE STATUTORY AUDIT COMMITTEE

## To the members of Access Holdings Plc:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 404(1) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria, the members of the Statutory Audit Committee of Access Holdings Plc hereby report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 as follows:

We have exercised our statutory functions under section 404(7) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria and acknowledge the co-operation of management and staff in the conduct of these responsibilities.

We are of the opinion that the accounting and reporting policies of the Company and Group are in agreement with legal requirements and agreed ethical practices and that the scope and planning of both the external and internal audits for the year ended 31 December 2025 were satisfactory and reinforce the Group's internal control systems.

We are satisfied that the Company has complied with the provisions of Central Bank of Nigeria Circular BSD/1/2004 dated 18 February 2004 on "Disclosure of insider related credits in the financial statements of banks". We hereby confirm that an aggregate amount of ₦131.8million was outstanding in the bank which is a subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2025 (December 2024: ₦11.8million) and was performing as at 31 December 2025 (see note 45)

We have deliberated on the findings of the external auditors who have confirmed that necessary cooperation was received from management in the course of their audit and we are satisfied with management's responses thereon and with the effectiveness of the Company's system of accounting and internal control.

**Mr. Henry Omatsola Aragho**

Chairman, Audit Committee

FRC/2017/PRO/ICAN/002/00000016270

February 20, 2026

## Members of the Audit Committee are:

|   |                                        |             |          |
|---|----------------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| 1 | Mr. Henry Omatsola Aragho, FCA         | Shareholder | Chairman |
| 3 | Mr. Idaere Gogo Ogan                   | Shareholder | Member   |
| 4 | Mr. Gbogboade Akindele, FCA            | Shareholder | Member   |
| 4 | Mr. Abubakar Aribidesi Jimoh, CFA      | Director    | Member   |
| 5 | Mrs. Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere, FCA | Director    | Member   |

## In attendance:

Sunday Ekwochi – Company Secretary

# STATEMENT OF CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

## Statement of corporate responsibility for the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025

Further to the provisions of section 405 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA), 2020, we, the Executive Director and Head, Financial Reporting, hereby certify the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2025 as follows:

- a. That we have reviewed the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2025.
- b. That the audited financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact which would make the statements misleading, in the light of the circumstances under which such statement was made.
- c. That the audited financial statements and all other financial information included in the statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Group as of and for, the year ended 31 December 2025.
- d. That we are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and have designed such internal controls to ensure that material information relating to the Group is made known to the officer by other officers of the companies, during the year ended 31 December 2025.
- e. That we have evaluated the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls prior to the date of the audited financial statements.
- f. That there were no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our evaluation, including any corrective action with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.
- g. That we have disclosed the following information to the Group's Auditors:
  - there are no significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the Group's ability to record, process, summarise and report financial data, and have identified for the Group's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls, and
  - there is no fraud that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Group's internal control.



**Muideen Opawuyi**  
Head, Financial Reporting  
FRC/2025/PRO/ICAN/001/986726  
**February 20, 2026**



**Innocent C. Ike, FCA, FCIB**  
Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer  
FRC/2016/PRO/00000014597  
**February 20, 2026**



# CUSTOMERS' COMPLAINTS AND FEEDBACK

Access Holdings Plc is fully committed to its core value of passion for customers. The group prides itself on providing exceptional services to customers at all times. At the same time, given the number and complexity of financial transactions that take place every day, the Group recognises that there will inevitably be occasions when mistakes and misunderstandings occur. In these situations, Access Bank encourages customers to bring their concerns to the attention of the Group for prompt resolution. In addition, deliberate efforts are made to solicit customers' feedback on its products and services.

## Complaints Channels

In order to facilitate seamless complaint and feedback process, the Bank has provided various channels for customers. These include:

- 24 hour contact centre with feedback through emails, telephone, SMS, Livechat, Social Media etc.
- Feedback portal on the Bank's website
- Customer service desks in over 300 branches and toll-free telephone lines to the office of the Group Managing Director in the banking halls of key branches.
- Correspondence from customers
- The Voice of Customer Solution
- The Ombudsman desk

## Complaints Handling

We handle customer complaints with sensitivity and in due regard for the needs and understanding of each complainant. Efforts are made to resolve customer's complaints at first level. Where this cannot be done, they are immediately referred to the appropriate persons for resolution. All complaints are logged and tracked for resolution and feedback is provided to the customer.

## Resolve or Refer Command Centre

The 'Resolve or Refer' command centre serves to encourage timely service delivery and First Time Resolution (FTR) of customer issues. The 'Resolve or Refer Command Centre' which is being run by a senior management staff has the mandate to ensure that most customer issues are resolved same day. The command centre provides support to all our departments and branches on issue resolution.

## Complaints Tracking and Reporting

We diligently track complaint information for continuous improvement of our processes and services. An independent review of the root cause of complaints made is carried out and lessons learnt are fed back to the relevant business units to avoid future repetition. Customer complaint metrics are analysed and reports presented to Executive Management and the Operational Risk Management committee. Reports on customer complaints are also sent to the Central Bank as required.

### ACCESS BANK PLC's CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS FOR THE YEAR 31 DECEMBER 2025

| NAIRA |                                                         |           |           |                    |                 |                     |               |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| S/N   | DESCRIPTION                                             | NUMBER    |           | AMOUNT CLAIMED (₦) |                 | AMOUNT REFUNDED (₦) |               |
|       |                                                         | Dec-25    | Dec-24    | Dec-25             | Dec-24          | Dec-25              | Dec-24        |
| 1     | Pending complaints B/F                                  | 24,423    | 33,382    | 15,992,802,422     | 28,479,861,074  | -                   | -             |
| 2     | Received Complaints                                     | 3,055,829 | 3,205,348 | 424,095,956,059    | 472,932,147,342 | -                   | -             |
| 3     | Resolved complaints                                     | 3,073,677 | 3,214,307 | 439,703,242,378    | 485,419,205,995 | 1,006,745,283       | 1,350,494,760 |
| 4     | Unresolved Complaints escalated to CBN for intervention | -         | -         | -                  | -               | -                   | -             |
| 5     | Unresolved complaints pending with the bank C/F         | 6,575     | 24,423    | 385,516,102        | 15,992,802,422  | -                   | -             |

| USD |                                                         |        |        |                      |               |                       |        |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------|
| S/N | DESCRIPTION                                             | NUMBER |        | AMOUNT CLAIMED (USD) |               | AMOUNT REFUNDED (USD) |        |
|     |                                                         | Dec-25 | Dec-24 | Dec-25               | Dec-24        | Dec-25                | Dec-24 |
| 1   | Pending complaints B/F                                  | 569    | 768    | 110,324,843          | 182,738,669   | -                     | -      |
| 2   | Received Complaints                                     | 18,710 | 20,311 | 1,837,433,021        | 8,395,757,162 | -                     | -      |
| 3   | Resolved complaints                                     | 18,944 | 20,510 | 1,947,698,795        | 8,468,170,988 | -                     | 1,374  |
| 4   | Unresolved Complaints escalated to CBN for intervention | -      | -      | -                    | -             | -                     | -      |
| 5   | Unresolved complaints pending with the bank C/F         | 335    | 569    | 59,069               | 110,324,843   | -                     | -      |

| GBP |                                                         |        |        |                      |            |                       |        |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------|
| S/N | DESCRIPTION                                             | NUMBER |        | AMOUNT CLAIMED (GBP) |            | AMOUNT REFUNDED (GBP) |        |
|     |                                                         | Dec-25 | Dec-24 | Dec-25               | Dec-24     | Dec-25                | Dec-24 |
| 1   | Pending complaints B/F                                  | -      | 2      | -                    | -          | -                     | -      |
| 2   | Received Complaints                                     | 228    | 257    | 8,581,681            | 56,973,907 | -                     | -      |
| 3   | Resolved complaints                                     | 227    | 259    | 8,576,549            | 56,973,907 | -                     | -      |
| 4   | Unresolved Complaints escalated to CBN for intervention | -      | -      | -                    | -          | -                     | -      |
| 5   | Unresolved complaints pending with the bank C/F         | 1      | -      | 5,133                | -          | -                     | -      |

| EUR |                                                         |        |        |                      |             |                       |        |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------|
| S/N | DESCRIPTION                                             | NUMBER |        | AMOUNT CLAIMED (EUR) |             | AMOUNT REFUNDED (EUR) |        |
|     |                                                         | Dec-25 | Dec-24 | Dec-25               | Dec-24      | Dec-25                | Dec-24 |
| 1   | Pending complaints B/F                                  | -      | -      | -                    | -           | -                     | -      |
| 2   | Received Complaints                                     | 382    | 401    | 1,898,819            | 268,583,254 | -                     | -      |
| 3   | Resolved complaints                                     | 350    | 401    | 1,898,819            | 268,583,254 | -                     | -      |
| 4   | Unresolved Complaints escalated to CBN for intervention | -      | -      | -                    | -           | -                     | -      |
| 5   | Unresolved complaints pending with the bank C/F         | 32     | -      | -                    | -           | -                     | -      |

### Solicited Customer Feedback

Deliberate efforts are made to solicit feedback from customers and staff on the services and products of the bank through the following:

- Questionnaires
- Customer interviews
- Customers forum
- Quest for Excellence Sessions (for staff)
- Voice of Customer Surveys

The various feedback efforts are coordinated by our Service and innovation Group

The feedback obtained from customers are reviewed and lessons learnt are used for staff training and service improvement across the Group.

# REPORTS ON FRAUD AND FORGERIES

This report represents the fraud and forgery incidents that occurred during the year. It is a summation of attempted and successful fraud incidents. The actual loss that was incurred by the Bank for the year was ₦1.24Bn (December 2024: ₦1.69bn).

## December 2025

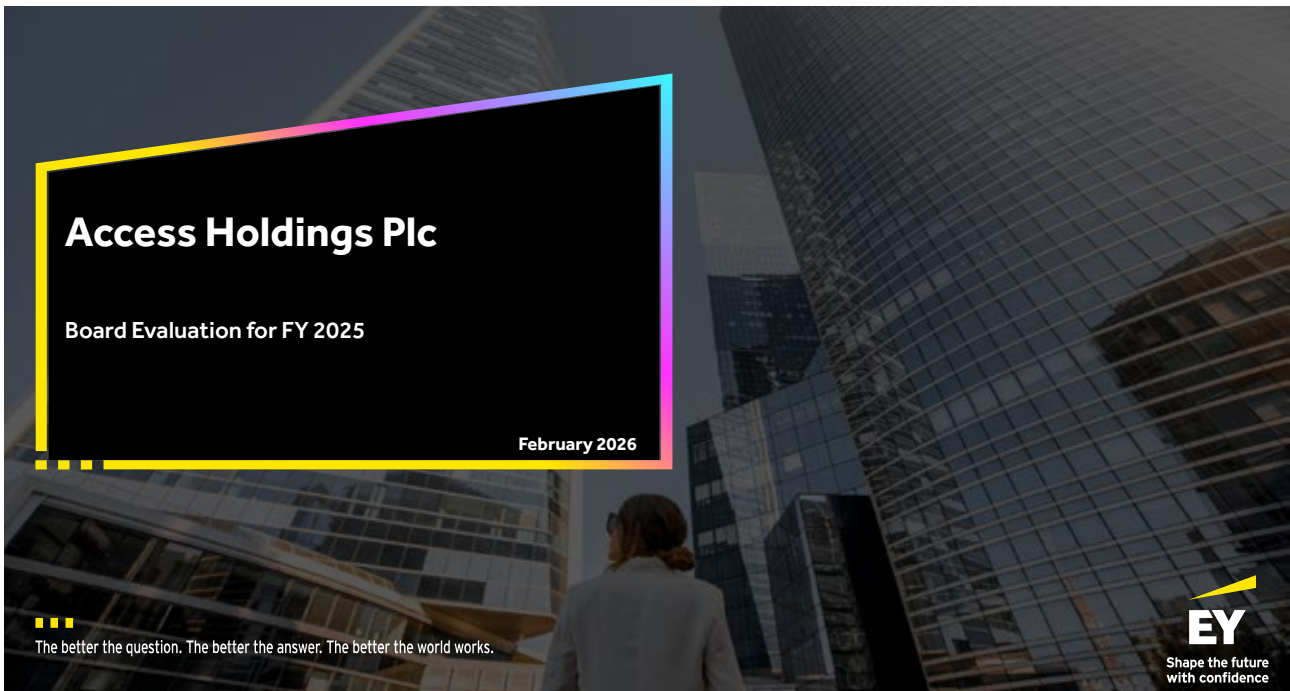
| S/N          | Category                                                       | Frequency    | Successful               |                      |                | Unsuccessful |                          |                      |          |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------|
|              |                                                                |              | Amount involved<br>₦'000 | Actual Loss<br>₦'000 | % Loss         | Frequency    | Amount involved<br>₦'000 | Actual loss<br>₦'000 | % Loss   |
| 1            | Electronic Fraud/USSD                                          | 5,931        | 1,419,662                | 465,422              | 37.65%         | 1,122        | 513,043                  | -                    | -        |
| 2            | Cash Theft/ Suppression/<br>Pilferage/Dry posting              | 26           | 204,785                  | 176,907              | 14.31%         | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 3            | Fraudulent Transfer/<br>Withdrawals/Reactivation of<br>account | 13           | 688,661                  | 587,840              | 47.56%         | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 4            | Fraudulent cash Lodgement                                      | 2            | 12,000                   | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 5            | Armed Robbery                                                  | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 6            | Cyber Attack                                                   | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 7            | Clearing                                                       | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 8            | Presentation of Forged<br>Instrument                           | 9            | 841,610                  | 5,956                | 0.48%          | 4            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 9            | Fraudulent manipulation of<br>"Form M"                         | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 10           | Fraudulent diversion of funds                                  | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 11           | Electronic Fraud/<br>Cybersecurity                             | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | 1,448        | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 12           | Electronic Fraud/wallet/<br>Suspicious wallet                  | -            | -                        | -                    | 0.00%          | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| <b>TOTAL</b> |                                                                | <b>5,981</b> | <b>3,166,718</b>         | <b>1,236,125</b>     | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>2,574</b> | <b>513,043</b>           | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b> |

## December 2024

| S/N          | Category                                                       | Frequency     | Successful               |                      |             | Unsuccessful |                          |                      |          |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------|
|              |                                                                |               | Amount involved<br>₦'000 | Actual Loss<br>₦'000 | % Loss      | Frequency    | Amount involved<br>₦'000 | Actual loss<br>₦'000 | % Loss   |
| 1            | Electronic Fraud/USSD                                          | 11,348        | 1,440,294                | 120,529              | 7.1%        | 526          | 124,463                  | -                    | -        |
| 2            | Cash Theft/ Suppression/<br>Pilferage/Dry posting              | 19            | 231,785                  | 201,882              | 11.9%       | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 3            | Fraudulent Transfer/<br>Withdrawals/Reactivation of<br>account | 30            | 1,631,309                | 1,236,031            | 73.1%       | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 4            | Fraudulent cash Lodgement                                      | 1             | 2,349                    | 1,849                | 0.1%        | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 5            | Armed Robbery                                                  | 1             | 52,910                   | 52,910               | 3.1%        | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 6            | Cyber Attack                                                   | -             | -                        | -                    | -           | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 7            | Clearing                                                       | 4             | 15,450                   | 9,750                | 0.6%        | 1            | 22,840                   | -                    | -        |
| 8            | Presentation of Forged<br>Instrument                           | 7             | 129,849                  | 67,862               | 4.0%        | 6            | 2,000                    | -                    | -        |
| 9            | Fraudulent manipulation of<br>"Form M"                         | -             | -                        | -                    | -           | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 10           | Fraudulent diversion of funds                                  | -             | -                        | -                    | -           | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 11           | Electronic Fraud/<br>Cybersecurity                             | -             | -                        | -                    | -           | 1,313        | -                        | -                    | -        |
| 12           | Electronic Fraud/wallet/<br>Suspicious wallet                  | -             | -                        | -                    | -           | -            | -                        | -                    | -        |
| <b>TOTAL</b> |                                                                | <b>11,410</b> | <b>3,503,946</b>         | <b>1,690,813</b>     | <b>100%</b> | <b>1,846</b> | <b>149,303</b>           | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b> |

## Reports to National Pension Commission (PENCOM) on Fraud and Forgeries

This report represents the fraud and forgery incidents that occurred during the year. It is a summation of attempted and successful fraud incidents. We have nil report on this.



## Report of External Consultants on the Board Performance Evaluation of Access Holdings Plc

We have performed the evaluation of the Board of Access Holdings Plc for the year ended 2025 in accordance with the CBN Corporate Governance Guidelines 2023 (CBN CGG 2023) and the FRC Nigerian Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (FRC NCCG 2018).

The FRC NCCG 2018 Section 14 states that Annual Board Evaluation assesses how each Director, the Committees of the Board and the Board are committed to their roles, work together and continue to contribute effectively to the achievement of the Company's objectives. Sub-Section 15.2 of the FRC NCCG states that the summary of the report of this evaluation should be included in the Company's annual report and on the investors' portal. The CBN CGG 2023 Section 10 states that there shall be an annual appraisal of the Board, its Committees, Chairman and individual Directors covering all aspects of the Board structure, composition, responsibilities, processes, and relationships, as may be prescribed by the CBN from time to time.

Our approach included the review of Access Holdings Plc's Corporate Governance framework, and all relevant policies and procedures. We obtained written representation through online questionnaires administered to the Board members and conducted one on one interviews with the Directors of the Company.

The appraisal is limited in nature, and as such may not necessarily disclose all significant matters about the Company or reveal irregularities in the underlying information.

Based on our work, and as noted below, the Board of Access Holdings Plc has complied with the requirements of Sections 10.1 and 10.3 of the CBN CGG 2023 and Sections 14.1 and 15.1 of FRC NCCG 2018 during the year ended 31st December 2025.

Specific recommendations for the further improvement of Access Holdings Plc's Corporate Governance practices have been articulated and included in our detailed report to the Board. These recommendations cover the following areas: Strategy and Board Risk Management Activities.

For: Ernst & Young

**Abiodun Ogunoiki, CFA**

Partner and Head, Financial Services Risk Management, EY West Africa  
FRC/2013/PRO/DIR/003/00000000794





# RISK MANAGEMENT

An Overview of Our Risk Management Activities

## 05

|                                                                                     |                                        |     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----|
|  | Enterprise-Wide Risk Management        | 111 |
|                                                                                     | Credit Risk Management                 | 114 |
|                                                                                     | Operational Risk Management            | 115 |
|                                                                                     | Market Risk Management                 | 116 |
|                                                                                     | Liquidity Risk Management              | 117 |
|                                                                                     | Capital Risk Management                | 117 |
|                                                                                     | Compliance Risk Management             | 118 |
|                                                                                     | Environmental & Social Risk Management | 119 |
|                                                                                     | Reputational Risk Management           | 120 |
|                                                                                     | Strategic Risk Management              | 121 |
|                                                                                     | Economic Intelligence                  | 121 |

The global economy remained resilient through 2025 despite the pressures of restrictive trade policies, geopolitical tensions and heightened policy uncertainty. Activity was supported by favourable financial conditions, steady consumer spending, stable global trade and sustained investment in technology-driven sectors, helping maintain momentum even as regional conditions differed.

Increased investment in artificial intelligence, digital infrastructure and advanced manufacturing helped cushion the impact of trade-related disruptions. Fiscal and monetary policies were generally supportive, and continued adjustments in global supply chains strengthened the ability of firms to respond to shifting conditions. Inflation eased across many markets and became more stable, although progress was uneven.

Advanced economies experienced mixed performance. Policy uncertainty and trade friction created a cautious operating environment, but some markets still outperformed expectations due to stronger domestic conditions and the adaptability of businesses to shifting global demand. Variations across economies reflected differences in their industrial structures and exposure to global trade patterns.

Emerging markets continued to adjust effectively to a changing global landscape. Sub-Saharan Africa saw a firmer recovery, supported by policy reforms that improved commodity output and strengthened macroeconomic stability. Nonetheless,

persistent structural challenges, tight financing conditions and climate-related risks continue to weigh on the region's medium-term outlook.

Nigeria's economy recorded notable improvement in 2025. Higher oil production and continued growth in manufacturing, agriculture and services supported stronger overall activity. Reforms across monetary, fiscal and foreign exchange management helped restore investor confidence and reinforce macroeconomic stability. Inflation eased significantly as food supply improved, the exchange rate environment stabilised, and the effects of earlier monetary tightening became more visible.

At Access Holdings Plc, we view the shifting economic landscape as an opportunity to strengthen our capabilities and reinforce resilience across the Group. Our confidence is anchored in our disciplined risk management approach, continued investment in digital and technological innovation, the strength of our people, and our presence across diversified markets with favourable outlooks. These pillars position us to capture emerging opportunities and maintain our competitive advantage as we deepen our footprint across regions.

We take pride in the talent we have developed over the years and in our proactive, integrated approach to risk, an approach that enables agility, foresight, and responsiveness in a rapidly evolving environment. Our strategy remains rooted in our purpose: to create a positive impact in Africa.



## ENTERPRISE-WIDE RISK MANAGEMENT

With our promise to be the world's most respected African Financial Services Group, our Enterprise-Wide Risk Management (ERM) Policy is hinged on establishing risk oversight, monitoring, and reporting that fosters enterprise-wide risk integration. The ERM policy ensures that Access Holdings Plc (The Company) strives for sustainable financial success while strengthening its relationship with diverse stakeholders.

We apply a bespoke risk management framework in identifying, assessing, monitoring, controlling, and reporting the inherent and residual risks associated with the pursuit of these ambitions and ensuring they are achieved optimally.

Risk strategies and policies are set and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. These policies, which define acceptable levels of risk for day-to-day operations as well as the willingness of the Company to assume risk, weighed against the expected rewards, are detailed in the Enterprise-Wide Risk Management (ERM) Policy. ERM is a structured approach to identifying opportunities, assessing the risk inherent in these opportunities, and actively managing these risks. Specific policies are also in place for managing risks in the different core risk areas, including credit, compliance, market, operational, liquidity, strategic, reputational risks, information and cybersecurity, payment system risks, and investment risks.

The Company's overall risk tolerance is established in the context of our earning power, capital, and diversified business model. On the other hand, the organisational structure and business strategy are aligned with our risk management philosophy.

The Company regularly reviews risk exposure limits, risk control, and self-assessment and conducts scenario analysis to position itself against adverse events. These are invaluable tools that are used to predict and successfully manage both local and global shocks. To manage market volatility and economic uncertainties, the company regularly subjects its exposures to stress tests across various products, currencies, portfolios, and customer segments.

The Risk Management Division is part of the second line of defence. It supports the Company's risk policy through oversight of the subsidiaries by constantly monitoring risk to identify and quantify significant risk exposures and acting upon such exposures as necessary.

Our Risk Management practices are also cascaded across the Company. Each Subsidiary has unique risks and an overall governance framework to manage these risks.

Access Holdings Plc approaches risk, capital, and value management in a comprehensive and integrated manner, and we believe that our initiatives and practices have positioned us at the leading edge of risk management.

## RISK MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHY, CULTURE, APPETITE, AND OBJECTIVES



Access Holdings Risk Management's philosophy and culture remain fundamental to delivering our strategic objectives and are at the core of the Company's operating structure. We seek to limit adverse variations in earnings and capital by managing risk exposures within our moderate risk appetite. Our risk management approach includes minimising undue exposure concentrations, limiting potential losses from stress events, and prudent liquidity management.

The Company's risk-conscious management process across all the subsidiaries will continue to achieve desired results as evidenced by improved risk ratios and independent risk ratings. Also, in line with our core value of excellence, the Risk Management groups are continuously evolving and improving, given the context that all market developments, including those of extreme nature, need to be anticipated and planned for.

Executive Management has remained closely involved with significant risk management initiatives, which have focused on preserving appropriate levels of asset quality, liquidity, and capital while optimising the risk portfolios.

Risk management is fundamental to the Company's decision-making and management process. It is embedded in the role of all employees via the organisational culture, thus enhancing the quality of strategic, capital allocation, and day-to-day business decisions.

Access Holdings Plc considers risk management philosophy and culture as the set of shared beliefs, values, attitudes, and practices that characterise how it considers risk in everything it does, from strategy development and implementation to its day-to-day activities. In this regard, the Company's risk management philosophy is that a moderate and guarded risk attitude ensures sustainable growth in shareholder value and reputation.

The Company believes that enterprise-wide risk management provides superior capabilities to identify and assess the full spectrum of risks and enables staff at all levels to better understand and manage risks. Enterprise-wide risk management ensures that:

- Risk acceptance is done in a responsible manner.
- Uncertain outcomes are better anticipated.
- Accountability is strengthened.
- Stewardship is enhanced.

The Company identifies the following attributes as guiding principles for its risk culture.

- a. Management and staff.
  - Consider all forms of risks in decision-making
  - Work with the subsidiaries to create and evaluate their risk profiles to consider what is best for each business and what is optimal for the Company.
  - Adopt a portfolio view of risk in addition to understanding individual risk elements.
  - Retain ownership and accountability for risk and risk management at the business unit or other points of influence.
  - Accept that enterprise-wide risk management is mandatory and not optional.
  - Document and report all significant risks and enterprise-wide risk management deficiencies.
  - Adopt a holistic and integrated approach to risk management and bring all risk reporting together under a simple point of truth.
  - Empower risk officers to perform their duties professionally and independently without undue interference.
  - Ensure a clearly defined risk management governance structure
  - Strive to maintain a conservative balance between risk and profit considerations
  - Continue to demonstrate appropriate standards of behaviour in the development of strategy and pursuit of objectives.
- b. Risk officers partner with other stakeholders within and outside the company in each entity and are guided in exercising their powers by a deep sense of responsibility, professionalism, and respect for other parties.
- c. The Company ensures the entities partner with their customers to improve their attitude to risk management and encourage them to build a corporate governance culture into their business management.
- d. Risk management is governed by well-defined policies, which are communicated across the Company.
- e. Equal attention is paid to both quantifiable and non-quantifiable risks.
- f. The Company avoids products and businesses it does not understand.

## GROUP RISK OVERSIGHT APPROACH

Managing risk is a fundamental part of all businesses. Access Holdings Plc operates risk as part of a long-term resilience strategy. Risk management is embedded in all levels of the Company and is part of the daily business activities and strategic planning to have a sustainable competitive advantage.

Each year, the Company identifies and sets its key risk priorities, starting from the Board and cascading through Management. As part of our risk culture, we take a close and deliberate look at the most significant risks, examining how severe they are, the potential impact they may have on our business, and the strength of the mitigation measures in place. This ensures we stay proactive and protect the organisation from potential losses.

To achieve our risk management objectives, the Company relies on a risk management framework comprising risk policies and procedures formulated for assessing, measuring, monitoring, and reporting risks, including limits set to manage the exposure to quantifiable risks. The Company recognises that effective risk management is based on a sound risk culture, which is characterised, amongst others, by a high level of awareness concerning the organisation's risk management.

Our risk governance framework, of which the risk appetite framework is a significant element, ensures the appropriate oversight and accountability for effectively managing risk. Our oversight starts with the strategy setting and business planning process. These plans help us articulate our risk appetite, which is set as risk appetite limits for each subsidiary.

We actively promote a strong risk culture where employees are encouraged to be accountable for identifying and escalating risks.

Expectations for risk culture are regularly communicated by senior management, reinforced through policies and training, and considered in the performance assessment and compensation processes.

The Risk function coordinates the monitoring and reporting of risks across the Company and its subsidiaries.

Internal Audit is responsible for auditing the functions of risk management and control structures to ensure that all units charged with risk management (both first and second lines of defense) perform their roles effectively. They also test the adequacy of internal control and make appropriate recommendations where necessary.

### RISK APPETITE

Considering all relevant risks and those of its Subsidiaries, the Company's risk appetite, which the Board of Directors owns, expresses the aggregate level of risk that we are willing to assume in the context of achieving our strategic objectives.



Risk appetite is derived using both quantitative and qualitative criteria. Risk appetite concerning the major risks the Company is exposed to is regulated by limits and thresholds. These metrics aid in reaching our financial targets and guiding the Bank's profitability profile.

Following the Company's risk appetite, we are firmly committed to maintaining a moderate risk profile, which has been defined and cascaded measurably. The risk profile is managed based on an integrated risk management framework. This framework identifies all types of risks to provide an integrated view of the risk profile for all the business entities.



## RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

The broad risk management objectives of Access Holdings Plc are:

- To achieve leading financial stability indicator metrics such as cost of risk, asset quality, capital, and liquidity ratios.
- To enhance credit ratings, as well as depositor, analyst, investor, and regulator perception.
- To protect against unforeseen losses and ensure the stability of earnings across the subsidiaries.
- To minimise adverse reputation risk issues as well as regulatory compliance issues.
- To identify and manage existing and new risks in a planned and coordinated manner with minimal disruption and cost.
- To maximise earnings potential and opportunities.
- To maximise share price and stakeholder protection.
- To develop a risk culture that encourages all staff to identify risks and associated opportunities and to respond to them with cost-effective actions.

### Scope of risks

The Company identifies the following key risk categories within its risk management framework, among others.

- Credit Risk
- Operational Risk
- Market and Liquidity Risk
- Capital Risk Management
- Legal and Compliance Risk
- Information and Cyber Security Risk
- Environmental and Social Risk
- Digital and Technology Risks
- Reputational Risk
- Strategic Risk
- Investment Risk
- Pension Risks
- Payment System Risks
- Fraud Risk
- Settlement Risks
- Compliance Risks etc.

## THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES

The Board is responsible for the Company's risk organisation and ensuring satisfactory internal control. It carries out its oversight function through its standing committees. Each charter clearly defines its purpose, composition, structure, frequency of meetings, duties, tenure, and reporting lines to the Board.

In line with best practice, the Chairman of the Board does not sit on any of the Committees. The Board has seven standing committees: The Board Risk Management Committee, the Board Audit Committee, the Board Remuneration Committee, the Board Governance and Nomination Committee, the Board Digital and IT

Committee, and the Board Finance and Investment Committee.

The management committees that exist in the company and its Subsidiaries include:

- Group Committee of CEOs of Subsidiaries.
- The Management Committee meeting of the company (MANCO).
- Group Risk Management Committee (GRMC).
- Executive Committee (EXCO) at the various subsidiaries.
- Risk committees at the various Subsidiaries.
- Management Credit Committee (MCC) and Group Asset & Liability Committee (Group ALCO) at the Banking group.
- Digital Steering Committee (DSC), Information Security Council (ISC), and Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) at the Banking group, among others.

Without prejudice to the roles of these committees, the full Board retains ultimate responsibility for risk management.

The Company uses consistent risk terminology as best as possible to enable alignment in risk aggregation and measurement across its Subsidiaries. The Banking Group forms a major part of its risk.

The following are the risks across the company:

## CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT

In Access Holdings Plc and its Subsidiaries, everyone is involved in Risk Management, with ultimate responsibility residing with the Board. We operate the three (3) lines of the defense model, which enhance the understanding of risk management and control by clarifying roles and responsibilities. The risk management process of the Subsidiaries is well fortified to mitigate and/or eliminate any risk events in their business.

The banking group consistently takes a proactive approach to protect the loan book from economic shocks, leveraging scenario planning and stress test exercises. This has enabled our understanding of the customers' challenges and outlook, and the steps to ensure loan repayment of our borrowers and preserve the risk asset quality of the bank, working within regulatory guidance.

The Risk Management function of each subsidiary is encouraged to take advantage of advancements and innovations in the technology space to automate the management of risk. Credit and analytics tools are used to enhance the credit decision-making and monitoring process in various businesses. The Risk Dashboard has been enhanced with innovation to present measurable risk metrics for ease of decision-making. These dashboards exist at the individual business and aggregate at the Company level to ensure adequate and timely tracking of risks.

## PRINCIPAL CREDIT POLICIES

The following are some of the principal credit policies across the relevant businesses of the Company:

Credit Risk Management Policy: The core objective is to enable the maximisation of returns on a risk-adjusted basis from banking book credit risk exposures that are brought under the ambit of

the Credit Risk Management Policy. This is done by putting in place robust credit risk management systems consisting of risk identification, risk measurement, setting of exposure and risk limits, risk monitoring and control, as well as reporting of credit risk in the banking book.

## CREDIT PROCESS

The credit process in the lending subsidiaries starts with portfolio planning and target market identification. Within identified target markets, credits are initiated by relationship managers. The proposed credits are reviewed and approved by the relevant credit approval authorities. After appropriate approvals, loans are disbursed to beneficiaries.

Both relationship management teams and the Credit Risk Management Group undertake ongoing monitoring and management of loans.

A loan request is initiated by the relationship officer and reviewed by the relationship manager/Sector Head/Group Head of the respective business teams, or through a digital platform after fulfilling all the required KYC and documentation and required risk assessment. Further detailed review is carried out by Credit Risk Management. The concurrence of Credit Risk Management must be obtained for any credit extension. If the loan application goes through the detailed analysis, it is submitted to the appropriate approval authority based on the size and risk rating of the facility.

The standard credit evaluation process is based both on quantitative figures from the Financial Statements and on an array of qualitative factors such as the PESTLE analysis, SWOT analysis, Porter's five forces, etc. Information on the borrower and pertinent macroeconomic data is collected, such as an outlook for the relevant sector. These factors are assessed by the analyst and all individuals involved in the credit approval process, relying not only on quantitative factors but also on extensive knowledge of the company in question, its management, industry, the country of operation, and the impact of globalisation.

## CREDIT RISK CONTROL AND MITIGATION



## AUTHORITY LIMITS ON CREDIT IN THE BANKING GROUP

The highest credit approval authority is the Board of Directors, supported by the Board Credit Committee and followed by the Management Credit Committee in the banking group. Individuals are also assigned credit approval authorities in line with the Banking group's criteria for such delegation set out in its Credit Risk and Portfolio Management Plan.

The approval and exposure limits for the banking group are based on internal Obligor Risk Ratings that have been approved by the Board for the relevant approving authorities and credit committees.

- Recognition of risk ownership by the businesses.
- Oversight by independent risk management.
- Independent review by Internal Audit.

Access Holdings Plc and all its subsidiaries have a Business Continuity Plan that defines how it manages incidents in case of a disaster or other disruptive incidents and how to recover its activities within set deadlines.

The purpose of the plan is to:

- Predefine the resources and specify actions required to minimise losses that might otherwise result from a business interruption, irrespective of the cause
- Ensure a business-as-usual level of performance while in contingency mode
- Ensure the timely and orderly restoration of business activities across all its subsidiaries.

The Business Continuity Plan (BCP) activities carried out have also been documented in the necessary policies.

We seek to minimise exposure to operational risk, subject to cost trade-offs. Operational risk exposures are managed through a consistent set of management processes that drive risk identification, assessment, control, and monitoring. Our operational risk strategy seeks to minimise the impact that

## OPERATIONAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, or systems, or from external events. Our definition of operational risk excludes regulatory risks, strategic risks, and potential losses related solely to judgments about taking credit, market, interest rate, liquidity, or insurance risks.

It also includes the reputation and franchise risk associated with business practices or market conduct in which all the subsidiaries of Access Holdings Plc are involved. Operational risk is inherent in the business activities across the subsidiaries and, as with other risk types, is managed through an overall framework designed to balance strong corporate oversight with well-defined independent risk management.

This framework across the company and its subsidiaries reflects:

operational risk can have on stakeholder value. The strategy is to:

- Reduce the likelihood of expected events and related costs by managing the risk factors and implementing loss prevention or reduction techniques to reduce variation in earnings across the subsidiaries.
- Minimise the impact of unexpected and catastrophic events and related costs through risk financing strategies supporting long-term growth, cash flow management, and balance sheet protection.
- Eliminate inefficiencies, improve productivity, optimise capital requirements, and improve overall performance within the Company through well-designed and implemented internal controls

To create and promote a culture that emphasises effective operational risk management and adherence to operating controls, there are three distinct levels of operational risk governance structure across the company and its subsidiaries:

Level 3 refers to the oversight function carried out by the Board of Directors, the Board Risk Management Committee, and the Executive Management. Responsibilities at this level include ensuring effective management of operational risk and adherence to the approved operational risk policies.

Level 2 refers to the management function carried out by the risk management functions in each subsidiary across the Company. It has direct responsibility for formulating and implementing the Bank's operational risk management framework, including methodologies, policies, and procedures approved by the Board.

Level 1 refers to the operational risk ownership carried out by all the business units and support functions across Access Holdings Plc and its subsidiaries. These units/functions are fully responsible and accountable for the management of operational risk in their units. They work in liaison with Risk Management to define and review controls to mitigate identified risks.

The Internal Audit function across the company and its subsidiaries provides an independent assessment and evaluation of the Bank's operational risk management framework. This periodic confirmation to test controls and compliance with approved policies and procedures assures the effectiveness of the company's operational risk management framework as well as its Subsidiaries.

Some of the tools being used to assess, measure and monitor operational risks include a loss database of operational risk events; an effective risk and control self-assessment process that helps to analyse business activities and identify operational risks that could affect the achievement of business objectives; and key risk indicators which are used to monitor operational risks on an ongoing basis.

## MARKET RISK MANAGEMENT

Market risk refers to the potential for loss due to adverse movements in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity prices. These movements can impact on the value of our holdings, our projected earnings, and future cash flows.

To safeguard the company's capital and earnings, we maintain a comprehensive enterprise risk framework which covers market risk. Our objective is to ensure that all exposures, whether from

our trading book or banking book, remain within the Board's defined risk appetite and tolerance limits.

## FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors across the Company bear the ultimate responsibility for market risk, setting strategic direction and approving risk appetite and policies. This oversight is delegated to the Board of Risk Management Committee (BRMC), which reports back to the board. The Risk Committees in the relevant subsidiaries monitor market risk, ensuring exposures align with our risk appetite.

### Trading Book

The Banking group, which is a significant part of the Group's Market risk, has a trading book that contains financial instruments held for trading activities. All such activities are centralised within the Treasury operations, with market risk functions operating independently to provide objective oversight into market risk. Board-approved market risk limits are monitored daily to identify potential deviations and enable quick corrective action proactively.

Market risk within the trading book is assessed and monitored through using risk measurement techniques. These include Value at Risk (VaR), back testing, sensitivity analysis, stop-loss thresholds, and stress-testing.

**Value-at-Risk (VaR):** The Banking Group uses the historical simulation approach in computing Value at Risk (VaR). Recognising the method's inherent limitations, the Group does not rely on it in isolation. To ensure the ongoing reliability and accuracy of its risk estimates, the Banking Group conducts regular backtesting to validate the model's predictive performance.

**Sensitivity Analysis:** The Banking Group uses scenario and sensitivity analysis to evaluate its exposures per time. The Present Value of Basis Point (PV01), one of the metrics, is used to measure the portfolio's sensitivity to small interest rate movements and support daily limit monitoring

**Stop-Loss Triggers:** This limit sets predefined loss thresholds that prompt position reviews and proactive intervention, which will trigger the closing or reduction of a position to avoid any further loss based on existing exposures.

**Stress Testing:** Stress testing is an integral part of the market risk management framework and considers both historical market events and forward-looking scenarios. This helps evaluate potential losses under severe yet plausible market conditions, providing an important complement to our VaR analysis.

**Supplementary Measures:** Including Net Open Position limits for fixed income, money market and FX positions, ensure comprehensive oversight of all trading exposures. These limits are set with adequate buffers to enable timely interventions where necessary.

## INTEREST RATE RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK (IRRBB)

IRRBB is the risk to our earnings and economic value from adverse interest rate movements affecting the banking book. Changes in rates impact both our Net Interest Income (NII) and the Economic Value of Equity (EVE).

To measure EVE, the Banking Group employs behavioural models for non-maturity deposits and loans with prepayment features. The analysis uses multiple interest rate scenarios (parallel shifts, twists, internal forecasts) to project NII over a 12-month horizon and to calculate EVE sensitivity under six standard shock scenarios. These measures are integral to the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP).

The Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO) in the Banking Group monitors the interest rate risk profile, supported by strong governance processes to ensure accurate measurement and effective risk management.

## LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

Liquidity risk is inherent in our business. The Group maintains a robust framework to ensure we can meet all payment obligations under both normal and stressful conditions, thereby protecting earnings, capital, and ongoing viability.

The group assesses its liquidity profile using several metrics where relevant:

**Regulatory Metrics:** The Group closely monitors the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), and a regulatory Liquidity Ratio (LR), consistently maintaining buffers well above minimum requirements.

**Funding Structure Analysis:** This includes Loan-to-Deposit Ratios in the lending subsidiaries (for both local and foreign currency) and Interbank Funding Limits to ensure a stable, diversified funding base.

**Forward-Looking Analysis:** Liquidity stress tests are conducted using multiple scenarios, including daily Liquidity Gap Analysis (In the Banking Group), Survival Horizon analysis.

## LIQUIDITY RISK GOVERNANCE

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group may not have sufficient liquid financial assets to meet obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Board and Executive Management treat liquidity as a critical priority. The Board, through its Risk Management Committee, oversees the liquidity strategy, while relevant management committees monitor compliance and liquidity metrics on an ongoing basis.

## CONTINGENCY FUNDING PLAN (CFP)

The Banking Group has a documented CFP that provides a clear action plan for liquidity stress. It outlines early warning indicators, escalation procedures, and available contingent funding sources to ensure a structured, proactive response to potential disruptions, thereby preserving financial stability.

## CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Capital risk is the risk of possible erosion of Access Holdings Plc and its subsidiaries' capital base due to poor capital management.

Capital management objectives:

The capital management objectives include:

- To meet the capital ratios required by its regulators and the Board.
- To maintain an adequate level of available capital resources as cover for the economic capital (EC) requirements.
- To generate enough capital to support asset growth.
- To ensure optimisation of capital through adequate risk-adjusted returns.
- To have adequate buffers to withstand periods of stress.

## CAPITAL MANAGEMENT STRATEGY:

The capital management strategy is focused on maximising shareholder value by optimising the level and mix of capital resources. Decisions on the allocation of capital resources are based on several factors, including return on economic capital (EC) and regulatory capital (RC) and are part of the internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP).

The Group views Capital using three lenses, viz., Sufficiency, efficiency and Quality.

**Capital Sufficiency:** The group ensures sufficient capital to absorb potential losses and meet regulatory requirements across all jurisdictions in which we operate.

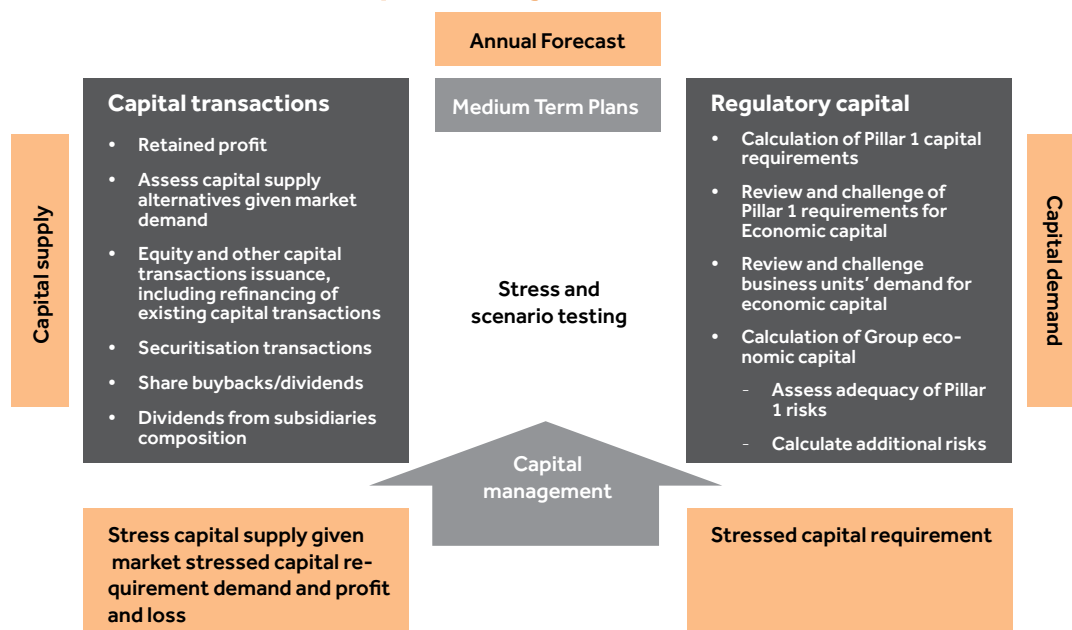
**Capital Efficiency:** As part of our strategy, we strive to ensure that capital is deployed in a way that delivers strong and sustainable returns. We focus on optimising capital while maintaining sound risk discipline. We also prioritise investing in strategic initiatives and ensuring that resources are directed where they create the most value.

**Capital Quality:** To ensure capital quality, we test the strength and resilience of the Group's capital base to ensure it can continue to support our activities and absorb potential losses.





## Capital Management Process



### CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Capital management is critical to survival. Hence, capital is managed as a board-level priority. The Board is responsible for assessing and approving the Group's capital management policy, capital target levels, and capital strategy. A capital management framework provides effective capital planning, capital issuance, alignment with the Basel accord, EC utilisation and economic profit (EP) performance measurement criteria. The diagram above illustrates the process to ensure end-to-end integration of strategy, risk management, and financial processes into the capital management process. The purpose is to ensure that capital consumption in the businesses is planned for and reflected in their performance measurement, which in turn translates into management performance assessment, product pricing requirements, and achievement of the overall strategy within the company's risk appetite.

### COMPLIANCE RISK MANAGEMENT

The compliance functions organise and set priorities for the management of its compliance risk in a way that is consistent with the company's low risk appetite.

The integrated compliance function works closely with Internal Audit and Risk Management to achieve risk convergence, providing the backbone for integrated assurance and higher visibility of risk management and control consciousness across the Company and its subsidiaries.

The compliance functions have continued to redefine, fine-tune its approach and improve on its advisory role with an intense focus on regulatory intelligence gathering, compliance monitoring, compliance testing, and closer cooperation with business units within the Group. The Compliance Officers and Quality Assurance desks across the company have further strengthened and deepened the cooperation with the first line of defence.

The company is implementing an enhanced transaction monitoring tool across the subsidiaries to enable online real-time review and prompt action on compliance concerns. Transaction alerts are

set up using a risk-based approach by focusing on the high-risk areas, thereby spotting non-conformities on time.

### MEASUREMENT, MONITORING, AND MANAGEMENT OF COMPLIANCE RISK

In the Subsidiaries and across the company, compliance is monitored by the following:

- A reference to identified metrics, incident assessments (whether affecting it or the wider industry), regulatory feedback, Compliance Testing and regulatory guideline compliance reviews, and the judgment of our external assessors as it relates to AML/CFT and other compliance vulnerabilities
- Monitored against our compliance risk assessments and metrics, the results of the continuous monitoring and reporting activities of the compliance function, and the results of internal and external audits and regulatory inspections
- Managed by establishing and communicating appropriate policies and procedures, training employees on them, and monitoring activity to ensure their observance.

The effective convergence of risk management deepens the compliance risk management philosophy through the 'Three Lines of Defence' model and all staff are committed to high standards of integrity and fair dealing in business conduct. The Company continues to recognise its accountability to all its stakeholders under the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to its business.

### INFORMATION AND CYBERSECURITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The global cybersecurity landscape continues to evolve at an unprecedented pace, driven by rising geopolitical tensions, AI-powered cyber threats, and the increasing sophistication of cybercriminal syndicates. Since the pandemic, threat actors have leveraged digital connectivity to enhance collaboration, accelerating

the rapid commercialisation of cybercrime. Ransomware-as-a-Service (RaaS), supply chain attacks, AI-driven phishing, and cloud vulnerabilities have now become persistent threats to financial institutions. To combat this, our multi-layered cybersecurity strategy remains proactive and intelligence-driven, combining a strong defensive foundation, advanced threat intelligence, and robust resilience capabilities to safeguard the Group and its stakeholders.

### Strengthening Our Cybersecurity Framework

As part of our strategic initiatives, the Group has implemented a comprehensive cybersecurity framework, reinforced by a Defence-in-Depth (DiD) approach to protect our information & digital assets, workforce, and business operations. Our Security functions have also been expanded and modernised to include:

- Cybersecurity Governance & Compliance
- Third-Party Risk & API Security
- Advanced Incident Response & Threat Hunting

A major focus is on improving detection speed and response effectiveness to enable earlier containment, reduce business disruption, and measurably lower breach likelihood and impact.

### Mitigating Digital Risks Amidst Growth

With the Group's expanding retail base and deepening digital footprint, our cybersecurity efforts remain critical. We are proactively reducing our attack surface to the barest minimum, ensuring zero financial loss exposure through continuous risk assessment and real-time anomaly detection across all digital interactions. At the core of this strategy is our world-class 24/7 Security Operations Center (SOC), which provides enhanced threat visibility, real-time monitoring, and AI-driven behavioural analytics to detect and neutralise threats before they escalate.

### Compliance, Resilience & Cybersecurity Awareness

In alignment with global best practices and regulatory requirements, the Group has implemented top-tier security frameworks that undergo annual compliance reassessments. Additionally, our cyber governance model ensures ongoing risk assessments to adapt to evolving regulatory landscapes and security threats. Recognising that people remain the weakest cybersecurity link, we have embedded a strong human-centric security culture through continuous awareness training and phishing simulation exercises; by equipping employees with the skills to identify and disrupt cyber threats, we significantly reduce the risk of social engineering attacks, breaking the cyber-attack chain before damage occurs.

### Navigating the Future: Digital Banking, Fintech, and Cloud Security

As the Group advances its Digital Banking, Fintech Integration, and Cloud Adoption strategy, cybersecurity remains a key enabler. We are embedding security-by-design principles into these innovations to minimise risks while maximizing operational efficiency. Leveraging adaptive security controls, zero-trust frameworks, and AI-powered risk mitigation, we ensure that

business expansion aligns with robust cybersecurity safeguards.

Our commitment is unwavering, as we maintain a "moderate overall cyber risk appetite" while driving a resilient, compliant, and digitally secure banking ecosystem. As we continue to strengthen our defenses, our focus remains on staying ahead of emerging threats, protecting our customers, and ensuring business continuity in an increasingly complex cyber world.

## ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The main objective of our environmental and social ("E&S") risk management strategy is to reduce the negative impacts of climate change and harness the opportunities inherent in portfolio transition towards a near-zero economy on our business. We recognise that our customers' activities and operations can impact the environment and communities around them. We have developed, implemented, and refined our approach to working with our customers to understand and manage these issues. Our robust governance framework, policies, and procedures have ensured that we remain resilient in our E&S risk management commitments, particularly as the Banking group has acquired new markets in Africa and globally. The key to managing environmental risk is creating partnerships with our customers across the Subsidiaries in the Company, aligning activities on our transition path to more sustainable environmental practices. More importantly, our Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) systems have evolved from environmental and social risks into environmental and social opportunities. This continuous evolution has ensured that we strive towards attaining a more refined ESG risk management structure, thus building on our E&S pedigree, including embedding and automation of our E&S lending risk review processes, and pioneering corporate-certified green bonds amongst others.

### Responding to Climate Change

We consider climate change to be one of the greatest challenges facing the world today. We are dedicated to achieving the commitments of the Paris Agreement on carbon emissions reductions, whilst ensuring that we stay focused on managing the potential environmental issues. With the increasing awareness around financed emissions and the impact of climate change potential within our portfolio, we have taken strategic steps towards understanding these potential exposures, their implications and incorporating requisite mitigating measures to manage these risks. We have therefore taken forward-looking measures by becoming a core participating member of internationally recognised climate risk initiatives. These initiatives include:

UNEP FI's Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) was adopted by leading global financial institutions and aimed at identifying and managing the impact of climate risks in the portfolio of Financial Institutions. The banking group became a member of the working group in 2019 and has been working on aligning the emissions from both our operations and our financing activities to the Paris Goal of below two degrees of global warming.

Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF) is a global partnership aimed at harmonising the approach to accessing and disclosing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with loans and investments. The Banking group became a member of the steering group in June 2020. We have built capacity around data

collection and incorporating the PCAF methodology to measure our financed emissions.

We have also further developed our climate risk strategy by expanding our portfolio of green assets. We have designed a system to identify, measure, track and report on the progress made in developing a diversified green loan portfolio. We recognise the critical role green product development plays in achieving this objective, and we are at an advanced stage in developing a bouquet of green products to catalyse more green loans into our loan portfolio. We have set targets for reducing the carbon emissions from our operations and have taken strong steps toward achieving this goal.

## REPUTATIONAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Reputational risk arises when the reputation of one of the Company's or its subsidiaries is marred by one or more reputational events from negative publicity about the organisation's business practices, conduct or financial condition. Reputational Risk Management is mandated to protect the company from potential threats to its reputation. The risk management function continuously uses proactive means in minimising the effects of reputational events, thereby averting the likelihood of major reputational crises to ultimately ensure the survival of the organisation. The company and its subsidiaries have put in place a framework to properly articulate, analyse and manage reputational risk factors.

The management of reputational risk is taken seriously because of its far-reaching implications, which are buttressed by the fact that most of the subsidiaries operate under:

- A highly regulated industry with high visibility and vulnerability to regulatory actions that may adversely impact its reputation. (e.g. corporate governance crises)
- Keen competition and largely homogeneous products and services have led customers not to perceive significant differences between financial service providers
- Given the nature of the products and services provided, the reputation risk exposure also includes third parties and clients.
- Increasing use of social media platforms for the dissemination of news, where it is difficult to manage and control negative news, even if it is false.

The Company's Subsidiaries operate in a global environment; hence, risks emerge from a host of different sources and locations that are difficult to keep up with and to know how best to respond if they occur. The effects of the occurrence of a reputational risk event include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **Erosion of Customer Trust:** The loss of both existing and prospective customers, with direct implications for revenue growth and market share.
- **Diminished Public Confidence:** Negative perceptions that weaken brand equity, reduce stakeholder goodwill and undermine competitive positioning.
- **Talent Drain:** An impaired reputation can discourage top talent from joining, increase hiring and retention costs, and disrupt workforce productivity.
- **Weakening Business Partnerships:** Reputational challenges may erode investor confidence, reduce access to strategic

alliances and trigger contract cancellations.

- **Loss of Strategic Opportunities:** Reputational damage can limit the Bank's ability to pursue mergers, acquisitions, or expansion opportunities in new markets.
- **Reduced Customer Advocacy:** A negative reputation can discourage customers from recommending the Bank's services, weakening its brand presence and growth prospects.
- **Increased Cost of Capital:** A tarnished reputation can result in higher borrowing costs across credit and equity markets.
- **Regulatory Penalties:** Breaches in compliance may attract fines, legal liabilities, and heightened supervisory oversight.
- **License Revocation:** In extreme circumstances, persistent reputational crises may lead to the suspension or revocation of banking licenses, constraining operations.

The reputational risk framework provides for the preservation of reputation. Reputational risk will arise from the failure to effectively mitigate any or a combination of country, credit, liquidity, market, regulatory and operational risks. It may also arise from the failure to comply with social, environmental, governance and ethical standards. All employees are responsible for the day-to-day identification and management of reputational risk.

## COMPILATION OF TRIGGER EVENTS

To assist in the identification of key reputational risk events, triggers that would set off the risk drivers are compiled through regular workshops with participants across the Company, which include Negative Mentions, Staff expertise, Regulatory Compliance deviations, Corporate Culture, Risk Management and Control Environment, Financial Soundness and Business Viability, amongst others.

## APPROACH TO MANAGING REPUTATION RISK EVENTS

The approach to managing reputational events, including any relevant strategy and policies, is approved by the Board or its delegated committee and subject to periodic review and regularly updated by senior management to ensure that it remains appropriate over time. In addition, the approach is well documented and communicated to all relevant personnel.

Key elements of the Company's approach include:

- **Strategic Governance:** A well-documented framework that defines clear responsibilities for managing reputational risk across all levels of the organisation.
- **Continuous Monitoring & Early Detection:** Leveraging advanced analytics, media tracking, and stakeholder engagement to identify emerging risks before they escalate.
- **Crisis Response & Mitigation:** A proactive and coordinated response strategy to manage reputational threats, including crisis communication protocols and contingency planning.
- **Transparent Communication:** Ensuring all relevant personnel are well-informed about reputational risk management policies, with clear guidelines on escalation procedures and response mechanisms.

- **Regular Policy Updates:** The Bank remains agile by regularly updating its risk management policies to reflect changes in the regulatory environment, market conditions, and stakeholder expectations.

## POST-REPUTATION EVENT REVIEWS

After a reputational event, the post-event review is conducted by the Internal Audit and Risk Management Division to identify any lessons learnt, or problems and weaknesses revealed, from the event. Such reviews are useful for providing feedback and recommendations for enhancing the reputation across the Company's reputation risk management process and are conducted on any major event affecting any of the Subsidiaries. The Board and senior management are informed of the results of any such review conducted to take appropriate actions to enhance their capacity to manage reputational risk.

## STRATEGIC RISK MANAGEMENT

Strategic Risk Management is defined as the process of identifying, assessing and managing risks and uncertainties affected by internal and external events or scenarios that could inhibit the ability to achieve strategic objectives to create and protect shareholder and stakeholder value. It is a primary component and necessary foundation of our Enterprise Risk Management.

Strategic risk management, therefore, is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from adverse business decisions, improper implementation of decisions, or lack of responsiveness to changes in the business environment. It can also be defined as the management of the risk associated with future business plans and strategies, including plans for entering new business lines, expanding existing services through mergers and acquisitions, and enhancing infrastructure.

The following principles govern strategic risk management across the Company:

The Board and Senior Management are responsible for Strategic Risk Management and oversee the effective functioning of the strategic risk management framework.

The functional units (i.e. the units which carry out business or operational functions) assist the Board and Senior Management in formulating and implementing strategies, providing input to the strategic planning and management processes, as well as implementing the strategic risk management framework.

The risk management function supports the Board and senior management in managing strategic risks and other related processes.

To strengthen the effectiveness of strategic risk management, the company has instituted a comprehensive set of measures and controls designed to ensure resilience, alignment and accountability across its operations. These include:

- **Board-Approved Strategic Plans:** All strategic initiatives are subject to rigorous evaluation and approval by the Board of Directors, with ongoing monitoring to track progress, execution quality, and overall impact.

## ECONOMIC INTELLIGENCE

The Economic Intelligence (EI) team provides economic, business, and financial analysis supporting the Company to achieve its strategic objectives. Its value propositions include assisting the Company in realising the respective targeted moderate risk appetite, price competitiveness, improvement to business intelligence, and brand enhancement.

Some of the Unit's roles and responsibilities include:

- **Industry & Investment Analysis:** Evaluating global market opportunities, sectoral developments and investment trends that drive sustainable growth. This includes rigorous assessments of sovereign creditworthiness, structural reforms and geopolitical exposures shaping cross-border banking activity.
- **Policy Research & Interpretation:** Conducting forward-looking analysis of fiscal, monetary, regulatory and trade policy developments worldwide, with a strong focus on their implications for the subsidiaries, international expansion and operational efficiency.
- **Strategic Risk & Vulnerability Assessment:** Leveraging the proprietary Composite Index to assess sovereign fragilities, geopolitical uncertainties and country-level exposures. This enables the company to proactively mitigate vulnerabilities associated with its diversified operations while positioning itself to capture opportunities in higher-rated sovereign markets.
- **Strategic Partnerships & Intelligence Sharing:** Collaborating with multilateral institutions, international research organisations, and global data providers to enhance forecasting accuracy, scenario modeling and risk intelligence. These partnerships reinforce the Bank's ability to navigate volatility and support evidence-based strategic decision-making.





# FINANCIALS

Consolidated review of  
Financial Performance  
for the Year Ended  
December 2025.

# 06

|  |                                             |     |
|--|---------------------------------------------|-----|
|  | Management Certification and Report on ICFR | 123 |
|  | Independent Auditor's Report                | 126 |
|  | CS Statement of Comprehensive Income        | 140 |
|  | CS Statement of Financial Position          | 141 |
|  | Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity | 142 |
|  | Consolidated Statement of Cashflows         | 145 |
|  | Notes to the Financial Statements           | 146 |

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 88 OF THE INVESTMENT AND SECURITIES ACT, 2025

I, Muideen Opawuyi, certify that:

- a. I have reviewed the Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting as of 31 December 2025 of Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group");
- b. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- c. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the entity as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- d. The Group's other certifying officer and I:
  1. are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls;
  2. have designed such internal controls and procedures, or caused such internal controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, [and its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  3. have designed such internal control system, or caused such internal control system to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards;
  4. have evaluated the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the report and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the internal controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation.
- e. The Group's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control system, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee:
  1. That there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of the internal control system which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Group's ability to record, process, summarise and report financial information; and
  2. That there is no fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Group's internal control system.
- f. The Group's other certifying officer and I have identified, in the report that there were no significant changes in internal controls or other facts that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our evaluation.



**Muideen Opawuyi**

Head, Financial Reporting

FRC/2025/PRO/ICAN/001/986726

27/02/2026

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 88 OF THE INVESTMENT AND SECURITIES ACT, 2025

I, Innocent C. Ike, certify that:

- a. I have reviewed the Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting as of 31 December 2025 of Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group");
- b. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- c. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the entity as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- d. The Group's other certifying officer and I:
  1. are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls;
  2. have designed such internal controls and procedures, or caused such internal controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, and its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  3. have designed such internal control system, or caused such internal control system to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards;
  4. have evaluated the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the report and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the internal controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation.
- e. The Group's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control system, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee:
  1. That there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of the internal control system which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Group's ability to record, process, summarise and report financial information; and
  2. That there is no fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Group's internal control system.
- f. The Group's other certifying officer and I have identified, in the report that there were no significant changes in internal controls or other facts that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our evaluation.

**Innocent C. Ike**  
 Group Managing Director/CEO  
 FRC/2016/PRO/00000014597  
 20th February, 2026

## REPORT ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2025

The management of Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as required by the Investment and Securities Act 2025 and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011 (as amended).

The management of Access Holdings Plc assessed the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") as of 31 December 2025 using the criteria set forth in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013 issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("the COSO Framework") and in accordance with the SEC Guidance on Implementation of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

As of 31 December 2025, the management of Access Holdings Plc did not identify any material weakness in its assessment of internal control over financial reporting.

As a result, management has concluded that, as of 31 December 2025, the Group's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

The Company's independent auditor, KPMG Professional Services, who audited the consolidated and separate financial statements included in this Annual Report, issued an unmodified conclusion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control over financial reporting as of 31 December 2025, based on the limited assurance engagement performed by them. KPMG Professional Services' limited assurance report is included in the Annual Report.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred subsequent to the date of our evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting that significantly affected, or are reasonably likely to significantly affect, the Group's internal control over financial reporting.

**Innocent C. Ike**  
Group Managing Director/CEO  
FRC/2016/PRO/00000014597

**Muideen Opawuyi**  
Head, Financial Reporting  
FRC/2025/PRO/ICAN/001/986726





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## Independent Auditor's Limited Assurance Report

To the Shareholders of Access Holdings Plc

### Report on Limited Assurance Engagement Performed on Management's Assessment of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

#### Conclusion

We have performed a limited assurance engagement on whether internal control over financial reporting of Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") as of 31 December 2025 is effective in accordance with the criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("the COSO Framework") and the Securities and Exchange Commission Guidance on Implementation of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention to cause us to believe that the Group's internal control over financial reporting as of 31 December 2025 is not effective, in all material respects, in accordance with the criteria established in the COSO Framework and the Securities and Exchange Commission Guidance on Implementation of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

#### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Guidance on Assurance Engagement Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibilities are further described in the "Our responsibilities" section of our report.

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA).

Our firm applies International Standard on Quality Management (ISQM) 1, Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements, issued by the IAASB. This standard requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management, including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

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Registered in Nigeria No BN 986925

A list of partners is available for inspection at the firm's address.

### Other matter

We have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of Access Holdings Plc in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing, and our report dated 30 April 2026 expressed an unmodified opinion of those consolidated and separate financial statements.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Responsibilities for Internal Control over Financial reporting

The Board of Directors of Access Holding Plc is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting as of 31 December 2025. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Group's internal control over financial reporting based on our assurance engagement.

### Our responsibilities

The Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Guidance on Assurance Engagement Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance") requires that we plan and perform the assurance engagement and provide a limited assurance report on the Group's internal control over financial reporting based on our assurance engagement.

### Summary of the work we performed as the basis for our conclusion

We exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the engagement. As prescribed in the Guidance, the procedures we performed included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our engagement also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe the procedures performed provide a basis for our report on the internal control put in place by management over financial reporting.

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed.

### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements. Furthermore, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Kabir Okunlola  
 FRC/2012/PRO/ICAN/004/00000000428  
 For: KPMG Professional Services  
 Chartered Accountants  
 30 April 2026  
 Lagos, Nigeria



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## Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Shareholders of Access Holdings Plc

### Report on the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements

#### *Opinion*

We have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of Access Holdings Plc (the Company) and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), which comprise:

- the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2025;
- the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income;
- the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity; and
- the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and
- the notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated and separate financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2025, and of its consolidated and separate financial performance and consolidated and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards) and in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA), 2020, the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011 (as amended), the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, 2020 and relevant Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) Guidelines and Circulars.

#### *Basis for opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated and separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), as applicable to audits of the financial statements of public interest entities, together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to

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audits of the consolidated and separate financial statements of public interest entities in Nigeria. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

| <b>Expected Credit Loss (ECL) allowance on Loans and advances to customers</b><br>Refer to Notes 3.9, 4.0, 5.1 and 23                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Key audit matter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <p>The ECL allowance on loans and advances to customers is considered to be of most significance in the audit due to the high level of subjectivity, judgment, and assumptions applied in determining the amount to be recognized as ECL allowance on the loans and advances to customers.</p> <p>The Group use an ECL model to determine the loss allowance for loans and advances to customers. The ECL Model requires the application of judgments, assumptions and certain financial indices (crude oil prices and prime lending rate) estimated from historical data obtained within and outside the Group as input into the model. The ECL allowance on the loans and advances to customers is the output of the model, and key judgments and assumptions include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Definition of default adopted by the Group;</li> <li>• Determination of the criteria for</li> </ul> | <p>Our audit procedures in this area included, among others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the impairment assessment such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The Board Risk Management Committee's review and monitoring of the performance of loans and advances to customers;</li> <li>- Management review of the model assumptions, data inputs and the resultant ECL allowance arising from the application of models.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• We assessed the Group's default definition as contained in the impairment policy manual and other qualitative default indicators by checking it to the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.</li> <li>• We tested the appropriateness of the Group's criteria for assessing SICR, application of defaults and the resultant classification of loans and advances to customers into stages on a sample basis by reviewing the Obligor Risk rating model (ORR) and customers files for the terms of the loans and account statements for due and unpaid obligations.</li> <li>• For loans and advances to customers that have shown a significant increase in credit risk, we evaluated the</li> </ul> |

| Expected Credit Loss (ECL) allowance on Loans and advances to customers<br>Refer to Notes 3.9, 4.0, 5.1 and 23                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Key audit matter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <p>assessing the significant increase in credit risk (SICR);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incorporation of forward-looking information based on the economic scenarios (optimistic, downturn and base case) within the model;</li> <li>• Determination of the 12-month and lifetime probability of default (PD) used in the ECL model;</li> <li>• Estimation of the Loss Given Default (LGD) based on collateral values and other cash flows.</li> </ul> <p>Due to the high level of subjectivity, judgment, and assumptions applied in determining the amount to be recognized as ECL allowance on the loans and advances to customers, we considered this to be a key audit matter.</p> | <p>level of past due obligations based on the original terms of the loans and qualitative factors such as available industry information about the obligors to determine whether the Group should make an estimate based on the losses expected to result from default events within a year or defined default events over the life of the facilities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assisted by our Financial Risk Management (FRM) specialists, we evaluated the appropriateness of the key data and assumptions used in the ECL model of the Group. Our procedures in this regard included the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- We challenged the appropriateness and reasonableness of the Group's ECL methodology by considering whether it reflects unbiased and probability-weighted amounts that are determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes, the time value of money, reasonable and supportable information at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.</li> <li>- For forward-looking and scenario weighting calculations comprising the Prime lending rate and Crude oil price used, we corroborated the Group's assumptions using publicly available information from external sources and checked that they were appropriate in the Group's circumstances.</li> <li>- For PD used in the ECL calculation, we reviewed the model used for the obligor risk rating and we validated the completeness and accuracy of the data used for default and non- default categories for corporate and retail loans by evaluating its reasonability of the obligor risk rating model (ORR). We also checked the Group's PD methodology for reasonability given the current economic circumstance.</li> <li>- We evaluated the estimation of the LGD used by the Group in the ECL calculations, including the appropriateness of the use of collateral, by recomputing the LGD, and assessing the haircuts applied on the recoverability of collateral, considering the current economic conditions. On a sample basis, we assessed the appropriateness of the valuation of collaterals applied in</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

### Expected Credit Loss (ECL) allowance on Loans and advances to customers

Refer to Notes 3.9, 4.0, 5.1 and 23

| Key audit matter | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  | <p>the ECL computations and evaluated the competence of the valuer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- We independently re-performed the calculation of the overall ECL allowance for loans and advances to customers using the Group's impairment model and validated key inputs.</li> <li>- We evaluated the adequacy of the consolidated and separate financial statements disclosures, including the disclosures of key assumptions and judgements, and also assessed whether disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements appropriately reflect the Group's exposure to credit risk in line with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.</li> </ul> |

### Valuation of Derivatives

Refer to Notes 3.22, 4.0, 5.1 and Note 21

| Key audit matter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>The Group's derivative financial instruments comprise foreign exchange forward contracts, swaps and futures, which the Group has designated as hedging and non-hedging instruments to manage foreign exchange risks.</p> <p>Management uses a complex valuation methodology involving multiple inputs, including discount rates, interest rates, forward exchange rates, and the spot rate to estimate the fair value of these derivative financial instruments. For derivatives designated as hedging instruments, the Group applied judgment in designating the spot element of the derivative financial instruments as hedging instruments.</p> <p>Due to the judgment involved in estimating the fair value and the related estimation uncertainty, we</p> | <p>Our audit procedures in this area included, among others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We evaluated and tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key controls over the inputs and information used in determining the Group's valuation of derivative instruments.</li> <li>• We inspected derivative contracts on a sample basis to substantiate the terms of the derivatives</li> <li>• Assisted by our Valuation specialists, we performed the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- We validated the data inputs used in the valuation model such as discount rates, forward exchange rates, yields, etc. by obtaining quoted rates from relevant external sources, contract documents and other relevant markets and compared these rates to the mark-to-market rates used by the Group.</li> <li>- We independently developed a range estimate of the fair value of the derivative assets and liabilities and compared this with the Group's model output.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• For hedge effectiveness assessment, we evaluated</li> </ul> |

## Valuation of Derivatives

Refer to Notes 3.22, 4.0, 5.1 and Note 21

| Key audit matter                          | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| considered this to be a key audit matter. | <p>the designation of the spot element of the derivative by examining the hedge documentation of the Group and comparing same with the requirement of relevant accounting standards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We evaluated the hedge documentation in line with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards and checked that the hedge ratio is in line with the ratio stated in the approved hedge documentation at the inception date.</li> <li>• We recomputed the spot element of the derivatives to assess the accuracy of the amount recognized by the Group as hedge effectiveness.</li> <li>• We evaluated the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures made on derivative financial instruments in the consolidated and separate financial statements.</li> </ul> |

## Accounting for business combinations

Refer to Notes 3.5, 4.0, and Note 44

| Key audit matter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• On 13 June 2025, the Group acquired 74.85% of the shareholding of Standard Chartered Bank Gambia Limited for a consideration of N9. 5 billion (USD 6.1 million).</li> <li>• On 20 June 2025, the Group acquired the Consumer, Private and Business Banking (CPBB) segment of Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited for a consideration of</li> </ul> | <p>Our audit procedures in this area included, among others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We inspected the acquisition transaction documents for the subsidiaries during the period to assess transaction details related to the recognition of acquired assets, liabilities, dates of acquisition and consideration transferred.</li> <li>• We evaluated the reasonableness of the acquisition dates by confirming the date the acquisitions were executed, based on the signed agreements, and assessed the key conditions precedent to the acquisitions including relevant regulatory approvals and the determination of the fair value of purchase</li> </ul> |



| <b>Accounting for business combinations</b><br>Refer to Notes 3.5, 4.0, and Note 44                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Key audit matter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | How the matter was addressed in our audit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <p>N14.0 billion (USD 9.1 million).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On 22 July 2025 the Group acquired majority stake in AfrAsia Bank Limited (ABL) Mauritius, through its Indirect subsidiary Access Bank UK for a consideration of N611.1 billion (USD 397.6 million).</li> </ul> <p>Due to the significant judgment required in determining the acquisition date, the fair value of the purchase consideration, the purchase price allocation and the identifiable net assets acquired as well as the provisional basis of accounting for the business combinations, we considered this to be a key audit matter.</p> | <p>consideration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We assessed the accuracy and completeness of the acquired net assets at acquisition dates by comparing with the completion audit and financial information available;</li> <li>We obtained management's analysis and assessment of whether the set of activities and assets acquired in the transaction constitutes a business by comparing to the requirement of relevant accounting standard.</li> <li>We evaluated the accuracy and reasonableness of the Goodwill recorded by the Group by recalculating the amount using the purchase considerations and fair value of net assets at acquisition date based on available information;</li> <li>where the business combinations were accounted on a provisional basis, we evaluated the appropriateness of the measurement period and the adjustment during the measurement period</li> <li>We evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures related to the business combinations in the consolidated and separate financial statements.</li> </ul> |

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Corporate information, Directors' report, Customers' complaints & feedback, Report on Fraud and Forgeries, Corporate Governance report Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, Report of the Statutory Audit Committee, Whistleblowing report, Statement of Corporate Responsibility, Enterprise-wide Risk management, Certification Pursuant to Section 88 of the Investment and Securities Act, 2025, Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Control over Financial Reporting as of 31 December 2025 and Other National Disclosures, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### ***Responsibilities of the Directors for the consolidated and separate financial statements***

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards) and in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA), 2020, the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011 (as amended), the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, 2020 and relevant Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) Guidelines and Circulars, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group and Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### ***Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain

professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group and Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence, regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group, as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Statutory Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Statutory Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Statutory Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

Compliance with the requirements of Schedule 5 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA), 2020

- i. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- ii. In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- iii. The Company's statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income are in agreement with the books of account.

Compliance with Section 26 (3) of the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act, 2020 and Central Bank of Nigeria circular BSD/1/2004

- i. The Group and Company paid penalties amounting to N1.8 billion in respect of contraventions of the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act of Nigeria and CBN Circulars during the year ended 31 December 2025 as disclosed in note 41 to the consolidated and separate financial statements.
- ii. Related party transactions and balances are disclosed in note 43 and note 45 to the consolidated and separate financial statements in compliance with the Central Bank of Nigeria circular BSD/1/2004.

Compliance with FRC Guidance on Assurance Engagement Report on Internal Control over



## Financial Reporting

In accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria, we performed a limited assurance engagement and reported on management's assessment of the Group and Company's internal control over financial reporting as of 31 December 2025. The work performed was done in accordance with ISAE 3000 (Revised) Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and the FRC Guidance on Assurance Engagement Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. We have issued an unmodified conclusion in our report dated 30 April 2026. That report is included in the annual report.

Kabir Okunlola, FCA

FRC/2012/PRO/ICAN/004/00000000428

For: KPMG Professional Services

Chartered Accountants

30 April 2026

Lagos, Nigeria.



# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTS

## CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For The Year Ended 31 December, 2025

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                 | Notes    | Group<br>December<br>2025 | Group<br>December<br>2024 | Company<br>December<br>2025 | Company<br>December<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Interest income calculated using effective interest rate                    | 8        | 3,273,511                 | 3,108,148                 | -                           | -                           |
| Interest income on financial assets at FVTPL                                | 8        | 272,824                   | 372,327                   | -                           | -                           |
| Interest expense                                                            | 8        | (2,189,444)               | (2,212,447)               | (38,467)                    | (51,859)                    |
| Net interest income/(expenses)                                              |          | 1,356,891                 | 1,268,028                 | (38,467)                    | (51,859)                    |
| Net impairment charge on financial assets                                   | 9        | (523,550)                 | (245,319)                 | -                           | -                           |
| Net interest income/(expenses) after impairment charges                     |          | 833,341                   | 1,022,709                 | (38,467)                    | (51,859)                    |
| Fee and commission income                                                   | 10 (a)   | 754,636                   | 514,133                   | -                           | -                           |
| Fee and commission expense                                                  | 10 (b)   | (169,568)                 | (98,892)                  | -                           | -                           |
| Net fee and commission income                                               |          | 585,068                   | 415,241                   | -                           | -                           |
| Fair value and foreign exchange gain/(loss)                                 | 11,12    | 1,049,937                 | 415,804                   | 31,846                      | (317,137)                   |
| Other operating income                                                      | 13       | 177,853                   | 459,131                   | 183,432                     | 505,587                     |
| Personnel expenses                                                          | 14       | (504,170)                 | (381,414)                 | (5,479)                     | (9,127)                     |
| Depreciation                                                                | 28       | (101,562)                 | (80,533)                  | (315)                       | (237)                       |
| Bargain purchase from acquisition                                           | 44       | -                         | 7,310                     | -                           | -                           |
| Amortisation                                                                | 29       | (31,529)                  | (31,707)                  | -                           | -                           |
| Other operating expenses                                                    | 15       | (1,001,817)               | (960,844)                 | (11,359)                    | (3,694)                     |
| Share of profit of investment in associate                                  | 27 (a)   | -                         | 1,324                     | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                                    |          | <b>1,007,121</b>          | <b>867,021</b>            | <b>159,658</b>              | <b>123,533</b>              |
| Income tax                                                                  | 16(a)    | (232,689)                 | (205,450)                 | (4,072)                     | (42,569)                    |
| Minimum tax                                                                 | 16(b)    | (31,387)                  | (19,352)                  | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                                                  |          | <b>743,045</b>            | <b>642,219</b>            | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) (OCI):                                    |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| <b>Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:</b>  |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Gross actuarial gain on retirement benefit obligations                      | 37 (a) i | 917                       | 2,422                     | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the profit or loss:</b>   |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Unrealised foreign currency translation difference                          |          | (272,099)                 | 487,747                   | -                           | -                           |
| Changes in fair value of FVOCI debt financial instruments                   | 25       | 109,013                   | (20,628)                  | -                           | -                           |
| Fair value loss on derecognised FVOCI debt securities reclassified to P/L   |          | (137,226)                 | -                         | -                           | -                           |
| Income tax relating to these items                                          | 30       | (302)                     | (799)                     | -                           | -                           |
| Gain on partial disposal of subsidiary                                      |          | -                         | 4,899                     | -                           | -                           |
| Changes in allowance on FVOCI debt financial instruments                    | 25       | 15,223                    | (16,867)                  | -                           | -                           |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of related tax effects               |          | (284,474)                 | 456,774                   | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>                              |          | <b>458,571</b>            | <b>1,098,993</b>          | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| Profit attributable to:                                                     |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Equity holders of the parent entity                                         |          | 718,745                   | 618,639                   | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| Non-controlling interest                                                    | 38f      | 24,300                    | 23,580                    | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                                                  |          | <b>743,045</b>            | <b>642,219</b>            | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| <b>Total comprehensive income attributable to:</b>                          |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Equity holders of the parent entity                                         |          | 408,782                   | 1,097,331                 | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| Non-controlling interest                                                    | 38f      | 49,789                    | 1,660                     | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>                              |          | <b>458,571</b>            | <b>1,098,993</b>          | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| Total profit attributable to owners:                                        |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Continuing operations                                                       |          | 718,745                   | 618,639                   | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| <b>Total comprehensive income attributable to owners:</b>                   |          | <b>718,745</b>            | <b>618,639</b>            | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| Continuing operations                                                       |          | 408,782                   | 1,097,331                 | 155,586                     | 80,964                      |
| <b>Total comprehensive income attributable to owners:</b>                   |          | <b>408,782</b>            | <b>1,097,331</b>          | <b>155,586</b>              | <b>80,964</b>               |
| <b>Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders</b>             |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Basic (kobo)                                                                | 17(a)    | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | 292                         | 219                         |
| Diluted (kobo)                                                              | 17(a)    | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | 292                         | 219                         |
| <b>Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners</b> |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Basic (kobo)                                                                | 17(a)    | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | 292                         | 219                         |
| Diluted (kobo)                                                              | 17(b)    | 1,348                     | 1,671                     | -                           | -                           |

The notes are an integral part of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

For The Year Ended 31 December, 2025

| In millions of Naira                                            | Notes    | Group<br>December<br>2025 | Group<br>December<br>2024 | Company<br>December<br>2025 | Company<br>December<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                                   |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Cash and balances with banks                                    | 18       | 6,229,551                 | 5,220,929                 | 34,657                      | 23,116                      |
| Investment under management                                     | 19       | 41,803                    | 37,327                    | 34,673                      | 29,838                      |
| Non pledged trading assets                                      | 20       | 1,241,463                 | 207,031                   | -                           | -                           |
| Derivative financial assets                                     | 21       | 2,307,524                 | 1,507,614                 | -                           | -                           |
| Loans and advances to banks                                     | 22       | 2,900,031                 | 1,579,947                 | -                           | -                           |
| Loans and advances to customers                                 | 23       | 13,341,190                | 11,487,710                | -                           | -                           |
| Pledged assets                                                  | 24       | 741,931                   | 1,591,754                 | -                           | -                           |
| Investment securities                                           | 25       | 16,305,541                | 11,343,195                | -                           | -                           |
| Investment properties                                           | 31a      | -                         | 437                       | -                           | -                           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                             | 26a      | 6,897,814                 | 7,061,178                 | 24,941                      | 507,792                     |
| Statutory reserve investment                                    | 26b      | 16,248                    | 14,482                    | -                           | -                           |
| Pension protection fund investment                              | 26b      | 3,245                     | 4,106                     | -                           | -                           |
| Investment in associates                                        | 27a      | -                         | 9,746                     | -                           | -                           |
| Investment in subsidiaries                                      | 27(c)(i) | -                         | -                         | 1,179,394                   | 656,431                     |
| Property and equipment                                          | 28       | 984,325                   | 857,895                   | 1,051                       | 1,041                       |
| Intangible assets                                               | 29       | 381,239                   | 365,173                   | 257                         | 257                         |
| Deferred tax assets                                             | 30       | 54,745                    | 116,366                   | -                           | -                           |
|                                                                 |          | 51,446,650                | 41,404,890                | 1,274,973                   | 1,218,475                   |
| Asset classified as held for sale                               | 31b      | 109,630                   | 93,125                    | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                             |          | <b>51,556,280</b>         | <b>41,498,015</b>         | <b>1,274,973</b>            | <b>1,218,475</b>            |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                                              |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Deposits from financial institutions                            | 32       | 3,732,294                 | 9,308,256                 | -                           | -                           |
| Deposits from customers                                         | 33       | 34,562,147                | 22,524,925                | -                           | -                           |
| Derivative financial liabilities                                | 21       | 415,616                   | 114,767                   | -                           | -                           |
| Current tax liabilities                                         | 16       | 23,389                    | 98,061                    | 7,119                       | 42,522                      |
| Other liabilities                                               | 34       | 5,507,074                 | 2,246,378                 | 101,669                     | 99,810                      |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                        | 30       | 20,976                    | 41,793                    | 122                         | -                           |
| Debt securities issued                                          | 35       | 920,466                   | 989,630                   | -                           | -                           |
| Interest-bearing borrowings                                     | 36       | 2,028,255                 | 2,402,362                 | 521,570                     | 477,629                     |
| Retirement benefit obligation                                   | 37       | 20,065                    | 11,665                    | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                                        |          | <b>47,230,282</b>         | <b>37,737,837</b>         | <b>630,480</b>              | <b>619,961</b>              |
| <b>Equity</b>                                                   |          |                           |                           |                             |                             |
| Share capital and share premium                                 | 38       | 594,903                   | 594,903                   | 594,903                     | 594,903                     |
| Additional Tier 1 Capital                                       | 38d      | 206,355                   | 206,355                   | -                           | -                           |
| Retained earnings                                               | 38e      | 1,672,782                 | 1,144,485                 | 49,305                      | 3,021                       |
| Other components of equity                                      | 38f      | 1,405,191                 | 1,598,551                 | 285                         | 590                         |
| <b>Total equity attributable to owners of the parent entity</b> |          | <b>3,879,231</b>          | <b>3,544,294</b>          | <b>644,493</b>              | <b>598,514</b>              |
| Non controlling interest                                        | 38       | 446,767                   | 215,884                   | -                           | -                           |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                             |          | <b>4,325,998</b>          | <b>3,760,178</b>          | <b>644,493</b>              | <b>598,514</b>              |
| <b>Total liabilities and equity</b>                             |          | <b>51,556,280</b>         | <b>41,498,015</b>         | <b>1,274,973</b>            | <b>1,218,475</b>            |
| <b>Deposit for shares (subsequent events)</b>                   | 38c      | <b>21,424</b>             | <b>-</b>                  | <b>21,424</b>               | <b>-</b>                    |

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors on 20 February, 2026 by:

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, BUSINESS SUPPORT**  
Bolaji Olaitan Agbede  
FRC/2024/PRO/DIR/003/480085

**HEAD, FINANCIAL REPORTING**  
Muideen Opawuyi  
FRC/2025/PRO/ICAN/001/986726

**GROUP MANAGING DIRECTOR/CEO**  
Innocent C. Ike, FCA, FCIB  
FRC/2016/PRO/00000014597



## CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                       | Share capital | Share premium | Additional Tier 1 Capital | Regulatory risk reserve | Other regulatory reserves | Share scheme reserve | Treasury Shares | Capital reserve | Fair value reserve | Foreign currency translation reserve | Partial Disposal of subsidiary | Retained earnings | Total     | Non Controlling interest | Total Equity |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Balance at 1 January, 2024</b>                                                 | 26,659        | 568,244       | 206,355                   | 157,148                 | 501,254                   | 590                  | (24,070)        | 3,489           | (24,412)           | 979,653                              | 4,899                          | 1,144,485         | 3,544,294 | 215,884                  | 3,760,178    |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year:</b>                                   |               |               |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                |                   |           |                          |              |
| Profit for the year                                                               | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | 718,745           | 718,745   | 24,300                   | 743,045      |
| <b>Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax</b>                              |               |               |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                |                   |           |                          |              |
| Unrealised foreign currency translation difference                                | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | (279,627)                            | -                              | -                 | (279,627) | 7,528                    | (272,099)    |
| Changes due to reclassification from other comprehensive income to profit or loss | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (137,226)          | -                                    | -                              | -                 | (137,226) | -                        | (137,226)    |
| Actuarial gain on retirement benefit obligations                                  | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | 615               | 615       | -                        | 615          |
| Changes in fair value of FVOCI debt financial instruments                         | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | 15,223             | -                                    | -                              | -                 | 15,223    | -                        | 15,223       |
| Changes in allowance on FVOCI debt financial instruments                          | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | 91,052             | -                                    | -                              | -                 | 91,052    | 17,961                   | 109,013      |
| <b>Total other comprehensive (loss)/ income</b>                                   | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (30,951)           | (279,627)                            | -                              | 615               | (309,963) | 25,489                   | (284,474)    |
| <b>Total comprehensive (loss)/ income</b>                                         | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (30,951)           | (279,627)                            | -                              | 719,360           | 408,782   | 49,7879                  | 458,571      |
| <b>Transactions with equity holders, recorded directly in equity:</b>             |               |               |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                |                   |           |                          |              |
| Dividend/Finance Cost of additional Tier 1 Capital                                | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | (147,098)         | (147,098) | -                        | (147,098)    |
| Transfer between reserves                                                         | -             | -             | -                         | (30,091)                | 150,045                   | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | (119,953)         | -         | -                        | -            |
| Effect of hyperinflation                                                          | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | 413,088           | 413,088   | -                        | 413,088      |
| Transfer to/from NCI without loss of control                                      | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | (3,354)                        | 6,178             | 2,824     | (7,929)                  | (5,105)      |
| Dividend paid to equity holders                                                   | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | (154,255)         | (154,255) | -                        | (154,255)    |
| Scheme shares (See Note 1.4)                                                      | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | (305)                | 924             | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | -                 | 619       | -                        | 619          |
| Acquired in business combination                                                  | -             | -             | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                              | (189,023)         | (189,023) | 189,023                  | -            |
| <b>Total contributions by and distributions to equity holders</b>                 | -             | -             | -                         | (30,092)                | 150,045                   | (305)                | 924             | -               | -                  | -                                    | (3,354)                        | (191,063)         | (73,845)  | 181,094                  | 107,249      |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>                                                | 26,659        | 568,244       | 206,355                   | 127,056                 | 651,299                   | 285                  | (23,146)        | 3,489           | (55,363)           | 700,026                              | 1,545                          | 1,672,782         | 3,879,231 | 446,767                  | 4,325,998    |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                       | Share capital | Share premium  | Additional Tier 1 Capital | Regulatory risk reserve | Other regulatory reserves | Share scheme reserve | Treasury Shares | Capital reserve | Fair value reserve | Foreign currency translation reserve | Gain on Partial Disposal of Parent Stake in subsidiary | Retained earnings | Total            | Non Controlling Interest | Total Equity     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Balance at 1 January, 2024</b>                                                 | 17,773        | 234,039        | 206,355                   | 146,966                 | 328,764                   | 373                  | (20,974)        | 3,489           | (20,664)           | 498,834                              | -                                                      | 715,131           | 2,110,086        | 75,549                   | 2,185,635        |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year:</b>                                   |               |                |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                                        |                   |                  |                          |                  |
| Profit for the year                                                               | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | 618,637           | 618,637          | 23,580                   | 642,217          |
| <b>Other comprehensive income/ (loss), net of tax</b>                             |               |                |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                                        |                   |                  |                          |                  |
| Unrealised foreign currency translation difference                                | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | 480,819                              | -                                                      | (4,899)           | 475,920          | 11,828                   | 487,748          |
| Changes due to reclassification from other comprehensive income to profit or loss | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (155,416)          | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | (155,416)        | -                        | (155,416)        |
| Actuarial gain on retirement benefit obligations                                  | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | 1,623             | 1,623            | -                        | 1,623            |
| Changes in fair value of FVOCI debt financial instruments                         | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | 168,535            | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | 168,535          | (33,748)                 | 134,787          |
| Changes in allowance on FVOCI debt financial instruments                          | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (16,867)           | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | (16,867)         | -                        | (16,867)         |
| Changes in ownership interests without loss of control                            | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | 4,899                                                  | -                 | 4,899            | -                        | 4,899            |
| <b>Total comprehensive (loss)/ income</b>                                         | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (3,748)            | 480,819                              | 4,899                                                  | (3,276)           | 478,694          | (21,920)                 | 456,774          |
| <b>Total comprehensive (loss)/ income</b>                                         | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | (3,748)            | 480,819                              | 4,899                                                  | 615,361           | 1,097,331        | 1,660                    | 1,098,991        |
| <b>Transactions with equity holders, recorded directly in equity:</b>             |               |                |                           |                         |                           |                      |                 |                 |                    |                                      |                                                        |                   |                  |                          |                  |
| Additional shares by rights issue (See Note 38)                                   | 8,886         | 342,123        | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | 351,009          | -                        | 351,009          |
| Transaction costs related to right issue (See Note 38)                            | -             | (7,918)        | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | (7,918)          | -                        | (7,918)          |
| Disposal of AT 1 (Note 38c(iii))                                                  | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | -                 | 138,675          | 138,675                  | 138,675          |
| Transfers between reserves                                                        | -             | -              | -                         | 10,182                  | 172,490                   | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | (182,672)         | -                | -                        | -                |
| Effects of hyperinflation                                                         | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | 154,674           | 154,674          | -                        | 154,674          |
| Transfers between equity owners on acquisitions                                   | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | (21,718)          | (21,718)         | -                        | (21,718)         |
| Scheme shares (See Note 14)                                                       | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | 217                  | (3,096)         | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | (2,879)           | (2,879)          | -                        | (2,879)          |
| Dividend on additional Tier 1 Capital                                             | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | (56,313)          | (56,313)         | -                        | (56,313)         |
| Dividend paid to equity holders                                                   | -             | -              | -                         | -                       | -                         | -                    | -               | -               | -                  | -                                    | -                                                      | (79,978)          | (79,978)         | -                        | (79,978)         |
| <b>Total contributions by and distributions to equity holders</b>                 | <b>8,886</b>  | <b>334,205</b> | <b>-</b>                  | <b>10,182</b>           | <b>172,490</b>            | <b>217</b>           | <b>(3,096)</b>  | <b>-</b>        | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b>                             | <b>-</b>                                               | <b>(186,007)</b>  | <b>336,877</b>   | <b>138,675</b>           | <b>475,533</b>   |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>                                                | <b>26,659</b> | <b>568,244</b> | <b>206,355</b>            | <b>157,148</b>          | <b>501,254</b>            | <b>590</b>           | <b>(24,070)</b> | <b>3,489</b>    | <b>(24,412)</b>    | <b>979,653</b>                       | <b>4,899</b>                                           | <b>1,144,485</b>  | <b>3,544,294</b> | <b>215,864</b>           | <b>3,760,178</b> |

The notes are an integral part of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

In millions of Naira

| <i>In millions of Naira</i><br>Company                                | Share capital | Share premium  | Share Scheme reserve | Retained earnings | Total Equity     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| <b>Balance at 1 January, 2025</b>                                     | <b>26,659</b> | <b>568,244</b> | <b>590</b>           | <b>3,021</b>      | <b>598,514</b>   |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year:</b>                       |               |                |                      |                   |                  |
| Profit for the year                                                   | -             | -              | -                    | 155,586           | 155,586          |
| <b>Total comprehensive income</b>                                     | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>             | <b>155,586</b>    | <b>155,586</b>   |
| <b>Transactions with equity holders, recorded directly in equity:</b> |               |                |                      |                   |                  |
| Scheme shares                                                         | -             | -              | (305)                | -                 | (305)            |
| Dividend paid to equity holders                                       | -             | -              | -                    | (109,302)         | (109,302)        |
| <b>Total contributions by and distributions to equity holders</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>       | <b>(305)</b>         | <b>(109,302)</b>  | <b>(109,607)</b> |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>                                    | <b>26,659</b> | <b>568,244</b> | <b>285</b>           | <b>49,305</b>     | <b>644,493</b>   |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i><br>Company                                | Share capital | Share premium  | Share Scheme reserve | Retained earnings | Total Equity   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <b>Balance at 1 January, 2024</b>                                     | <b>17,773</b> | <b>234,039</b> | <b>373</b>           | <b>1,593</b>      | <b>253,778</b> |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the year:</b>                       |               |                |                      |                   |                |
| Profit for the year                                                   | -             | -              | -                    | 80,964            | 80,964         |
| <b>Total other comprehensive income</b>                               | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>             | <b>80,964</b>     | <b>80,964</b>  |
| <b>Transactions with equity holders, recorded directly in equity:</b> |               |                |                      |                   |                |
| Share transfer to Holding Company                                     | -             | -              | -                    | 443               | 443            |
| Additional shares by rights issue (See Note 38)                       | 8,886         | 342,123        | -                    | -                 | 351,009        |
| Transaction costs related to right issue (See Note 38)                | -             | (7,918)        | -                    | -                 | (7,918)        |
| Scheme shares                                                         | -             | -              | 217                  | -                 | 217            |
| Dividend paid to equity holders                                       | -             | -              | -                    | (79,978)          | (79,978)       |
| <b>Total contributions by and distributions to equity holders</b>     | <b>8,886</b>  | <b>334,205</b> | <b>217</b>           | <b>(79,535)</b>   | <b>263,773</b> |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>                                    | <b>26,659</b> | <b>568,244</b> | <b>590</b>           | <b>3,021</b>      | <b>598,514</b> |

The notes are an integral part of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

In millions of Naira

| In millions of Naira                                                     | Notes     | Group<br>December 2025 | Group<br>December 2024 | Company<br>December 2025 | Company<br>December 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>                              |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Profit before income tax                                                 |           | 1,007,121              | 867,021                | 159,658                  | 123,533                  |
| <b>Adjustments for:</b>                                                  |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Depreciation                                                             | 28        | 101,561                | 80,533                 | 315                      | 237                      |
| Amortisation                                                             | 29        | 31,529                 | 31,707                 | -                        | -                        |
| Gain on disposal of property and equipment                               | 13        | (7,300)                | (8,322)                | -                        | -                        |
| (Gain)/loss on lease modification                                        | 13        | 630                    | 23,650                 | -                        | -                        |
| Net (loss)/gains on financial instruments at fair value                  | 11        | (112,192)              | (348,003)              | -                        | -                        |
| Gain on disposal of investment securities and Non pledged trading assets | 11        | (374,380)              | (58,965)               | -                        | -                        |
| Impairment on financial assets                                           | 9         | 523,551                | 245,319                | -                        | -                        |
| Additional gratuity provision                                            | 14        | 4,515                  | 7,022                  | -                        | -                        |
| Restricted share performance plan expense                                | 14        | 20,234                 | 2,790                  | 239                      | 709                      |
| Write-off of property and equipment                                      | 28 (a)    | 86                     | -                      | 86                       | -                        |
| Write-off of intangible assets                                           | 29        | -                      | 8,745                  | -                        | -                        |
| Share of profit from associate                                           | 27(a)     | -                      | (1,322)                | -                        | -                        |
| Net interest (income)/expenses                                           | 8         | (1,101,650)            | (1,268,028)            | 38,467                   | 51,859                   |
| Gain on modification of loans                                            | 8         | (6,972)                | (2,256)                | -                        | -                        |
| Fair value gain on investment property                                   | 31(a)     | -                      | (4,941)                | -                        | -                        |
| Gain from disposal of investment                                         | 13        | (107,704)              | (326,187)              | -                        | (326,187)                |
| Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss                                         | 48(xvii)  | (210,246)              | (288,341)              | 31,846                   | 179,163                  |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments excluding hedged portion  | 11a       | (499,061)              | 137,974                | -                        | 137,974                  |
| Dividend income                                                          | 13        | (18,363)               | (10,567)               | -                        | (96,037)                 |
| Net loss on fair value hedge (Hedging ineffectiveness)                   | 12(b)     | 95,975                 | 141,530                | -                        | -                        |
| Loss on derecognition of ROU assets                                      | 28(b)     | 1,725                  | 8,387                  | -                        | -                        |
| Change arising from goodwill reassessment                                | 29        | -                      | 3,750                  | -                        | -                        |
|                                                                          |           | (641,141)              | (758,505)              | 230,611                  | 71,251                   |
| <b>Changes in operating assets</b>                                       |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Changes in non-pledged trading assets                                    | 48 (i)    | (598,709)              | (91,791)               | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in pledged assets                                                | 48 (ii)   | 1,223,411              | (98,586)               | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in other restricted deposits with central banks                  | 48 (iii)  | (905)                  | (98,594)               | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in loans and advances to banks and customers                     | 48 (iv)   | 952,766                | (3,762,227)            | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in restricted deposits and other assets                          | 48 (v)    | (614,172)              | (8,799,336)            | 482,307                  | (484,907)                |
| Changes in operating liabilities                                         |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Changes in deposits from banks                                           | 48 (vi)   | (5,716,060)            | 5,217,251              | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in deposits from customers                                       | 48 (vii)  | 2,768,888              | 6,488,891              | -                        | -                        |
| Changes in other liabilities                                             | 48 (viii) | 3,169,917              | 952,914                | 1,859                    | (24,873)                 |
|                                                                          |           | 534,193                | (949,983)              | 714,777                  | (438,530)                |
| Interest paid on deposits to banks and customers                         | 48 (ix)   | (1,698,700)            | (1,744,689)            | -                        | -                        |
| Interest received on loans and advances to bank and customers            | 48 (x)    | 2,044,546              | 1,569,741              | -                        | -                        |
| Interest received on non-pledged trading assets                          | 48 (x)    | 269,055                | 371,459                | -                        | -                        |
|                                                                          |           | 1,149,094              | (753,472)              | 714,777                  | (438,530)                |
| Payment out of retirement benefit obligation                             | 37(i)     | (1,245)                | (1,521)                | -                        | -                        |
| Income tax paid                                                          | 16        | (261,634)              | (140,481)              | (39,352)                 | (2,175)                  |
| <b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>                      |           | <b>886,217</b>         | <b>(895,474)</b>       | <b>675,425</b>           | <b>(440,705)</b>         |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>                              |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Net acquisition of investment securities                                 | 48 (xi)   | (5,508,822)            | (4,034,282)            | -                        | (176,060)                |
| Interest received on investment securities                               | 48 (x)    | 1,332,576              | 1,696,335              | -                        | -                        |
| Transfer from/additional investment in fund manager                      | 48 (xi)   | -                      | (66)                   | -                        | -                        |
| Dividend received                                                        | 13        | 18,363                 | 10,567                 | -                        | 96,037                   |
| Acquisition of property and equipment                                    | 28        | (141,014)              | (260,841)              | (477)                    | (567)                    |
| Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment                         | 48 (xiii) | 8,406                  | 58,778                 | 66                       | -                        |
| Proceeds from the sale of investment property                            | 31a       | 437                    | -                      | -                        | -                        |
| Proceeds from disposal of asset held for sale                            | 48 (xiii) | 11,495                 | 22,292                 | -                        | -                        |
| Acquisition of intangible assets                                         | 29        | (22,783)               | (174,208)              | -                        | (146)                    |
| Proceeds from matured investment securities                              | 48 (xiii) | 5,746,882              | 2,007,938              | -                        | -                        |
| Net cash acquired on business combination                                | 48 (xiii) | 14,479                 | 137,547                | -                        | -                        |
| Proceeds from sale of subsidiary and associate                           | 46 (b)    | -                      | 3,557                  | -                        | -                        |
| Additional investment in subsidiaries                                    | 48 (xi)   | -                      | -                      | (522,963)                | (212,757)                |
| <b>Net cash generated from investing activities</b>                      |           | <b>1,460,019</b>       | <b>(532,383)</b>       | <b>(523,374)</b>         | <b>(293,494)</b>         |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>                              |           |                        |                        |                          |                          |
| Interest paid on interest bearing borrowings and debt securities issued  | 48(ix)    | (256,962)              | 163,126                | (26,372)                 | -                        |
| Proceeds from issue of share                                             | 48(xii)   | -                      | 351,009                | -                        | 351,009                  |
| Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings                                | 36        | 246,846                | 160,831                | -                        | -                        |
| Payments of finance cost for Additional Tier 1 capital                   | 48 (xv)   | (147,098)              | (125,572)              | -                        | -                        |
| Repayment of interest bearing borrowings                                 | 36        | (631,552)              | 1,602,226              | -                        | (17,543)                 |
| Increase in borrowings                                                   | -         | -                      | 475,608                | -                        | 475,608                  |
| Transaction costs on right issue                                         | -         | -                      | (7,918)                | -                        | (7,918)                  |
| Repayment of debt securities issued                                      | 35        | (415,000)              | (84,943)               | -                        | -                        |
| Proceeds from debt securities issued                                     | 35        | 400,000                | -                      | -                        | -                        |
| Lease payments                                                           | 48 (xii)  | (66,780)               | (158,363)              | -                        | -                        |
| Purchase of own shares                                                   | 48 (xii)  | -                      | (492)                  | -                        | (492)                    |
| Dividends paid to owners                                                 | 48 (xv)   | (154,255)              | (79,978)               | (109,304)                | (79,978)                 |
| <b>Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities</b>            |           | <b>(1,024,801)</b>     | <b>2,295,534</b>       | <b>(135,676)</b>         | <b>720,688</b>           |
| <b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>                         |           | <b>1,321,435</b>       | <b>867,678</b>         | <b>16,376</b>            | <b>(13,511)</b>          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year                           | 40        | 6,082,190              | 3,652,924              | 52,954                   | 66,465                   |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                                |           | 1,321,435              | 867,678                | 16,376                   | (13,511)                 |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held                        | 48(xvii)  | 72,032                 | 1,561,588              | -                        | -                        |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>                          | 40        | <b>7,475,657</b>       | <b>6,082,190</b>       | <b>69,330</b>            | <b>52,954</b>            |

The notes are an integral part of these consolidated and separate financial statements.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

### 1 General information

Access Holdings Plc ("the Company") is domiciled in Nigeria. The address of the company's registered office is No 14/15, Prince Alaba Oniru Road, Oniru, Lagos (formerly Plot 999c, Danmole Street, off Adeola Odeku/Idejo Street, Victoria Island, Lagos). The consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2025 comprises the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group" and separately referred to as "Group entities"). The Company's business segments include banking, consumer lending, payment services, insurance brokerage and pension funds administration. The Company is listed on Nigerian Exchange Group.

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 February, 2026. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

As at the time of this report, the Banking Group, Payment services, Digital lending, Access golf and Pension Funds Administration are in operation as a subsidiary of the Holding Company.

### 2 Statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and Company respectively, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Additional information required by national regulations are included where appropriate.

### 3 Basis of preparation

This financial statement has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines set by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. This consolidated and separate financial statement comprise the consolidated and separate statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated and separate statement of financial position, the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity, the consolidated and separate cash flow statement and the accompanying notes.

The financial statements have also been prepared in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA), 2020, the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011 (as amended), the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act (BOFIA), 2020 and relevant Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) Guidelines and Circulars.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle under the historical cost convention, modified to include fair valuation of particular financial instruments, non current assets held for sale and investment properties to the extent required or permitted under IFRS as set out in the relevant accounting policies. as management is satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. In making this assessment, management has

considered a wide range of information including projections of profitability, regulatory capital requirements and funding needs.

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in naira, which is Access Holdings Plc's functional and presentation currency; except where indicated, financial information presented in Naira has been rounded to the nearest millions.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value.
- non-derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.
- financial instruments at fair value through OCI are measured at fair value.
- the liability for defined benefit obligations is recognised as the present value of the defined benefit obligation and related current service cost.
- non-current assets held for sale measured at lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.
- share based payment at fair value or an approximation of fair value allowed by the relevant standard.
- Investment properties are measured at fair value.
- Deferred consideration payable and receivable is recognised as the present value of the future payment or receipt.

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainties and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated and separate financial statements are described in note 4.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### 3.1 IFRS Accounting standards

The material principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Amendments to the following standard(s) became effective in the annual period starting from 1 January, 2025. The new reporting requirements as a result of the amendments and/or clarifications have been evaluated and their impact or otherwise are noted below:

##### (a) Changes in material accounting policies and disclosures

Lack of exchangeability – Amendments to IAS 21. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

In August 2023, the Board issued Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21). The amendment to IAS 21 specifies how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. A currency is considered to be exchangeable into another currency when an entity is able to obtain the other currency within a time frame that allows for a normal administrative delay and through a market or exchange mechanism in which an exchange transaction would create enforceable rights and obligations.

If a currency is not exchangeable into another currency, an entity is required to estimate the spot exchange rate at the measurement date. An entity's objective in estimating the spot exchange rate is to reflect the rate at which an orderly exchange transaction would take place at the measurement date between market participants under prevailing economic conditions. The amendments note that an entity can use an observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique.

##### Disclosure requirements

When an entity estimates a spot exchange rate because a currency is not exchangeable into another currency, it discloses information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendment did not have any material impact on the Group.

#### 3.2 Standards and interpretations issued/ amended but not yet effective

The following standards have been issued or amended by the IASB but are yet to become effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2025:

##### IFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In April 2024, the Board issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements which replaces IAS 1 Presentation in Financial Statements.

IFRS 18 introduces new categories and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss. It also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures (as defined) and includes new requirements for the location, aggregation and disaggregation of financial information. The objective of the Standard is to set out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in general purpose financial statements to help ensure they provide relevant information that faithfully represents an entity's assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.

For the purposes of classifying its income and expenses into the categories required by IFRS 18, an entity will need to assess whether it has a 'main business activity' of investing in assets or providing financing to customers, as specific classification requirements will apply to such entities. Determining whether an entity has such a specified main business activity is a matter of fact and circumstances which requires judgement. An entity may have more than one main business activity.

IFRS 18 introduces the concept of a management-defined performance measure (MPM) which it defines as a subtotal of income and expenses that an entity uses in public communications outside financial statements, to communicate management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the entity as a whole to users. IFRS 18 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and will apply retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted and must be disclosed. The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the standards and interpretations issued/amended not yet effective.

IFRS 18, and the amendments to the other accounting standards, is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and will apply retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted and must disclose the expected impact of adoption.

Subsidiaries without Public Accountability Disclosures: IFRS 19 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

In May 2024, the Board issued IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures (IFRS 19), which allows eligible entities to elect to apply reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. Unless otherwise specified, eligible entities that elect to apply IFRS 19 will not need to apply the disclosure requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. An entity applying IFRS 19 is required to disclose that fact as part of its general IFRS accounting standards compliance statement. IFRS 19 requires an entity whose financial statements comply with IFRS accounting standards including IFRS 19 to make an explicit and unreserved statement of such compliance

##### Eligible entities

An entity may elect to apply IFRS 19 if at the end of the reporting period:

- It is a subsidiary as defined in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements;
- It does not have public accountability; and
- It has a parent (either ultimate or intermediate) that prepares

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

consolidated financial statements, available for public use, which comply with IFRS accounting standards

IFRS 19 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and earlier adoption is permitted. If an eligible entity chooses to apply the standard earlier, it is required to disclose that fact. An entity is required, during the first period (annual and ) in which it applies the standard, to align the disclosures in the comparative period with the disclosures included in the current period under IFRS 19, unless IFRS 19 or another IFRS accounting standard permits or requires otherwise. The entity need to disclose the expected impact of adoption.

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendment to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued amendments to the classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The key amendments include the following:

- **Settlement of financial liabilities through electronic payment systems:** The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognised on the 'settlement date'. However, the amendments provide an exception for the derecognition of financial liabilities. This exception allows the company to derecognise its trade payable before the settlement date when it uses an electronic payment system, provided that specified criteria are met.

Group is currently evaluating the impact of the standards and interpretations issued/amended not yet effective.

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity

Companies face challenges in applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments to contracts referencing nature-dependent electricity – sometimes referred to as renewable power purchase agreements (PPAs). The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has now amended IFRS 9 to address these challenges. The amendments include guidance on:

- the 'own-use' exemption for purchasers of electricity under such PPAs, and
  - hedge accounting requirements for companies that hedge their purchases or sales of electricity using PPAs.
- Amendments for the own-use exemption

The amendments allow a company to apply the own-use exemption to power purchase agreements (PPAs) if the company has been, and expects to be, a net-purchaser of electricity for the contract period. This assessment considers the variability in the amount of electricity expected to be generated due to the seasonal cycle of the natural conditions and the variability in the entity's demand for electricity due to its operating cycle.

### 3.2 Standards and interpretations issued/ amended but not yet effective

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendment to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7) - continued

- **Additional SPPI Test for Contingent Features:** The amendments introduce an additional SPPI test for financial assets with contingent features that are not directly related to a change in basic lending risks or costs – for example, where the cash flows change depending on whether the borrower meets an ESG target specified in the loan contract. Under the amendments, certain financial assets, including those with ESG-linked features, could now meet the SPPI criterion, provided that their cash flows are not significantly different from an identical financial asset without such a feature.
- **Clarification on Contractually Linked Instruments (CLIs):** The amendments clarify the key characteristics of CLIs and how they differ from financial assets with non-recourse features. They also include factors that a company needs to consider when assessing the cash flows underlying a financial asset with non-recourse features (the 'look through' test).
- **Additional Disclosure Requirements:** The amendments require additional disclosures for investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features that are not directly related to a change in basic lending risks or costs and are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The

### Amendments for hedge accounting

Virtual PPAs and PPAs that do not meet the own-use exemption are accounted for as derivatives and measured at FVTPL. Applying hedge accounting could help companies to reduce profit or loss volatility by reflecting how these PPAs hedge the price of future electricity purchases or sales. Subject to certain conditions, the amendments permit companies to designate a variable nominal volume of forecasted sales or purchases of renewable electricity as the hedged transaction, rather than a fixed volume based on P90 estimates. The variable hedged volume is based on the variable volume expected to be delivered by the generation facility referenced in the hedging instrument, facilitating compliance with hedge accounting requirements.

The amendments apply prospectively to new hedging relationships designated on or after the date of initial application. They also allow companies to discontinue an existing hedging relationship, if the same hedging instrument (i.e. the nature-dependent electricity contract) is designated in a new hedging relationship applying the amendments.

These amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Early application is permitted. The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the standards and interpretations issued/amended not yet effective.

Where a company applies the own-use exemption to a PPA contract under the amendments, it would not recognise the PPA in its statement of financial position. Where this is the case, a company is required to disclose further information such as:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

- contractual features exposing the company to variability in electricity volume and the risk of oversupply;
- estimated future cash flows from unrecognised contractual commitments to buy electricity in appropriate time bands;
- qualitative information about how the company has assessed whether a contract might become onerous; and
- qualitative and quantitative information about the costs and proceeds associated with purchases and sales of electricity, based on the information used for the 'net-purchaser' assessment.

The amendments apply retrospectively using facts and circumstances at the beginning of the reporting period of initial application (without requiring prior periods to be restated). The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the standards and interpretations issued/amended not yet effective.

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)

The amendments require the full gain to be recognised when assets transferred between an investor and its associate or joint venture meet the definition of a 'business' under IFRS 3 Business Combinations. Where the assets transferred do not meet the definition of a business, a partial gain to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture is recognised. The definition of a business is key to determining the extent of the gain to be recognised.

When a parent loses control of a subsidiary in a transaction with an associate or joint venture (JV), there is a conflict between the existing guidance on consolidation and equity accounting.

Under the consolidation standard, the parent recognises the full gain on the loss of control. But under the standard on associates and JVs, the parent recognises the gain only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or JV.

In either case, the loss is recognised in full if the underlying assets are impaired.

The IASB has decided to defer the effective date for these amendments indefinitely.

This amendment is generally excluded from the list of standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective unless the bank intends to implement this amendment in the foreseeable future and has assessed that the impact of this amendment is material.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the standards and interpretations issued/amended not yet effective.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards (Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7)

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainties and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated and separate financial statements are described in note 4.

## MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.3 Basis of consolidation

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group exercises control.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity:

- [i] power over the investee;
- [ii] exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- [iii] the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns

The Group reassess periodically whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed. The existence and effect of potential voting rights are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity.

The Group assesses existence of control where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power i.e. when it holds less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee. The group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not its voting rights are sufficient to give it power, including:

- [i] a contractual arrangement between the group and other vote holders
- [ii] rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- [iii] the group's voting rights (including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings)
- [iv] potential voting rights

The subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment in the separate financial statement.

#### (b) Business combinations

The Group applies IFRS 3 Business Combinations (revised) in accounting for business combinations.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights and requirements for regulatory approvals where considered substantive.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the pre-existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Goodwill from business acquisition are tested annually for impairment. When this total is negative, a gain from bargain purchase is recognised immediately in statement of profit or loss.

The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired and does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in the statement of profit or loss

Transactions costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, then it is not re-measured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in the income statement.

When share-based payment awards (replacement awards) are required to be exchanged for awards held by the acquiree's employees (acquiree's awards) and relate to past services, then all or a portion of the amount of the acquirer's replacement awards is included in measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination. This determination is based on the market-based value of the replacement awards compared with the market-based value of the acquiree's awards and the extent to which the replacement awards relate to past and/or future service.

The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure non-controlling interest at its fair value, or at its proportionate share of the recognised amount of the identifiable net assets, at the acquisition date.

#### (c) Loss of control

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for financial instruments.

#### (d) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in income statement. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the income statement.

The gain/loss arising from disposal of subsidiaries is included in the profit/loss of discontinued operations in the statement of comprehensive income, if the disposed subsidiary meets the criteria specified in IFRS 5.

Foreign currency translation differences become realised when the related subsidiary is disposed.

when a parent company disposes of a partial interest in a subsidiary but retains control, this transaction is treated as an equity transaction. In such cases, no gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss; instead, the transaction affects the equity of the parent company. The difference between the proceeds from the disposal and the carrying amount of the interest sold is recorded as an adjustment to equity, reflecting the nature of the transaction as one between owner.

#### (e) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity.

#### (f) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from intercompany transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

#### (g) Non controlling interest

The group recognises non-controlling interests in an acquired entity either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. This decision is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### 3.4 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it can earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the Executive Committee (being the chief operating decision maker) to make decisions about resources allocated to each segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Executive Committee include items that are directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated Segments represents all other transactions than are outside the normal course of business and can not be directly related to a specific segment financial information

#### 3.5 Foreign currency translation

##### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Naira', which is the Company's presentation currency.

The Group in the normal course of business sets up Structured Entries (SEs) for the sole purpose of raising finance in foreign jurisdictions. The SEs raises finance in the currency of their jurisdictions and pass the proceeds to the group entity that set them up. All costs and interest on the borrowing are borne by the sponsoring group entity. These SEs are deemed to be extensions of the sponsoring entity, and hence, their functional currency is the same as that of the sponsoring entity.

##### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between the amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest, impairment and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in the foreign currency translated at the spot exchange rate at the end of the period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency differences arising on translation are generally recognised in profit or loss. However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the following items are recognised in OCI:

- equity investments in respect of which an election has been made to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI;
- a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; and
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

##### (c) Group Entities

The results and financial position of all the group entities (Access Ghana and Access Sierra Leone have a currency of a hyper-inflationary economy that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- [i] assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date of that balance sheet;
- [ii] income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- [iii] all foreign currency differences are recognised in OCI and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to NCI.

When a partial or full disposal of a foreign operations resulted in lost of control, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is re-attributed to NCI.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

##### (d) Hyperinflationary Accounting

The Group has a subsidiary, Access Bank Ghana, which operates in Ghana, an economy that has been classified as hyperinflationary in accordance with the criteria in IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies. Based on the inflation statistics published by the International Monetary Fund (IMF), cumulative inflation over the three years to 2025 exceeded 100%, as evidenced by the official Consumer Price Index (CPI) that moved from 162.80 in 2022 to 257.30 in 2025

In line with IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies, the financial statements of Access Bank Ghana have been restated to reflect the effects of inflation as at the end of the reporting period.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

Access Bank Ghana's financial statements, which are prepared in its functional currency ([Ghana cedis]), have been restated to reflect the change in the general purchasing power of the currency.

The restatement of transactions and balances for the Ghana subsidiary are as follows:

- Corresponding figures as of, and for, the prior year ended, are restated by applying the change in the index from the end of the prior year to the end of the current year.
- Monetary assets and liabilities for the current year, are not restated because they are already stated in terms of the measuring unit current at statement of financial position date;
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities, and components of shareholders equity/funds, are restated by applying the change in index from date/month of transaction or, if applicable, from the date of their most recent revaluation to the statement of financial position date;
- Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are restated by applying the change in the index from the date of transaction, or if applicable from the date of their most recent/last revaluation, to the statement of financial position date. Depreciation and amortization amounts are based on the restated amounts;
- Profit or loss statement items/transactions, are restated by applying the change in index during the year to statement of financial position date;
- Gains and losses arising from net monetary asset or liability positions are included in the profit or loss statement; and
- All items in the cash flow statement are expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the statement of financial position date.

After restating the financial statements of Access Bank Ghana in accordance with IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies, the figures are translated into the Group's presentation currency (Naira) using the closing exchange rate at the reporting date, in accordance with IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

#### Discontinuation of Hyperinflation

The Group discontinues the application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies once the relevant economy is assessed to have ceased being hyperinflationary, in line with IAS 29 requirements.

When hyperinflationary accounting ceases, the amounts expressed in the measuring unit current at the end of the last reporting period in which IAS 29 was applied are used as the basis for the carrying amounts in subsequent financial statements. These restated balances are treated as the opening balances for future periods and are not subsequently re indexed.

Judgement is required in determining when an economy ceases to be hyperinflationary, taking into consideration indicators such as improvements in macroeconomic stability, sustained decreases in inflation, and other qualitative economic factors, in accordance with IAS 29.38. For the Group's operations in Ghana, the application of IAS 29 was discontinued in December 2025, as the Ghanaian economy was assessed to have ceased hyperinflation. Consequently, restated figures as at June 2025, being the last period in which IAS 29 was applied, have been used as the basis for carrying amounts in subsequent reporting periods.

### 3.6 Operating income

It is the Group's policy to recognise revenue from a contract when it has been approved by both parties, rights have been clearly identified, payment terms have been defined, the contract has commercial substance, and collectability has been ascertained as probable.

Revenue is recognised when control of goods or services have been transferred. Control of an asset refers to the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits (potential cash inflows or savings in cash outflows) associated with the asset.

#### Principal versus Agency considerations

The Group is the principal in an arrangement where it obtains control of the goods or services of another party in advance of transferring control of those goods or services to a customer. The Group is the principal in its card services.

The Group is an agent where its performance obligation is to arrange for another party to provide the goods and services. The Group is the agent in its arrangement with mobile network providers, card vendors and insurance companies.

Where the group is acting as an agent, it recognises as revenue only the commission retained by the group (in other words, revenue is recognised net of the amounts paid to the principal). Where the group is the principal, it will recognise as revenue the gross amount paid and allocated to the performance obligation. It will also recognise an expense for the direct costs of satisfying the performance obligation.

#### (a) Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense for all interest-bearing financial instruments are recognised within "interest income" and "interest expense" in the consolidated and separate income statement using the effective interest method.

The Group calculates interest income by applying the Effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

of the financial asset. If the financial assets is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments but not future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes contractual fees paid or received, transaction costs, and discounts or premiums that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or liability.

Interest income and expense presented in the statement of comprehensive income include:

- interest on financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost calculated on an effective interest rate basis.
- interest on fair value through other comprehensive income investment securities calculated on an effective interest basis.

Interest income on fair value through profit or loss instruments is recognised using the contractual interest rate on investment securities.

#### (b) Modification Gain or Loss

A modification gain or loss arises when the terms of a financial instrument are modified or changed, leading to a difference between the present value of the revised cash flows and the present value of the original cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

IFRS 9: Financial Instruments provide guidance on the accounting treatment for modifications of financial instruments.

When the terms of a financial instrument (such as a loan) are modified, the entity must assess whether the modification is considered a substantial modification or a non-substantial modification.

- (a) Substantial Modification
- (b) Non-Substantial Modification

If the modification is not substantial, the carrying amount of the original financial instrument is adjusted to reflect the new cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The difference between the original carrying amount and the revised carrying amount is recognised immediately in the income

statement as a modification gain or loss.

#### (c) Fees and commission income and expense

Fees and commission income and expenses that are integral to the effective interest rate on a financial asset or liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate.

Fee and commission presented in the income statement includes:

- Credit related fees: This includes advisory, penal and commitment fees. These are fees charged for administration and advisory services to the customer up to the customer's acceptance of the offer letter. The advisory and commitment fees are earned at the point in time where the customer accepts the offer letter which is when the Group recognises its income. These fees are not integral to the loan, therefore, they are not considered in determining the effective interest rate. The penal fee on default also forms part of the items warehoused in this line. When a loan commitment is not expected to result in the draw-down of a loan, loan commitment fees are recognised on a straight-line basis over the commitment period.
- Account maintenance fees: These are fees charged to current accounts. N1 on every N1,000 in respect of all customer induced debit transactions is charged on these accounts. These fees are earned by the Group at the time of each transaction and the Group recognises its income accordingly.
- Card maintenance fees: The Group charges these fees to customers for maintaining their cards. The fees are earned and recognised by the Group over the validity period of the card. The Group charges the customers for this service on a monthly basis.
- Other fees and commission income, includes commission on bills and letters of credit, account handling charge, commissions on other financial services, commission on foreign currency denominated transactions, channel and other e-business income, and retail account charges. These fees and commissions are recognised as the related services are performed.

Fees and commissions expenses are fees charged for the provision of services to customers transacting on alternate channels platform of the Group and on the various debit and credit cards issued for the purpose of these payments. They are charged to the Group on services rendered on internet Grouping, mobile Grouping and online purchasing platforms. The corresponding income lines for these expenses include the income on cards (both foreign and local cards), online purchases and bill payments included in fees and commissions.

#### (d) Net loss/gains on financial instruments at fair value

Net loss/gains on financial instruments comprise of the following:



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

- Net gains/losses on financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss: This includes the gains and losses arising both on sale of trading instruments and from changes in fair value of derivatives and non-derivative instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- Net gains on financial instruments held as Fair value through other comprehensive income: This relates to gains arising from the disposal of financial instruments held as Fair value through other comprehensive income as well as fair value changes reclassified from other comprehensive income upon disposal of debt instruments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### (e) Net Foreign exchange gain and losses

Net foreign exchange gain and losses include realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains or losses on revaluation of the foreign currency denominated transactions

#### (f) Other operating income

Other operating income includes items such as dividends, gains on disposal of properties, rental income, income from asset management, brokerage and agency as well as income from other investments.

Dividend on Fair value through profit or loss equity securities: This is recognised net of withholding tax when the right to receive payment is established. Dividends are reflected as a component of other operating income in the income statement.

### 3.7 Income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### (a) Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the bank and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. The Bank calculates income tax expense using the Companies Income Tax Act (CITA). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. It is recognised in the current tax liabilities captioned in the statement of financial positions and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the

resolution of the uncertainty

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

#### (b) Minimum tax

Based on the provisions of The Finance Act 2020, minimum tax will be applicable at 0.5% of gross turnover less franked investment income. This is shown in note 16.

#### (c) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognise a deferred tax asset in full, then future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the Group has not rebutted this presumption.

#### (d) Tax windfall

The Nigerian government, through the Finance (Amendment) Bill 2024, imposed a 70% windfall tax on realised profits from foreign exchange transactions by banks in the 2023, 2024 and

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

2025 financial year, to be assessed and collected by the Federal Inland Revenue Service (FIRS) now Nigeria Revenue Service (NRS). This has been treated by making a provision for this in the company income tax computation for 2024 for the 2023 and 2024 financial year. For the year ended 31 December 2025, the Bank has made provision of the windfall levy in line with Finance (Amendment) Bill 2024.

### 3.8 Financial assets and liabilities

#### Investments and other financial assets

##### Recognition and derecognition

The Group initially recognises financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) on the settlement date, which is the date that the instrument is delivered to or by the Group.

#### (a) Financial assets

##### i Classification

The group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured subsequently at amortised cost.

The classification for debt financial assets depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

##### Measurement

At initial recognition, the group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss. Where the fair value is different from the transaction price,

the resulting gain or loss is recognised in trading gains or losses on financial instruments only when the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset (i.e. level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets

#### ii Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the group's business model for managing the asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

- **Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in Net (loss)/gain on financial instruments at fair value together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.
- **FVOCI:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other operating income. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in net gains/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in net impairment charge on financial assets.
- **FVPL:** Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within net gains/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value in the period in which it arises.

If in a subsequent period, the fair value of an impaired fair value through other comprehensive income debt security increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, then the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement; otherwise, any increase in fair value is recognised through OCI.

The Group only measures cash and balances with Groups, Loans and advances to Groups and customers and other financial investments at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below.

#### iii Business model assessment

The Group determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Group's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel.
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed.
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Group's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Group's original expectations, the Group does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

#### iv The SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process, the Group assesses the contractual terms of financial instruments to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Group applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVPL.

#### v Equity instruments

The group initially measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss. Where the group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in net gains/(loss) on financial instrument at fair value in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.

#### (b) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. A compound financial instrument which contains both a liability and an equity component is separated at the issue date. Interest expense is included in 'Interest expense' in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities that are classified at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and other financial liabilities designated as such at initial recognition. Gains and losses attributable to changes in Group's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income and the fair value of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

If recognition of own credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, all fair value gains/losses are recognised in profit or loss.

The table below reconciles classification of financial instruments to the respective IFRS 9 category.

|                       |                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Financial assets      | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss      |
|                       | Financial assets at amortised cost                         |
|                       | Fair value through other comprehensive income              |
| Financial liabilities | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss |
|                       | Financial liabilities at amortised cost                    |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### (c) Classification of financial assets

##### [i] Fair value through profit or loss

This category comprises financial assets classified as hold to sell upon initial recognition.

A financial asset is classified as fair value through profit or loss if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorised measured at fair value through profit or loss unless they are designated and effective as hedging instruments. Financial assets held for trading consist of debt instruments, including money-market instruments, as well as financial assets with embedded derivatives. They are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as 'non-pledged trading assets'.

Financial assets included in this category are recognised initially at fair value; transaction costs are taken directly to the consolidated income statement. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included directly in the consolidated income statement and are reported as "Net (loss)/gain on financial instruments at fair value". Interest income and expense and dividend income on financial assets held for trading are included in 'Interest income', 'Interest expense' or 'Other operating income', respectively. The instruments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the transfer qualifies for derecognising.

The Group is mandated to classify certain financial assets upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss (fair value option) when the following conditions are met:

- The asset does not meet the solely principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI) test
- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by selling financial assets.

The Group may designate certain financial assets upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss (fair value option). This designation cannot subsequently be changed. The fair value option is only applied when the designation eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise.

##### [ii] Amortised cost

Amortised cost financial assets are assets that are held for collection of contractual cashflows, where those cashflows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

These are initially recognised at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs and measured subsequently at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Any sale or reclassification of a significant amount of amortised cost investments not close to their maturity would result in a reassessment of the Group's business model for managing the

assets. However, sales and reclassifications in any of the following circumstances would not trigger a reclassification:

- Sales or reclassification that are so close to maturity that changes on the market rate of interest would not have a significant effect on the financial asset's fair value.
- Sales or reclassification after the Group has collected substantially all the asset's original principal.
- Sales or reclassification attributable to non-recurring isolated events beyond the Group's control that could not have been reasonably anticipated.

Interest on amortised cost investments is included in the consolidated income statement and reported as 'Interest income'. In the case of an impairment, the impairment loss is been reported as a deduction from the carrying value of the investment and recognised in the consolidated income statement as 'net impairment loss on financial assets'. Amortised cost investments include treasury bills and bonds.

##### [iv] Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are assets that are held for the collection of contractual cashflows and selling of the financial assets where the asset's cashflow represents solely payments of principal and interest.

Unquoted equity securities that have been elected as fair value through other comprehensive and other fair value through other comprehensive income investments are carried at fair value.

Interest income is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the income statement when the Group becomes entitled to the dividend. Foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments are recognised in the income statement.

Other fair value changes are recognised directly in other comprehensive income until the debt investment is sold or impaired whereupon the cumulative gains and losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised to the income statement as a reclassification adjustment.

Fair value through other comprehensive income instruments include investment securities and equity investments that are so elected.

#### (d) Classification of financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

##### (i) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not classified as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at amortised cost using the effective



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

interest method. Interest expense is included in 'Interest expense' in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Deposits and debt securities issued are the Group's sources of debt funding. When the Group sells a financial asset and simultaneously enters into a "repo" or "stock lending" agreement to repurchase the asset (or a similar asset) at a fixed price on a future date, the arrangement is accounted for as a deposit, and the underlying asset continues to be recognised in the Group's financial statements as pledged assets.

The Group classifies debt instruments as financial liabilities in accordance with the contractual terms of the instrument.

Deposits and debt securities issued are initially measured at fair value minus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently measured at their amortised cost using the effective interest method, except where the Group designates liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

On this statement of financial position, other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost include deposit from Groups, deposit from customers, interest bearing borrowings, debt securities issued and other liabilities.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities at fair value

The Group may enter into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and foreign currency options. Further details of derivative financial instruments are disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date. A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. Derivatives are presented as financial assets or financial liabilities.

Derivative assets and liabilities are only offset if the transactions are with the same counterparty, a legal right of offset exists and the parties intend to settle on a net basis.

#### (e) Measurement of financial asset and liabilities

##### [i] Amortised cost measurement and carrying amount

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

The "gross carrying amount of a financial asset" is the amortised

cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any expected credit loss allowance.

#### [ii] Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

When available, the Group measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

If a market for a financial instrument is not active, the Group establishes fair value using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties (if available), reference to the current fair value of other instruments that are substantially the same, and discounted cash flow analysis. The chosen valuation technique makes maximum use of market inputs, relies as little as possible on estimates specific to the Group, incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price, and is consistent with accepted economic methodologies for pricing financial instruments. Inputs to valuation techniques reasonably represent market expectations and measures of the risk-return factors inherent in the financial instrument. The Group calibrates valuation techniques and tests them for validity using prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on other available observable market data.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is the transaction price – i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. However, in some cases, the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition may be different to its transaction price. If such fair value is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets, then the difference is recognised in the income statement on initial recognition of the instrument.

In other cases the difference is not recognised in the income statement immediately but is recognised over the life of the instrument on an appropriate basis or when the instrument is redeemed, transferred or sold, or the fair value becomes observable.

Assets and long positions are measured at a bid price; liabilities and short positions are measured at an asking price. Where the Group has positions with offsetting risks, mid-market prices are used to measure the offsetting risk positions and a bid or asking price adjustment is applied only to the net open position as appropriate. Fair values reflect the credit risk of the instrument and include adjustments to take account of the credit risk of the Group entity and the counterparty where appropriate. Fair value estimates obtained from models are adjusted for any other factors, such as liquidity risk or model uncertainties, to the extent that the Group believes a third-party market participant would take them into account in pricing a transaction.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

##### (f) Reclassification of financial assets

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group changes its business model for managing a financial asset; the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

Financial assets other than loans and receivables are permitted to be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category only in rare circumstances arising from a single event that is unusual and highly unlikely to recur in the near-term. In addition, the Group may choose to reclassify financial assets that would meet the definition of loans and receivables out of the fair value through profit or loss or fair value through other comprehensive income categories if the Group has the intention and ability to hold these financial assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity at the date of reclassification.

Reclassifications are made at fair value as of the reclassification date. Fair value becomes the new cost or amortised cost as applicable, and no reversals of fair value gains or losses recorded before reclassification date are subsequently made. Effective interest rates for financial assets reclassified to amortised cost categories are determined at the reclassification date. Further increases in estimates of cash flows adjust effective interest rates prospectively.

##### Reclassification date

The first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model that results in an entity reclassifying financial assets.

A change in the objective of the Group's business model must be effected before the reclassification date. For example, if Group decides on 15 February to shut down its Corporate & investment Grouping business and hence must reclassify all affected financial assets on 1 April (i.e. the first day of the Group's next reporting period), the Group must not accept new Corporate & investment Grouping business or otherwise engage in activities consistent with its former business model after 15 February.

All reclassifications are applied prospectively from the reclassification date.

##### (g) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Derecognition due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Group derecognises a financial asset or liability, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognised as a derecognition in the statement of comprehensive income, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The terms and

conditions have been renegotiated substantially if the discounted cash flows under the new terms are at least 10 per cent different from the discounted remaining cash flows of the original terms. The newly recognised loans are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new loan is deemed to be Purchased or Originated Credit Impaired (POCI).

When assessing whether or not to derecognise a loan to a customer, amongst others, the Group considers the following factors:

- Change in currency of the loan
- Introduction of an equity feature
- Change in counterparty
- If the modification is such that the instrument would no longer meet the SPPI criterion

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. This is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of interest income

##### (i) Derecognition other than for substantial modification - Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Group has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

as security to the eventual recipients

- The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay.

In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

For floating-rate financial assets, the original effective interest rate used to calculate the modification gain or loss is adjusted to reflect current market terms at the time of the modification. Any costs or fees incurred and modification fees received adjust the gross carrying amount of the modified financial assets and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

When the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement, in which case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Group could be required to pay.

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Bank would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

#### (ii) Derecognition other than for substantial modification - Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms such as the beneficiary, tenor, principal amount or the interest rate, or the terms of an existing liability

are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

For floating-rate financial liabilities, the original effective interest rate used to calculate the modification gain or loss is adjusted to reflect current market terms at the time of the modification. Any costs and fees incurred are recognised as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the liability and amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by re-computing the effective interest rate on the instrument.

The Group originates interest and principal strips by separating cash flows from underlying investment portfolios. Upon stripping, the carrying amount of the original debt instrument is allocated between the principal and interest components based on their relative fair values at the date of separation.

As the stripped instrument does not give rise to cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest, it is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Transfers of interest or principal strips are assessed for derecognition on the basis of whether the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards or control of the assets. Transfers that do not meet derecognition criteria are accounted for as secured borrowings and proceeds are recognised as liabilities.

For transfers that meet derecognition criteria, the asset is derecognised and any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss within the net (loss)/gains on financial instruments at fair value. The remaining principal or interest component continues to be recognised and subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (h) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under IFRSs, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Group's trading activity.

#### Sale and repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to repurchase agreements ('repos') remain on the statement of financial position; the counterparty liability is included in amounts due to other Groups, deposits from Groups, other deposits or deposits due to customers, as appropriate. Securities purchased under agreements to resell (reverse repos') are recorded as investment securities. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as interest and accrued over

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

the life of the agreements using the effective interest method.

Securities lent to counterparties are also retained in the financial statements. Securities borrowed are not recognised in the financial statements, unless these are sold to third parties, in which case the purchase and sale are recorded with the gain or loss included in Net (loss)/gain on financial instruments at fair value.

#### (i) Measurement of specific financial assets

##### (i) Cash and balances with Groups

Cash and balances with Groups include notes and coins on hand, balances held with central Groups and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, unrestricted balances with foreign and central Groups, money market placements and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

##### (ii) Repossessed collateral

Reposessed collateral are equities, investment properties or other investments reposessed from a customer and used to settle the outstanding obligation. Such investments are classified in accordance with the intention of the Group in the asset class which they belong and are also separately disclosed in the financial statement.

When collaterals are reposessed in satisfaction of a loan, the receivable is written down against the allowance for losses. Reposessed collaterals are included in the financial statement based on how the Group intends to realise benefit from such collateral such as "Non current assets held for sale" and carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value less costs to sell, if the Group intends to sell or cost less accumulated depreciation, if for use in the normal course of business.

##### (iii) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The Group uses derivative instruments, including forward foreign exchange contracts and swaps, to manage exposures to currency risk arising from operational and financing activities.

Fair value is determined using a valuation technique (mark-to-model) that maximises the use of observable market inputs and minimises unobservable inputs. The valuation is based on the interest rate parity (IRP) model, which considers:

- The spot exchange rate at valuation date,
- Relevant currency-specific interest rates over the term

of the derivative contract; inclusive of spread for the local currency-specific interest rates

- The time to maturity of the instrument.

This approach reflects the theoretical forward rate derived from the relationship between spot exchange rates and interest rates in each currency, in accordance with economic principles and IFRS 13 requirements.

For derivatives not designated in a hedge accounting relationship, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss as they arise.

Where a derivative is designated and qualifies as a hedging instrument in a fair value hedge under IFRS 9, changes in the fair value of both the hedging instrument and the hedged item (attributable to the hedged risk) are recognised in profit or loss.

Derivatives are presented as financial assets when their fair values are positive and as financial liabilities when their fair values are negative.

##### (iv) Pledged assets

Financial assets transferred to external parties that do not qualify for de-recognition are reclassified in the statement of financial position from financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss or investment securities to assets pledged as collateral, if the transferee has received the right to sell or re-pledge them in the event of default from agreed terms.

Initial recognition of assets pledged as collateral is at fair value, whilst subsequent measurement is based on the classification of the financial asset. Assets pledged as collateral are either classified as fair value through profit or loss, Fair value through other comprehensive income or Amortised cost. Where the assets pledged as collateral are classified as fair value through profit or loss, subsequent measurement is at fair value through profit and loss, whilst assets pledged as collateral classified as Fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair-value through OCI. Assets pledged as collateral are classified as Amortised cost.

##### [v] Investment under management

Investment under management are funds entrusted to Asset management firms who acts as agents to the Company for safe keeping and management for investment purpose with returns on the underlying investments accruable to the Company, who is the principal.

The investment decision made by the Asset management is within an agreed portfolio of high quality Nigerian fixed income and money market instruments which are usually short tenured.

The investments are carried at fair value based on the valuation report provided by the asset manager.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### 3.9 Impairment of financial assets

##### Overview of the ECL principles

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses ('ECL') associated with its debt instrument assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI and with the exposure arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. The Group recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

##### Staging Assessment

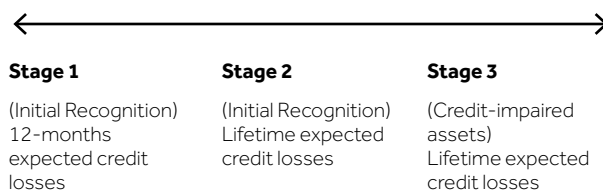
The Group has established a policy to perform an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Based on the above process, the Group categorises its financial instruments into Stage 1, Stage 2, Stage 3, as described below. All POCI (Purchased or originated credit impaired) financial instruments are categorised under stage 3.

- **Stage 1:** When a financial instrument is first recognised, the Group recognises an allowance based on 12m Expected credit Loss. Stage 1 also includes financial instruments where the credit risk has improved (after review over a period of 90 days) and the financial instruments has been reclassified from Stage 2.
- **Stage 2:** When a financial instrument has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the Lifetime ECLs. Stage 2 financial instruments also include instances, where the credit risk has improved (after review over a period of 90 days) and the financial instrument has been reclassified from Stage 3.
- **Stage 3:** Financial instruments considered credit-impaired. The Group records an allowance for the Lifetime ECLs.

**POCI:** Purchased or originated credit impaired (POCI) assets are financial assets that are credit impaired on initial recognition. POCI assets are recorded at fair value at original recognition and interest income is subsequently recognised based on a credit-adjusted EIR. ECLs are only recognised or released to the extent that there is a subsequent change in the expected credit losses.

##### Change in credit quality since initial recognition



##### Measuring the Expected Credit Loss

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or Lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are the discounted product of the Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD), and Loss Given Default (LGD), defined as follows:

- The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per Definition of default and credit-impaired above), either over the next 12 months (12M PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime PD) of the obligation.
- EAD is based on the amounts the Group expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD). For example, for a revolving commitment, the Group includes the current drawn balance plus any further amount that is expected to be drawn up to the current contractual limit by the time of default, should it occur.
- Loss Given Default represents the Group's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. LGD varies by type of counterparty, type and seniority of claim and availability of collateral or other credit support. LGD is expressed as a percentage loss per unit of exposure at the time of default (EAD). LGD is calculated on a 12-month or lifetime basis, where 12-month LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs in the next 12 months and Lifetime LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs over the remaining expected lifetime of the loan.

The Lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12M PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the loans. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets within a portfolio and credit grade band. This is supported by historical analysis.

The 12-month and lifetime EADs are determined based on the expected payment profile, which varies by product type.

- For amortising products and bullet repayment loans, this is based on the contractual repayments owed by the borrower over a 12month or lifetime basis. This will also be adjusted for any expected overpayments made by a borrower. Early repayment/refinance assumptions are also incorporated

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

into the calculation.

- For revolving products, the exposure at default is predicted by taking current drawn balance and adding a credit conversion factor which allows for the expected drawdown of the remaining limit by the time of default. These assumptions vary by product type and current limit utilisation band, based on analysis of the Group's recent default data.

When estimating the ECLs, the Group considers three scenarios (optimistic, best-estimate and downturn) and each of these is associated with different PDs and LGDs. When relevant, the assessment of multiple scenarios also incorporates how defaulted loans are expected to be recovered, including the probability that the loans will cure (i.e. be paid in full or no longer credit-impaired) and the value of collateral or the amount that might be received for selling the asset.

The 12-month and lifetime LGDs are determined based on the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. These vary by product type.

- For secured products, this is primarily based on collateral type and projected collateral values, historical discounts to market/book values due to forced sales, time to repossession and recovery costs observed.
- For unsecured products, LGDs are typically set at product level due to the limitation in recoveries achieved across different borrower. These LGDs are influenced by collection strategies, including contracted debt sales and price.

The mechanics of the ECL method are summarised below:

- Stage 1: The 12 month ECL is calculated as the portion of Lifetime ECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The Group calculates the 12 month ECL allowance based on the expectation of a default occurring in the 12 months following the reporting date.

These expected 12-month default probabilities are applied to a forecast 12 month EAD and multiplied by the expected 12 month LGD and discounted by an approximation to the original EIR. This calculation is made for each of the three scenarios, as explained above.

- Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the Lifetime ECLs. The mechanics are similar to those explained above, including the use of multiple scenarios, but PDs and LGDs are estimated over the lifetime of the instrument. The expected cash shortfalls are discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.
- Stage 3: For loans considered credit-impaired, the Group recognises the lifetime expected credit losses for these loans. The method is similar to that for Stage 2 assets, with the PD set at 100%.
- POCI: Purchase or Originated Credit Impaired (POCI)

assets are financial assets that are credit impaired on initial recognition. The Group only recognises the cumulative changes in lifetime ECLs since initial recognition, based on a probability-weighting of the three scenarios, discounted by the credit adjusted EIR.

- Loan commitments and letters of credit: When estimating Lifetime ECLs for undrawn loan commitments, the Group estimates the expected portion of the loan commitment that will be drawn down over its expected life. The ECL is then based on the present value of the expected shortfalls in cash flows if the loan is drawn down, based on a probability-weighting of the three scenarios. The expected cash shortfalls are discounted at an approximation to the expected EIR on the loan.

For credit cards and revolving facilities that include both a loan and an undrawn commitment, ECLs are calculated and presented together with the loan. For loan commitments and letters of credit, the ECL is recognised within net impairment charge on financial assets.

- Financial guarantee contracts: The Group's liability under each guarantee is measured at the higher of the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised in the income statement, and the ECL provision. For this purpose, the Group estimates ECLs based on the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs. The shortfalls are discounted by the risk-adjusted interest rate relevant to the exposure. The calculation is made using a probability-weighting of the three scenarios. The ECLs related to financial guarantee contracts are recognised within net impairment charge on financial assets
- Sovereign Debt investments at amortised cost and FVOCI are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12 months' expected losses. Management considers 'low credit risk' for such instruments to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency. Other instruments are considered to be low credit risk where they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

#### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

The Group considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the following quantitative, qualitative or backstop criteria have been met:

#### Quantitative criteria:

The remaining Lifetime PD at the reporting date has increased, compared to the residual Lifetime PD expected at the reporting date when the exposure was first recognised.

Deterioration in the credit rating of an obligor either based on the Group's internal rating system or an international credit rating. However, the downgrade considers movement from a grade band to another e.g. Investment grade to Standard.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

The group also considers accounts that meet the criteria to be put on the watchlist bucket in line with CBN prudential guidelines since they have significantly increased in credit risk.

The group continuously monitors all assets subject to ECL. In order to determine whether an instrument or a portfolio of instruments is subject to 12mECL or LTECL, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

When determining whether the risk of default on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and expert credit assessment and including forward-looking information. The objective of the assessment is to identify whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred for an exposure by comparing:

- The remaining lifetime PD as at the reporting date, with
- The remaining lifetime PD for this point in time that was estimated at the time of initial recognition of the exposure

The Group uses three criteria for determining whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk:

- A quantitative test based on movement in PD
- Qualitative indicators; and
- A backstop of 30 days past due for all financial assets (regardless of the change in internal credit grades

#### Qualitative criteria:

For Retail loans, if the borrower meets one or more of the following criteria:

- In short-term forbearance
- Direct debit cancellation
- Extension to the terms granted
- Previous arrears within the last [12] months

For Corporate portfolio, if the borrower is on the watchlist and/or the instrument meets one or more of the following criteria:

- Significant increase in credit spread
- Significant adverse changes in business, financial and/or economic conditions in which the borrower operates
- Actual or expected forbearance or restructuring
- Actual or expected significant adverse change in operating results of the borrower

- Significant change in collateral value (secured facilities only) which is expected to increase risk of default
- Early signs of cash flow/liquidity problems such as delay in servicing of trade creditors/loans

The assessment of SICR incorporates forward-looking information and is performed on a quarterly basis at a portfolio level for all Retail financial instruments held by the Group. In relation to Wholesale and Treasury financial instruments, where a Watchlist is used to monitor credit risk, this assessment is performed at the counterparty level and on a periodic basis. The criteria used to identify SICR are monitored and reviewed periodically for appropriateness by the independent Credit Risk team.

For modified financial assets the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument by comparing the risk of default occurring at the reporting date (based on the modified contractual terms) and the risk of default occurring at initial recognition (based on the original unmodified contractual terms)

#### Backstop

A backstop indicator is applied and the financial instrument is considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk if the borrower is more than 30 days past due and 90 days past due on its contractual payments for both stage 2 and stage 3 respectively.

#### Definition of default and credit-impaired assets

The Group defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

#### Quantitative criteria

The borrower is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments.

#### Qualitative criteria

The borrower meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the borrower is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- The borrower is in long-term forbearance
- The borrower is deceased
- The borrower is insolvent
- The borrower is in breach of financial covenant(s)
- An active market for that financial asset has disappeared

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

because of financial difficulties

- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy
- Financial assets are purchased or originated at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses

The criteria above have been applied to all financial instruments held by the Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD) and Loss given Default (LGD) throughout the Group's expected loss calculations.

#### Incorporation of forward looking information and macroeconomic factors

In its ECL models, the Group relies on a broad range of forward looking information as economic inputs. The macroeconomic variables considered for the adjustment of the probabilities of default are listed below:

- Crude oil prices,
- Prime lending rate

The inputs and models used for calculating ECLs may not always capture all characteristics of the market at the date of the financial statements. To reflect this, qualitative adjustments or overlays are occasionally made as temporary adjustments when such differences are significantly material.

The ECLs include forward-looking information which translates into an allowance for changes in macro-economic conditions and forecasts when estimating lifetime ECLs. It is important to understand the effect of forecasted changes in the macro-economic environment on ECLs, so that an appropriate level of provisions can be raised.

A regression model was built to explain and predict the impact of macro-economic indicators on default rates. Such regression models are usually built on a history of default rates and macro-economic variables covering at least one economic cycle, but preferable more.

Historical data on macro-economic indicators from a host of reliable sources, including the International Monetary Fund was gathered. As a proxy for default rates, the Group provided their non-performing loans as a percentage of gross loans ("NPL%") metric.

The macro-economic model regressed historical NPL% (the target variable) on a list of candidate macro-economic indicators. The Group's Economic Intelligence currently monitors and forecasts certain macro-economic indicators. These indicators are GDP growth rate, crude oil prices and the foreign exchange rate. The most predictive variables that were selected in the regression model (the most predictive indicators) were determined. The logic of the relationships between the indicators and the target variable was considered and assessed to ensure indicators are not highly correlated with one another.

The model produced best-estimate, optimistic and downturn

forecasts of the selected macro-economic indicators, based on trends in the indicators and macro-economic commentary. This was done through stressing the indicator GDP, which in turn stressed the other indicators based on their assumed historical correlation with GDP. The regression formula obtained was applied to the forecasted macro-economic indicators in order to predict the target variable.

The best-estimate, optimistic and downturn scalars of predicted target variables were determined. In order to remove the impact of any historical trends included in the data, the scalar denominator was adjusted based on the estimation period used to derive the PDs. The scalars calculated were applied to the lifetime PDs. This process results in forward-looking best-estimate, optimistic and downturn lifetime PD curves, which are used in the ECL calculations.

#### Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the Group's statement of financial position. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodic basis every 3 years.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models. Non-financial collateral, such as real estate, is valued based on data provided by third parties such as external valuers.

#### Collateral repossessed

The Group's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in, line with the Group's policy.

Investment under management are funds entrusted to Asset management firms who acts as agents to the Group for safe keeping and management for investment purpose with returns on the underlying investments accruable to the Group, who is the principal.

The investment decision made by the Asset management within an agreed portfolio of high quality Nigerian fixed income and money market instruments which are usually short tenured. The investments are carried as fair value through OCI and accounting policy (3.9) (a) [iv] applies.

In assessing expected credit loss, the Group uses statistical



## 3 Basis of preparation continued

modelling of historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current and forecasted economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical modelling. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate. The ECL on restricted deposits and other assets is calculated using the simplified model approach.

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial assets and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the assets' original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in the income statement and reflected in an allowance account against loans and advances. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Impairment losses on fair value through other comprehensive income investment securities are recognised in profit or loss and the impairment provision is not used to reduce the carrying amount of the investment but recognised in other comprehensive income. For debt securities, the group uses the criteria referred above to assess impairment.

The Group writes off previously impaired loans and advances (and investment securities) when they are determined not to be recoverable. The Group writes off loans or investment debt securities that are impaired (either partially or in full and any related allowance for impairment losses) when the Group credit team determines that there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

### 3.10 Investment properties

An investment property is an investment in land or buildings held primarily for generating income or capital appreciation and not occupied substantially for use in the operations of the Group. An occupation of more than 15% of the property is considered substantial. Investment properties is measured initially at cost including transaction cost and subsequently carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value and revalued periodically on a systematic basis. Investment properties are not subject to periodic charge for depreciation. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the consolidated income statement in the period which it arises as: "Fair value gain/loss on investment property.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in income statement inside other operating income or other operating expenses dependent on whether a loss or gain is recognised after the measurement.

When the use of a property changes such that it is reclassified as property and equipment, its fair value at the date of reclassification

becomes its cost for subsequent accounting applicable to property and equipment.

### 3.11 Property and equipment

#### (a) Recognition and measurement

Items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

When significant parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property and equipment, and are recognised net within other operating income in the Income statement.

#### (b) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day repairs and maintenance of property and equipment are recognised in Income statement as incurred.

#### (c) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis to write down the cost of items of property and equipment, to their residual values over the estimated useful lives.

Depreciation begins when an asset is available for use and ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is derecognised or classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5. A non-current asset or disposal group is not depreciated while it is classified as held for sale.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods of significant items of property and equipment are as follows:

|                                     |                                                               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Freehold Land                       | Not depreciated                                               |
| Leasehold improvements and building | Over the shorter of the useful life of the item or lease term |
| Buildings                           | 60 years                                                      |
| Computer hardware                   | 4.5 years                                                     |
| Furniture and fittings              | 6 years                                                       |
| Plant and Equipment                 | 5 years                                                       |
| Motor vehicles                      | 5 years                                                       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each date of the statement of financial position. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Capital work in progress is not depreciated. Upon completion it is transferred to the relevant asset category. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

#### (d) De-recognition

An item of property and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included within other operating income in the income statement in the period the asset is derecognised.

### 3.12 Leases

#### Group as the Lessee:

The Group leases several assets including buildings and land. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions, including extension options as described in the "extension and termination options header" below. The lease period ranges from 1 year to 40 years. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, however, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis.

#### Lease liabilities

At commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate

- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees

- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and

- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right of use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities as at 31 December 2025 was 20%. Where the basis for determining future lease payments changes as required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Group remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rate that reflects the change to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Right of use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

## 3 Basis of preparation continued

### Short-term leases and leases of low value

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered of low value (i.e. low value assets). Low-value assets are assets with lease amount of less than \$5,000 or its equivalent in Naira when new. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group.

### A group company is the lessor;

When assets are held subject to a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

## 3.13 Intangible assets

### (a) Goodwill

Goodwill that arises upon the acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose identified in accordance with IFRS 3.

Goodwill has an indefinite useful life and is tested annually as well as whenever a trigger event has been observed for impairment by comparing the present value of the expected future cash flows from a cash generating unit with the carrying value of its net assets, including attributable goodwill and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Intangible assets are derecognised on disposal or when no economic benefits are expected from their use or disposal.

### Accounting Policy on Provisional Goodwill

Provisional goodwill arises during a business combination when the initial accounting for the acquisition is incomplete at the reporting date. It is recognised as the difference between the fair value of the consideration transferred and the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired.

At the acquisition date, provisional goodwill is recorded based on provisional amounts. Adjustments to provisional goodwill are made within the measurement period (up to 12 months from the acquisition date) if new information about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date becomes available.

If adjustments are made to provisional amounts within the measurement period, these adjustments are retrospectively applied. Any changes to provisional goodwill are recognised in the financial statements when finalised.

Provisional goodwill should be tested for impairment annually or more frequently if there are indicators of impairment. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss.

### Disclosure

Disclose the nature of provisional goodwill, including the reasons for its provisional status, and any adjustments made to provisional amounts during the measurement period.

### (b) Software

Software acquired by the Group is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Expenditure on internally developed software is recognised as an asset when the Group is able to demonstrate its intention and ability to complete the development and use the software in a manner that will generate future economic benefits, and can reliably measure the costs to complete the development. The capitalised costs of internally developed software include all costs directly attributable to developing the software, and are amortised over its useful life. Internally developed software is stated at capitalised cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

Subsequent expenditure on software assets is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortisation is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Software has a finite useful life, the estimated useful life of software is four and half years (4.5). Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### (c) Brand, Customer Relationships and Core Deposits

These are intangible assets related to acquisitions of subsidiaries. At acquisition date, they are initially recorded at their fair value and subsequently at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation expense is recorded in amortisation of intangible assets in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss. Intangible assets are amortised over the period during which the Group derives economic benefits from the assets, on a straight-line basis, over a period of 10 years.

The useful lives of the assets are reviewed annually for any changes in circumstances. The assets are tested annually for impairment or at such time where there is an impairment trigger, or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Assessment of Intangible Asset (goodwill)

##### Valuation Guidelines

| Overview                       | Explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Explanation                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under the Standard, Access Holdings is required to apportion the purchase consideration between the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities).</li> <li>The Standard provides general guidelines for assigning amounts to individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed.</li> <li>IFRS 3 requires the application of the acquisition method for each business combination. The acquisition method requires inter alia that the acquirer is identified, the acquisition date is determined, and that the identifiable assets acquired, and that the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree are recognised and measured.</li> </ul> |
| Recognition principle (IFRS 3) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IFRS 3 states that as of the acquisition date, the acquirer shall recognise, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree.</li> <li>Recognition of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is subject to . These paragraphs state, inter alia,</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                           | that the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements at the acquisition date, and that the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must be part of what the acquirer and the acquiree exchanged in the business combination transaction                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Definition of identifiable asset (IFRS 3) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IFRS 3 states that an asset is identifiable if it either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. is separable, i.e. capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or</li> <li>b. arises from contractual or other legal rights, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Measurement principle (IFRS 3)            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The acquirer shall measure the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at their acquisition-date Fair Values.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Fair Value (IFRS 13)                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The identifiable assets are required under IFRS 3 to be recognised at their "Fair Value". Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Definition Intangible asset (IAS 38)      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intangible assets are all the elements of a business enterprise that exist in addition to working capital and tangible assets. They are the elements, after working capital and tangible assets, that make the business work and are often the primary contributors to the earning power of the enterprise.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                           | <p>Their existence is dependent on the presence, or expectation of earnings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The definition of an intangible asset under IFRS is detailed in IAS 38 as 'an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Definition of identifiable asset (IFRS 3) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IAS 38 (Intangible asset) defines the useful life as "the period over which an asset is expected to be available for use by an entity; or the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by an entity.</li> <li>Under IAS 38 the factors which should be considered in assessing the useful lives of intangible assets include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. The expected use and potential use by another management team;</li> <li>ii. Typical life cycles for the product and any public information on useful lives;</li> <li>iii. Technical, technological, commercial or other types of obsolescence;</li> <li>iv. Stability of the industry in which the asset operates and changes in the market demand;</li> <li>v. Expected actions by competitors;</li> <li>vi. Level of maintenance expenditure required to obtain the future economic benefits; and</li> <li>vii. The period of control over the asset and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The estimated useful life of each identifiable asset identified will be based on the factors outlined above</li> </ul> |

#### 3.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets other than goodwill and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each

reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

The recoverable amount of goodwill is estimated at each reporting date. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit" or CGU). Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to the groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 3.15 Discontinued operations

The Group presents discontinued operations in a separate line in the consolidated income statement if an entity or a component of an entity has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and:

- (a) Represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations;
- (b) Is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- (c) Is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale (for example, certain private equity investments).

Net profit from discontinued operations includes the net total of operating profit and loss before tax from operations, including net gain or loss on sale before tax or measurement to fair value less costs to sell and discontinued operations tax expense. A component of an entity comprises operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished, operationally and for financial reporting purposes, from the rest of the Group's operations and cash flows. If an entity or a component of an entity is classified

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

as a discontinued operation, the Group restates prior periods in the consolidated income statement.

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities, that are expected to be recovered primarily through sale or distribution rather than through continuing use, are classified as held for sale or distribution. Immediately before classification as held for sale or distribution, the assets, or components of a disposal group, are re-measured in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Thereafter generally the assets, or disposal group, are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefit assets, investment property or biological assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale or distribution and subsequent gains and losses on re-measurement are recognised in the income statement. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

Once classified as held for sale or distribution, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

#### 3.16 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Investment property classified as non-current asset held for sale are measured at fair value, gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of investment property is recognised in income statement for the period in which it arise.

#### 3.17 Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expenses.

##### (a) Restructuring

A provision for restructuring is recognised when the Group has approved a detailed and formal restructuring plan, and the

restructuring either has commenced or has been announced publicly. Future operating costs are not provided for.

#### 3.18 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantees which includes Letters of credit are contracts that require the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value, and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the financial guarantee. The guarantee liability is subsequently carried at the higher of this amortised amount and the present value of any expected payment (when a payment under the guarantee has become probable). Letters of credits which have been guaranteed by the Group but funded by the customer is included in other liabilities while those guaranteed and funded by the Group is included in deposit from financial institutions.

#### 3.19 Employee benefits

##### (a) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the income statement when they are due in respect of service rendered before the end of the reporting period.

Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available. Contributions to a defined contribution plan that are due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value at the reporting date.

Access Holding Plc operates a funded, defined contribution pension scheme for employees. Employees and the Company contribute 8% and 10% respectively of the qualifying staff salary in line with the provisions of the Pension Reforms Act 2014.

##### (b) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of IAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

#### (c) Post employment defined benefit plan

The Group has a non-contributory, un-funded lump sum defined benefit plan for top executive management of the Group from General Manager and above based on the number of periods spent in these positions.

Depending on their grade, executive staff of the Group upon retirement are entitled to certain benefits based on their length of stay on that grade. The Group's net obligation in respect of the long term incentive scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that eligible employees have earned in return for service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. The rate used to discount the post employment benefit obligation is determined by reference to the yield on Nigerian Government Bonds, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations.

The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is immediately recognised in the income statement. The Group recognises all actuarial gains or losses and all expenses arising from defined benefit plan immediately in the balance sheet, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income (OCI) in the periods in which they occur. They are not recycled subsequently in the income statement.

#### (d) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### (e) Share-based payment remuneration scheme

The Group grants equity-settled share-based payment awards to certain employees as part of its long-term incentive plans.

The grant-date fair value of these equity instruments is determined by reference to the market price of the Group's shares at the grant date. This fair value is recognised as a personnel expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related services and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

This approach ensures that the cost recognised in the financial statements appropriately reflects the fair value of employee services received in exchange for equity instruments granted.

### 3.20 Share capital and reserves

#### (a) Share issue costs

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of an equity instrument are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments.

#### (b) Additional Tier 1 Capital

The Group classifies financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Additional tier 1 securities issued by the Bank are not redeemable by the subscribers and bear an entitlement to coupons at the sole discretion of the board of directors of the Bank. Accordingly, they are presented within equity. Distributions thereon are recognised in Equity. Based on the Group's assessment of the terms of the AT 1 securities, the coupon payments meet the definition of dividend. Therefore, the related tax impacts are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with IAS 12. (See note 38c ) for more details

#### (c) Dividend on the Company's ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period when approved by the Group's shareholders. Dividends for the period that are declared after the end of the reporting period are disclosed in the subsequent events note.

#### (d) Treasury shares

Where the subsidiaries within the Group purchased the shares of the Company, the transaction is accounted for as cash settled, a liability is recognised in the statement of financial position and expensed as other staff benefit in the statement of comprehensive income over the course of the minimum vesting period. The liability is remeasured at each reporting date with gains and loss recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Should any employee within the scheme leave the Group within the vesting period, the shares maybe forfeited depending on whether the staff was relieved of his/her duties by the Company or voluntarily resigned.

By the resolution of the Board and Shareholders, the Company sets aside an amount not exceeding twenty (20) percent of the aggregate emoluments of the Group's employees in each financial period to purchase shares of Access Holdings Plc's from the floor of the Nigerian Exchange Group(NGX) for the purpose of the plan. The group has also established a Structured Entity (SE) to hold shares of the Company purchased. Upon vesting, the SE transfers the shares to employees.

#### (e) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### (f) Regulatory risk reserve

In compliance with the Prudential Guidelines for Licensed Banks, the Group assesses qualifying financial assets using the guidance under the Prudential Guidelines. The guidelines apply objective and subjective criteria towards providing losses in risk assets. Assets are classified as performing or non-performing. Non-performing assets are further classed as substandard, doubtful or lost with attendant provisions. There are no restrictions to the distribution of these reserves.

| Classification | Percentage | Basis                                                                |
|----------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Substandard    | 10%        | Interest and/or principal overdue by 90 days but less than 180 days  |
| Doubtful       | 50%        | Interest and/or principal overdue by 180 days but less than 365 days |
| Lost           | 100%       | Interest and/or principal overdue by more than 365 days              |

A more accelerated provision may be done using the subjective criteria. A 2% provision is taken on all risk assets that are not specifically provisioned.

The results of the application of Prudential Guidelines and the expected credit loss determined for these assets under IFRS 9 are compared. The IFRS 9 determined impairment charge is included in the income statement.

Where the Prudential Guidelines provision is greater, the difference is appropriated from retained earnings and included in a non-distributable 'Statutory credit reserve'. Where the IFRS 9 expected credit loss is greater, no appropriation is made and the amount of IFRS 9 expected credit loss is recognised in the income statement.

Following an examination, the regulator may also require more amounts to be set aside on risk and other assets. Such additional amounts are recognised as an appropriation from retained earnings to regulatory risk reserve.

#### (g) Capital reserve

This balance represents the surplus nominal value of the reconstructed shares of the Company which was transferred from the share capital account to the capital reserve account after the share capital reconstruction in October 2006. The Shareholders approved the reconstruction of 13,956,321,723 ordinary shares of 50 kobo each of the Bank in issue to 6,978,160,860 ordinary shares of 50 kobo each by the creation of 1 ordinary shares previously held.

#### (h) Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the net cumulative change in the fair value of investments measured through other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognised or impaired.

#### (i) Foreign currency translation reserve

This balance appears only in the Group accounts and represents the foreign currency exchange difference arising from translating the results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency.

#### (j) Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the undistributable profit carried forward recognised income net of expenses plus current period profit attributable to shareholders.

#### (k) Statutory Reserves Investment

- Statutory Reserves Investment – The Statutory Reserve in accordance with the provision of the Pension Reform Act (s.81 of PRA 2014) is used to recognise an annual transfer of 12.5% of profit after tax from retained earnings into Statutory Reserve Fund.
- Every Pensions Fund Administrator shall maintain a Statutory Reserve Fund as contingency fund to meet any claim for which the Pension Fund Administrator may be liable as may be determined by the Commission.

#### Statutory Reserve – Banks (CBN Requirement)

In accordance with the provisions of the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act (BOFIA) 2020, Section 16(1), and as reinforced by the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) regulations, every bank in Nigeria is required to transfer a portion of its profit after tax (PAT) to a statutory reserve.

Where a bank's statutory reserve is less than its paid-up share capital, it must transfer 30% of its profit after tax to statutory reserve.

Where the statutory reserve is equal to or greater than its paid-up share capital, the bank must transfer 15% of its profit after tax to statutory reserve.

The statutory reserve is a non-distributable reserve created to strengthen the financial position of the bank and serve as a buffer against unexpected losses, in line with prudential regulation.

#### (l) Pensions Protection Fund Investment

- The Pension Commission shall establish and maintain a fund to be known as the Pension Protection Fund for the benefits of eligible pensioners covered by any pension

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

scheme established, approved or recognised under this Act.

- The Pension Protection Fund shall consist of –
- An annual subvention of 1% of the total monthly wage bill payable to employees in the public service of the Federation towards the funding of the minimum guaranteed pension;
- Annual pension protection levy paid by the Commission and all licensed pension operators at a rate to be determined by the Commission from time to time

#### 3.22 Derivatives and hedging activities

Access Holdings ("The Group") Plc applies hedge accounting to manage its foreign exchange risk.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into, and they are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as hedges of the fair value of recognised liabilities (fair value hedges).

At inception of the hedge relationship, the Group documents the economic relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, including whether changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments are expected to offset changes in the fair value of hedged items. The Group documents its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking its hedge transactions. The Group uses the actual ratio between the hedged item and hedging instruments to determine its hedge ratio.

The fair values of derivative financial instruments designated in hedge relationships are disclosed in notes to the financial statements. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is presented as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity is less than 12 months. Trading derivatives are classified as a current asset or liability.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in profit or loss, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The Group uses swap and forward contracts to hedge the fair value changes attributable to foreign exchange risk on the hedged item. The Group generally designates only the change in fair value of the derivative contract related to the spot component as the hedging instrument. The change in the forward element of the derivative contract is not part of the hedging relationship and is recognised separately in the statement of profit or loss within fair value and foreign exchange gain/(loss). The unrealised gains or losses relating to the changes in the spot component of the hedge instrument, changes in the fair value of hedge items and the fair value changes of non-hedged items are recognised within Fair value and Foreign exchange gain/(loss). If the hedging derivative expires or sold, terminated or exercised, or the hedge no longer meets the criteria for fair value hedge accounting, or the hedge designation is revoked, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively.

#### Hedge effectiveness

The Group determines hedge effectiveness at the inception of the hedge relationship, and through periodic prospective effectiveness assessments, to ensure that an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and hedging instrument. The hedge effectiveness is assessed every reporting period.

#### Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments are not designated for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that are not designated for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in profit or loss and are included in Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group may adjust the designated quantities of either the hedged item or the hedging instrument of an existing hedging relationship for the purpose of maintaining a hedge ratio that continues to comply with the hedge effectiveness requirements under IFRS 9. Rebalancing under IFRS 9 is a normal risk management activity and ensures that the hedge relationship remains aligned with the Group's documented risk management strategy. It does not trigger hedge discontinuation, nor does it require de-designation and re-designation of the hedge, unless the Group's hedging objective changes.

#### 3.23 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. The group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition. In the separate financial statements, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to the income statement where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Associates are carried at cost.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 3 Basis of preparation continued

any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of profit/(loss)' of associates in the income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

The cost of an associate acquired in stages is measured as the sum of the fair value of the interest previously held plus the cost of any additional consideration transferred as of the date when the investment became an associate. Changes in fair value of previously held interest are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.24 Fiduciary activities

The Group commonly engages in trust or other fiduciary activities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals, trusts, post-employment benefit plans and other institutions. These assets under management are disclosed in the financial statements of the Group. Also, fee income earned and fee expenses incurred by the Group relating to the Group's responsibilities from fiduciary activities are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.25 Staff costs

The group recognition of staff costs, includes wages, salaries, bonuses, and other employee benefits, should be recognised as an expense in the period in which employees render the related services. Costs are typically accrued in the financial statements to match the expense with the period of benefit.

Staff costs are measured based on contractual agreements, including any statutory obligations and provisions for benefits such as pensions or healthcare.

#### 3.26 Operating expenses (OPEX)

Operating expenses should be recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred. These include costs associated with the day-to-day functioning of the business, such as rent, utilities, and office supplies.

OPEX is measured based on actual costs incurred and should be recorded in the period they are attributable to.

#### 3.27 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable

to shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

**Basic EPS:** Calculated using the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

**Diluted EPS:** Calculated by adjusting the number of shares outstanding to include potential dilutive effects of convertible securities, stock options, and other similar instruments.

#### 3.28 Prepayments

Prepayments represent payments made in advance for goods or services that will be received in future periods. These should be initially recognised as assets and then expensed over the period to which they relate.

Prepayments are measured at the amount paid. The expense is recognised in the income statement in the period when the benefits of the prepayment are consumed.

#### 3.29 Other Assets

Other assets include items that do not fall into specific categories like cash, receivables, or inventory. They should be recognised based on their nature and the benefits they provide.

These assets are measured based on cost or fair value, depending on the nature of the asset and relevant accounting standards.

## 4 Use of estimates and judgements

### Critical judgements

These disclosures supplement the commentary on financial risk management (see note 5). Estimates where management has applied judgements are:

#### (i) ECL allowance on financial instrument:

- determination of significant increase in credit risk on financial assets.
- determination of the methodology used for incorporating forward-looking information in the ECL measurement
- selection and approval of ECL models

#### (ii) Assessment of impairment on goodwill on acquired subsidiaries

#### (iii) Defined benefit plan

#### (iv) Valuation of unquoted equities

#### (v) Valuation of derivatives

#### (vi) Depreciation of property and equipment

#### (vii) Amortisation of intangible assets

#### (viii) Impairment of property and equipment

#### (ix) Impairment of intangible assets

#### (x) Litigations claims provisions

#### (xi) Equity settled share-based payment

#### (vii) Determination of intangible assets arising on business combinations

#### (xiii) Determination of control over investees companies

#### (xiv) Determination of the business model within which assets are held

#### (xv) Partial disposal of subsidiary without loss of control

#### (xvi) Extension and termination options - Determining the lease term

Management has assessed the first four estimates and the extension and termination options as having the key sources of estimation uncertainty, and are explained in further detail below. The other estimates have been assessed in their individual accounting policies.

### Extension and termination options - Determining the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

For leases of properties, the following factors are normally the most relevant:

- If there are significant penalties to terminate (or not extend), the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Group considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the lessee. During the current financial period, the financial effect of revising lease terms to reflect the effect of exercising extension and termination options was an increase in recognised lease liabilities and right-of-use assets of N1.26 billion.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

#### (i) Allowances for credit losses

Loans and advances to banks and customers are accounted for at amortised cost and are evaluated for impairment on a basis described in accounting policy (see note 3.9)

The measurement of impairment losses both under IFRS 9 across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's internal credit grading model, which assigns PDs to the individual grades
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a Life Time Expected Credit Loss basis and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

levels, exchange rates, crude oil prices, GDP and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs

- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

#### Measurement of Expected Credit Loss

The standard requires recognition of an impairment allowance on financial instruments, based on 12 months or lifetime expected credit losses. The ECL calculations are based on the components discussed in the previous sections.

FRS 9 requires the calculation of probability-weighted ECL impairments. Three ECL figures were therefore calculated for each scenario (optimistic, best-estimate and downturn ECLs) and probability-weighted to arrive at a single ECL impairment for each account.

The EIR, as provided by the Bank, is used to discount all ECLs to the reporting date. The method followed for accounts classified as Stage 1, Stage 2 or Stage 3 are set out below; For accounts with no EIR information, the contractual rate is used as a proxy

#### Stage 1

Account-level ECL figures are calculated projecting monthly expected losses for the next 12-months of each account. The forward, macro-adjusted monthly PDs are applied to the applicable LGD estimate and EAD or the collateral adjusted EAD (if secured) at the start of each month.

#### Stage 2

Account-level ECL figures are calculated projecting monthly expected losses for the remaining lifetime of each account. The forward, macro-adjusted monthly PDs are applied to the applicable LGD estimate and the EAD or collateral adjusted EAD (if secured) at the start of each month.

#### Stage 3

For the purposes of this model, account-level ECL figures are calculated by applying the applicable LGD estimate to the balance as at the reporting date

The final ECL impairment is calculated as the probability-weighted average of the ECLs produced for the three macro-economic scenarios.

The Group reviews its loan portfolios to assess impairment at least on a half periodically basis. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement, the Group makes judgements as to whether there is any observable data indicating

a significant increase in credit risk followed by measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans before the decrease can be identified with that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a bank, or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the Group.

The Group makes use of estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

The specific component of the total allowances for impairment applies to financial assets evaluated individually for impairment and is based upon management's best estimate of the present value of the cash flows that are expected to be received. In estimating these cash flows, management makes judgements about a debtor's financial situation and the net realisable value of any underlying collateral. Each impaired asset is assessed on its merits, and the workout strategy and estimate of cash flows considered recoverable are independently reviewed by the Credit Risk Management Department (CRMD).

A collective component of the total allowance is established for:

- Groups of homogeneous loans that are not considered individually significant and
- Groups of assets that are individually significant but were not found to be individually impaired.

Collective allowance for groups of homogeneous loans is established using statistical modelling of historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical modelling. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

Collective allowance for group of assets that are individually significant but that were not found to be individually impaired cover credit losses inherent in portfolios of loans and advances and held to maturity investment securities with similar credit characteristics when there is objective evidence to suggest that they contain impaired loans and advances and held to maturity investment securities, but the individual impaired items cannot yet be identified. In assessing the need for collective loan loss allowances, management considers factors such as credit quality, portfolio size, concentrations, and economic factors. In order to estimate the required allowance, assumptions are made to define the way inherent losses are modelled and to determine the required input parameters, based on historical experience and current economic conditions. The accuracy of the allowances depends on estimates of future cash flows for specific counterparty allowances and the model assumptions and parameters used in determining collective allowances are estimated.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

#### (ia) Sensitivity of Exposure at default - Probability of Default (PD) & Loss Given Default (LGD)

##### Loans and Advances To Customers

In establishing sensitivity to ECL estimates for corporate loans, four variables (GDP growth rate, Crude Oil Price, Prime Lending Rate, inflation and US exchange rate were considered). Of these variables, the bank's corporate loans reflects greater responsiveness to GDP growth rate and crude oil price.

##### On balance Sheet Exposure

Crude Oil Price : Oil price volatility significantly impact economic activities which creates ripple effects on asset quality.

Maximum Lending Rate : Given its impact on lending rates on borrowing costs and potential increase in rate of default.

The table below outlines the total ECL for wholesale portfolios as at 31 December 2025, if each of the key assumptions used change by plus or minus 10%. The responsiveness of the ECL estimates to variation in macroeconomic variables have been presented below while putting in perspective, interdependencies between the various economic inputs. An increase and decrease in macroeconomic scalars by 10% results in an increase/decrease in impairment of N5,807 million and N5,910 million, respectively. Further increase/decrease in the probability of default by 10% results in an impairment increase/decrease of N4,219 million and N5,769 million, respectively.

|                                                               | -10%    | +10%  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| <b>P &amp; L Impact of change in Macro-economic variables</b> | (5,910) | 5,807 |

|                                                                  | -10%    | +10%  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| <b>Asset Quality Impact of change in Macroeconomic variables</b> | (5,769) | 4,219 |

##### Off balance Sheet Exposure

Crude Oil Price : Oil price volatility significantly impact economic activities which creates ripple effects on asset quality.

Maximum Lending Rate : High lending rates could create an increased risk of default and Impact asset quality and Expected credit loss.

The table below outlines the total ECL for wholesale Off-Balance Sheet exposures as at 31 December 2025, if each of the key assumptions used change by plus or minus 10%. The responsiveness of the ECL estimates to variation in macroeconomic variables have been presented below while putting in perspective, interdependencies between the various economic inputs. An increase and decrease in macroeconomic scalars by 10% results in an increase/decrease in impairment of N180 million and N181 million, respectively.

|                                                              | -10%  | +10% |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| <b>P &amp; L Impact of change in Macroeconomic variables</b> | (181) | 180  |

#### Statement of prudential adjustments

Provisions under prudential guidelines are determined using the time based provisioning regime prescribed by the Revised Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) Prudential Guidelines. This is at variance with the expected credit loss model required by IFRS 9. As a result of the differences in the methodology/provision regime, there will be variances in the impairments allowances required under the two methodologies.

Paragraph 12.4 of the revised Prudential Guidelines for Deposit Money Banks in Nigeria stipulates that Banks would be required to make provisions for loans as prescribed in the relevant IFRS Standards when IFRS is adopted. However, Banks would be required to comply with the following:

- a) Provisions for loans recognised in the profit or loss account should be determined based on the requirements of IFRS. However, the IFRS provision should be compared with provisions determined under prudential guidelines and the expected impact/changes in general reserves should be treated as follows:
  - Prudential Provisions is greater than IFRS provisions; the excess provision resulting should be transferred from the retained earnings account to a "regulatory risk reserve
  - Prudential Provisions is less than IFRS provisions; IFRS determined provision is charged to the statement of comprehensive income. The cumulative balance in the regulatory risk reserve is thereafter reversed to the retained earnings account
- b) The non-distributable reserve should be classified under Tier 1 as part of the core capital.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

Access Bank Nigeria has complied with the requirements of the prudential guidelines as follows:

#### Statement of prudential adjustments

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                      | Notes  | December 2025  | December 2024  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Access Bank</b>                                                               |        |                |                |
| <b>Loans &amp; advances:</b>                                                     |        |                |                |
| Expected credit loss (ECL) on loans to customers and banks:                      |        |                |                |
| - Loans to banks                                                                 | 22     | 148            | 141            |
| - Loans to individuals                                                           | 23(b)  | 12,568         | 3,743          |
| - Loans to corporate                                                             | 23(b)  | 132,127        | 157,814        |
| - Placement                                                                      | 18     | 7,376          | 615            |
| - Contingents                                                                    | 34 (e) | 1,824          | 750            |
| - Investment Securities at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) | 25     | 1,203          | 20,785         |
| - Investment Securities at Amortised cost (AMC)                                  | 25     | 43,637         | 37,975         |
| - Pledged assets at Amortised cost (AMC)                                         | 24     | 343            | 1,295          |
| - Pledged assets at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)        | 24     | 7              | -              |
| - Other assets                                                                   | 26     | 230,773        | 63,565         |
| Total impairment allowances on loans and other financial assets per IFRS         |        | <b>430,006</b> | <b>286,683</b> |
| <b>Total regulatory impairment based on prudential guidelines</b>                |        | <b>549,740</b> | <b>439,363</b> |
| Balance, beginning of the year                                                   |        | 152,680        | 124,720        |
| Additional transfers (from)/to regulatory risk reserve                           |        | (32,946)       | 27,960         |
| <b>Balance, end of the year</b>                                                  |        | <b>119,734</b> | <b>152,680</b> |

The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) via its circular BSD/DIR/GEN/LAB/08/052 issued on 11 November 2015, directed banks in Nigeria to increase the general provision on performing loans from 1 percent to 2 percent for prudential review of credit portfolios in order to ensure adequate buffer against unexpected loan losses.

#### (ii) Assessment of impairment of goodwill on acquired subsidiaries

Goodwill on acquired subsidiaries were tested for impairment by comparing the value-in-use for the cash generating unit to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. See note 29b for further details.

|                             | December 2025 |                      | December 2024 |                      |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Entity                      | Discount Rate | Terminal Growth rate | Discount Rate | Terminal Growth rate |
| Access Diamond              | 22.24%        | 3.24%                | 26.71%        | 3.18%                |
| Access Botswana             | 19.31%        | 1.76%                | 20.52%        | 1.57%                |
| Access Kenya                | 21.60%        | 5.38%                | 25.27%        | 5.43%                |
| Access Rwanda               | 20.07%        | 6.97%                | 20.34%        | 6.83%                |
| Access Angola               | 19.31%        | 1.76%                | 20.52%        | 1.57%                |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited | 27.50%        | 3.93%                | -             | -                    |

#### (iii) Defined benefit plan

The present value of the long term incentive plan depends on a number of factors that are determined in an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of obligations. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at



### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

the end of the period. In determining the appropriate discount rate, reference is made to the yield on Nigerian Government Bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the related pension liability. Other key assumptions for pension obligations are based in part on current market conditions. See note 37 for the sensitivity analysis.

#### (iv) Valuation technique unquoted equity:

The Equity investment and valuation section of the financial reporting policy of the group provides the framework for accounting for the group's investment in unquoted equity securities while also providing the guideline for the valuation process and analysis of changes in fair value measurements from period to period.

In accordance with IFRS 13 fair value measurement, which outlines three approaches for valuing unquoted equity instruments; market approach, the income approach and the cost approach. The Group estimated the fair value of its investment in each of the unquoted equity securities at the end of the financial period using the market approach.

The adjusted fair value comparison approach of EV/EBITDA, P/E ratios and P/Bv ratios was adopted in valuing each of these equity investments taken into cognizance the suitability of the model to each equity investment and the availability of financial information while minimizing the use of unobservable data.

#### Description of valuation methodology and inputs:

The fair value of the other unquoted equity securities were derived using the Adjusted fair value comparison technique. Adjusted fair value comparison approach of EV/EBITDA, P/E ratios and P/B ratios are used as input data.

The steps involved in estimating the fair value of the Group's investment in each of the investees (i.e. unquoted equity securities) are as follows:

**Step 1:** Identify quoted companies with similar line of business, structure and size

**Step 2:** Obtain the EV/EBITDA or the P/B or P/E ratios of these quoted companies identified from Valutico, Reuters or Capital IQ

**Step 3:** Derive the average or median of EV/EBITDA or the P/B or P/E ratios of these identified quoted companies

**Step 4:** Apply the lower of average (mean) or median of the identified quoted companies ratios on the Book Value or Earnings of the investment company to get the value of the investment company

**Step 5:** Discount the derived value of the investment company by applying an Illiquidity discount and size adjustment/haircut to obtain the Adjusted Equity Value

**Step 6:** Multiply the adjusted equity value by the present exchange rate for foreign currency investment

**Step 7:** Compare the Adjusted Equity value with the carrying value of the equity investment to arrive at a fair value gain or loss

#### Description of valuation methodology and inputs:

##### a. Enterprise Value (EV):

Enterprise value measures the value of the ongoing operations of a company. It is calculated as the market capitalisation plus debt, minority interest and preferred shares, minus total cash and cash equivalents of the company.

##### b. Earnings Before Interest ,Tax Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA):

EBITDA is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation. EBITDA is one of the indicator's of a company's financial performance and is used as a proxy for the earning potential of a business.

EBITDA = Operating Profit + Depreciation Expense + Amortisation Expense

##### c. Price to Book (P/B Ratio):

The price-to-book ratio (P/B Ratio) is used to compare a stock's market value to its book value. It is calculated by dividing the current closing price of the stock by the latest company book value per share or by dividing the company's market capitalization by the company's total book value from its balance sheet.

##### d. Price to Earning (P/E Ratio):

The price-earnings ratio (P/E Ratio) values a company using the current share price relative to its per-share earnings.

The sources of the observable inputs used for comparable technique were gotten from Valutico, and Reuters or Capital IQ

#### Valuation Assumptions:

- Illiquidity discount range of 12.2% to 18.8% is used to discount the value of the investments that are not tradable
- Haircut/size adjustment and country discount range from 8.7% to 10.06% to take care of size of interest held in investee entities and inflation and exchange rate impact being that the comparable companies are in foreign countries

#### Basis of valuation:

The assets are being valued on a fair open market value approach. This implies that the value is based on the conservative estimates of the reasonable price that can be obtained if and when the subject asset is offered for sale under the present market conditions.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

#### Method of Valuation

The market approach has been applied in determining the fair value of the asset.

Under this approach, the valuation considers recent market transactions of comparable assets within the same asset class and also applies the Price-to-Book Value (P/BV) multiple derived from comparable entities.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to reflect differences in size, risk profile, financial performance, and other unique attributes of the asset being valued.

The key elements of the control framework for the valuation of financial instruments include model validation and independent price verification. These functions are carried out by an appropriately skilled Finance team, independent of the business area responsible for the products. The result of the valuation are reviewed quarterly by senior management.

#### (b) Hyperinflationary accounting

The restatement in respect of hyperinflationary accounting has been calculated by means of conversion factors derived from the consumer price index (CPI) published by International Monetary Fund (IMF). The conversion factors used to restate the financial statements at 31 December 2025 are as follows:

| Entity           | Index  | Conversion Factor |
|------------------|--------|-------------------|
| 31 December 2025 | 257.30 | 1.04              |
| 31 December 2024 | 248.30 | 1.24              |
| 31 December 2023 | 248.30 | 1.24              |

#### 4.1 Valuation of financial instruments

The table below analyses financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the financial period, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

##### 4.1.1 Recurring fair value measurements

| In millions of Naira<br>Group     | Level 1   | Level 2   | Level 3 | Total     |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| <b>31 December 2025</b>           |           |           |         |           |
| <b>Assets</b>                     |           |           |         |           |
| <b>Non pledged trading assets</b> |           |           |         |           |
| Treasury bills                    | 321,784   | -         | -       | 321,784   |
| Government Bonds                  | 256,359   | -         | -       | 256,359   |
| Eurobonds                         | 43,062    | -         | -       | 43,062    |
| Derivative financial instrument   | -         | 2,307,524 | -       | 2,307,524 |
| Pledged assets                    |           |           |         | -         |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI   |           |           |         | -         |
| Treasury bills                    | 25,353    | -         | -       | 25,353    |
| Treasury bills                    | -         | -         | -       | -         |
| Treasury bills                    | 2,260,834 | -         | -       | 2,260,834 |
| Government Bonds                  | 929,291   | -         | -       | 929,291   |
| Eurobonds                         | 147,673   | -         | -       | 147,673   |
| Commercial papers                 | -         | -         | -       | -         |
| Promissory notes                  | 3,024     | -         | -       | 3,024     |
| -Financial assets at FVPL         |           |           |         | -         |
| Treasury bills                    | -         | -         | -       | -         |
| Equity                            | -         | 13,667    | 884,811 | 898,478   |
|                                   | 3,987,380 | 2,321,191 | 884,811 | 7,193,384 |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                |           |           |         |           |
| Derivative financial instrument   | -         | 415,616   | -       | 415,616   |
|                                   | -         | 415,616   | -       | 415,616   |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>              | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <b>Group</b>                             |                |                |                |              |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>                  |                |                |                |              |
| <b>Assets</b>                            |                |                |                |              |
| <b>Non pledged trading assets</b>        |                |                |                |              |
| Treasury bills                           | 132,267        | -              | -              | 132,267      |
| Government Bonds                         | 47,386         | -              | -              | 47,386       |
| Eurobonds                                | 27,378         | -              | -              | 27,378       |
| Derivative financial instrument          | -              | 1,507,614      | -              | 1,507,614    |
| <b>Pledged assets</b>                    |                |                |                |              |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI          |                |                |                |              |
| Treasury bills                           | 75             | -              | -              | 75           |
| Government Bonds                         | 11             | -              | -              | 11           |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost |                |                |                | -            |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL           |                |                |                | -            |
| Treasury bills                           | 15,352         | -              | -              | 15,352       |
| Government Bonds                         | 3,560          | -              | -              | 3,560        |
| Investment securities                    |                |                |                | -            |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI               |                |                |                | -            |
| Treasury bills                           | 3,855,317      | -              | -              | 3,855,317    |
| Government Bonds                         | 264,505        | -              | -              | 264,505      |
| Commercial paper                         | -              | 8,420          | -              | 8,420        |
| State government bonds                   | -              | 20,431         | 18,183         | 38,614       |
| Corporate bonds                          | -              | 14,875         | -              | 14,875       |
| Eurobonds                                | 260,901        | -              | -              | 260,901      |
| Promissory notes                         | 475,965        | -              | -              | 475,965      |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                |                |                |                | -            |
| Equity                                   | -              | 8,218          | 748,183        | 756,401      |
|                                          | 5,082,719      | 1,559,558      | 766,366        | 7,408,643    |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                       |                |                |                |              |
| Derivative financial instrument          | -              | 114,767        | -              | 114,767      |
|                                          | -              | 114,767        | -              | 114,767      |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>     | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <b>Company</b>                  |                |                |                |              |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>         |                |                |                |              |
| <b>Assets</b>                   |                |                |                |              |
| Non pledged trading assets      |                |                |                |              |
| Derivative financial instrument | -              | -              | -              | -            |
|                                 | -              | -              | -              | -            |
| <b>Liabilities</b>              |                |                |                |              |
| Derivative financial instrument | -              | -              | -              | -            |
|                                 | -              | -              | -              | -            |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>     | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <b>Company</b>                  |                |                |                |              |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>         |                |                |                |              |
| <b>Assets</b>                   |                |                |                |              |
| Non pledged trading assets      |                |                |                |              |
| Derivative financial instrument | -              | -              | -              | -            |
|                                 | -              | -              | -              | -            |
| <b>Liabilities</b>              |                |                |                |              |
| Derivative financial instrument | -              | -              | -              | -            |
|                                 | -              | -              | -              | -            |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

#### 4.1.2 Financial instruments not measured at fair value

| In millions of Naira<br>Group            | Level 1    | Level 2 | Level 3    | Total      |
|------------------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|------------|
| <b>31 December 2025</b>                  |            |         |            |            |
| <b>Assets</b>                            |            |         |            |            |
| Cash and balances with banks             | -          | -       | 6,229,551  | 6,229,551  |
| Investment under management              |            |         |            |            |
| Government bonds                         | 6,168      | -       | -          | 6,168      |
| Placements                               | -          | 9,842   | -          | 9,842      |
| Commercial paper                         | -          | 946     | -          | 946        |
| Treasury bills                           | 15,785     | -       | -          | 15,785     |
| Mutual funds                             | -          | 510     | -          | 510        |
| Eurobonds                                | -          | 7,130   | -          | 7,130      |
| Corporate Bonds                          | -          | 1,422   | -          | 1,422      |
| Loans and advances to banks              | -          | -       | 2,900,031  | 2,900,031  |
| Loans and advances to customers          | -          | -       | 13,341,190 | 13,341,190 |
| Pledged assets                           |            |         |            |            |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost |            |         |            |            |
| Treasury bills                           | 285,686    | -       | -          | 285,686    |
| Bonds                                    | 429,969    | -       | -          | 429,969    |
| Promissory notes                         | -          | -       | -          | -          |
| Investment securities                    |            |         |            |            |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost      |            |         |            |            |
| Treasury bills                           | 2,780,306  | -       | -          | 2,780,306  |
| Government Bonds                         | 7,196,460  | -       | -          | 7,196,460  |
| State government bonds                   | -          | 52,011  | -          | 52,011     |
| Corporate bonds                          | -          | 23,810  | -          | 23,810     |
| Eurobonds                                | 1,980,601  | -       | -          | 1,980,601  |
| Promissory notes                         | 148,298    | -       | -          | 148,298    |
| Other assets                             | -          | -       | 6,500,757  | 6,500,757  |
|                                          | 12,843,273 | 95,671  | 28,971,529 | 41,910,473 |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                       |            |         |            |            |
| Deposits from financial institutions     | -          | -       | 3,732,294  | 3,732,294  |
| Deposits from customers                  | -          | -       | 34,562,147 | 34,562,147 |
| Other liabilities                        | -          | -       | 5,280,754  | 5,280,754  |
| Debt securities issued                   | 759,635    | -       | -          | 759,635    |
| Interest-bearing borrowings              | -          | -       | 2,028,255  | 2,028,255  |
|                                          | 759,635    | -       | 45,603,450 | 46,363,085 |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>              | <b>Level 1</b>   | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b>    | <b>Total</b>      |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Group</b>                             |                  |                |                   |                   |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>                  |                  |                |                   |                   |
| <b>Assets</b>                            |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks             | -                | -              | 5,220,929         | 5,220,929         |
| Investment under management              |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Government bonds                         | 5,559            | -              | -                 | 5,559             |
| Placements                               | -                | 15,920         | -                 | 15,920            |
| Commercial paper                         | -                | 502            | -                 | 502               |
| Nigerian Treasury bills                  | 6,077            | -              | -                 | 6,077             |
| Mutual funds                             | -                | 1,172          | -                 | 1,172             |
| Eurobonds                                | -                | 7,490          | -                 | 7,490             |
| Corporate Bonds                          | -                | 609            | -                 | 609               |
| Loans and advances to banks              | -                | -              | 1,579,947         | 1,579,947         |
| Loans and advances to customers          | -                | -              | 11,487,710        | 11,487,710        |
| Pledged assets                           |                  |                |                   |                   |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                           | 668,041          | -              | -                 | 668,041           |
| Bonds                                    | 906,010          | -              | -                 | 906,010           |
| Promissory notes                         |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Investment securities                    |                  |                |                   |                   |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost      |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                           | 1,757,853        | -              | -                 | 1,757,853         |
| Government Bonds                         | 2,344,550        | -              | -                 | 2,344,550         |
| State government bonds                   | -                | 2,469          | -                 | 2,469             |
| Corporate bonds                          | -                | 6,614          | -                 | 6,614             |
| Eurobonds                                | 1,400,794        | -              | -                 | 1,400,794         |
| Promissory notes                         | 264,387          | -              | -                 | 264,387           |
| Other assets                             | -                | -              | 6,856,802         | 6,856,802         |
|                                          | <b>7,353,271</b> | <b>34,776</b>  | <b>25,145,388</b> | <b>32,533,435</b> |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                       |                  |                |                   |                   |
| Deposits from financial institutions     | -                | -              | 9,308,256         | 9,308,256         |
| Deposits from customers                  | -                | -              | 22,524,925        | 22,524,925        |
| Other liabilities                        | -                | -              | 2,197,480         | 2,197,480         |
| Debt securities issued                   | 828,799          | -              | -                 | 828,799           |
| Interest-bearing borrowings              | -                | -              | 2,402,362         | 2,402,362         |
|                                          | <b>828,799</b>   | <b>-</b>       | <b>36,433,023</b> | <b>37,261,822</b> |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>  | <b>Level 1</b> | <b>Level 2</b> | <b>Level 3</b> | <b>Total</b>   |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Company</b>               |                |                |                |                |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>      |                |                |                |                |
| <b>Assets</b>                |                |                |                |                |
| Cash and balances with banks | -              | -              | 34,657         | 34,657         |
| Investment under management  |                |                |                |                |
| Government bonds             | 6,168          | -              | -              | 6,168          |
| Placements                   | -              | 9,842          | -              | 9,842          |
| Commercial paper             | -              | 946            | -              | 946            |
| Nigerian Treasury bills      | 15,785         | -              | -              | 15,785         |
| Mutual funds                 | -              | 510            | -              | 510            |
| Eurobonds                    | -              | -              | -              | -              |
| Corporate Bonds              | -              | 1,422          | -              | 1,422          |
| Other Assets                 | -              | -              | 24,772         | 24,772         |
|                              | <b>21,954</b>  | <b>12,720</b>  | <b>59,429</b>  | <b>94,103</b>  |
| <b>Liabilities</b>           |                |                |                |                |
| Other liabilities            | -              | -              | 101,669        | 101,669        |
| Interest-bearing borrowings  | -              | -              | 521,570        | 521,570        |
|                              | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>623,239</b> | <b>623,239</b> |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

| In millions of Naira         | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total   |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| <b>Company</b>               |         |         |         |         |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>      |         |         |         |         |
| <b>Assets</b>                |         |         |         |         |
| Cash and balances with banks | -       | -       | 23,116  | 23,116  |
| Investment under management  |         |         |         |         |
| Government bonds             | 5,559   | -       | -       | 5,559   |
| Placements                   | -       | 15,920  | -       | 15,920  |
| Commercial paper             | -       | 502     | -       | 502     |
| Nigerian Treasury bills      | 6,077   | -       | -       | 6,077   |
| Mutual funds                 | -       | 1,172   | -       | 1,172   |
| Corporate Bonds              | -       | 609     | -       | 609     |
| Other Assets                 | -       | -       | 507,554 | 507,554 |
|                              | 11,636  | 18,203  | 530,670 | 560,509 |
| <b>Liabilities</b>           |         |         |         |         |
| Other liabilities            | -       | -       | 99,810  | 99,810  |
| Interest-bearing borrowings  | -       | -       | 477,629 | 477,629 |
|                              | -       | -       | 577,439 | 577,439 |

\* There are no transfers between levels during the year

#### Financial instrument measured at fair value

##### (a) Financial instruments in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1. Instruments included in Level 1 comprise primarily of government bonds, corporate bonds, treasury bills and equity investments classified as trading securities or fair value through other comprehensive income investments.

##### (b) Financial instruments in level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments;
- The fair value of forwards and swaps foreign exchange contracts is determined using estimated foreign exchange rates at the balance sheet date;
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

##### (c) Financial instruments in level 3

The Group uses widely recognised valuation models for determining the fair value of its financial assets.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison with similar instruments for which market observable prices exist and other valuation models. Assumptions and inputs used in valu-

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

ation techniques include risk-free and benchmark interest rates, credit spreads and other premia used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value measurement that reflects the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

For more complex instruments, the Group uses proprietary valuation models, which are usually developed from recognised valuation models. Some or all of the significant inputs into these models may not be observable in the market, and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions. Examples of instruments involving significant unobservable inputs include certain Investment securities for which there is no active market. Valuation models that employ significant unobservable inputs require a higher degree of management judgement and estimation in the determination of fair value. Management judgement and estimation are usually required for selection of the appropriate valuation model to be used, determination of expected future cash flows on the financial instrument being valued, determination of the probability of counterparty default and prepayments and selection of appropriate discount rates. Fair value estimates obtained from models are adjusted for any other factors, such as liquidity risk or model uncertainties, to the extent that the Group believes that a third party market participant would take them into account in pricing a transaction. Fair values reflect the credit risk of the instrument and include adjustments to take account of the credit risk of the Group entity and the counterparty where appropriate.

For level 2 assets, fair value was obtained using a recent market transaction during the period under review. Fair values of unquoted debt securities were derived by interpolating prices of quoted debt securities with similar maturity profile and characteristics.

#### Transfers between fair value hierarchy

The group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

#### 4.1.3 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 fair values of investments have been generally derived using the market approach. Below is a table showing sensitivity analysis of material unquoted investments categorised as Level 2 fair values.

| Description                      | Fair value at 31 December 2025 N'000 | Valuation technique                                                                                                          | Observable Inputs                                                               | Fair value if inputs increased by 5% N'000 | Fair value if inputs decreased by 5% N'000 | Relationship of observable inputs to fair value                                              |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Derivative financial assets      | 2,279,276                            | Forward and swap: Fair value through mark to model reference rate<br><br>Futures: Fair value through the mark to market rate | Spot rate at valuation date<br>SOFR rate at valuation date<br>NGN Interest rate | 1,963,556                                  | 1,776,550                                  | The higher the market rate, the higher the fair value of the derivative financial instrument |
| Derivative financial liabilities | 409,223                              |                                                                                                                              |                                                                                 |                                            |                                            |                                                                                              |
| Investment in CSCS               | 13,361                               | The market value is obtained from the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) as at the reporting year             | Share price from NASD                                                           | 14,029                                     | 12,693                                     | The higher the share price, the higher the fair value                                        |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

|                                        |     |                                                                                                                  |                                                             |     |     |                                                        |
|----------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Nigerian Mortgage Refinance Company    | 306 | The market value is obtained from the National Association Of Securities Dealers (NASD) as at the reporting year | Share price from NASD                                       | 321 | 290 | The higher the share price, the higher the fair value  |
| State bonds measured at fair value     | -   | The market value is obtained from the Financial market dealers quotation (FMDQ) as at the reporting year         | Mark to Model using Market Rates from comparable instrument | -   | -   | The higher the market price, the higher the fair value |
| Corporate bonds measured at fair value | -   | The market value is obtained from the Financial market dealers quotation (FMDQ) as at the reporting year         | Mark to Model using Market Rates from comparable instrument | -   | -   | The higher the market price, the higher the fair value |

#### 4.1.4 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Level 3 fair values of investments have been generally derived using the adjusted fair value comparison approach. Quoted price per earning or price per book value, enterprise value to EBITDA ratios of comparable entities in a similar industry were obtained and adjusted for key factors to reflect estimated ratios of the investment being valued. Adjusting factors used are the Illiquidity Discount which assumes a reduced earning on a private entity in comparison to a publicly quoted entity and the Haircut adjustment which assumes a reduced earning for an entity located in Nigeria contributed by lower transaction levels in comparison to an entity in a developed or emerging market.

| Description                                  | Fair value at 31 December 2025 N'000 | Valuation Technique                     | Unobservable Inputs                           | Fair value if inputs increased by 5% N'000 | Fair value if inputs decreased by 5% N'000 | Fair value if unobservable inputs increased by 5% N'000 | Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Investment in Africa Finance Corporation     | 780,435                              | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies | -                                          | 748,418                                    | 773,241                                                 | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in Unified Payment System Limited | 11,580                               | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | -                                          | 13,808                                     | 14,177                                                  | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in NIBSS                          | 29,043                               | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | -                                          | 33,969                                     | 34,879                                                  | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in Afrexim                        | 2,673                                | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | -                                          | 1,919                                      | 1,970                                                   | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in FMDQ                           | 12,068                               | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | -                                          | 11,839                                     | 12,297                                                  | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in CRC Bureau                     | 531                                  | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | -                                          | 524                                        | 538                                                     | The lower the size adjustment/haircut and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value.               |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

|                              |        |                                         |                                               |   |        |        |                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---|--------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Capital Alliance Equity Fund | 31,489 | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | - | 33,063 | 29,914 | The higher the control premium, the lower the illiquidity discount and the size adjustment/haircut, the higher the fair value.           |
| NG Clearing                  | 499    | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies    | - | 496    | 502    | The higher the control premium, the lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| SANEF                        | 50     | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Fair value of transactions at settlement date | - | 53     | 48     | The higher the control premium, the lower the illiquidity discount and the size adjustment/haircut, the higher the fair value.           |

#### 4.1.4 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Level 3 fair values of investments have been generally derived using the adjusted fair value comparison approach. Quoted price per earning or price per book value, enterprise value to EBITDA ratios of comparable entities in a similar industry were obtained and adjusted for key factors to reflect estimated ratios of the investment being valued. Adjusting factors used are the Illiquidity Discount which assumes a reduced earning on a private entity in comparison to a publicly quoted entity and the Haircut adjustment which assumes a reduced earning for an entity located in Nigeria contributed by lower transaction levels in comparison to an entity in a developed or emerging market.

| Description                                  | Fair value at 31 December 2025 | Valuation technique                     | Unobservable Inputs                                                                  | Fair value if unobservable inputs increased by 5% | Fair value if unobservable inputs decreased by 5% | Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Investment in Africa Finance Corporation     | 760,829                        | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 748,418                                           | 773,241                                           | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in Unified Payment System Limited | 13,992                         | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 13,808                                            | 14,177                                            | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |
| Investment in NIBSS                          | 34,424                         | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 33,969                                            | 34,879                                            | The lower the size adjustment/haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value. |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

|                              |        |                                         |                                                                                      |        |        |                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Investment in Afrexim        | 1,945  | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 1,919  | 1,970  | The lower the size adjustment/ haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value.                       |
| Investment in FMDQ           | 12,068 | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 11,839 | 12,297 | The lower the size adjustment/ haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value.                       |
| Investment in CRC Bureau     | 531    | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 524    | 538    | The lower the size adjustment/ haircut, country risk and illiquidity discount, the higher the fair value.                       |
| Capital Alliance Equity Fund | 31,489 | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B ratios of comparable companies                                           | 33,063 | 29,914 | The higher the control premium, the lower the illiquidity discount and the size adjustment/ haircut, the higher the fair value. |
| NG Clearing                  | 499    | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Average P/B multiples of comparable companies, country risk and illiquidity discount | 496    | 502    | The higher the control premium, the lower the illiquidity discount and the size adjustment/ haircut, the higher the fair value. |
| SANEF                        | 50     | Adjusted fair value comparison approach | Fair value of transactions at settlement date                                        | 53     | 48     | The higher the control premium, the lower the illiquidity discount and the size adjustment/ haircut, the higher the fair value. |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

#### 4.1.5 Reconciliation of fair value measurement

The following tables presents the changes in Level 3 instruments for the year ended 31 December 2025

##### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Equity)

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>   | Group<br>December 2025 | Group<br>December 2024 | Company<br>December 2025 | Company<br>December 2024 |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Opening balance               | 737,955                | 390,626                | -                        | -                        |
| Total unrealised gains in P/L | 134,788                | 347,329                | -                        | -                        |
| Balance, year end             | <b>872,743</b>         | <b>737,955</b>         | -                        | -                        |

##### Financial instruments measured through other comprehensive income

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>December 2025 | Group<br>December 2024 | Company<br>December 2025 | Company<br>December 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Opening balance             | 93,126                 | 75,417                 | -                        | -                        |
| Addition                    | 28,000                 | 40,000                 | -                        | -                        |
| Disposals                   | (11,497)               | (22,292)               | -                        | -                        |
| Balance, year end           | <b>109,629</b>         | <b>93,126</b>          | -                        | -                        |

#### 4.2 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

The fair value for financial assets and liabilities that are not carried at fair value were determined respectively as follows:

##### (i) Cash

The carrying amount of cash and balances with banks is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

##### (ii) Loans and advances to banks and customers

Loans and advances are net of charges for impairment. The estimated fair value of loans and advances represents the discounted amount of estimated future cash flows expected to be received. Expected cash flows are discounted at current market rates to determine fair value.

##### (iii) Investment securities and pledged assets

The fair values are based on market prices from financial market dealer price quotations. Where this information is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for securities with similar credit, maturity and yield.

The fair value comprises equity securities and debt instruments. The fair value for these assets are based on estimations using market prices and earning multiples of quoted securities with similar characteristics.

##### (iv) Other assets

The bulk of these financial assets have short maturities and the amounts is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

##### (v) Deposits from banks and customers

The estimated fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, which includes non-interest bearing deposits, is the amount repayable on demand. The estimated fair value of fixed interest-bearing deposits not quoted in an active market is based on discounted cash flows using interest rates for new debts with similar remaining maturity.

##### (vi) Other liabilities

The carrying amount of financial liabilities in other liabilities is a reasonable approximation of fair value. They comprise of short term liabilities which are available on demand to creditors with no contractual rates attached to them.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

#### (vii) Interest bearing borrowings

The estimated fair value of fixed interest-bearing borrowings not quoted in an active market is based on the market rates for similar instruments for these debts over their remaining maturity.

#### (viii) Debt securities issued

The estimated fair value of floating interest rate debt securities quoted in an active market is based on the quoted market rates as listed on the Irish stock exchange for these debts over their remaining maturity.

### 4.3 Financial assets and liabilities

#### (a) Fair value measurement

Accounting classification measurement basis and fair values

The table below sets out the classification of each class of financial assets and liabilities, and their fair values.

| In millions of Naira                 | Financial assets measured at FVPL | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Financial assets measured at FVOCI | Financial liabilities measured at FVPL | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | Total carrying amount | Fair value        |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| <b>31 December 2025</b>              |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| <b>Group</b>                         |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks         | -                                 | 6,229,551                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 6,229,551             | 6,229,551         |
| Investment under management          | -                                 | 41,803                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 41,803                | 41,803            |
| Non pledged trading assets           | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -                 |
| Treasury bills                       | 321,784                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 321,784               | 321,784           |
| Bonds                                | 299,421                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 299,421               | 299,421           |
| Promissory Notes                     | 620,258                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 620,258               | 620,258           |
| Derivative financial instruments     | 2,307,524                         | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 2,307,524             | 2,307,524         |
| Loans and advances to banks          | -                                 | 2,900,031                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 2,900,031             | 2,900,031         |
| Loans and advances to customers      | -                                 | 13,341,190                                  | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 13,341,190            | 13,341,190        |
| Pledged assets                       | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -                 |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | 285,686                                     | 25,353                             | -                                      | -                                                | 311,039               | 362,319           |
| Government bonds                     | 1,266                             | 429,969                                     | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 431,235               | 338,232           |
| Investment securities                |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI          | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -                 |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | -                                           | 2,260,834                          | -                                      | -                                                | 2,260,834             | 2,260,834         |
| Government Bonds                     | -                                 | -                                           | 929,291                            | -                                      | -                                                | 929,291               | 929,291           |
| Eurobonds                            | -                                 | -                                           | 147,673                            | -                                      | -                                                | 147,673               | 147,673           |
| Promissory Notes                     | -                                 | -                                           | 3,024                              | -                                      | -                                                | 3,024                 | 3,024             |
| - Financial assets at FVPL           |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Equity                               | 879,426                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 879,426               | 879,426           |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | 2,780,306                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 2,780,306             | 2,979,422         |
| Commercial Paper                     | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -                 |
| Government Bonds                     | -                                 | 7,196,460                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 7,196,460             | 5,914,485         |
| State government bonds               | -                                 | 52,011                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 52,011                | 48,237            |
| Corporate bonds                      | -                                 | 23,810                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 23,810                | 23,810            |
| Eurobonds                            | -                                 | 1,980,601                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 1,980,601             | 1,428,794         |
| Promissory Notes                     | -                                 | 148,298                                     | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 148,298               | 166,932           |
| Other assets                         | -                                 | 6,498,769                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 6,498,769             | 6,498,769         |
|                                      | <b>4,429,679</b>                  | <b>41,908,485</b>                           | <b>3,366,175</b>                   | <b>-</b>                               | <b>-</b>                                         | <b>49,704,339</b>     | <b>48,042,810</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

|                                      |   |   |   |         |            |            |            |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---------|------------|------------|------------|
| Deposits from financial institutions | - | - | - | -       | 3,732,294  | 3,732,294  | 5,080,197  |
| Deposits from customers              | - | - | - | -       | 34,562,147 | 34,562,147 | 23,341,952 |
| Other liabilities                    | - | - | - | -       | 5,507,074  | 5,497,270  | 5,250,229  |
| Derivative financial instruments     | - | - | - | 415,616 | -          | 415,616    | 415,616    |
| Debt securities issued               | - | - | - | -       | 920,466    | 920,466    | 1,146,174  |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | - | - | - | -       | 2,028,255  | 2,038,058  | 2,028,255  |
|                                      | - | - | - | 415,616 | 46,750,236 | 47,165,852 | 37,262,423 |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>          | Financial assets measured at FVPL | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Financial assets measured at FVOCI | Financial liabilities measured at FVPL | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | Total carrying amount | Fair value        |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| <b>31 December 2024</b>              |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| <b>Group</b>                         |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks         | -                                 | 5,220,929                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 5,220,929             | 5,220,929         |
| Investment under management          | -                                 | 37,327                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 37,327                | 37,327            |
| Non pledged trading assets           |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 132,267                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 132,267               | 132,267           |
| Bonds                                | 74,764                            | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 74,764                | 47,386            |
| Equity                               | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | 27,378            |
| Derivative financial instruments     | 1,507,614                         | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 1,507,614             | 1,507,614         |
| Loans and advances to banks          | -                                 | 1,579,947                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 1,579,947             | 1,579,947         |
| Loans and advances to customers      | -                                 | 11,487,710                                  | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 11,487,710            | 11,487,710        |
| Pledged assets                       |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 15,352                            | 668,041                                     | 75                                 | -                                      | -                                                | 683,468               | 683,468           |
| Government bonds                     | 3,560                             | 906,010                                     | 11                                 | -                                      | -                                                | 909,581               | 909,582           |
| Investment securities                |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI          | -                                 |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | -                                           | 3,855,317                          | -                                      | -                                                | 3,855,317             | 3,855,317         |
| Government Bonds                     | -                                 | -                                           | 264,505                            | -                                      | -                                                | 264,505               | 264,505           |
| State government bonds               | -                                 | -                                           | 38,614                             | -                                      | -                                                | 38,614                | 38,614            |
| Corporate bonds                      | -                                 | -                                           | 14,875                             | -                                      | -                                                | 14,875                | 14,875            |
| Eurobonds                            | -                                 | -                                           | 260,901                            | -                                      | -                                                | 260,901               | 260,901           |
| Commercial paper                     | -                                 | -                                           | 8,420                              | -                                      | -                                                | 8,420                 | 14,875            |
| Promissory Notes                     | -                                 | -                                           | 475,965                            | -                                      | -                                                | 475,965               | 475,965           |
| - Financial assets at FVPL           |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Equity                               | 756,401                           | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 756,401               | 756,401           |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | 1,757,853                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 1,757,853             | 1,757,853         |
| Commercial Paper                     | -                                 | 3,303                                       | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 3,303                 | -                 |
| Government Bonds                     | -                                 | 2,344,550                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 2,344,550             | 2,344,550         |
| State government bonds               | -                                 | 2,469                                       | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 2,469                 | 2,469             |
| Corporate bonds                      | -                                 | 6,614                                       | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 6,614                 | 6,614             |
| Eurobonds                            | -                                 | 1,400,794                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 1,400,794             | 1,400,793         |
| Preferential Shares Note             | -                                 | 264,387                                     | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 264,387               | 264,387           |
| Other assets                         | -                                 | 6,862,483                                   | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 6,862,483             | 6,862,483         |
|                                      | <b>2,489,958</b>                  | <b>32,542,417</b>                           | <b>4,918,683</b>                   | <b>-</b>                               | <b>-</b>                                         | <b>39,951,058</b>     | <b>39,954,210</b> |
| Deposits from financial institutions | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 9,308,256                                        | 9,308,256             | 9,308,256         |
| Deposits from customers              | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 22,524,925                                       | 22,524,925            | 22,524,925        |
| Other liabilities                    | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 2,197,480                                        | 2,197,480             | 2,197,480         |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | 114,767                                | -                                                | 114,767               | 114,767           |
| Debt securities issued               | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 989,630                                          | 989,630               | 989,630           |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 2,402,362                                        | 2,402,362             | 2,402,362         |
|                                      | <b>-</b>                          | <b>-</b>                                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>114,767</b>                         | <b>37,422,653</b>                                | <b>37,537,420</b>     | <b>37,537,422</b> |

The Group reclassified Cash reserve requirement, classified as restricted deposits with Central banks and special reserve intervention funds, from Cash and cash equivalents to Other assets for financial reporting purposes.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 4 Use of estimates and judgements continued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>          | Financial assets measured at FVPL | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Financial assets measured at FVOCI | Financial liabilities measured at FVPL | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | Total carrying amount | Fair value     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| <b>31 December 2025</b>              |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| <b>Company</b>                       |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| Cash and balances with banks         | -                                 | 34,657                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 34,657                | 34,657         |
| Investment under management          | -                                 | 34,673                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 34,673                | 34,673         |
| - Financial assets at FVPL           |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| Equity                               | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -              |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| Treasury bills                       | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -              |
| Other assets                         | -                                 | 24,941                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 24,941                | 24,941         |
|                                      | <b>-</b>                          | <b>94,271</b>                               | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                               | <b>-</b>                                         | <b>94,271</b>         | <b>94,271</b>  |
| Other liabilities                    | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 101,669                                          | 101,669               | 101,669        |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 521,570                                          | 521,570               | 521,570        |
|                                      | <b>-</b>                          | <b>-</b>                                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                               | <b>623,239</b>                                   | <b>623,239</b>        | <b>623,239</b> |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>  | Financial assets measured at FVPL | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Financial assets measured at FVOCI | Financial liabilities measured at FVPL | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | Total carrying amount | Fair value     |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| <b>31 December 2024</b>      |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| <b>Company</b>               |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| Cash and balances with banks | -                                 | 23,116                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 23,116                | 23,116         |
| Investment under management  | -                                 | 29,838                                      | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 29,838                | 29,838         |
| Non pledged trading assets   |                                   |                                             |                                    |                                        |                                                  |                       |                |
| Treasury bills               | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | -                     | -              |
| Other assets                 | -                                 | 507,554                                     | -                                  | -                                      | -                                                | 507,554               | 507,554        |
|                              | <b>-</b>                          | <b>560,508</b>                              | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                               | <b>-</b>                                         | <b>560,508</b>        | <b>560,508</b> |
| Other liabilities            | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 99,810                                           | 99,810                | 99,810         |
| Interest bearing borrowings  | -                                 | -                                           | -                                  | -                                      | 477,629                                          | 477,629               | 477,629        |
|                              | <b>-</b>                          | <b>-</b>                                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                               | <b>577,439</b>                                   | <b>577,439</b>        | <b>577,439</b> |

The Group reclassified cash reserve requirement, classified as restricted deposits with Central Banks and special reserve intervention funds, from cash and cash equivalents to Other assets for financial reporting purposes.

### 5 Financial Risk Management

#### Credit Risk Management

Credit risk arises from the failure of an obligor of the Bank to repay principal or interest at the stipulated time or failure otherwise to perform as agreed. This risk is compounded if the assigned collateral only partly covers the claims made to the borrower, or if its valuation is exposed to frequent changes due to changing market conditions (i.e. market risk).

The Bank's Risk Management philosophy is that moderate and guarded risk attitude will ensure sustainable growth in shareholder value and reputation. Extension of credit in Access Bank is guided by its Credit Risk and Portfolio Management Plan, which sets out specific rules for risk origination and management of the loan portfolio. The Plan also sets out the roles and responsibilities of different individuals and committees involved in the credit process.

We recognise the fact that our main asset is our loan portfolio. Therefore, we actively safeguard and strive to continually improve the health of our loan portfolio. We scrutinise all applications and weed out potential problem loans during the loan application phase, as well as constantly monitor existing loan portfolio.

The goal of the Bank is to apply sophisticated but realistic credit models and systems to monitor and manage credit risk. Ultimately these credit models and systems are the foundation for the application of internal rating-based approach to calculation of capital requirements. The development, implementation and application of these models are guided by the Bank's Basel II strategy.

The pricing of each credit granted reflects the level of risks inherent in the credit. Subject to competitive forces, Access Bank implements a consistent pricing model for loans to its different target markets. The client's interest is guarded at all times, and collateral quality is never the sole reason for a positive credit decision.

Provisions for credit losses meet prudential guidelines set forth by the Central Bank of the countries where we operate, both for loans for which specific provisions exist as well as for the portfolio of performing loans. Access Bank's credit process requires rigorous proactive and periodic review of the quality of the loan portfolio. This helps us to identify and remediate credit issues proactively.

The Criticised Assets Committee performs a quarterly review of loans with emerging signs of weakness; the Management Credit Committee and the Board Credit Committee also perform reviews of the quality of our loan portfolio on a quarterly basis. These are in addition to daily reviews performed by our Credit Risk Management department.

#### Principal Credit Policies

- **Credit Risk Management Policy:** The core objective is to enable maximization of returns on a risk adjusted basis from banking book credit risk exposures that are brought under the ambit of Credit Risk Management Policy by putting in place robust credit risk management systems consisting of

risk identification, risk measurement, setting of exposure & risk limits, risk monitoring & control and reporting of credit risk in the banking book.

- **Credit Risk Mitigant Management Policy:** The objective is to aid in effective credit portfolio management through mitigation of credit risks by using credit risk mitigation techniques.
- **Credit Risk Rating Policy:** The objective of this policy is to ensure reliable and consistent Obligor Risk Ratings (ORRs) and Facility Risk Ratings (FRRs) throughout Access Bank and to provide guidelines for risk rating for retail and non-retail exposures in the banking book covering credit and investment books of the Bank.
- **Country and Cross Border Risk Management Policy:** The objective of this policy is to establish a consistent framework for the identification, measurement and management of country risk across Access Bank.
- **Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) Policy:** The objectives of the policy are identification of material risks, measurement of material risks, monitoring & control of material risks and reporting of material risks.
- **Enterprise-wide Risk Management Policy:** The core objective is to provide reasonable degree of assurance to the Board of Directors that the risks threatening the Bank's achievement of its vision are identified, measured, monitored and controlled through an effective integrated risk management system covering credit, market, operational, interest rate, liquidity and other material risks.

#### Responsibilities of Business Units and Independent Credit Risk Management

In Access Bank, Business units and independent credit risk management have a joint responsibility for the overall accuracy of risk ratings assigned to obligors and facilities. Business Relationship Managers will be responsible for deriving the ORR and FRR using approved methodologies as set out in this policy, however independent credit risk management may also perform this function.

Notwithstanding who derives the risk rating, Independent Credit Risk Management is responsible for reviewing and ensuring the correctness of the ORR and FRR assigned to a borrower and facilities. This review includes ensuring the ongoing consistency of the business' Risk Rating Process with Access Bank Risk Rating Policy; ongoing appropriate application of the Risk Rating Process and tools; review of judgmental and qualitative inputs into the Risk Rating Process; ensuring the timeliness and thoroughness of risk rating reviews; and ensuring that the documentation of the Risk Rating Process is complete and current.

Independent Credit Risk Management has the final authority if there is a question about a specific rating.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### Credit process

The Bank's credit process starts with portfolio planning and target market identification. Within identified target markets, credits are initiated by relationship managers. The proposed credits are subjected to review and approvals by applicable credit approval authorities. Further to appropriate approvals, loans are disbursed to beneficiaries.

On-going management of loans is undertaken by both relationship management teams and our Credit Risk Management Group. The process is applied at the Head Office and in the subsidiaries.

If a preliminary analysis of a loan request by the account manager indicates that it merits further scrutiny, it is then analysed in greater detail by the account manager, with further detailed review by Credit Risk Management. The concurrence of Credit Risk Management must be obtained for any credit extension. If the loan application passes the detailed analysis it is then submitted to the appropriate approval authority for the size of facilities

The standard credit evaluation process is based both on quantitative figures from the Financial Statements and on an array of qualitative factors. Factual information on the borrower is collected as well as pertinent macroeconomic data, such as an outlook for the relevant sector, etc. These subjective factors are assessed by the analyst and all individuals involved in the credit approval process, relying not only on quantitative factors but also on extensive knowledge of the company in question and its management.

#### a) Credit risk measurement

##### Risk Rating Methodology

The credit rating of the counterparty plays a fundamental role in final credit decisions as well as in the terms offered for successful loan applications. Access Bank employs a robust credit rating system based on international best practices (including Basel II recommendations) in the determination of the Obligor and Facility risks and thus allows the Bank to maintain its asset quality at a desired level.

In Access Bank, the objective of the Risk Rating Policy is to ensure reliable and consistent Obligor Risk Ratings ('ORRs') and Facility Risk Ratings ('FRRs') throughout the Bank and to provide guidelines for risk rating for retail and non – retail exposures in the Bank.

The Risk rating policy incorporates credit risk rating models which estimate risk of obligor default and facility risks (covering both recovery as well as Exposure risk). These models are currently based on expert judgment for Retail and Non-Retail Exposures. Our long-term goal is to adopt the Internal Rating Based ("IRB") approach. The data required to facilitate the IRB approach are being gathered.

All Access Bank businesses that extend credit are subject to the Risk rating policy.

#### Credit Risk Rating Models in Access Bank Plc

The following are the credit risk rating models deployed by Access Bank.

##### (i) For Retail Exposures:

Obligor Risk Rating (ORR) Models have been developed for:

1. Personal Loans
2. Credit Cards
3. Auto Loans
4. Mortgage Loans

Facility Risk Rating (FRR) Models have been developed for:

1. Loss Given Default (LGD)
2. Exposure at Default (EAD)

##### (ii) For Non – Retail Exposures:

Obligor Risk Rating (ORR) Models have been developed for:

1. Sovereign (Approach to rating Sovereign Exposures using External ratings)
2. Bank and Non Banking Financial Institutions
3. Corporate
  - Manufacturing Sector
  - Trading Sector
  - Services Sector
  - Real Estate Sector
4. Small and Medium Enterprises (SME) Without Financials

Facility Risk Rating (FRR) Models have been developed for

1. Loss Given Default (LGD)
2. Exposure at Default (EAD)

#### Risk Rating Process

In Access Bank, all businesses must have a documented and approved Risk Rating Process for deriving risk ratings for all obligors and facilities (including those covered under Credit Programs). The Risk Rating Process is the end-to-end process for deriving ORRs and FRRs and includes models, guidelines, support adjustments, collateral adjustments, process controls, as well as any other defined processes that a business undertakes in order to arrive at ORRs and FRRs. Risk rating process of each business must be in compliance with the Bank's Risk rating Policy and deviations must be explicitly approved.

Establishing the Risk Rating Process is the joint responsibility of the Business Manager and Independent Credit Risk Manager associated with each business. The process must be documented and must be approved by the Management Credit Committee.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

The Risk Rating Process for each business must be reviewed and approved every three years, unless more frequent review is specified as a condition of the approvals. Interim material changes to the Risk Rating Process, as determined by the Independent Credit Risk Manager for the business, must be re-approved.

#### Responsibilities of Business Units and Independent Credit Risk Management

In Access Bank, Business units and independent credit risk management have a joint responsibility for the overall accuracy of risk ratings assigned to obligors and facilities. Business Relationship Managers will be responsible for deriving the ORR and FRR using approved methodologies as set out in this policy, however independent credit risk management may also perform this function.

Notwithstanding who derives the risk rating, Independent Credit Risk Management is responsible for reviewing and ensuring the correctness of the ORR and FRR assigned to a borrower and facilities. This review includes ensuring the ongoing consistency of the business' Risk Rating Process with Access Bank Risk Rating Policy; ongoing appropriate application of the Risk Rating Process and tools; review of judgmental and qualitative inputs into the Risk Rating Process; ensuring the timeliness and thoroughness of risk rating reviews; and ensuring that the documentation of the Risk Rating Process is complete and current.

Credit Risk Management has the final authority if there is a question about a specific rating.

#### Risk Rating Scale and external rating equivalent

Access Bank operates a 12-grade numeric risk rating scale. The risk rating scale runs from 1 to 8. Rating 1 represents the best obligors and facilities and rating 8 represents the worst obligors and facilities. The risk rating scale incorporates sub-grades and full grades reflective of realistic credit migration patterns.

The credit quality with reference to the internal rating system adopted by the Bank.

| Risk Rating Range | Credit Quality                |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 - 3             | Neither past due nor impaired |
| 4 - 5             | Past due but not impaired     |
| 6 - 8             | Past due and impaired         |

The risk rating scale and the external rating equivalent is detailed below:

| Access Bank Risk Rating | S&P Long term equivalent | Grade                |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 1                       | AAA                      | Investment Grade     |
| 2+                      | AA                       |                      |
| 2                       | A                        |                      |
| 2-                      | BBB                      |                      |
| 3+                      | BB+                      | Standard Grade       |
| 3                       | BB                       |                      |
| 3-                      | BB-                      |                      |
| 4                       | B                        | Non Investment Grade |
| 5                       | B-                       |                      |
| 6                       | CCC                      |                      |
| 7                       | C                        |                      |
| 8                       | D                        |                      |

#### Collateral Policies

It is the Group's policy that all credit exposures are adequately collateralised. Credit risk mitigation is an activity of reducing credit risk in an exposure or transferring it to counterparty, at facility level, by a safety net of tangible and realizable securities including approved third-party guarantees/ insurance.

In Access Bank, strategies for risk reduction at the transaction level differ from that at the portfolio level. At transaction level, the most common technique used by the Bank is the collateralization of the exposures, by first priority claims or obtaining a third party guarantee. Other techniques include buying a credit derivative to offset credit risk at transaction level. At portfolio level, asset securitisation, credit derivatives etc. are used to mitigate risks in the portfolio.

However primary consideration when approving credits is always the obligor's financial strength and debt-servicing capacity. The guidelines relating to risk mitigant as incorporated in the guidance note of BCBS on "Principles for the Management of Credit Risk" (September 2000, Paragraph 34) are be taken into consideration while using a credit risk mitigant to control credit risk.

*"Bank can utilise transaction structure, collateral and guarantees to help mitigate risks (both identified and inherent) in individual credits but transactions should be entered into primarily on the strength of the borrower's repayment capacity. Collateral cannot be a substitute for a comprehensive assessment of the borrower or the counterparty, nor it can compensate for the insufficient information. It should be recognised that any credit enforcement actions (e.g. foreclosure proceedings) can eliminate the profit margin on the transaction. In addition, Banks need to be mindful that the value of collateral may well be impaired by the same factors that have led to the diminished recoverability of the credit."*

The range of collaterals acceptable to the Bank include:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

- Cash/deposit (domestic and foreign currency) with Bank including certificates of deposit or comparable instruments issued by the Bank.
- Certificates of Deposit from other banks.
- Commodities.
- Debt securities issued by sovereigns and public-sector enterprises.
- Debt securities issued by banks and corporations.
- Equities - Stocks/Share Certificates of quoted blue chip companies
- Mortgage on Landed Property
- Asset-backed securities.
- Charge on assets (Fixed and/or Floating) - premises/ inventory/ receivables/ merchandise/ plant/ machinery etc.
- Negative Pledges
- Lien on Asset being financed
- Stock Hypothecation
- Shipping Documents (for imports)
- Bankers Acceptance
- Life Assurance Policies

#### Master Netting arrangements

It is the Group's policy that all credit exposures are adequately collateralised. Notwithstanding, our account opening documentation allows the Bank to net off customers' deposits against their exposure to the Bank. Generally transactions are allowed to run on a gross basis, however, in cases of unfavorable credit migration, the Bank may elect to invoke the netting agreement.

#### Credit related commitments

It is the Group's policy that all credit exposures are adequately collateralised. Credit risk mitigation is an activity of reducing credit risk in an exposure.

#### Provisioning policy

A loan or loan portfolio is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the loan or loan portfolio that can be reliably estimated.

There have been no changes to the exposures to risk and how they arise, the objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk from the previous year.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.1.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements

Credit risk exposures relating to financial assets are as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                       | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>December 2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>December 2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>December 2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                      |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| - Current balances with banks                                     | 2,672,240                      | 2,721,114                      | 34,657                           | 23,116                           |
| - Unrestricted balances with central banks                        | 1,169,276                      | 625,782                        | -                                | -                                |
| - Money market placements                                         | 2,388,035                      | 1,846,813                      | -                                | -                                |
| - Other deposits with central banks                               | -                              | -                              | -                                | -                                |
| Investment under management                                       | 41,803                         | 37,327                         | 34,673                           | 29,838                           |
| Non pledged trading assets                                        |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | 321,784                        | 132,267                        | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | 299,421                        | 74,764                         | -                                | -                                |
| Promissory notes                                                  | 620,258                        | -                              | -                                | -                                |
| Derivative financial instruments                                  | 2,307,524                      | 1,507,614                      | -                                | -                                |
| Loans and advances to banks                                       | 2,900,033                      | 1,579,947                      | -                                | -                                |
| Loans and advances to customers                                   | 13,341,190                     | 11,338,311                     | -                                | -                                |
| Pledged assets                                                    |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                                   |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | 25,353                         | 75                             | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | -                              | 11                             | -                                | -                                |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost                          |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | 285,686                        | 668,041                        | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | 429,969                        | 906,010                        | -                                | -                                |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                                    |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -                              | 15,352                         | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | 1,266                          | 3,560                          | -                                | -                                |
| Investment securities                                             |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                                   |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | 2,260,834                      | 3,855,317                      | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | 1,076,964                      | 578,896                        | -                                | -                                |
| Promissory notes                                                  | 3,024                          | 475,965                        | -                                | -                                |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                              |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Treasury bills                                                    | 2,780,306                      | 1,757,853                      | -                                | -                                |
| Preferential Shares Note                                          | -                              | -                              | -                                | -                                |
| Bonds                                                             | 9,252,882                      | 3,754,426                      | -                                | -                                |
| Promissory notes                                                  | 148,298                        | 264,387                        | -                                | -                                |
| Commercial Paper                                                  | -                              | 3,305                          | -                                | -                                |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                               | 6,498,769                      | 6,862,483                      | 24,941                           | 507,554                          |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>48,824,915</b>              | <b>39,009,620</b>              | <b>94,271</b>                    | <b>560,508</b>                   |
| <b>Off balance sheet exposures</b>                                |                                |                                |                                  |                                  |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 2,588,552                      | 2,750,543                      | -                                | -                                |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 2,262,534                      | 1,658,792                      | -                                | -                                |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>4,851,086</b>               | <b>4,409,335</b>               | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                         |

Balances included in other Assets above are those subject to credit risks. The table above shows a worst-case scenario of credit risk exposure to the Group as at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024, without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements attached.

For on-balance-sheet assets, the exposures set out above are based on net amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

The Directors are confident in their ability to continue to control exposure to credit risk which can result from both its Loans and Advances portfolio and debt securities.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.1.2 Gross loans and advances to customers per sector is as analysed follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                       | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>December 2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>December 2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>December 2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Agriculture                                       | 699,085                        | 292,599                        | -                                | -                                |
| Construction                                      | 798,362                        | 775,349                        | -                                | -                                |
| Education                                         | 8,979                          | 9,092                          | -                                | -                                |
| Finance and insurance                             | 815,539                        | 374,153                        | -                                | -                                |
| General                                           | 4,490,218                      | 1,479,479                      | -                                | -                                |
| General commerce                                  | 1,050,849                      | 1,674,832                      | -                                | -                                |
| Government                                        | 1,034,669                      | 766,002                        | -                                | -                                |
| Information And communication                     | 238,412                        | 457,345                        | -                                | -                                |
| Other manufacturing (Industries)                  | 747,252                        | 913,781                        | -                                | -                                |
| Basic metal Products                              | 3,431                          | 3,565                          | -                                | -                                |
| Cement                                            | 102,802                        | 157,937                        | -                                | -                                |
| Conglomerate                                      | 80,002                         | 181,959                        | -                                | -                                |
| Flourmills And bakeries                           | 47,543                         | 169,575                        | -                                | -                                |
| Food manufacturing                                | 393,274                        | 363,793                        | -                                | -                                |
| Oil And Gas - services                            | 378,065                        | 575,709                        | -                                | -                                |
| Oil And Gas - upstream                            | 562,525                        | 1,047,950                      | -                                | -                                |
| Crude oil refining                                | 18,008                         | 41,264                         | -                                | -                                |
| Real estate activities                            | 474,756                        | 344,578                        | -                                | -                                |
| Transportation and storage                        | 531,867                        | 460,098                        | -                                | -                                |
| Power and energy                                  | 282,576                        | 412,643                        | -                                | -                                |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 300,743                        | 5,658                          | -                                | -                                |
| Others                                            | 386,270                        | 855,047                        | -                                | -                                |
|                                                   | <b>13,694,446</b>              | <b>11,766,092</b>              | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                         |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 5 Financial Risk Management continued

5.1.3(a) Group  
December 2025

Credit quality by class

Loans to retail customers

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         | Stage 1             | Stage 2             | Stage 3             | Total               | Stage 1    | Stage 2    | Stage 3    | Total ECL        | Carrying amount        |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Group<br>31 December 2025           | Gross amount        | Gross amount        | Gross amount        | Gross amount        | ECL        | ECL        | ECL        | ECL              |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 1,758,260           | 49,769              | -                   | 1,808,029           | 32,449     | 1,813      | -          | 34,262           | 1,773,767              |
| Standard grade                      | -                   | -                   | 72,707              | 72,707              | -          | -          | 33,167     | 33,167           | 39,540                 |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Loans to corporate customers</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 3,783,026           | -                   | -                   | 3,783,026           | 3,231      | -          | -          | 3,231            | 3,779,795              |
| Investment                          | 7,115,420           | 570,806             | -                   | 7,687,227           | 66,373     | 34,684     | -          | 101,057          | 7,586,170              |
| Standard grade                      | -                   | -                   | 343,617             | 343,617             | -          | -          | 180,679    | 180,679          | 162,938                |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Loans and advances to banks</b>  | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 600,831             | -                   | -                   | 600,831             | 1,591      | -          | -          | 1,591            | 599,240                |
| Investment                          | 2,274,329           | -                   | -                   | 2,274,329           | 3,448      | -          | -          | 3,448            | 2,270,880              |
| Standard grade                      | -                   | -                   | 51,717              | 51,717              | -          | -          | 21,804     | 21,804           | 29,912                 |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Off balance sheet</b>            | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 1,267,813           | -                   | -                   | 1,267,813           | 1,104      | -          | -          | 1,104            | 1,266,709              |
| Investment                          | 3,163,350           | 416,831             | -                   | 3,580,181           | 4,602      | 56         | -          | 4,658            | 3,575,522              |
| Standard grade                      | -                   | -                   | 3,093               | 3,093               | -          | -          | 9          | 9                | 3,083                  |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Investment securities</b>        | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 879,465             | -                   | -                   | 879,465             | -          | -          | -          | -                | 879,465                |
| Investment                          | 15,515,705          | -                   | -                   | 15,515,705          | 96,194     | -          | -          | 96,194           | 15,419,511             |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Pledged Assets</b>               | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 742,273             | -                   | -                   | 742,273             | 342        | -          | -          | 342              | 741,933                |
| Investment                          | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| Cash and balances with banks;       | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>-Money market placements</b>     | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 1,815,874           | -                   | -                   | 1,815,874           | 1,768      | -          | -          | 1,768            | 1,814,105              |
| Investment                          | 550,726             | -                   | -                   | 550,726             | 7,183      | -          | -          | 7,183            | 543,542                |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| <b>Other assets</b>                 | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>ECL</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |                     |                     |                     |                     |            |            |            |                  |                        |
| Internal rating grade               | 6,528,646           | -                   | -                   | 6,528,646           | 109,254    | -          | -          | 109,254          | 6,419,392              |
| Investment                          | 73,764              | 248,367             | -                   | 322,131             | 27,749     | 99,072     | -          | 126,822          | 195,309                |
| Standard grade                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |
| Non-Investment                      | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -          | -          | -          | -                | -                      |

| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| Group                         | Stage 1      | Stage 2      | Stage 3      | Total        |         | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Carrying amount |
|                               | Gross amount | Gross amount | Gross amount | Gross amount | ECL     | ECL     | ECL     | ECL     |                 |
| 31 December 2024              |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         | 1,332,558    | 30,810       | -            | 1,363,368    | 23,442  | -       | 1,804   | -       | 1,338,122       |
| Standard grade                | -            | -            | 61,110       | 61,110       | -       | -       | -       | 26,179  | 34,930          |
| Non-Investment                |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Loans to corporate customers  |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 4,409,198    | -            | -            | 4,409,198    | 1,203   | -       | -       | -       | 4,407,995       |
| Standard grade                | 4,692,504    | 953,070      | -            | 5,645,574    | 46,160  | -       | 82,384  | -       | 5,517,031       |
| Non-Investment                | -            | -            | 286,843      | 286,843      | -       | -       | -       | 97,341  | 189,502         |
| Loans and advances to banks   |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 1,562,848    | -            | -            | 1,562,848    | 135     | -       | -       | -       | 1,562,713       |
| Standard grade                | 4,810        | -            | -            | 4,810        | 54      | -       | -       | -       | 4,756           |
| Non-Investment                | -            | -            | 19,964       | 19,964       | -       | -       | -       | 7,487   | 12,477          |
| Off balance sheet             |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 3,870,957    | -            | -            | 3,870,957    | 1,214   | -       | -       | -       | 3,869,742       |
| Standard grade                | 450,912      | 86,232       | -            | 537,144      | 446     | -       | 101     | -       | 536,597         |
| Non-Investment                | -            | -            | 1,234        | 1,234        | -       | -       | -       | 5       | 1,229           |
| Investment securities         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 5,910,096    | -            | -            | 5,910,096    | 3,912   | -       | -       | -       | 5,906,183       |
| Standard grade                | -            | -            | -            | -            | -       | -       | -       | -       | -               |
| Non-Investment                | 5,539,990    | -            | -            | 5,539,990    | 107,862 | -       | -       | -       | 5,432,128       |
| Pledged Assets                |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 1,593,049    | -            | -            | 1,593,049    | 1,295   | -       | -       | -       | 1,591,755       |
| Cash and balances with banks; |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Money market placements       |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 283,143      | -            | -            | 283,143      | 824     | -       | -       | -       | 282,318         |
| Standard grade                | -            | -            | -            | -            | -       | -       | -       | -       | -               |
| Non-Investment                | 1,597,280    | -            | -            | 1,597,280    | 492     | -       | -       | -       | 1,596,787       |
| Other assets                  |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| In millions of Naira          |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Internal rating grade         |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |
| Investment                    | 5,040,177    | -            | -            | 5,040,177    | 19,361  | -       | -       | -       | 5,020,815       |
| Standard grade                | 36,033       | 1,472,430    | -            | 1,508,463    | 1,200   | 49,025  | -       | -       | 1,458,239       |
| Non-Investment                |              |              |              |              |         |         |         |         |                 |

### 5.1.3 Credit quality

#### (c) Credit quality by risk rating class

#### Loans and advances to retail customers

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       |                |                    |                     |                     |                     |                     |                |                |                |                  |                        |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Group</b>                      |                |                    |                     |                     |                     |                     |                |                |                |                  |                        |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>           |                |                    |                     |                     |                     |                     |                |                |                |                  |                        |
| <b>External Rating Equivalent</b> | <b>Grade</b>   | <b>Risk Rating</b> | <b>Stage 1</b>      | <b>Stage 2</b>      | <b>Stage 3</b>      | <b>Total</b>        | <b>Stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
|                                   |                |                    | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     |                  |                        |
| BB+                               | Standard       | 3+                 | 107,246             | -                   | -                   | 107,246             | 4,647          | -              | -              | 4,647            | 102,599                |
| BB                                | Standard       | 3                  | 1,598,671           | 463                 | -                   | 1,599,134           | 27,190         | 22             | -              | 27,214           | 1,571,920              |
| BB-                               | Standard       | 3-                 | 52,342              | 163                 | -                   | 52,505              | 612            | 8              | -              | 620              | 51,885                 |
| B                                 | Non-Investment | 4                  | -                   | 40,968              | -                   | 40,968              | -              | 1,582          | -              | 1,582            | 39,386                 |
| B-                                | Non-Investment | 5                  | -                   | 8,175               | -                   | 8,175               | -              | 200            | -              | 200              | 7,975                  |
| CCC                               | Non-Investment | 6                  | -                   | -                   | 39,125              | 39,125              | -              | -              | 19,282         | 19,282           | 19,843                 |
| C                                 | Non-Investment | 7                  | -                   | -                   | 12,310              | 12,310              | -              | -              | 9,229          | 9,229            | 3,081                  |
| D                                 | Non-Investment | 8                  | -                   | -                   | 21,271              | 21,271              | -              | -              | 4,657          | 4,657            | 16,614                 |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>            |                |                    | <b>1,758,259</b>    | <b>49,769</b>       | <b>72,706</b>       | <b>1,880,734</b>    | <b>32,449</b>  | <b>1,812</b>   | <b>33,168</b>  | <b>67,431</b>    | <b>1,813,307</b>       |

#### Loans and advances to corporate customers

| <b>External Rating Equivalent</b> | <b>Grade</b>   | <b>Risk Rating</b> | <b>Stage 1</b>      | <b>Stage 2</b>      | <b>Stage 3</b>      | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
|                                   |                |                    | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     |                  |                        |
| AAA                               | Investment     | 1                  | 617,260             | -                   | -                   | 617,260             | 23             | -              | -              | 23               | 617,237                |
| AA                                | Investment     | 2+                 | 314,471             | -                   | -                   | 314,471             | 40             | -              | -              | 40               | 314,431                |
| A                                 | Investment     | 2                  | 538,548             | -                   | -                   | 538,548             | 680            | -              | -              | 680              | 537,868                |
| BBB                               | Investment     | 2-                 | 2,313,720           | -                   | -                   | 2,313,720           | 2,488          | -              | -              | 2,488            | 2,311,232              |
| BB+                               | Standard       | 3+                 | 1,325,651           | -                   | -                   | 1,325,651           | 9,844          | -              | -              | 9,844            | 1,315,807              |
| BB                                | Standard       | 3                  | 5,331,614           | 39,482              | -                   | 5,371,096           | 49,203         | 1,888          | -              | 51,091           | 5,320,005              |
| BB-                               | Standard       | 3-                 | 458,156             | 207,463             | -                   | 665,619             | 7,326          | 15,258         | -              | 22,584           | 643,035                |
| B                                 | Non-Investment | 4                  | -                   | 262,384             | -                   | 262,384             | -              | 7,574          | -              | 7,574            | 254,810                |
| B-                                | Non-Investment | 5                  | -                   | 61,478              | -                   | 61,478              | -              | 9,964          | -              | 9,964            | 51,514                 |
| CCC                               | Non-Investment | 6                  | -                   | -                   | 142,721             | 142,721             | -              | -              | 73,801         | 73,801           | 68,920                 |
| C                                 | Non-Investment | 7                  | -                   | -                   | 24,686              | 24,686              | -              | -              | 10,517         | 10,517           | 14,169                 |
| D                                 | Non-Investment | 8                  | -                   | -                   | 176,210             | 176,210             | -              | -              | 96,361         | 96,361           | 79,849                 |
|                                   |                |                    | <b>10,899,420</b>   | <b>570,807</b>      | <b>343,617</b>      | <b>11,813,844</b>   | <b>69,604</b>  | <b>34,684</b>  | <b>180,679</b> | <b>284,967</b>   | <b>11,528,877</b>      |

#### Loans and advances to banks

| <b>External Rating Equivalent</b> | <b>Grade</b>   | <b>Risk Rating</b> | <b>Stage 1</b>      | <b>Stage 2</b>      | <b>Stage 3</b>      | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
|                                   |                |                    | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     |                  |                        |
| AAA                               | Investment     | 1                  | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -              | -              | -              | -                | -                      |
| AA                                | Investment     | 2+                 | 600,831             | -                   | -                   | 600,831             | 1,591          | -              | -              | 1,591            | 599,240                |
| CCC                               | Non-Investment | 6                  | 2,274,329           | -                   | -                   | 2,274,329           | 3,448          | -              | -              | 3,448            | 2,274,881              |
| CCC                               | Non-Investment | 6                  | -                   | -                   | 15                  | 15                  | -              | -              | 3              | 3                | 12                     |
| D                                 | Non-Investment | 8                  | -                   | -                   | 51,702              | 51,702              | -              | -              | 21,801         | 21,801           | 29,901                 |
|                                   |                |                    | <b>2,875,160</b>    | <b>-</b>            | <b>51,717</b>       | <b>2,926,877</b>    | <b>5,039</b>   | <b>-</b>       | <b>21,804</b>  | <b>26,842</b>    | <b>2,900,035</b>       |

#### Investment securities

| <b>External Rating Equivalent</b> | <b>Grade</b>   | <b>Risk Rating</b> | <b>Stage 1</b>      | <b>Stage 2</b>      | <b>Stage 3</b>      | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total ECL</b> | <b>Carrying amount</b> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
|                                   |                |                    | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>Gross amount</b> | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     | <b>ECL</b>     |                  |                        |
| A                                 | Investment     | 2                  | 885,938             | -                   | -                   | 885,938             | -              | -              | -              | -                | 885,938                |
| BB                                | Standard       | 3                  | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -              | -              | -              | -                | -                      |
| B-                                | Non-Investment | 5                  | 15,515,705          | -                   | -                   | 15,515,705          | 96,194         | -              | -              | 96,194           | 15,419,511             |
| CCC                               | Non-Investment | 6                  | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -              | -              | -              | -                | -                      |
| C                                 | Non-Investment | 7                  | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -              | -              | -              | -                | -                      |
| D                                 | Non-Investment | 8                  | -                   | -                   | -                   | -                   | -              | -              | -              | -                | -                      |
|                                   |                |                    | <b>16,401,643</b>   | <b>-</b>            | <b>-</b>            | <b>16,401,643</b>   | <b>96,194</b>  | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>96,194</b>    | <b>16,305,449</b>      |

#### Derivative Financial Instruments



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| External Rating Equivalent | Grade      | Risk Rating | Gross Nominal<br>31 December<br>2025 | Fair Value<br>31 December<br>2025 |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AAA-A                      | Investment | 1           | 1,862,557                            | (208,180)                         |
| AA                         | Investment | 2+          | 1,677,203                            | 568,768                           |
| A                          | Investment | 2           | 99,965                               | (2,345)                           |
| BBB                        | Investment | 2-          | 468,528                              | 366,358                           |
| BB+                        | Standard   | 3+          | 458,968                              | 59,678                            |
| BB                         | Standard   | 3           | 286,113                              | 148,556                           |
| BB-                        | Standard   | 3-          | 996,827                              | 957,168                           |
| <b>Gross amount</b>        |            |             | <b>5,850,161</b>                     | <b>1,890,002</b>                  |

The external rating equivalent refers to the equivalent ratings for loans and advances by credit rating agencies. These instruments are neither past due nor impaired

#### Other Assets

| External Rating Equivalent | Grade      | Risk Rating | Stage 1<br>Gross amount | Stage 2<br>Gross amount | Stage 3<br>Gross amount | Total<br>Gross amount | Stage 1<br>ECL | Stage 2<br>ECL | Stage 3<br>ECL | Total ECL      | Carrying<br>amount |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| AAA                        | Investment | 1           | 5,979,870               | -                       | -                       | 5,979,870             | 38,395         | -              | -              | 38,395         | 5,941,475          |
| AA                         | Investment | 2+          | 328,881                 | -                       | -                       | 328,881               | 43,925         | -              | -              | 43,925         | 284,956            |
| A                          | Investment | 2           | 79,687                  | -                       | -                       | 79,687                | 7,626          | -              | -              | 7,626          | 72,061             |
| BBB                        | Investment | 2-          | 77,171                  | -                       | -                       | 77,171                | 17,319         | -              | -              | 17,319         | 59,852             |
| BB+                        | Standard   | 3+          | 73,764                  | -                       | -                       | 73,764                | 27,749         | -              | -              | 27,749         | 46,015             |
| BB                         | Standard   | 3           | -                       | 248,367                 | -                       | 248,367               | -              | 101,060        | -              | 101,060        | 147,306            |
|                            |            |             | <b>6,539,373</b>        | <b>248,367</b>          | <b>-</b>                | <b>6,787,740</b>      | <b>135,015</b> | <b>101,060</b> | <b>-</b>       | <b>236,075</b> | <b>6,551,663</b>   |

## Loans and advances to retail customers

| In millions of Naira       |                |             |              |        |              |           |              |        |              |        |           |         |         |           |                 |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------|
| Group                      |                |             |              |        |              |           |              |        |              |        |           |         |         |           |                 |
| 31 December 2024           |                |             |              |        |              |           |              |        |              |        |           |         |         |           |                 |
| External Rating Equivalent | Grade          | Risk Rating | Stage 1      |        | Stage 2      |           | Stage 3      |        | Total        |        | Stage 1   | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total ECL | Carrying amount |
|                            |                |             | Gross amount |        | Gross amount |           | Gross amount |        | Gross amount |        | ECL       | ECL     | ECL     |           |                 |
| BB+                        | Standard       | 3+          | -            | -      | -            | -         | -            | -      | -            | -      | -         | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| BB                         | Standard       | 3           | 682,860      | 35     | 35           | -         | 682,895      | 17,020 | 3            | -      | -         | 3       | -       | 17,023    | 665,872         |
| BB-                        | Standard       | 3-          | 649,697      | 296    | 296          | -         | 649,993      | 6,422  | 103          | -      | -         | 103     | -       | 6,525     | 643,468         |
| B                          | Non-Investment | 4           | -            | 149    | 149          | -         | 149          | -      | 45           | -      | -         | 45      | -       | 45        | 104             |
| B-                         | Non-Investment | 5           | -            | 30,330 | 30,330       | -         | 30,330       | -      | 1,653        | -      | -         | 1,653   | -       | 1,653     | 28,677          |
| CCC                        | Non-Investment | 6           | -            | -      | -            | 27,234    | 27,234       | -      | -            | -      | 11,051    | -       | 11,051  | 11,051    | 16,182          |
| C                          | Non-Investment | 7           | -            | -      | -            | 9,237     | 9,237        | -      | -            | -      | -         | -       | 3,644   | 3,644     | 5,592           |
| D                          | Non-Investment | 8           | -            | -      | -            | 24,640    | 24,640       | -      | -            | -      | -         | -       | 11,484  | 11,484    | 13,156          |
| Carrying amount            |                |             | 1,332,557    | 30,810 | 61,110       | 1,424,478 | 23,442       | 1,804  | 26,179       | 51,425 | 1,373,052 |         |         |           |                 |

## Loans and advances to corporate customers

| External Rating Equivalent | Grade          | Risk Rating | Stage 1<br>Gross amount | Stage 2<br>Gross amount | Stage 3<br>Gross amount | Total<br>Gross amount | Stage 1<br>ECL | Stage 2<br>ECL | Stage 3<br>ECL | Total ECL      | Carrying amount   |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| AAA                        | Investment     | 1           | 961,406                 | -                       | -                       | 961,406               | 131            | -              | -              | 131            | 961,275           |
| AA                         | Investment     | 2+          | 1,550,214               | -                       | -                       | 1,550,214             | 92             | -              | -              | 92             | 1,550,122         |
| A                          | Investment     | 2           | 1,129,405               | -                       | -                       | 1,129,405             | 324            | -              | -              | 324            | 1,129,081         |
| BBB                        | Investment     | 2-          | 768,172                 | -                       | -                       | 768,172               | 656            | -              | -              | 656            | 767,517           |
| BB+                        | Standard       | 3+          | 517,971                 | -                       | -                       | 517,971               | 1,434          | -              | -              | 1,434          | 516,537           |
| BB                         | Standard       | 3           | 2,191,422               | 17,967                  | -                       | 2,209,389             | 17,344         | 571            | -              | 17,915         | 2,191,475         |
| BB-                        | Standard       | 3-          | 1,983,110               | 548,083                 | -                       | 2,531,194             | 27,382         | 38,633         | -              | 66,015         | 2,465,178         |
| B                          | Non-Investment | 4           | -                       | 99,059                  | -                       | 99,059                | -              | 2,054          | -              | 2,054          | 97,004            |
| B-                         | Non-Investment | 5           | -                       | 287,962                 | -                       | 287,962               | -              | 41,125         | -              | 41,125         | 246,837           |
| CCC                        | Non-Investment | 6           | -                       | -                       | 132,141                 | 132,141               | -              | -              | 62,065         | 62,065         | 70,076            |
| C                          | Non-Investment | 7           | -                       | -                       | 102,915                 | 102,915               | -              | -              | 14,113         | 14,113         | 88,802            |
| D                          | Non-Investment | 8           | -                       | -                       | 51,787                  | 51,787                | -              | -              | 21,164         | 21,164         | 30,623            |
|                            |                |             | <b>9,101,700</b>        | <b>953,071</b>          | <b>286,844</b>          | <b>10,341,615</b>     | <b>47,363</b>  | <b>82,384</b>  | <b>97,341</b>  | <b>227,088</b> | <b>10,114,527</b> |

| External Rating Equivalent | Grade          | Risk Rating | Stage 1<br>Gross amount | Stage 2<br>Gross amount | Stage 3<br>Gross amount | Total<br>Gross amount | Stage 1<br>ECL | Stage 2<br>ECL | Stage 3<br>ECL | Total ECL    | Carrying amount  |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| AAA                        | Investment     | 1           | 1,562,848               | -                       | -                       | 1,562,848             | 135            | -              | -              | 135          | 1,562,713        |
| AA                         | Investment     | 2+          | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| A                          | Investment     | 2           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| BBB                        | Investment     | 2-          | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| BB+                        | Standard       | 3+          | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| BB                         | Standard       | 3           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| BB-                        | Standard       | 3-          | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| B                          | Non-Investment | 4           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| B-                         | Non-Investment | 5           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
| CCC                        | Non-Investment | 6           | 4,810                   | -                       | -                       | 4,810                 | 54             | -              | -              | 54           | 4,756            |
| C                          | Non-Investment | 7           | -                       | -                       | 19,964                  | 19,964                | -              | -              | 7,487          | 7,487        | 12,477           |
| D                          | Non-Investment | 8           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -              | -            | -                |
|                            |                |             | <b>1,567,658</b>        | <b>-</b>                | <b>19,964</b>           | <b>1,587,622</b>      | <b>189</b>     | <b>-</b>       | <b>7,487</b>   | <b>7,675</b> | <b>1,579,947</b> |



| Investment securities      |                |             |                   |              |              |                   |                |                |                   |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| External Rating Equivalent | Grade          | Risk Rating | Gross amount      | Gross amount | Gross amount | Gross amount      | ECL            | Total ECL      | Carrying amount   |
| AAA                        | Investment     | 1           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| AA                         | Investment     | 2+          | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| A                          | Investment     | 2           | 5,910,096         | -            | -            | 5,910,096         | 3,912          | 3,912          | 5,906,183         |
| BBB                        | Investment     | 2-          | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| BB+                        | Standard       | 3+          | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| BB                         | Standard       | 3           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| BB-                        | Standard       | 3-          | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| B                          | Non-Investment | 4           | 5,539,990         | -            | -            | 5,539,990         | 107,862        | 107,862        | 5,432,128         |
| B-                         | Non-Investment | 5           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| CCC                        | Non-Investment | 6           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| C                          | Non-Investment | 7           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
| D                          | Non-Investment | 8           | -                 | -            | -            | -                 | -              | -              | -                 |
|                            |                |             | <b>11,450,086</b> | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>     | <b>11,450,086</b> | <b>111,775</b> | <b>111,775</b> | <b>11,338,311</b> |

| Derivative Financial Instruments |            |             |                                   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| External Rating Equivalent       | Grade      | Risk Rating | Gross Nominal<br>31 December 2024 |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                  |            |             | Fair Value<br>31 December 2024    |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AAA                              | Investment | 1           | 2,994,873                         | 460,881          |  |  |  |  |  |
| AA                               | Investment | 2+          | 955,291                           | 700,794          |  |  |  |  |  |
| A                                | Investment | 2           | 134,893                           | 47,794           |  |  |  |  |  |
| BBB                              | Investment | 2-          | 55,329                            | 3,719            |  |  |  |  |  |
| BB+                              | Standard   | 3+          | 115,626                           | 113,189          |  |  |  |  |  |
| BB                               | Standard   | 3           | 20,439                            | 8,789            |  |  |  |  |  |
| BB-                              | Standard   | 3-          | 1,475,318                         | 57,680           |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Gross amount</b>              |            |             | <b>5,751,770</b>                  | <b>1,392,845</b> |  |  |  |  |  |

The external rating equivalent refers to the equivalent ratings for loans and advances by credit rating agencies. These instruments are neither past due nor impaired

| Other Assets               |            |             |                         |                         |                         |                       |                |                |                  |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| External Rating Equivalent | Grade      | Risk Rating | Stage 1<br>Gross amount | Stage 2<br>Gross amount | Stage 3<br>Gross amount | Total<br>Gross amount | Stage 1<br>ECL | Stage 2<br>ECL | Stage 3<br>ECL   |
|                            |            |             |                         |                         |                         |                       |                |                | Carrying amount  |
| AAA                        | Investment | 1           | -                       | -                       | -                       | -                     | -              | -              | -                |
| AA                         | Investment | 2+          | 4,947,372               | -                       | -                       | 4,947,372             | 16,886         | -              | 16,886           |
| A                          | Investment | 2           | 948                     | -                       | -                       | 948                   | 39             | -              | 39               |
| BBB                        | Investment | 2-          | 59,128                  | -                       | -                       | 59,128                | 55             | -              | 55               |
| BB+                        | Standard   | 3+          | 32,730                  | -                       | -                       | 32,730                | 2,381          | -              | 2,381            |
| BB                         | Standard   | 3           | 36,033                  | -                       | -                       | 36,033                | 1,200          | -              | 1,200            |
|                            |            |             | -                       | 1,472,430               | -                       | 1,472,430             | -              | 49,025         | 49,025           |
|                            |            |             | <b>5,076,210</b>        | <b>1,472,430</b>        | <b>-</b>                | <b>6,548,640</b>      | <b>20,561</b>  | <b>49,025</b>  | <b>69,585</b>    |
|                            |            |             |                         |                         |                         |                       |                |                | <b>6,479,055</b> |

Company

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| 31 December 2024<br>In millions of Naira<br>Derivative Financial<br>Instruments |            |             |                                      |                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| External Rating Equivalent                                                      | Grade      | Risk Rating | Gross Nominal<br>31 December<br>2024 | Fair Value<br>31 December 2024 |
| AAA-A                                                                           | Investment | 1           | -                                    | -                              |
| AA                                                                              | Investment | 2+          | -                                    | -                              |
| A                                                                               | Investment | 2           | 138,729                              | -                              |
| BBB                                                                             | Investment | 2-          | -                                    | -                              |
| BB+                                                                             | Standard   | 3+          | -                                    | -                              |
| BB                                                                              | Standard   | 3           | -                                    | -                              |
| BB-                                                                             | Standard   | 3-          | -                                    | -                              |
| <b>Gross amount</b>                                                             |            |             | <b>138,729</b>                       | <b>-</b>                       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.1.3 The table below summarises the risk rating for other financial assets:

(d)

| Group<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2025 | Total             | Risk Rating 1-3   | Risk Rating 4-5   | Risk Rating 6 | Risk Rating 7 | Risk Rating 8 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                             |                   |                   |                   |               |               |               |
| Current balances with banks                              | 2,672,240         | 2,672,240         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposits with central banks                   | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks                 | 1,169,276         | 1,169,276         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Money market placements                                  | 2,379,260         | 1,815,874         | 563,386           | -             | -             | -             |
| Other deposits with central banks                        | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment under management                              | 41,803            | 41,803            | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Non-pledged trading assets                               | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 321,784           | 321,784           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 299,421           | 299,421           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity securities                                        | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                         | 2,307,524         | 2,307,524         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                                           | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                          | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 25,353            | -                 | 25,353            | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost                 | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 285,686           | -                 | 285,686           | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 429,969           | -                 | 429,969           | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                           | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 1,266             | -                 | 1,266             | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity                                                   | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment securities                                    | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                          | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 2,260,834         | -                 | 2,260,834         | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 1,076,964         | -                 | 1,076,964         | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | 3,024             | -                 | 3,024             | -             | -             | -             |
| Commercial Paper                                         | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                     | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 2,780,306         | -                 | 2,780,306         | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 9,252,882         | -                 | 9,252,882         | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | 148,298           | -                 | 148,298           | -             | -             | -             |
| Preferential Shares Note                                 | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Commercial Paper                                         | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at FVPL                               | -                 | -                 | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity                                                   | 879,426           | 879,426           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                      | 6,500,757         | 6,500,757         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
|                                                          | <b>32,836,073</b> | <b>16,008,105</b> | <b>16,827,968</b> | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      |

The rating here represents internal grade ratings

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Group<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2024 | Total             | Risk Rating 1-3   | Risk Rating 4-5   | Risk Rating 6 | Risk Rating 7 | Risk Rating 8 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                             |                   |                   |                   |               |               |               |
| Current balances with banks                              | 2,721,114         | 2,721,114         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks                 | 626,513           | 626,513           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Money market placements                                  | 1,995,985         | 399,320           | 1,596,665         |               |               |               |
| Investment under management                              | -                 | -                 |                   |               |               |               |
| Non-pledged trading assets                               | 37,328            | 37,328            | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           |                   | -                 |                   |               |               |               |
| Bonds                                                    | 132,267           | 132,267           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                         | 74,764            | 74,764            | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                                           | 1,512,504         | 1,512,504         | -                 |               |               |               |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                          |                   |                   |                   |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                           | 75                | -                 | 75                |               |               |               |
| Bonds                                                    | 13,815            | 11                | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost                 |                   | -                 |                   |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                           | 668,041           |                   | 668,041           |               |               |               |
| Bonds                                                    | 906,010           |                   | 906,010           | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | -                 |                   | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                           |                   |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 15,352            | -                 | 15,352            |               |               |               |
| Bonds                                                    | 3,560             | -                 | 3,560             | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment securities                                    |                   |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                               |                   |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 3,855,317         | -                 | 3,855,317         | -             |               |               |
| Bonds                                                    | 578,896           | -                 | 523,583           | 55,312        | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | 475,965           | -                 | 475,965           | -             | -             | -             |
| Commercial Paper                                         | 8,420             |                   | 8,420             |               |               |               |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                     |                   |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                           | 1,757,853         | -                 | 1,757,853         | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                    | 3,754,426         | -                 | 3,754,426         | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                         | 264,387           | -                 | 264,387           | -             | -             | -             |
| Preferential Shares Note                                 |                   |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| Commercial Paper                                         | 3,305             |                   | 3,305             | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at FVPL                               | -                 |                   |                   | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity                                                   | 756,401           | 756,401           | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                      | 6,856,802         | 6,856,802         | -                 | -             | -             | -             |
|                                                          | <b>27,019,100</b> | <b>13,117,024</b> | <b>13,832,958</b> | <b>55,312</b> | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Company<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2025 | Total         | Risk Rating 1-3 | Risk Rating 4-5 | Risk Rating 6 | Risk Rating 7 | Risk Rating 8 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                        |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Current balances with banks                         | 34,657        | 34,657          | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks            | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Money market placements                             | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Other deposits with central banks                   | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment under management                         | 34,673        | 34,673          | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Non-pledged trading assets                          |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                    | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                                      |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                     |               |                 | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost            |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                    | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                      |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment securities                               |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                          |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                    | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                      | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                               | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Total return notes                                  | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                    | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at FVPL                          |               |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Equity                                              | -             | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                 | 24,941        | 24,941          | -               | -             | -             | -             |
|                                                     | <b>94,271</b> | <b>94,271</b>   | <b>-</b>        | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      |

The rating here represents internal grade ratings



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br><b>31 December 2024</b> | Total          | Risk Rating 1-3 | Risk Rating 4-5 | Risk Rating 6 | Risk Rating 7 | Risk Rating 8 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                      |                |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Current balances with banks                                       | 23,116         | 23,116          | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks                          | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Money market placements                                           | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Other deposits with central banks                                 | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment under management                                       | 29,838         | 29,838          | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Non-pledged trading assets                                        |                |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity securities                                                 | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                                  | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                                                    |                |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                                   | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost                          | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                  | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Investment securities                                             |                |                 |                 |               |               |               |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                        | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                  | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                              | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                             | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Total return notes                                                | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                  | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| - Financial assets at FVPL                                        | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Equity                                                            | -              | -               | -               | -             | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                               | 507,554        | 507,554         | -               | -             | -             | -             |
|                                                                   | <b>560,508</b> | <b>560,508</b>  | <b>-</b>        | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### (e) Credit staging by type

##### Loans and advances to retail customers

| Group                       | Stage 1   | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |             | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross     | Gross   | Gross   | Total gross | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying  |
| 31 December 2025            | amount    | amount  | amount  | amount      |         |         |         |           | amount    |
| Auto Loan                   | 20,604    | 403     | 490     | 21,497      | 393     | 20      | 254     | 668       | 20,830    |
| Credit Card                 | 28,378    | 63      | 489     | 28,930      | 531     | 4       | 182     | 717       | 28,214    |
| Finance Lease               | 793       | 22      | 25      | 840         | 13      | 1       | 9       | 23        | 817       |
| Mortgage Loan               | 304,011   | 8,563   | 9,921   | 322,495     | 3,120   | 173     | 2,398   | 5,691     | 316,804   |
| Overdraft                   | 39,319    | 1,044   | 13,596  | 53,959      | 712     | 37      | 8,090   | 8,839     | 45,120    |
| Personal Loan               | 737,325   | 20,507  | 26,743  | 784,575     | 18,517  | 1,056   | 15,390  | 34,963    | 749,612   |
| Term Loan                   | 592,493   | 17,993  | 19,768  | 630,254     | 5,446   | 308     | 3,996   | 9,750     | 620,504   |
| Time Loan                   | 35,336    | 1,174   | 1,676   | 38,186      | 3,718   | 213     | 2,848   | 6,779     | 31,407    |
|                             | 1,758,259 | 49,769  | 72,708  | 1,880,736   | 32,450  | 1,812   | 33,167  | 67,429    | 1,813,307 |

##### Loans and advances to corporate customers

|                             | Stage 1    | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |             | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |            |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross      | Gross   | Gross   | Total gross | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying   |
|                             | amount     | amount  | amount  | amount      |         |         |         |           | amount     |
| Auto Loan                   | 38,709     | 2,206   | 4,703   | 45,618      | 389     | 155     | 1,822   | 2,366     | 43,252     |
| Credit Card                 | 595        | 4       | 31      | 630         | 37      | 0       | 10      | 47        | 583        |
| Finance Lease               | 22,959     | 404     | 441     | 23,804      | 161     | 9       | 181     | 351       | 23,453     |
| Mortgage Loan               | 136,810    | 4,563   | 4,368   | 145,741     | 660     | 125     | 2,088   | 2,873     | 142,868    |
| Overdraft                   | 936,120    | 61,486  | 61,450  | 1,059,056   | 9,833   | 3,356   | 34,273  | 47,462    | 1,011,594  |
| Term Loan                   | 5,628,692  | 333,794 | 139,331 | 6,101,817   | 38,684  | 27,049  | 77,348  | 143,081   | 5,958,736  |
| Time Loan                   | 4,135,533  | 168,349 | 133,292 | 4,437,174   | 19,839  | 3,990   | 64,958  | 88,787    | 4,348,387  |
|                             | 10,899,418 | 570,806 | 343,616 | 11,813,840  | 69,603  | 34,684  | 180,680 | 284,967   | 11,528,873 |

##### Loans and advances to banks

|                             | Stage 1   | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |             | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross     | Gross   | Gross   | Total gross | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying  |
|                             | amount    | amount  | amount  | amount      |         |         |         |           | amount    |
| Overdraft                   | 7,607     | -       | 15      | 7,622       | 3,333   | -       | 3       | 3,336     | 4,286     |
| Term Loan                   | 316,836   | -       | 6,103   | 322,939     | 1,674   | -       | 14,345  | 16,019    | 306,920   |
| Time Loan                   | 2,550,716 | -       | 45,599  | 2,596,315   | 32      | -       | 7,456   | 7,488     | 2,588,827 |
|                             | 2,875,159 | -       | 51,717  | 2,926,876   | 5,039   | -       | 21,804  | 26,843    | 2,900,033 |

#### (e) Credit staging by type

##### Loans and advances to retail customers

| Group                       | Stage 1   | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |             | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross     | Gross   | Gross   | Total gross | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying  |
| 31 December 2024            | amount    | amount  | amount  | amount      |         |         |         |           | amount    |
| Auto Loan                   | 11,289    | 257     | 466     | 12,012      | 151     | 11      | 163     | 326       | 11,686    |
| Credit Card                 | 36,134    | 56      | 427     | 36,617      | 455     | 74      | 161     | 691       | 35,926    |
| Finance Lease               | 2,051     | 54      | 97      | 2,202       | 31      | 2       | 33      | 66        | 2,137     |
| Mortgage Loan               | 228,605   | 5,785   | 10,815  | 245,205     | 3,637   | 283     | 4,086   | 8,006     | 237,200   |
| Overdraft                   | 29,382    | 486     | 4,788   | 34,656      | 673     | 44      | 2,028   | 2,745     | 31,911    |
| Personal Loan               | 805,784   | 18,772  | 34,217  | 858,773     | 15,494  | 1,134   | 16,243  | 32,871    | 825,904   |
| Term Loan                   | 197,084   | 4,792   | 9,020   | 210,896     | 2,750   | 232     | 3,105   | 6,087     | 204,808   |
| Time Loan                   | 22,227    | 608     | 1,279   | 24,114      | 251     | 24      | 360     | 634       | 23,479    |
|                             | 1,332,556 | 30,810  | 61,109  | 1,424,475   | 23,442  | 1,804   | 26,179  | 51,426    | 1,373,051 |

##### Loans and advances to corporate customers

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Group                       | Stage 1      | Stage 2      | Stage 3      |                    | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |                 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross amount | Gross amount | Gross amount | Total gross amount | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying amount |
| Auto Loan                   | 10,730       | 272          | 140          | 11,142             | 68      | 24      | 50      | 142       | 11,000          |
| Credit Card                 | 672          | 2            | 58           | 732                | 9       | -       | 18      | 27        | 704             |
| Finance Lease               | 27,595       | 8,397        | 429          | 36,421             | 339     | 129     | 136     | 604       | 35,819          |
| Mortgage Loan               | 67,615       | 2,886        | 3,115        | 73,616             | 372     | 90      | 728     | 1,190     | 72,427          |
| Overdraft                   | 929,634      | 38,497       | 52,327       | 1,020,458          | 8,613   | 1,924   | 22,189  | 32,726    | 987,730         |
| Personal Loan               | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Term Loan                   | 5,005,191    | 672,374      | 150,003      | 5,827,568          | 27,641  | 75,523  | 50,949  | 154,113   | 5,673,455       |
| Time Loan                   | 3,060,265    | 230,643      | 80,771       | 3,371,679          | 10,320  | 4,693   | 23,271  | 38,284    | 3,333,394       |
|                             | 9,101,702    | 953,071      | 286,843      | 10,341,616         | 47,362  | 82,383  | 97,341  | 227,086   | 10,114,529      |

#### Loans and advances to banks

| Group                       | Stage 1      | Stage 2      | Stage 3      |                    | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |           |                 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Gross amount | Gross amount | Gross amount | Total gross amount | ECL     |         | ECL     | Total ECL | Carrying amount |
| Auto Loan                   | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Credit Card                 | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Finance Lease               | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Mortgage Loan               | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Overdraft                   | 4,810        | -            | 1            | 4,811              | 98      | -       | -       | 98        | 4,713           |
| Personal Loan               | -            | -            | -            | -                  | -       | -       | -       | -         | -               |
| Term Loan                   | 45,848       | -            | 1,268        | 47,116             | 4       | -       | 6,928   | 6,932     | 40,184          |
| Time Loan                   | 1,516,999    | -            | 18,695       | 1,535,694          | 87      | -       | 559     | 646       | 1,535,048       |
|                             | 1,567,657    | -            | 19,964       | 1,587,621          | 189     | -       | 7,487   | 7,676     | 1,579,945       |

#### 5.1.3 (g) Disclosure of fair value of Collateral held against loans and advances to customers by staging

| Group                                      | 31 December 2025  |                |                |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                |                   |                |                |
| 31 December 2025                           | Stage 1           | Stage 2        | Stage 3        |
| <b>Loans to retail customers</b>           |                   |                |                |
| Gross amount                               | 1,747,525         | 49,769         | 72,707         |
| ECL                                        | (32,449)          | (1,813)        | (33,167)       |
| Collateral held at fair value              |                   |                |                |
| Property                                   | 589,070           | 16,514         | 20,438         |
| Cash                                       | 129,697           | 3,667          | 4,048          |
| Pledged goods/receivables                  | 76,774            | 2,390          | 2,587          |
| Others                                     | 518,615           | 13,333         | 33,674         |
| Total                                      | <b>1,314,156</b>  | <b>35,904</b>  | <b>60,747</b>  |
| <b>Loans to corporate Customers</b>        |                   |                |                |
|                                            | Stage 1           | Stage 2        | Stage 3        |
| Gross amount                               | 10,898,447        | 570,806        | 343,617        |
| ECL                                        | (69,604)          | (34,684)       | (180,679)      |
| Collateral held at fair value              |                   |                |                |
| Property                                   | 3,549,732         | 128,929        | 100,767        |
| Cash                                       | 612,221           | 27,759         | 17,493         |
| Pledged goods/receivables                  | 295,309           | 12,990         | 13,629         |
| Others                                     | 8,878,201         | 289,652        | 132,348        |
| Total                                      | <b>13,335,463</b> | <b>459,330</b> | <b>264,237</b> |
| <b>Total collateral held at fair value</b> | <b>14,649,619</b> | <b>495,234</b> | <b>324,984</b> |

Collateral types included in others are All Asset debentures, Domiciliation, Counter Indemnity, Authority to collect, Irrevocable standing payment order, Guarantees.

#### Collateral held and other credit enhancements, and their financial effect

The general creditworthiness of a customer tends to be the most relevant indicator of credit quality of a loan extended to it. However, collateral provides additional consideration in the credit process and the Group generally requests that corporate borrowers

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 5 Financial Risk Management continued

provide collateral. The Group may take collateral in the form of a first charge over real estate, floating charges over all corporate assets and other liens and guarantees. The Group will sell or repossess a pledged collateral only in the event of a default and after exploring other means of repayment. In addition to the Group's focus on creditworthiness, the Group aligns with its Credit Policy Guide to periodically review the valuations of collaterals held against all loans to customers. This is done in line with the approved Framework for valuing various categories of collateral accepted by the Group.

The fair values of collaterals are based upon last annual valuation undertaken by independent valuers on behalf of the bank. The valuation technique adopted for properties are based on fair values of similar properties in the neighborhood.

The fair values of non-property collaterals (such as equities, bond, treasury bills, etc.) are determined with reference to market quoted prices or market values of similar instruments.

There are no collaterals held against other financial assets. The Group obtained a property during the period by taking possession of collateral held as security against a loan. The Group's policy is to pursue timely realisation of the collateral in an orderly manner. The Group does not generally use the non-cash collateral for its own operations. Hence, the repossessed collateral has been included in assets classified as held for sale (Note 31).

## Loans to retail customers

| Group<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2024 | 31 December 2024 |               |               |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                   | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3       |
| Gross amount                                      | 1,332,559        | 30,809        | 61,110        |
| ECL                                               | (23,443)         | (1,796)       | (26,187)      |
| Collateral held at fair value                     |                  |               |               |
| Property                                          | 217,370          | 14,095        | 22,576        |
| Cash                                              | 63,660           | 546           | 64            |
| Pledged goods/receivables                         | 9                | -             | -             |
| Others                                            | 352,980          | 6,699         | 17,223        |
| Total                                             | <b>634,019</b>   | <b>21,340</b> | <b>39,863</b> |

## Loans to corporate Customers

|                                            | Stage 1           | Stage 2          | Stage 3        |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Gross amount                               | 9,101,702         | 953,069          | 286,843        |
| ECL                                        | (47,372)          | (82,383)         | (97,342)       |
| Collateral held at fair value              |                   |                  |                |
| Property                                   | 2,740,427         | 169,121          | 230,617        |
| Cash                                       | 1,854,842         | 27,020           | 1,612          |
| Pledged goods/receivables                  | 1,105,606         | 38,926           | 53,279         |
| Others                                     | 15,594,780        | 1,497,819        | 192,063        |
| Total                                      | <b>21,295,655</b> | <b>1,732,886</b> | <b>477,571</b> |
| <b>Total collateral held at fair value</b> | <b>21,929,674</b> | <b>1,754,226</b> | <b>517,434</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.1.5 (a) Credit concentration

The Group's risk profile is assessed through a 'bottom-up' analytical approach covering all of the Group's major businesses and products. The risk appetite is approved by the Board and forms the basis for establishing the risk parameters within which the businesses must operate, including policies, concentration limits and business mix.

The Group monitors concentrations of credit risk by sector and by geographic location. An analysis of concentrations of net credit risk at the reporting date is shown below:

#### By Sector Group

| 31 December 2025<br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | Corporate        | Commercial       | Bank              | Retail           | Government        | Others           | Total             |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                    | -                | -                | 6,229,551         | -                | -                 | -                | 6,229,551         |
| Investment under management                     | -                | -                | 41,803            | -                | -                 | -                | 41,803            |
| Non pledged trading assets                      | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                  | -                | -                | -                 | -                | 321,784           | -                | 321,784           |
| Bonds                                           | 32,699           | 144              | 10,219            | -                | 256,360           | -                | 299,422           |
| Promissory Notes                                | 620,259          | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | 620,259           |
| Derivative financial instruments                | 109              | -                | 23,248            | 2,016            | 1,866,535         | -                | 1,891,908         |
| Loans and advances to banks                     | -                | -                | 2,900,031         | -                | -                 | -                | 2,900,031         |
| Loans and advances to customers                 | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Auto Loan                                       | 2,986            | 40,234           | -                 | 20,830           | -                 | 32               | 64,082            |
| Credit Card                                     | 250              | 322              | -                 | 28,214           | -                 | 12               | 28,798            |
| Finance Lease                                   | 1,061            | 21,619           | -                 | 817              | -                 | 773              | 24,270            |
| Mortgage Loan                                   | 78,620           | 62,865           | -                 | 316,804          | 25                | 1,359            | 459,673           |
| Overdraft                                       | 410,134          | 406,106          | -                 | 45,120           | 40,832            | 154,523          | 1,056,715         |
| Personal Loan                                   | -                | -                | -                 | 749,611          | -                 | -                | 749,611           |
| Term Loan                                       | 3,283,812        | 1,665,453        | -                 | 609,770          | 981,508           | 37,726           | 6,578,269         |
| Time Loan                                       | 3,491,954        | 659,332          | -                 | 31,407           | 180,027           | 17,075           | 4,379,795         |
| Pledged assets                                  | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                  | 86,168           | -                | 209,519           | -                | 15,352            | -                | 311,039           |
| Bonds                                           | 199,475          | -                | 231,557           | -                | 203               | -                | 431,235           |
| Promissory Notes                                | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Investment securities                           | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                      | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                  | -                | -                | -                 | -                | 2,260,833         | -                | 2,260,833         |
| Bonds                                           | -                | -                | -                 | -                | 1,076,964         | -                | 1,076,964         |
| Promissory Notes                                | 0                | -                | -                 | -                | 3,023             | -                | 3,023             |
| Commercial Paper                                | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVTPL                      | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Equity                                          | 827,305          | -                | 1,945             | -                | 48,141            | 2,074            | 879,465           |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost             | -                | -                | -                 | -                | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                  | -                | -                | -                 | -                | 2,677,509         | -                | 2,677,509         |
| Bonds                                           | 672,455          | -                | -                 | -                | 8,586,995         | -                | 9,259,450         |
| Promissory Notes                                | -                | -                | -                 | -                | 148,298           | -                | 148,298           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets             | 154,377          | 350,911          | 4,267,887         | 218,820          | 1,092,655         | 813,165          | 6,897,815         |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>9,861,664</b> | <b>3,206,986</b> | <b>13,915,760</b> | <b>2,023,409</b> | <b>19,557,044</b> | <b>1,026,739</b> | <b>49,591,602</b> |

Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows:

|                                                                   |                  |                  |               |                |              |          |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------|------------------|
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 728,423          | 1,858,248        | 1,001         | 363            | 518          | -        | 2,588,553        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 1,143,571        | 831,850          | 19,416        | 265,257        | 2,440        | -        | 2,262,534        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>1,871,994</b> | <b>2,690,098</b> | <b>20,417</b> | <b>265,620</b> | <b>2,958</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>4,851,087</b> |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| <b>31 December 2024</b><br><i>In millions of Naira</i>                                     | <b>Corporate</b> | <b>Commercial</b> | <b>Bank</b>       | <b>Retail</b>    | <b>Government</b> | <b>Others</b>  | <b>Total</b>      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                                               | -                | -                 | 5,240,067         | -                | -                 | -              | 5,240,067         |
| Investment under management                                                                | -                | -                 | 37,328            | -                | -                 | -              | 37,328            |
| Non pledged trading assets                                                                 | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 132,267           | -              | 132,267           |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -                | -                 | 243               | -                | 74,521            | -              | 74,764            |
| Equity                                                                                     | 2,611            | 438               | 23,136            | 5,431            | 1,361,231         | -              | 1,392,847         |
| Derivative financial instruments                                                           | -                | -                 | 1,579,947         | -                | -                 | -              | 1,579,947         |
| Loans and advances to banks                                                                | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Loans and advances to customers                                                            | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Auto Loan                                                                                  | 355              | 10,646            | -                 | 11,687           | -                 | -              | 22,688            |
| Credit Card                                                                                | 86               | 617               | -                 | 35,927           | -                 | -              | 36,630            |
| Finance Lease                                                                              | 9,900            | 25,916            | -                 | 2,136            | -                 | -              | 37,952            |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                              | 71,437           | 960               | -                 | 237,199          | 27                | -              | 309,623           |
| Overdraft                                                                                  | 403,847          | 559,431           | -                 | 31,911           | 24,452            | -              | 1,019,641         |
| Personal Loan                                                                              | -                | -                 | -                 | 825,904          | -                 | -              | 825,904           |
| Term Loan                                                                                  | 3,868,120        | 1,208,295         | -                 | 204,809          | 597,039           | -              | 5,878,263         |
| Time Loan                                                                                  | 2,370,928        | 907,737           | -                 | 23,479           | 54,732            | -              | 3,356,876         |
| Pledged assets                                                                             | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 682,172           | -              | 682,172           |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 909,582           | -              | 909,582           |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Investment securities                                                                      | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                                                 | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 3,855,317         | -              | 3,855,317         |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 564,021           | -              | 564,021           |
| Bonds                                                                                      | 14,875           | -                 | -                 | -                | 484,385           | -              | 499,260           |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                                        | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 1,646,078         | -              | 1,646,078         |
| Total Return Notes                                                                         | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 | -              | -                 |
| Bonds                                                                                      | 6,614            | -                 | -                 | -                | 3,747,812         | -              | 3,754,426         |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -                | -                 | -                 | -                | 267,691           | -              | 267,691           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                                                        | 216,327          | 307,230           | 4,409,086         | 135,562          | 1,589,695         | 220,017        | 6,877,917         |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>6,965,100</b> | <b>3,021,270</b>  | <b>11,289,807</b> | <b>1,514,045</b> | <b>15,991,022</b> | <b>220,017</b> | <b>39,001,261</b> |
| Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows: |                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |                |                   |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                                                   | 1,106,490        | 321,316           | 875,935           | 446,802          | -                 | -              | 2,750,543         |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments                          | 657,944          | 439,305           | 442,699           | 81,316           | 37,528            | -              | 1,658,792         |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>1,764,434</b> | <b>760,621</b>    | <b>1,318,634</b>  | <b>528,118</b>   | <b>37,528</b>     | <b>-</b>       | <b>4,409,335</b>  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

5.1.5(a)i Concentration by location for loans and advances is measured based on the location of the Group entity holding the asset, which has a high correlation with the location of the borrower. Concentration by location for investment securities is measured based on the location of the issuer of the security.

| By geography Group                  | Nigeria           | Rest of Africa    | International Operations | Others         | Total             |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks        | 1,735,047         | 1,876,850         | 2,459,766                | 157,888        | 6,229,551         |
| Investment under management         | 41,803            | -                 | -                        | -              | 41,803            |
| Non pledged trading assets          |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 321,783           | -                 | -                        | -              | 321,783           |
| Bonds                               | 256,360           | -                 | 43,062                   | -              | 299,421           |
| Promissory Notes                    | 620,259           | -                 | -                        | -              | 620,259           |
| Derivative financial instruments    | 1,870,053         | 19,840            | 2,016                    | -              | 1,891,909         |
| Loans and advances to banks         | 191,026           | -                 | 2,709,007                | -              | 2,900,033         |
| Loans and advances to customers     |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| Auto Loan                           | 45,990            | 18,092            | -                        | -              | 64,082            |
| Credit Card                         | 26,680            | 2,118             | -                        | -              | 28,798            |
| Finance Lease                       | 13,900            | 10,369            | -                        | -              | 24,269            |
| Mortgage Loan                       | 63,761            | 173,618           | 222,294                  | -              | 459,672           |
| Overdraft                           | 388,550           | 667,682           | 483                      | -              | 1,056,715         |
| Personal Loan                       | 101,652           | 647,959           | -                        | -              | 749,611           |
| Term Loan                           | 3,689,130         | 1,338,207         | 1,550,910                | -              | 6,578,248         |
| Time Loan                           | 1,339,115         | 350,246           | 2,690,434                | -              | 4,379,795         |
| Pledged assets                      | -                 | -                 | -                        | -              | -                 |
| Treasury bills                      | 174,730           | 136,308           | -                        | -              | 311,039           |
| Bonds                               | 431,235           | -                 | -                        | -              | 431,235           |
| Promissory Notes                    | -                 | -                 | -                        | -              | -                 |
| Investment securities               |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI          |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 158,684           | 2,102,149         | -                        | -              | 2,260,833         |
| Bonds                               | 142,894           | 792,961           | 147,674                  | -              | 1,083,529         |
| Promissory Notes                    | 3,024             | -                 | -                        | -              | 3,024             |
| Commercial Paper                    | -                 | -                 | -                        | -              | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVTPL          |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| Equity                              | 879,465           | -                 | -                        | -              | 879,465           |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost |                   |                   |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 2,677,509         | -                 | -                        | -              | 2,677,509         |
| Bonds                               | 1,357,799         | 5,914,485         | 1,980,600                | -              | 9,252,884         |
| Promissory Notes                    | 148,298           | -                 | -                        | -              | 148,298           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 802,220           | 2,099,957         | 3,921,885                | 73,754         | 6,897,815         |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>17,480,965</b> | <b>16,150,841</b> | <b>15,728,129</b>        | <b>231,642</b> | <b>49,591,578</b> |

Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows:

|                                                                   |                  |               |                |          |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|------------------|
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 2,552,016        | 2,151         | 34,385         | -        | 2,588,552        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 1,519,247        | 60,992        | 256,360        | -        | 1,836,599        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>4,071,263</b> | <b>63,143</b> | <b>290,745</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>4,425,151</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### By geography

#### Group

In millions of Naira

31 December 2024

|                                     | Nigeria           | Rest of Africa   | International Operations | Others         | Total             |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks        | 2,842,420         | 995,316          | 1,398,786                | 3,310          | 5,239,832         |
| Investment under management         | 37,328            | -                | -                        | -              | 37,328            |
| Non pledged trading assets          |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 132,267           | -                | -                        | -              | 132,267           |
| Bonds                               | 243               | -                | 74,521                   | -              | 74,764            |
| Equity                              | -                 | -                | -                        | -              | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments    | 1,361,596         | 30,813           | 438                      | -              | 1,392,847         |
| Loans and advances to banks         | 4,757             | -                | 841,030                  | -              | 845,787           |
| Loans and advances to customers     |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| Auto Loan                           | 9,982             | -                | -                        | -              | 9,982             |
| Credit Card                         | 34,519            | -                | -                        | -              | 34,519            |
| Finance Lease                       | 25,916            | -                | -                        | -              | 25,916            |
| Mortgage Loan                       | 9,862             | -                | -                        | -              | 9,862             |
| Overdraft                           | 607,259           | -                | -                        | -              | 607,259           |
| Personal Loan                       | 90,238            | -                | -                        | -              | 90,238            |
| Term Loan                           | 3,672,603         | -                | -                        | -              | 3,672,603         |
| Time Loan                           | 2,182,402         | -                | -                        | -              | 2,182,402         |
| Pledged assets                      |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 682,172           | -                | -                        | -              | 682,172           |
| Bonds                               | 909,582           | -                | -                        | -              | 909,582           |
| Promissory Notes                    | -                 | -                | -                        | -              | -                 |
| Investment securities               |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI          |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 3,855,317         | -                | -                        | -              | 3,855,317         |
| Bonds                               | 578,896           | -                | -                        | -              | 578,896           |
| Promissory Notes                    | 484,385           | -                | -                        | -              | 484,385           |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost |                   |                  |                          |                |                   |
| Treasury bills                      | 1,646,078         | -                | -                        | -              | 1,646,078         |
| Total Return Notes                  | -                 | -                | -                        | -              | -                 |
| Bonds                               | 3,754,426         | -                | -                        | -              | 3,754,426         |
| Promissory Notes                    | 267,691           | -                | -                        | -              | 267,691           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 2,111,620         | 714,153          | 3,914,821                | 129,580        | 6,870,174         |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>25,301,559</b> | <b>1,740,282</b> | <b>6,229,596</b>         | <b>132,890</b> | <b>33,404,327</b> |

Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows:

|                                                                   |                  |                |               |          |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|------------------|
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 1,063,979        | 288,182        | 33,815        | -        | 1,385,976        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 394,367          | 616,673        | 7,573         | -        | 1,018,613        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>1,458,346</b> | <b>904,855</b> | <b>41,388</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>2,404,589</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### Credit risk management

##### 5.1.5 (b) By Sector

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2025                                 | Company       | Total         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                                               | 34,657        | 34,657        |
| Investment under management                                                                | 34,673        | 34,673        |
| Non pledged trading assets                                                                 | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -             | -             |
| Equity                                                                                     | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                                                           | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to banks                                                                | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to customers                                                            | -             | -             |
| Auto Loan                                                                                  | -             | -             |
| Credit Card                                                                                | -             | -             |
| Finance Lease                                                                              | -             | -             |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                              | -             | -             |
| Overdraft                                                                                  | -             | -             |
| Personal Loan                                                                              | -             | -             |
| Term Loan                                                                                  | -             | -             |
| Time Loan                                                                                  | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                                                                             | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -             | -             |
| Investment securities                                                                      | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                                                 | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                                        | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -             | -             |
| Total Return Notes                                                                         | -             | -             |
| Bonds                                                                                      | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                                                                           | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                                                        | 24,941        | 24,941        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>94,271</b> | <b>94,271</b> |
| Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows: |               |               |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                                                   | -             | -             |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments                          | -             | -             |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      |

#### By Sector

##### Company

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2024                                 | Company        | Total          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                                               | 23,116         | 23,116         |
| Investment under management                                                                | 29,839         | 29,839         |
| Non pledged trading assets                                                                 | -              | -              |
| Treasury bills                                                                             | -              | -              |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                                                        | 489,459        | 489,459        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>542,414</b> | <b>542,414</b> |
| Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows: |                |                |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                                                   | -              | -              |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments                          | -              | -              |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                               | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.1.5 (b)i By geography

##### Company

In millions of Naira

31 December 2025

|                                     | Nigeria       | Total         |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks        | 34,657        | 34,657        |
| Investment under management         | 34,673        | 34,673        |
| Non pledged trading assets          | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Equity                              | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments    | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to banks         | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to customers     | -             | -             |
| Auto Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Credit Card                         | -             | -             |
| Finance Lease                       | -             | -             |
| Mortgage Loan                       | -             | -             |
| Overdraft                           | -             | -             |
| Personal Loan                       | -             | -             |
| Term Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Time Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                      | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                    | -             | -             |
| Investment securities               | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI          | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                    | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost | -             | -             |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Total Return Notes                  | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                    | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 24,941        | 24,941        |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>94,271</b> | <b>94,271</b> |

Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows:

|                                                                   |          |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | -        | -        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | -        | -        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### By geography

#### Company

In millions of Naira

31 December 2024

|                                     | Nigeria       | Total         |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks        | 23,116        | 23,116        |
| Investment under management         | 29,839        | 29,839        |
| Non pledged trading assets          |               |               |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Equity                              | -             | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments    | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to banks         | -             | -             |
| Loans and advances to customers     |               |               |
| Auto Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Credit Card                         | -             | -             |
| Finance Lease                       | -             | -             |
| Mortgage Loan                       | -             | -             |
| Overdraft                           | -             | -             |
| Personal Loan                       | -             | -             |
| Term Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Time Loan                           | -             | -             |
| Pledged assets                      |               |               |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Investment securities               |               |               |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI          |               |               |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                    | -             | -             |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost |               |               |
| Treasury bills                      | -             | -             |
| Total Return Notes                  | -             | -             |
| Bonds                               | -             | -             |
| Promissory Notes                    | -             | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 30,366        | 30,366        |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>83,320</b> | <b>83,321</b> |

Credit risk exposures relating to other credit commitments at gross amount are as follows:

|                                                                          |          |          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                                 | -        | -        |
| <b>Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> |
| <b>Total</b>                                                             | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 5 Financial Risk Management continued

## 5.2 Market risk management

## 5.2.1 Interest rate gap position

Repricing gap measures the difference between the Company's interest sensitive assets and liabilities within certain maturity ranges. Differences between these assets and liabilities pose as potential losses from unexpected changes in interest rate. Negative Gaps represent situations when assets are less than liabilities and the Bank is exposed to an increase in interest rates. Where assets are more than liabilities this can be described as positive gap and the Bank is exposed to decline in interest rates.

The results below shows a negative gap of N5.37billion, (December 2024 N8.40billion) in the 'less than 3 months' time bucket, however this is as a result of the contractual nature of Non Maturity deposits. A significant portion of this gap is as a result of the contractual nature of Non Maturing Deposits.

**A summary of the Group's interest rate gap position on financial instruments is as follows:**

| Group                                | Re-pricing period  |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>          |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>              | <b>Less than 3</b> | <b>4 - 6 months</b> | <b>7 - 12 months</b> | <b>1 - 5 years</b> | <b>More than</b> | <b>Non-Interest</b> | <b>Total</b>      |
| Non-derivative assets                |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks         | 2,379,259          | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                | 3,850,292           | 6,229,551         |
| Investment under management          | -                  | -                   | -                    | 41,803             | -                | -                   | 41,803            |
| Non pledged trading assets           |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 58,204             | 79,176              | 184,402              | -                  | -                | -                   | 321,782           |
| Bonds                                | 449                | -                   | 96                   | 46,312             | 252,565          | -                   | 299,421           |
| Promissory notes                     |                    | 620,259             |                      |                    |                  |                     | 620,259           |
| Loans and advances to banks          | 1,451,817          | 510,615             | 798,374              | 69,796             | 69,431           | -                   | 2,900,033         |
| Loans and advances to customers      |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Auto Loan                            | 1,479              | 1,914               | 4,967                | 54,995             | 727              | -                   | 64,082            |
| Credit Card                          | 990                | 5,813               | 5,886                | 16,109             | -                | -                   | 28,798            |
| Finance Lease                        | 11,368             | 3,943               | 892                  | 8,061              | 6                | -                   | 24,269            |
| Mortgage Loan                        | 318,596            | 1,389               | 3,233                | 64,541             | 71,913           | -                   | 459,672           |
| Overdraft                            | 727,374            | 97,892              | 127,686              | 86,173             | 17,590           | -                   | 1,056,715         |
| Personal Loan                        | 142,514            | 44,612              | 55,957               | 381,763            | 135,478          | -                   | 760,325           |
| Term Loan                            | 1,150,266          | 72,006              | 386,847              | 3,988,460          | 969,955          | -                   | 6,567,533         |
| Time Loan                            | 2,826,068          | 1,014,059           | 539,669              | -                  | -                | -                   | 4,379,795         |
| Pledged assets                       |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 123,603            | 180,409             | 6,676                | -                  | -                | -                   | 310,688           |
| Bonds                                | 122,227            | -                   | -                    | 307,968            | 1,048            | -                   | 431,243           |
| Promissory notes                     | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                | -                   | -                 |
| Investment securities                |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI           |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 1,076,808          | 1,184,025           | -                    | -                  | -                | -                   | 2,260,833         |
| Bonds                                | -                  | -                   | -                    | 213,090            | 863,874          | -                   | 1,076,964         |
| Promissory notes                     | -                  | 1,915               | 1,108                | -                  | -                | -                   | 3,024             |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost  |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 1,256,697          | 856,966             | 666,643              | -                  | -                | -                   | 2,780,306         |
| Bonds                                | 750,018            | -                   | 73,192               | 5,126,434          | 3,303,240        | -                   | 9,252,884         |
| Promissory notes                     | 38,814             | -                   | -                    | 109,484            | -                | -                   | 148,298           |
| Preferential Shares Note             | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                | -                   | -                 |
| Restricted deposit and other assets  | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                | 6,498,769           | 6,498,769         |
|                                      | <b>12,436,549</b>  | <b>4,674,993</b>    | <b>2,855,626</b>     | <b>10,514,989</b>  | <b>5,685,828</b> | <b>10,349,061</b>   | <b>46,517,046</b> |
| Non-derivative liabilities           |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |                   |
| Deposits from financial institutions | 3,213,574          | 79,717              | -                    | 35,862             | 403,142          | -                   | 3,732,295         |
| Deposits from customers              | 14,596,591         | 1,647,937           | 1,640,759            | 89,211             | -                | 16,587,655          | 34,562,154        |
| Other liabilities                    | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                | 5,507,074           | 5,507,074         |
| Debt securities issued               | -                  | -                   | -                    | 920,466            | -                | -                   | 920,466           |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | -                  | -                   | 193,528              | 1,681,975          | 152,753          | -                   | 2,028,255         |
|                                      | <b>17,810,165</b>  | <b>1,727,654</b>    | <b>1,834,287</b>     | <b>2,727,514</b>   | <b>555,894</b>   | <b>22,094,729</b>   | <b>46,750,244</b> |
| <b>Total interest re-pricing gap</b> | <b>(5,373,616)</b> | <b>2,947,339</b>    | <b>1,021,340</b>     | <b>7,787,475</b>   | <b>5,129,934</b> | <b>(11,745,669)</b> | <b>(233,198)</b>  |

| Group                       | Re-pricing period  |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |              |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> |                    |                     |                      |                    |                  |                     |              |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>     | <b>Less than 3</b> | <b>4 - 6 months</b> | <b>7 - 12 months</b> | <b>1 - 5 years</b> | <b>More than</b> | <b>Non-Interest</b> | <b>Total</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

|                                      |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Non-derivative assets                |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks         | 916,611            | -                | -                | -                | -                | 4,337,676          | 5,254,287         |
| Investment under management          | -                  | -                | -                | 37,327           | -                | -                  | 37,327            |
| Non pledged trading assets           |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 16,770             | 45,454           | 70,043           | -                | -                | -                  | 132,267           |
| Bonds                                | -                  | 810              | 8,253            | 23,291           | 42,410           | -                  | 74,764            |
| Loans and advances to banks          | 549,066            | 577,979          | 312,176          | 724              | -                | -                  | 1,439,945         |
| Loans and advances to customers      |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Auto Loan                            | 9,221              | 68               | 551              | 10,278           | 95               | -                  | 20,213            |
| Credit Card                          | 1,533              | 552              | 2,493            | 30,423           | -                | -                  | 35,001            |
| Finance Lease                        | 259                | 1,286            | 2,513            | 41,900           | -                | -                  | 45,958            |
| Mortgage Loan                        | 209,645            | 6                | 26               | 1,465            | 134,480          | -                  | 345,622           |
| Overdraft                            | 300,427            | 164,271          | 123,391          | 786              | -                | -                  | 588,875           |
| Personal Loan                        | 689,026            | 18,548           | 7,458            | 7,682            | 2,798            | -                  | 725,512           |
| Term Loan                            | 304,660            | 1,432            | 49,773           | 2,714,699        | 1,524,434        | -                  | 4,594,998         |
| Time Loan                            | 2,206,146          | 1,189,051        | 1,084,408        | -                | -                | -                  | 4,479,605         |
| Pledged assets                       |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 663,754            | 137,221          | 108,607          | -                | -                | -                  | 909,582           |
| Bonds                                | -                  | -                | -                | 643,519          | 37,159           | -                  | 680,678           |
| Investment securities                |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI           |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 413,893            | 63,268           | 88,265           | -                | -                | -                  | 565,426           |
| Bonds                                | -                  | -                | 110,448          | 1,726,605        | 1,995,931        | 748,469            | 4,581,453         |
| Promissory notes                     | 3,998              | -                | -                | 710,751          | -                | -                  | 714,749           |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost  |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 1,120,855          | 348,663          | 199,526          | -                | -                | -                  | 1,669,044         |
| Bonds                                | 80,786             | -                | 34,934           | 2,304,115        | 1,264,443        | -                  | 3,684,278         |
| Promissory notes                     | 44,848             | -                | -                | 219,539          | -                | -                  | 264,387           |
| Total return notes                   | -                  | -                | -                | -                | -                | 60,392             | 60,392            |
| Restricted deposit and other assets  | -                  | -                | -                | -                | -                | 6,852,924          | 6,852,924         |
|                                      | <b>7,531,498</b>   | <b>2,548,609</b> | <b>2,202,865</b> | <b>8,473,104</b> | <b>5,001,750</b> | <b>11,999,461</b>  | <b>37,757,287</b> |
| Non-derivative liabilities           |                    |                  |                  |                  |                  |                    |                   |
| Deposits from financial institutions | 6,219,364          | 2,557,352        | 531,541          | -                | -                | -                  | 9,308,257         |
| Deposits from customers              | 9,707,856          | 972,069          | 308,846          | 52,622           | -                | 11,483,530         | 22,524,923        |
| Other liabilities                    | -                  | -                | -                | -                | -                | 2,246,378          | 2,246,378         |
| Debt securities issued               | -                  | -                | -                | 989,630          | -                | -                  | 989,630           |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | -                  | -                | 212,368          | 990,336          | 1,199,656        | -                  | 2,402,360         |
|                                      | <b>15,927,220</b>  | <b>3,529,421</b> | <b>1,052,755</b> | <b>2,032,588</b> | <b>1,199,656</b> | <b>13,729,908</b>  | <b>37,471,548</b> |
| <b>Total interest re-pricing gap</b> | <b>(8,395,722)</b> | <b>(980,812)</b> | <b>1,150,110</b> | <b>6,440,516</b> | <b>3,802,094</b> | <b>(1,730,447)</b> | <b>285,737</b>    |

#### 5.2.1 A summary of the Company's interest rate gap position on security portfolios is as follows:

| Company<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2025 | Re-pricing period |              |               |                  |           | Non-Interest    | Total            |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|
|                                                     | Less than 3       | 4 - 6 months | 7 - 12 months | 1 - 5 years      | More than |                 |                  |
| Non-derivative assets                               |                   |              |               |                  |           |                 |                  |
| Cash and balances with banks                        | 34,657            | -            | -             | -                | -         | -               | 34,657           |
| Investment under management                         | -                 | -            | -             | 34,673           | -         | -               | 34,673           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                 | -                 | -            | -             | -                | -         | 24,941          | 24,941           |
|                                                     | <b>34,657</b>     | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>34,673</b>    | <b>-</b>  | <b>24,941</b>   | <b>94,271</b>    |
| Non-derivative liabilities                          |                   |              |               |                  |           |                 |                  |
| Deposits from financial institutions                | -                 | -            | -             | -                | -         | -               | -                |
| Deposits from customers                             | -                 | -            | -             | -                | -         | -               | -                |
| Other liabilities                                   | -                 | -            | -             | -                | -         | 101,669         | 101,669          |
| Interest bearing borrowings                         | -                 | -            | -             | 521,570          | -         | -               | 521,570          |
|                                                     | <b>-</b>          | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>521,570</b>   | <b>-</b>  | <b>101,669</b>  | <b>623,239</b>   |
| <b>Total interest re-pricing gap</b>                | <b>34,657</b>     | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>(486,897)</b> | <b>-</b>  | <b>(76,728)</b> | <b>(528,968)</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2024 | Re-pricing period |              |               |               |                  | Non-Interest   | Total            |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|                                                            | Less than 3       | 4 - 6 months | 7 - 12 months | 1 - 5 years   | More than        |                |                  |
| Non-derivative assets                                      |                   |              |               |               |                  |                |                  |
| Cash and balances with banks                               | 487,816           | -            | -             | -             | -                | -              | 487,816          |
| Investment under management                                | -                 | -            | -             | 29,838        | -                | -              | 29,838           |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                        | -                 | -            | -             | -             | -                | 489,694        | 489,694          |
|                                                            | <b>487,816</b>    | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>29,838</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>489,694</b> | <b>1,007,348</b> |
| Non-derivative liabilities                                 |                   |              |               |               |                  |                |                  |
| Deposits from financial institutions                       | 464,700           | -            | -             | -             | -                | -              | 464,700          |
| Deposits from customers                                    | -                 | -            | -             | -             | -                | -              | -                |
| Other liabilities                                          | -                 | -            | -             | -             | -                | 103,639        | 103,639          |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                | -                 | -            | -             | -             | 478,963          | -              | 478,963          |
|                                                            | <b>464,700</b>    | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>      | <b>478,963</b>   | <b>103,639</b> | <b>1,047,302</b> |
| <b>Total interest re-pricing gap</b>                       | <b>23,116</b>     | <b>-</b>     | <b>-</b>      | <b>29,838</b> | <b>(478,963)</b> | <b>386,055</b> | <b>(39,954)</b>  |

The Group trades on bonds, treasury bills and foreign currency. Market risk in trading portfolios is monitored and controlled using tools such as position limits, value at risk and present value of an assumed basis points change in yields or exchange rates coupled with concentration limits. The major measurement technique used to measure and control market risk is outlined below.

The table below sets out information on the exposure to fixed and variable interest instruments.

## 5.2.2 Exposure to fixed and variable interest rate risk

| Group<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2025 | Fixed      | Floating   | Non-interest<br>bearing | Total      |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|
| ASSETS                                            |            |            |                         |            |
| Cash and balances with banks                      | 2,388,035  | -          | 3,841,516               | 6,229,551  |
| Non pledged trading assets                        | 621,205    | -          | 620,258                 | 1,241,463  |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | -          | -          | 2,307,524               | 2,307,524  |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | 2,900,031  | -          | -                       | 2,900,031  |
| Loans and advances to customers                   | 13,330,475 | 10,715     | -                       | 13,341,190 |
| Pledged assets                                    | -          | -          | -                       | -          |
| Treasury bills                                    | 310,696    | -          | -                       | 310,696    |
| Bonds                                             | 431,235    | -          | -                       | 431,235    |
| Promissory notes                                  | -          | -          | -                       | -          |
| Investment securities:                            |            |            |                         |            |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                        | -          | -          | -                       | -          |
| Treasury bills                                    | 2,260,834  | -          | -                       | 2,260,834  |
| Equity                                            | -          | -          | -                       | -          |
| Bonds                                             | 1,076,964  | -          | -                       | 1,076,964  |
| Promissory notes                                  | 3,024      | -          | -                       | 3,024      |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost               |            |            |                         |            |
| Treasury bills                                    | 2,677,509  | -          | -                       | 2,677,509  |
| Bonds                                             | 9,252,882  | -          | -                       | 9,252,882  |
| Promissory notes                                  | 148,298    | -          | -                       | 148,298    |
| TOTAL                                             | 35,401,189 | 10,715     | 6,769,298               | 42,181,201 |
| LIABILITIES                                       |            |            |                         |            |
| Deposits from financial institutions              | 3,732,294  | -          | -                       | 3,732,294  |
| Deposits from customers                           | 12,848,422 | 21,713,725 | -                       | 34,562,147 |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | -          | -          | 415,616                 | 415,616    |
| Debt securities issued                            | 920,466    | -          | -                       | 920,466    |
| Interest-bearing borrowings                       | 498,223    | 1,530,032  | -                       | 2,028,255  |
| TOTAL                                             | 17,999,405 | 23,243,757 | 415,616                 | 41,658,778 |

| 31 December 2024 | Fixed | Floating | Non-interest bearing | Total |
|------------------|-------|----------|----------------------|-------|
|------------------|-------|----------|----------------------|-------|

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### ASSETS

|                                  |                   |                   |                  |                   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks     | 1,846,813         | -                 | 3,374,116        | 5,220,929         |
| Non pledged trading assets       | 207,031           | -                 | -                | 207,031           |
| Derivative financial instruments | -                 | -                 | 1,507,614        | 1,507,614         |
| Loans and advances to banks      | 1,579,947         | -                 | -                | 1,579,947         |
| Loans and advances to customers  | 113,885           | 11,373,824        | -                | 11,487,709        |
| Pledged assets                   | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                   | 682,172           | -                 | -                | 682,172           |
| Bonds                            | 909,582           | -                 | -                | 909,582           |
| Promissory notes                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Investment securities:           | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI       | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Treasury bills                   | 3,855,317         | -                 | -                | 3,855,317         |
| Equity                           | -                 | -                 | -                | -                 |
| Bonds                            | 587,316           | -                 | -                | 587,316           |
| Promissory notes                 | 475,965           | -                 | -                | 475,965           |
| Treasury bills                   | 1,646,078         | -                 | -                | 1,646,078         |
| Bonds                            | 3,754,426         | -                 | -                | 3,754,426         |
| Promissory notes                 | 264,387           | -                 | -                | 264,387           |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                     | <b>15,922,919</b> | <b>11,373,824</b> | <b>4,881,730</b> | <b>32,178,473</b> |

#### LIABILITIES

|                                      |                   |                   |                |                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Deposits from financial institutions | 9,308,256         | -                 | -              | 9,308,256         |
| Deposits from customers              | 6,920,102         | 15,604,823        | -              | 22,524,925        |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -                 | -                 | 114,767        | 114,767           |
| Debt securities issued               | 989,630           | -                 | -              | 989,630           |
| Interest-bearing borrowings          | 929,985           | 1,472,377         | -              | 2,402,362         |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                         | <b>18,147,973</b> | <b>17,077,200</b> | <b>114,767</b> | <b>35,339,940</b> |

| 31 December 2025                     | Fixed    | Floating       | Non-interest bearing | Total          |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                        |          |                |                      |                |
| Cash and balances with banks         | -        | -              | 34,657               | 34,657         |
| Non pledged trading assets           | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Loans and advances to banks          | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Loans and advances to customers      | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Pledged assets                       |          |                |                      |                |
| Treasury bills                       | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Investment securities:               |          |                |                      |                |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI           | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Treasury bills                       | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost  |          |                |                      |                |
| Treasury bills                       | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                         | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b>       | <b>34,657</b>        | <b>34,657</b>  |
| <b>LIABILITIES</b>                   |          |                |                      |                |
| Deposits from financial institutions | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Deposits from customers              | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Debt securities issued               | -        | -              | -                    | -              |
| Interest-bearing borrowings          | -        | 521,570        | -                    | 521,570        |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                         | <b>-</b> | <b>521,570</b> | <b>-</b>             | <b>521,570</b> |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| 31 December 2024                     | Fixed          | Floating | Non-interest bearing | Total          |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                        |                |          |                      |                |
| Cash and balances with banks         | -              | -        | 23,116               | 23,116         |
| Non pledged trading assets           | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Loans and advances to banks          | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Loans and advances to customers      | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Pledged assets                       | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Treasury bills                       | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Investment securities:               | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI           | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Treasury bills                       | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost  | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Treasury bills                       | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Bonds                                | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Promissory notes                     | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                         | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b> | <b>23,116</b>        | <b>23,116</b>  |
| <b>LIABILITIES</b>                   |                |          |                      |                |
| Deposits from financial institutions | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Deposits from customers              | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Derivative financial instruments     | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Debt securities issued               | -              | -        | -                    | -              |
| Interest-bearing borrowings          | 477,629        | -        | -                    | 477,629        |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                         | <b>477,629</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b>             | <b>477,629</b> |

The Group reclassified Cash reserve requirement, classified as restricted deposits with Central banks and special reserve intervention funds, from Cash and cash equivalents to Other assets for financial reporting purposes.

Derivative financial instruments include elements of interest rate differential between the applicable underlying currencies. Further details on the fair value of derivatives have been discussed in Note 21 of the financial statement.

#### Interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on both its fair value and cash flow risks. Interest margins may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce losses in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board sets limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing (note 5.2.1) that may be undertaken, which is monitored daily by Group Treasury.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The group's interest rate risk arises from risk assets, long-term borrowings, deposits from banks and customers. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The management of interest rate risk against interest rate gap limits is supplemented with monitoring the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and liabilities to various scenarios.

Interest rate movement have both cash flow and fair value effect depending on whether interest rate is fixed or floating. The

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

impact resulting from adverse or favourable movement flows from either retained earnings or OCI and ultimately ends in equity in the following manner:

- (i) Retained earnings arising from increase or decrease in net interest income and the fair value changes reported in profit or loss.
- (ii) Fair value reserves arising from increases or decreases in fair value through other comprehensive income financial instruments report directly in other comprehensive income.

#### Group

##### Interest sensitivity analysis - 31 December 2025

##### Impact on profit or loss of +/-100 basis points changes in rates over a one year (N'000)

| Time Band          | Cash flow interest rate risk      |                                    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                    | 100 basis points decline in rates | 100 basis points increase in rates |
| Less than 3 months | 54,467                            | (54,467)                           |
| 6 months           | 1,498                             | (1,498)                            |
| 12 months          | (1,642)                           | 1,642                              |
|                    | <b>54,323</b>                     | <b>(54,322)</b>                    |

##### Interest sensitivity analysis - 31 December 2024

##### Impact on profit or loss of +/-100 basis points changes in rates over a one year (N'000)

| Time Band          | Cash flow interest rate risk      |                                    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                    | 100 basis points decline in rates | 100 basis points increase in rates |
| Less than 3 months | 62,072                            | (62,072)                           |
| 6 months           | 4,563                             | (4,563)                            |
| 12 months          | (2,725)                           | 2,725                              |
|                    | <b>63,910</b>                     | <b>(63,910)</b>                    |

#### Company

##### Interest sensitivity analysis - 31 December 2025

##### Impact on profit or loss of +/-100 basis points changes in rates over a one year (N'000)

| Time Band          | Cash flow interest rate risk      |                                    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                    | 100 basis points decline in rates | 100 basis points increase in rates |
| Less than 3 months | (266)                             | 266                                |
| 6 months           | -                                 | -                                  |
| 12 months          | -                                 | -                                  |
|                    | <b>(266)</b>                      | <b>266</b>                         |

##### Interest sensitivity analysis - 31 December 2024

##### Impact on profit or loss of +/-100 basis points changes in rates over a one year (N'000)

| Time Band          | Cash flow interest rate risk      |                                    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                    | 100 basis points decline in rates | 100 basis points increase in rates |
| Less than 3 months | (165)                             | 165                                |
| 6 months           | -                                 | -                                  |
| 12 months          | -                                 | -                                  |
|                    | <b>(165)</b>                      | <b>165</b>                         |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

The table above sets out the impact on net interest income of a 100 basis points parallel fall or rise in all yields. A parallel increase in yields by 100 basis points would lead to an increase in net interest income while a parallel fall in yields by 100 basis points would lead to a decline in net interest income. The interest rate sensitivities are based on simplified scenarios and assumptions, including that all positions will be retained and rolled over upon maturity. The figures represent the effect of movements in net interest income based on the 100 basis point shift in interest rate and subject to the current interest rate exposures. However, the effect has not taken into account the possible risk management measures undertaken by the Bank to mitigate interest rate risk. In practice, the Assets and Liability Committee, ALCO seeks proactively to change the interest rate risk profile to minimise losses and optimise net revenues. The projections also assume that interest rates on various maturities will move within similar ranges, and therefore do not reflect any potential effect on net interest income in the event that some interest rates may change and others remain unchanged.

#### Price sensitivity analysis on bonds, promissory notes and treasury bills

The table below shows the impact of likely movement in yields on the value of bonds and treasury bills. This relates to the positions held for fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income. Since an increase in yields would lead to decline in market values of bonds and treasury bills, the analysis was carried out to show the likely impact of 50 and 100 basis points increase in market yields. The impact of fair value through profit or loss investments is on the income statement while the impact of fair value through other comprehensive income instruments is on the statement of other comprehensive income.

| Group<br>31 December 2025                                     |         | Carrying Value   | Impact of 50 basis<br>points increase in<br>yields | Impact of 100 basis<br>points increase in<br>yields |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Impact on Statement of Comprehensive income                   |         |                  |                                                    |                                                     |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Bonds                      | Note 20 | 256,359          | (4,422)                                            | (8,724)                                             |
| Fair value through profit or loss: T-bills                    | Note 20 | 321,784          | (2,753)                                            | (5,506)                                             |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Eurobond                   | Note 20 | 43,062           | (3,387)                                            | (4,690)                                             |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Bonds - Pledged            |         | 1,266            | -                                                  | -                                                   |
| Fair value through profit or loss: T-bills - Pledged          | Note 24 | -                | -                                                  | -                                                   |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Promissory notes - Pledged |         | -                | -                                                  | -                                                   |
|                                                               |         | 622,471          | (10,563)                                           | (18,921)                                            |
| Impact on Other Comprehensive Income                          |         |                  |                                                    |                                                     |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Bonds                              | Note 25 | 929,291          | 408,949                                            | (43,096)                                            |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Tbills                             | Note 25 | 2,260,834        | (10,852)                                           | (21,705)                                            |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Promissory notes                   | Note 25 | 3,024            | (9)                                                | (17)                                                |
| Financial assets at FVOCI - Bonds - Pledged                   |         | -                | (2,816)                                            | (5,598)                                             |
| Financial assets at FVOCI - T-Bills - Pledged                 | Note 24 | 25,353           | 30,407                                             | 60,814                                              |
| Financial assets at FVOCI - Promissory notes - Pledged        |         | -                | -                                                  | -                                                   |
|                                                               |         | 3,218,502        | 425,678                                            | (9,602)                                             |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                  |         | <b>3,840,973</b> | <b>415,116</b>                                     | <b>(28,523)</b>                                     |
| 31 December 2024                                              |         | Carrying Value   | Impact of 50 basis<br>points increase in<br>yields | Impact of 100 basis<br>points increase in<br>yields |
| Impact on Statement of Comprehensive                          |         |                  |                                                    |                                                     |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Bonds                      |         | 47,386           | (173)                                              | (345)                                               |
| Fair value through profit or loss: T-bills                    |         | 132,267          | (2,025)                                            | (3,999)                                             |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Eurobond                   |         | 27,378           | (611)                                              | (1,184)                                             |
| Fair value through profit or loss: Bonds - Pledged            |         | 3,560            | (55)                                               | (108)                                               |
| Fair value through profit or loss: T-bills - Pledged          |         | 15,352           | (56)                                               | (112)                                               |
|                                                               |         | 225,943          | (2,920)                                            | (5,748)                                             |
| Impact on Other Comprehensive Income                          |         |                  |                                                    |                                                     |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Bonds                              |         | 264,505          | (2,063)                                            | (4,077)                                             |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Tbills                             |         | 3,855,317        | (4,328)                                            | (8,656)                                             |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI-Promissory notes                   |         | 475,965          | (20,870)                                           | (41,740)                                            |
| Financial assets at FVOCI - Bonds - Pledged                   |         | 11               | -                                                  | -                                                   |
| Financial assets at FVOCI - T-Bills - Pledged                 |         | 75               | -                                                  | -                                                   |
|                                                               |         | 4,595,873        | (27,261)                                           | (54,473)                                            |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                  |         | <b>4,821,816</b> | <b>(30,181)</b>                                    | <b>(60,221)</b>                                     |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

The Company did not have any Investment securities measured through Profit or loss and OCI during the period to be disclosed herein, as defined by the relevant accounting standards.

The Group's principal foreign currency exposure is to US Dollars, as it constitutes a significant portion of the Group's foreign currency exposure as at 31 December 2025. The table below illustrates the hypothetical sensitivity of the Group and Company's reported profit to a 5% increase in the US Dollar/Naira exchange rates at the year end (FY 2024: 20% increase), assuming all other variables remain unchanged. The sensitivity rate of 5% increase represents the directors' assessment of a reasonable possible change based on historic volatility.

The analysis assumes that exchange rate fluctuations on currency derivatives that form part of an effective fair value hedge affects the income statement and the fair value of the hedging derivatives. For foreign exchange derivatives which are not designated hedges, movements in exchange rates impact the income statement.

| <b>Group</b><br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Impact on profit or loss</b><br><b>31 December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Naira weakens by 5%                         | 356,408                                                    |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Impact on profit or loss</b><br><b>31 December 2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Naira weakens by 20%        | (6,001)                                                    |

| <b>Company</b><br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Impact on profit or loss</b><br><b>31 December 2025</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Naira weakens by 5%                           | -                                                          |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Impact on profit or loss</b><br><b>31 December 2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Naira weakens by 20%        | -                                                          |

The NGN/USD exchange rate applied in the conversion of balances as at period end was N1439.93/USD1 (2024: N1549/USD1). The strengthening or weakening of Naira may not produce symmetrical results depending on the proportion and nature of balance sheet and the impact of derivatives.

| <b>Market Risk for Hedging instruments</b> | <b>31 December 2025</b> | <b>31 December 2024</b> |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total exposure to foreign exchange risk    | <b>N'm</b>              | <b>N'm</b>              |
| Derivative assets (fair value hedge)       | 185,921                 | 881,110                 |
| Interest bearing loans and borrowings      | (774,906)               | (1,034,080)             |
| Deposits from other financial institutions | (1,231,767)             | (3,207,461)             |

The Group uses foreign currency forwards to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk on the US dollar denominated interest bearing loans and deposits for financial institutions. Under the Group's policy, the critical terms of the forward should align closely with the hedged items.

The Group only designates the spot component of foreign currency forwards in hedge relationships. The spot component is determined with reference to relevant spot market exchange rates. The differential between the contracted forward rate and the spot market exchange rate is defined as the forward points.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

**5.2.3 The table below summarises the Group's financial instruments at carrying amount, categorised by currency:**

#### Financial instruments by currency

| Group<br><i>In millions of Naira</i>                                 | Total             | Naira             | US                | GBP              | Euro             | Others            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <b>31 December 2025</b>                                              |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Cash and balances with banks                                         | 6,229,551         | 929,484           | 3,560,989         | 843,295          | 557,246          | 338,537           |
| Investment under management                                          | 41,802            | 34,672            | 7,130             | -                | -                | -                 |
| Non-pledged trading assets                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 942,041           | 801,401           | -                 | -                | -                | 140,640           |
| Bonds                                                                | 299,421           | 72,697            | 43,062            | -                | -                | 183,662           |
| Promissory notes                                                     | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -                | 0                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                                     | 2,307,524         | 2,279,276         | 22,764            | 1,557            | 278              | 3,650             |
| Loans and advances to banks                                          | 2,900,033         | 19,079            | 2,712,800         | -                | 161,896          | 6,258             |
| Loans and advances to customers                                      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Auto Loan                                                            | 64,082            | 45,990            | -                 | -                | -                | 18,092            |
| Credit Card                                                          | 28,798            | 10,290            | 16,786            | 1                | -                | 1,722             |
| Finance Lease                                                        | 24,269            | 13,900            | -                 | -                | -                | 10,369            |
| Mortgage Loan                                                        | 459,672           | 57,360            | 11,458            | 348,380          | -                | 42,475            |
| Overdraft                                                            | 1,056,715         | 378,465           | 111,613           | 5,080            | 91               | 561,466           |
| Personal Loan                                                        | 760,325           | 105,374           | 226,950           | -                | 161              | 427,840           |
| Term Loan                                                            | 6,567,533         | 2,982,939         | 2,681,582         | 14,443           | 57,071           | 831,498           |
| Time Loan                                                            | 4,379,795         | 562,198           | 2,927,210         | 20,210           | 473,719          | 396,457           |
| Pledged assets                                                       |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 25,353            | 25,353            | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                  |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 285,686           | 285,686           | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| Bonds                                                                | 429,969           | 429,969           | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                                            |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 1,266             | 1,266             | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| Investment securities                                                |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 2,260,833         | 158,684           | 1,555,078         | 7,897            | 539,175          | (0)               |
| Bonds                                                                | 1,076,964         | 136,329           | 104,960           | -                | -                | 835,675           |
| Promissory notes                                                     | 3,024             | 3,024             | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| Commercial Paper                                                     | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                                            |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Equity                                                               | 879,465           | 869,494           | -                 | -                | -                | 9,971             |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                  |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 2,773,703         | 2,114,201         | -                 | -                | -                | 659,502           |
| Bonds                                                                | 9,163,254         | 1,244,358         | 1,960,958         | -                | -                | 5,957,938         |
| Promissory notes                                                     | 148,298           | 148,298           | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                                  | 6,498,769         | 4,811,405         | 510,402           | 1,729            | 353              | 1,174,879         |
|                                                                      | <b>49,608,146</b> | <b>18,521,190</b> | <b>1,242,592</b>  | <b>1,242,592</b> | <b>1,789,991</b> | <b>11,600,631</b> |
| Deposits from financial institutions                                 | 3,732,295         | 416,606           | 3,015,736         | 11,427           | 35,897           | 252,629           |
| Deposits from customers                                              | 34,562,154        | 9,139,863         | 15,022,911        | 1,422,713        | 1,627,688        | 7,348,978         |
| Derivative financial instruments                                     | 415,616           | 409,223           | 3,712             | 128              | 852              | 1,700             |
| Other liabilities                                                    | 5,497,271         | 1,912,379         | 2,494,778         | 15,924           | 27,888           | 1,046,300         |
| Debt securities issued                                               | 920,466           | 176,714           | 731,025           | -                | -                | 12,727            |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                          | 2,038,058         | 1,007,695         | 871,432           | -                | -                | 158,930           |
|                                                                      | <b>47,165,860</b> | <b>13,062,480</b> | <b>22,139,596</b> | <b>1,450,193</b> | <b>1,692,325</b> | <b>8,821,265</b>  |
| Off balance sheet exposures:                                         |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Transaction related bonds and guaran-<br>tees                        | 2,588,552         | 2,174,745         | 384,263           | -                | 6,430            | 23,115            |
| Guaranteed facilities                                                | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit<br>and other commitments | 2,262,534         | 634,891           | 1,241,126         | 22,402           | 269,561          | 94,554            |
| Future, swap and forward contracts                                   | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -                | -                 |
|                                                                      | <b>4,851,086</b>  | <b>2,809,635</b>  | <b>1,625,389</b>  | <b>22,402</b>    | <b>275,991</b>   | <b>117,669</b>    |

\*Included in Others are balances the group has in other currencies which includes South Africa Rand, Japanese Yen, Ghanaian Cedis, Dirham, Australian dollars, Canadian dollars, Swiss franc, Chinese Yuan etc.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Group<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2024                    | Total             | Naira             | US                | GBP              | Euro           | Others           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                         | 4,789,586         | 711,412           | 3,055,112         | 442,843          | 141,046        | 439,173          |
| Investment under management                                          | 37,329            | 29,839            | 7,490             | -                | -              | -                |
| Non-pledged trading assets                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 132,266           | 89,545            | -                 | -                | -              | 42,721           |
| Bonds                                                                | 74,764            | 5,729             | 27,379            | -                | -              | 41,656           |
| Equity                                                               | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Derivative financial instruments                                     | 1,507,614         | 1,475,999         | 6,976             | 333              | 333            | 23,973           |
| Loans and advances to banks                                          | 1,579,947         | 4,673             | 1,556,322         | -                | 18,952         | -                |
| Loans and advances to customers                                      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Auto Loan                                                            | 22,687            | 9,982             | -                 | -                | -              | 12,705           |
| Credit Card                                                          | 36,631            | 14,148            | 20,370            | 1                | -              | 2,112            |
| Finance Lease                                                        | 37,952            | 25,916            | -                 | -                | -              | 12,036           |
| Mortgage Loan                                                        | 309,624           | 9,862             | 820               | 213,011          | -              | 85,931           |
| Overdraft                                                            | 1,019,643         | 550,635           | 130,872           | 6,368            | 184            | 331,584          |
| Personal Loan                                                        | 825,903           | 89,479            | 780               | -                | -              | 735,644          |
| Term Loan                                                            | 5,878,264         | 2,717,066         | 3,083,798         | 15,526           | 2,782          | 59,092           |
| Time Loan                                                            | 3,356,874         | 1,070,178         | 1,288,225         | 211,387          | 17,758         | 769,326          |
| Pledged assets                                                       |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 75                | 75                | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Bonds                                                                | 11                | 11                | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Promissory notes                                                     | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                  |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 668,041           | 668,041           | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Bonds                                                                | 906,010           | 906,010           | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Promissory notes                                                     | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                                            |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 15,352            | 15,352            | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Bonds                                                                | 3,560             | 3,560             | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Investment securities                                                |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                                           |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 3,855,318         | 22,529            | -                 | -                | -              | 3,832,789        |
| Bonds                                                                | 578,896           | 59,336            | 215,021           | -                | -              | 304,539          |
| Promissory notes                                                     | 475,965           | 475,965           | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                                            | 8,420             | 8,420             | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Equity                                                               | 756,402           | 749,100           | -                 | 5,890            | -              | 1,412            |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                                  |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Treasury bills                                                       | 1,757,456         | 1,393,134         | 364,322           | -                | -              | -                |
| Bonds                                                                | 3,753,245         | 1,027,107         | 1,410,075         | -                | -              | 1,316,063        |
| Promissory notes                                                     | 264,387           | 264,387           | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                                  | 6,869,177         | 845,947           | 5,787,080         | 22,796           | 2,176          | 211,178          |
|                                                                      | <b>39,521,399</b> | <b>13,243,437</b> | <b>16,954,642</b> | <b>918,155</b>   | <b>183,231</b> | <b>8,221,934</b> |
| Deposits from financial institutions                                 | 9,308,256         | 1,236,874         | 7,965,405         | 18,046           | 53,868         | 34,063           |
| Deposits from customers                                              | 22,524,925        | 4,671,451         | 15,783,010        | 1,054,694        | 198,839        | 816,931          |
| Derivative financial instruments                                     | 114,769           | 98,921            | 133               | 14,759           | 163            | 793              |
| Other liabilities                                                    | 2,261,350         | 939,583           | 1,168,551         | 112,079          | 21,011         | 20,126           |
| Debt securities issued                                               | 828,799           | 31,904            | 796,032           | 1                | -              | 862              |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                          | 2,402,362         | 580,547           | 1,817,058         | -                | 4,107          | 650              |
|                                                                      | <b>37,440,461</b> | <b>7,559,280</b>  | <b>27,530,189</b> | <b>1,199,579</b> | <b>277,988</b> | <b>873,425</b>   |
| Off balance sheet exposures                                          |                   |                   |                   |                  |                |                  |
| Transaction related bonds and guar-<br>antees                        | 1,385,976         | 978,206           | 390,501           | 207              | 5,247          | 11,815           |
| Guaranteed facilities                                                | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                | -              | -                |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit<br>and other commitments | 1,018,613         | 15                | 905,142           | 37,741           | 75,162         | 553              |
|                                                                      | <b>2,404,589</b>  | <b>978,221</b>    | <b>1,295,643</b>  | <b>37,948</b>    | <b>80,409</b>  | <b>12,368</b>    |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Company<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2025 | Total          | Naira          | US             | GBP        | Euro        | Others        |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                        | 34,657         | 34,553         | 104            | -          | -           | -             |
| Investment under management                         | 34,673         | 34,673         | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                    | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                 | 24,941         | 24,941         | -              | -          | -           | -             |
|                                                     | <b>94,271</b>  | <b>94,167</b>  | <b>104</b>     | <b>-</b>   | <b>-</b>    | <b>-</b>      |
| Deposits from financial institutions                | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Deposits from customers                             | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                    | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Other liabilities                                   | 101,669        | 101,669        | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Interest bearing borrowings                         | 521,570        | 521,570        | -              | -          | -           | -             |
|                                                     | <b>623,239</b> | <b>623,239</b> | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>   | <b>-</b>    | <b>-</b>      |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>                             | <b>Total</b>   | <b>Naira</b>   | <b>US</b>      | <b>GBP</b> | <b>Euro</b> | <b>Others</b> |
| Cash and balances with banks                        | 23,116         | 6,616          | 16,500         | -          | -           | -             |
| Investment under management                         | 29,839         | 29,839         | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                    | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                 | 489,459        | 481,714        | 7,745          | -          | -           | -             |
|                                                     | <b>542,414</b> | <b>518,169</b> | <b>24,245</b>  | <b>-</b>   | <b>-</b>    | <b>-</b>      |
| Deposits from financial institutions                | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Deposits from customers                             | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Derivative financial instruments                    | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Other liabilities                                   | 99,812         | 99,812         | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Debt securities issued                              | -              | -              | -              | -          | -           | -             |
| Interest bearing borrowings                         | 477,629        | -              | 477,629        | -          | -           | -             |
|                                                     | <b>577,441</b> | <b>99,812</b>  | <b>477,629</b> | <b>-</b>   | <b>-</b>    | <b>-</b>      |

Futures, swaps and forward contracts are disclosed in Note 21, therefore the contingent liabilities for 2017 have been restated

The Group reclassified Cash reserve requirement, classified as restricted deposits with Central banks and special reserve intervention funds, from Cash and cash equivalents to Other assets for financial reporting purposes.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.3 Liquidity risk management

The following table shows the undiscounted cash flows on the Group's financial assets and liabilities and on the basis of their earliest possible contractual maturity. The Gross nominal inflow/(outflow) disclosed in the table is the contractual, undiscounted cash flow on the financial liability or commitment.

The amounts in the table below have been compiled as follows:

| Type of financial instrument                                                                                                                                        | Basis on which amounts are compiled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Non-derivative financial liabilities and financial assets                                                                                                           | Undiscounted cash flows, which include estimated interest payments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Issued financial guarantee contracts, and unrecognised loan commitments                                                                                             | Earliest possible contractual maturity. For issued financial guarantee contracts, the maximum amount of the guarantee is allocated to the earliest year in which the guarantee could be called.                                                                                          |
| Derivative financial liabilities and financial assets held for risk management purposes                                                                             | Contractual undiscounted cash flows. The amounts shown are the gross nominal inflows and outflows for derivatives that have simultaneous gross settlement (e.g. forward exchange contracts and currency swaps) and the net amounts for derivatives that are net settled.                 |
| Trading derivative liabilities and assets forming part of the Group's proprietary trading operations that are expected to be closed out before contractual maturity | Fair values at the date of the statement of financial position. This is because contractual maturities are not reflective of the liquidity risk exposure arising from these positions. These fair values are disclosed in the 'less than three months' column.                           |
| Trading derivative liabilities and assets that are entered into by the Group with its customers                                                                     | Contractual undiscounted cash flows. This is because these instruments are not usually closed out before contractual maturity and so the Group believes that contractual maturities are essential for understanding the timing of cash flows associated with these derivative positions. |

The Group's expected cash flows on some financial assets and financial liabilities vary significantly from the contractual cash flows. For example, demand deposits from customers are expected to remain stable or increase and unrecognised loan commitments are not all expected to be drawn down immediately. As part of the management of liquidity risk arising from financial liabilities, the Group holds liquid assets comprising Cash and balances with banks and debt securities issued by federal government, which can be readily sold to meet liquidity requirements.

In addition, the Group maintains agreed lines of credit with other banks and holds unencumbered assets eligible for use as collateral.

The negative gaps in the short term maturity buckets below do indicate liquidity concerns as the behavioral analysis of the book is different from this. While the negative gaps in the short-term maturity buckets may suggest potential liquidity pressure from a contractual standpoint, behavioral analysis of the book indicates a more stable liquidity profile, as actual cash flow behavior differs from the contractual maturities

#### Contingency Funding Plan

The Group maintains a contingency funding plan which sets out strategies for addressing liquidity. The Plan:

- outlines strategies, policies and plans to manage a range of stresses;
- establishes a clear allocation of roles and clear lines of management responsibility;
- is formally documented;
- includes clear invocation and escalation procedures;
- is regularly tested and the result shared with the ALCO and Board;
- outlines that Group's operational arrangements for managing a huge funding run;
- is sufficiently robust to withstand simultaneous disruptions in a range of payment and settlement;
- outlines how the Group will manage both internal communications and those with its external stakeholders; and

As part of the contingency funding plan process, the Group maintains committed credit lines that can be drawn in case of liquidity crises. These lines are renewed as at when due.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### Funding approach

Our sources of liquidity are regularly reviewed by both the ALCO and the Treasury Group in order to avoid undue reliance on large individual depositors and to ensure that a satisfactory overall funding mix is maintained at all times. The funding strategy is geared toward ensuring effective diversification in the sources and tenor of funding. The Group however places greater emphasis on demand and savings deposits as against purchased funds in order to minimise the cost of funding.

As part of the management of liquidity risk arising from financial liabilities, the Group holds liquid assets comprising cash and cash equivalents, and debt securities issued by sovereigns, which can be readily sold to meet liquidity requirements. In addition, the Group maintains agreed lines of credit with other banks.

#### 5.3.1 Residual contractual maturities of financial assets and liabilities

| Group<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br>31 December 2025 | Carrying<br>amount | Gross nominal<br>inflow/<br>(outflow) | Less than<br>3 months | 6 months         | 12 months        | 5 years           | More than<br>5 years |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                             | 6,229,551          | 6,229,551                             | 6,229,551             | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| Investment under management                              | 41,803             | 7,130                                 | -                     | -                | -                | -                 | 7,130                |
| Non-pledged trading assets                               |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Treasury bills                                           | 321,784            | 342,033                               | 11,366                | 156,967          | 173,701          | -                 | -                    |
| Bonds                                                    | 299,421            | 437,436                               | 140                   | -                | 103              | 61,003            | 376,191              |
| Promissory note                                          | 620,258            | 620,261                               | 145                   | -                | -                | 620,116           | -                    |
| Derivative financial instruments                         | 2,307,524          | 2,307,524                             | 46,318                | 2,602            | 138,402          | 2,120,202         | -                    |
| Loans and advances to banks                              | 2,900,031          | 2,926,876                             | 1,465,570             | 515,177          | 805,530          | 70,484            | 70,116               |
| Loans and advances to customers                          |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Auto Loan                                                | 64,082             | 67,116                                | 1,549                 | 2,005            | 5,202            | 57,599            | 762                  |
| Credit Card                                              | 28,798             | 29,561                                | 1,016                 | 5,967            | 6,042            | 16,536            | -                    |
| Finance Lease                                            | 24,269             | 24,644                                | 11,543                | 4,004            | 905              | 8,185             | 6                    |
| Mortgage Loan                                            | 459,672            | 468,236                               | 324,531               | 1,415            | 3,294            | 65,743            | 73,253               |
| Overdraft                                                | 1,056,715          | 1,113,016                             | 766,128               | 103,107          | 134,489          | 90,764            | 18,527               |
| Personal Loan                                            | 749,611            | 784,574                               | 137,947               | 46,693           | 58,567           | 399,569           | 141,797              |
| Term Loan                                                | 6,567,533          | 6,720,364                             | 1,177,033             | 73,681           | 395,849          | 4,081,274         | 992,527              |
| Time Loan                                                | 4,379,795          | 4,475,361                             | 2,887,732             | 1,036,185        | 551,444          | -                 | -                    |
| Pledged assets                                           |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                          | -                  | 26,365                                | 26,365                | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                           | 25,353             | 26,365                                | 26,365                | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| Bonds                                                    | -                  | -                                     | -                     | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost                 |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Treasury bills                                           | 285,686            | 292,025                               | 134,681               | 5,760            | 151,584          | -                 | -                    |
| Bonds                                                    | 429,969            | 464,095                               | 99,784                | -                | -                | 362,016           | 2,296                |
| Promissory note                                          | -                  | -                                     | -                     | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                           |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Treasury bills                                           | -                  | -                                     | -                     | -                | -                | -                 | -                    |
| Bonds                                                    | 1,266              | 1,612                                 | -                     | -                | -                | 1,612             | -                    |
| Investment securities                                    |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI                               |                    | 2,266,007                             | 144,025               | 2,119,012        | 2,971            | -                 | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                           | 2,260,834          | 2,266,007                             | 144,025               | 2,119,012        | 2,971            | -                 | -                    |
| Bonds                                                    | 1,076,964          | 1,198,269                             | -                     | -                | -                | 704,729           | 493,540              |
| Promissory note                                          | 3,024              | 3,370                                 | -                     | 2,284            | 1,086            | -                 | -                    |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost                      |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Treasury bills                                           | 2,780,306          | 2,804,246                             | 1,312,769             | 703,001          | 788,476          | -                 | -                    |
| Preferential Shares Note                                 |                    | -                                     | 395,390               | -                | 197,695          | 177,460           | 20,235               |
| Bonds                                                    | 9,252,882          | 9,302,193                             | 403,626               | -                | 13,689           | 6,542,538         | 2,342,341            |
| Promissory note                                          | 148,298            | 156,638                               | 20,235                | -                | -                | 136,403           | -                    |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                                |                    |                                       |                       |                  |                  |                   |                      |
| Equity                                                   | 879,426            | 879,465                               | -                     | -                | -                | -                 | 879,426              |
| Promissory note                                          |                    | 3,858,498                             | 1,863,749             | 547,356          | 61,214           | -                 | 3,077,883            |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                      | 6,500,757          | 6,548,008                             | 1,863,749             | 62,058           | 91,756           | 58,913            | 4,471,531            |
|                                                          | <b>49,695,612</b>  | <b>54,749,863</b>                     | <b>17,783,549</b>     | <b>7,328,671</b> | <b>3,564,733</b> | <b>15,417,920</b> | <b>12,947,362</b>    |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

|                                      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                  |                  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Deposits from financial institutions | 3,732,294         | 3,969,296         | 2,962,250         | 799,687          | 207,359          | -                | -                |
| Deposits from customers              | 34,562,147        | 47,139,904        | 35,224,417        | 5,907,718        | 5,807,119        | 200,650          | -                |
| Derivative financial instruments     | 415,616           | 415,616           | 21,531            | 3,128            | 365,150          | 25,806           | -                |
| Other liabilities                    | 5,280,754         | 5,474,170         | 4,386,891         | -                | 863,338          | 223,941          | -                |
| Debt securities issued               | 920,466           | 1,016,057         | -                 | -                | 1,003,331        | 12,727           | -                |
| Interest bearing borrowings          | 2,028,255         | 3,702,499         | 13,954            | 1,725            | 885,945          | 782,744          | 2,018,129        |
|                                      | <b>46,939,532</b> | <b>61,717,541</b> | <b>42,609,042</b> | <b>6,712,259</b> | <b>9,132,242</b> | <b>1,245,869</b> | <b>2,018,129</b> |
| Gap (asset - liabilities)            | 2,756,081         | (6,967,678)       | (24,825,494)      | 616,413          | (5,567,509)      | 14,172,052       | 10,929,233       |
| Cumulative liquidity gap             |                   |                   | (24,825,494)      | (24,209,081)     | (29,776,590)     | (15,604,539)     | (4,675,306)      |

|                                                                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |                  |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Off-balance sheet                                                 |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |                  |                |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 2,588,552        | 2,588,552        | 337,565          | 197,457        | 686,995          | 882,292          | 484,243        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 2,262,534        | 2,262,534        | 928,326          | 218,136        | 347,216          | 768,856          | -              |
|                                                                   | <b>4,851,086</b> | <b>7,113,620</b> | <b>2,194,217</b> | <b>633,728</b> | <b>1,381,428</b> | <b>2,420,003</b> | <b>484,243</b> |

| Group<br>In millions of Naira<br>31 December 2024 | Carrying<br>amount | Gross nominal<br>inflow/<br>(outflow) | Less than<br>3 months | 6 months         | 12 months        | 5 years          | More than<br>5 years |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                      | 5,220,929          | 8,925,930                             | 8,925,930             | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Investment under management                       | 37,327             | 37,328                                | -                     | -                | -                | -                | 37,328               |
| Non-pledged trading assets                        |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 132,267            | 245,434                               | 238                   | 77,335           | -                | 111,907          | 55,954               |
| Bonds                                             | 74,764             | 299,387                               | -                     | 17,857           | 48,635           | 82,019           | 150,876              |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | 1,507,614          | 1,507,616                             | 989,934               | 462,681          | 24,692           | 6,462            | 23,847               |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | 1,579,947          | 1,587,622                             | 721,684               | 463,454          | 401,437          | 1,047            | -                    |
| Loans and advances to customers                   |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Auto Loan                                         | 22,687             | 23,154                                | 6,750                 | 2,158            | 3,384            | 9,878            | 984                  |
| Credit Card                                       | 36,631             | 37,350                                | 1,352                 | 214              | 570              | 35,101           | 113                  |
| Finance Lease                                     | 37,953             | 38,622                                | 8,343                 | 276              | 16,680           | 12,681           | 642                  |
| Mortgage Loan                                     | 309,624            | 318,820                               | 300,512               | 2,823            | 201              | 1,198            | 14,086               |
| Overdraft                                         | 1,019,642          | 1,055,115                             | 436,084               | 43,863           | 571,462          | 3,706            | -                    |
| Personal Loan                                     | 825,904            | 858,775                               | 79,553                | 9,276            | 25,160           | 5,028            | 739,758              |
| Term Loan                                         | 5,878,264          | 6,038,465                             | 1,659,614             | 1,081            | 182,604          | 2,891,801        | 1,303,365            |
| Time Loan                                         | 3,356,875          | 3,395,792                             | 1,410,274             | 565,555          | 1,419,963        | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 75                 | 80                                    | 80                    | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Bonds                                             | 11                 | 15                                    | -                     | -                | 15               | -                | -                    |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost          |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 668,041            | 728,643                               | 665,866               | 150              | 62,627           | -                | -                    |
| Bonds                                             | 906,010            | 3,241,937                             | 744,014               | 1,025,974        | 928,671          | 19,199           | 524,079              |
| Promissory note                                   | -                  | -                                     | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| -Financial instruments at FVPL                    |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 15,352             | 16,152                                | 7,756                 | 8,396            | -                | -                | -                    |
| Bonds                                             | 3,560              | 3,894                                 | 3,894                 | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 3,855,317          | 969,816                               | 833,708               | 133,158          | 2,950            | -                | -                    |
| Bonds                                             | 578,896            | 476,140                               | -                     | 51,036           | 2,825            | 76,763           | 345,516              |
| Promissory note                                   | 475,965            | 837,301                               | -                     | 837,301          | -                | -                | -                    |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost               |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Treasury bills                                    | 1,757,853          | 1,455,565                             | 745,601               | 327,519          | 382,445          | -                | -                    |
| Preferential Shares Note                          | -                  | -                                     | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Bonds                                             | 3,754,426          | 3,241,937                             | 744,014               | 1,025,974        | 928,671          | 19,199           | 524,079              |
| Promissory note                                   | 264,386            | 628,826                               | -                     | 314,413          | 269,518          | 44,895           | -                    |
| -Financial assets at FVPL                         |                    |                                       | -                     | -                | -                | -                | -                    |
| Equity                                            | 756,401            | 756,401                               | -                     | -                | -                | -                | 756,401              |
| Restricted deposit and other assets               | 6,856,802          | 6,265,863                             | 498,872               | 129,674          | 458,810          | 1,343,953        | 3,834,554            |
|                                                   | <b>39,933,523</b>  | <b>42,991,980</b>                     | <b>18,784,073</b>     | <b>5,500,168</b> | <b>5,731,320</b> | <b>4,664,837</b> | <b>8,311,582</b>     |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

|                                                                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Deposits from financial institutions                              | 9,308,256         | 9,764,854         | 7,287,422         | 1,967,308         | 510,124          | -                | -                 |
| Deposits from customers                                           | 22,524,925        | 42,282,892        | 37,409,343        | 2,945,756         | 1,102,369        | 825,424          | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                                  | 114,767           | 114,768           | 102,261           | 199               | 6,453            | 4,001            | 1,854             |
| Other liabilities                                                 | 2,197,480         | 2,508,355         | 2,305,088         | -                 | 152,489          | 50,778           | -                 |
| Debt securities issued                                            | 989,630           | 1,062,333         | -                 | -                 | -                | 1,062,333        | -                 |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                       | 2,402,362         | 4,894,297         | 16,646            | 2,058             | 1,056,834        | 1,411,356        | 2,407,403         |
|                                                                   | <b>37,537,420</b> | <b>60,627,499</b> | <b>47,120,760</b> | <b>4,915,321</b>  | <b>2,828,269</b> | <b>3,353,892</b> | <b>2,409,257</b>  |
| Gap (asset - liabilities)                                         | 2,396,103         | (17,635,519)      | (28,336,687)      | 584,847           | 2,903,051        | 1,310,945        | 5,902,325         |
| Cumulative liquidity gap                                          |                   |                   | (28,336,687)      | (27,751,840)      | (24,848,789)     | (23,537,844)     | (17,635,519)      |
| Off-balance sheet                                                 |                   |                   |                   |                   |                  |                  |                   |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                          | 2,750,543         | 45,452,796        | 6,477,991         | 15,028,913        | 1,021,344        | 422,077          | 22,502,470        |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | 1,658,792         | 1,031,743         | 529,628           | 240,346           | 119,671          | 142,099          | -                 |
|                                                                   | <b>4,409,335</b>  | <b>46,484,539</b> | <b>7,007,619</b>  | <b>15,269,259</b> | <b>1,141,015</b> | <b>564,176</b>   | <b>22,502,470</b> |

The Group reclassified Cash reserve requirement, classified as restricted deposits with Central banks and special reserve intervention funds, from Cash and cash equivalents to Other assets for financial reporting purposes

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br><b>31 December 2025</b> | Carrying amount | Gross nominal inflow/ (outflow) | Less than 3 months | 6 months | 12 months      | 5 years       | More than 5 years |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                      | 34,657          | 34,657                          | 34,657             | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Investment under management                                       | 34,673          | 34,673                          | 34,673             | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Non-pledged trading assets                                        | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Treasury bills                                                    | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Bonds                                                             | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                                  | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                               | 24,772          | 24,941                          | 24,941             | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
|                                                                   | <b>94,102</b>   | <b>94,271</b>                   | <b>94,271</b>      | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>          |
| Deposits from financial institutions                              | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Deposits from customers                                           | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                                  | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Other liabilities                                                 | 101,669         | 101,669                         | -                  | -        | 101,669        | -             | -                 |
| Debt securities issued                                            | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -              | -             | -                 |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                       | 521,570         | 75,987                          | -                  | -        | -              | 75,987        | -                 |
|                                                                   | <b>623,239</b>  | <b>177,656</b>                  | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b> | <b>101,669</b> | <b>75,987</b> | <b>-</b>          |
| Gap (asset - liabilities)                                         | (529,137)       | (83,385)                        | 94,271             | -        | (101,669)      | (75,987)      | -                 |
| Cumulative liquidity gap                                          |                 |                                 | 94,271             | 94,271   | (7,398)        | (83,385)      | (83,385)          |

| Group<br><i>In millions of Naira</i><br><b>31 December 2024</b>   | Carrying amount | Gross nominal inflow/ (outflow) | Less than 3 months | 6 months | 12 months    | 5 years        | More than 5 years |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                      | 23,116          | 23,116                          | 23,116             | -        | -            | -              | -                 |
| Investment under management                                       | 29,838          | 29,839                          | 15,920             | -        | 8,360        | 5,559          | -                 |
| Non-pledged trading assets                                        | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -            | -              | -                 |
| Restricted deposit and other assets                               | 507,554         | 489,221                         | 481,476            | -        | -            | 7,745          | -                 |
|                                                                   | <b>560,508</b>  | <b>542,176</b>                  | <b>520,512</b>     | <b>-</b> | <b>8,360</b> | <b>13,304</b>  | <b>-</b>          |
| Deposits from financial institutions                              | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -            | -              | -                 |
| Other liabilities                                                 | 99,810          | 99,812                          | -                  | -        | 300          | 81,785         | 17,727            |
| Debt securities issued                                            | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -            | -              | -                 |
| Interest bearing borrowings                                       | 477,629         | 477,629                         | -                  | -        | -            | 477,629        | -                 |
|                                                                   | <b>577,439</b>  | <b>577,441</b>                  | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b> | <b>300</b>   | <b>559,414</b> | <b>17,727</b>     |
| Gap (asset - liabilities)                                         | (16,931)        | (35,265)                        | 520,512            | -        | 8,060        | (546,110)      | (17,727)          |
| Cumulative liquidity gap                                          |                 |                                 | 520,512            | 520,512  | 528,572      | (17,538)       | (35,265)          |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit and other commitments | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -            | -              | -                 |
| Future, swap and forward contracts                                | -               | -                               | -                  | -        | -            | -              | -                 |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

#### 5.3.2 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

| Group<br>In millions of Naira        | 31 December 2025  |                   |                   | 31 December 2024  |                   |                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | Within 12 months  | After 12 months   | Total             | Within 12 months  | After 12 months   | Total             |
| Cash and balances with banks         | 6,229,551         | -                 | 6,229,551         | 5,220,929         | -                 | 5,220,929         |
| Investments under management         | -                 | 41,803            | 41,803            | -                 | 37,327            | 37,327            |
| Non pledged trading assets           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 321,782           | -                 | 321,782           | 132,267           | -                 | 132,267           |
| Bonds                                | 545               | 298,877           | 299,421           | 9,063             | 65,701            | 74,764            |
| Derivative financial instruments     | 620,259           | -                 | 620,259           | -                 | -                 | -                 |
| Loans and advances to banks          |                   | 2,140,874         | 2,307,524         | 1,507,614         | -                 | 1,507,614         |
|                                      | 166,650           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Loans and advances to customers      | 2,760,805         | 139,228           | 2,900,033         | 878,039           | 2,495             | 880,534           |
| Auto Loan                            | 8,359             | 55,723            | 64,082            | 12,044            | 10,643            | 22,687            |
| Credit Card                          | 12,689            | 16,109            | 28,798            | 2,094             | 34,537            | 36,631            |
| Finance Lease                        | 16,203            | 8,067             | 24,269            | 24,861            | 13,092            | 37,953            |
| Mortgage Loan                        | 323,218           | 136,454           | 459,672           | 294,805           | 14,818            | 309,624           |
| Overdraft                            |                   | 103,763           | 1,056,715         | 1,016,061         | 3,581             | 1,019,642         |
|                                      | 952,952           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Personal Loan                        |                   | 517,241           | 749,611           | 109,626           | 716,278           | 825,904           |
|                                      | 232,369           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Term Loan                            |                   | 4,958,415         | 6,567,533         | 1,803,920         | 4,074,344         | 5,878,264         |
|                                      | 1,609,118         |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Time Loan                            | 4,379,795         | -                 | 4,379,795         | 3,356,875         | -                 | 3,356,875         |
| Pledged assets                       |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                       |                   | -                 | 310,688           | 683,468           | -                 | 683,468           |
|                                      | 310,688           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Bonds                                |                   | 309,016           | 431,243           | -                 | 909,582           | 909,582           |
|                                      | 122,227           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Investment securities                |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| -Financial assets at FVOCI           |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                       |                   | -                 | 2,260,833         | 3,855,317         | -                 | 3,855,317         |
|                                      | 2,260,833         |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Bonds                                | -                 | 1,076,964         | 1,076,964         | 110,448           | 468,448           | 578,896           |
| Promissory note                      | 3,024             | -                 | 3,024             | 3,998             |                   |                   |
|                                      |                   |                   |                   |                   | 710,751           | 714,749           |
| -Financial assets at amortised cost  |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Treasury bills                       | 2,773,703         | -                 | 2,773,703         | 1,757,456         | -                 | 1,757,456         |
| Bonds                                |                   | 8,429,674         | 9,252,884         | 115,720           | 3,568,558         |                   |
|                                      | 823,210           |                   |                   |                   |                   | 3,684,278         |
| Promissory note                      | 38,814            | 109,484           | 148,298           | 44,848            | 219,539           | 264,387           |
| Preferential Shares Note             | -                 | -                 | -                 | -                 | 60,392            | 60,392            |
| Restricted deposit and other assets  | -                 | 6,498,769         | 6,498,769         | -                 | 6,852,924         | 6,852,924         |
|                                      | <b>24,710,333</b> | <b>24,840,460</b> | <b>48,808,519</b> | <b>22,532,502</b> | <b>17,763,012</b> | <b>40,295,514</b> |
| Deposits from financial institutions | 3,293,291         | 439,004           | 3,732,295         | 9,308,256         | -                 | 9,308,256         |
| Deposits from customers              |                   | 16,676,867        | 34,562,154        | 10,988,771        | 11,536,152        |                   |
|                                      | 17,885,287        |                   |                   |                   |                   | 22,524,923        |
| Derivative financial instruments     | 358,408           | 57,208            | 415,616           | 114,767           | -                 |                   |
|                                      |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 114,767           |
| Debt securities issued               | -                 | 920,466           | 920,466           | -                 | 989,630           | 989,630           |
| Other liabilities                    | 5,507,074         | -                 | 5,507,074         | 2,246,378         | -                 | 2,246,378         |
| Interest-bearing borrowings          | 193,528           |                   | 2,028,255         | 212,368           | 2,189,992         |                   |
|                                      |                   | 1,834,727         |                   |                   |                   | 2,402,361         |
|                                      | <b>27,237,588</b> | <b>19,928,271</b> | <b>47,165,860</b> | <b>22,870,540</b> | <b>14,715,775</b> | <b>37,586,315</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 5 Financial Risk Management continued

| Company<br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 |                 |                | 31 December 2024 |                 |                |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                                        | Within 12 months | After 12 months | Total          | Within 12 months | After 12 months | Total          |
| Cash and balances with banks           | 34,657           | -               | 34,657         | 23,116           | -               | 23,116         |
| Investment under management            | 34,673           | -               | 34,673         | 29,838           | -               | 29,838         |
| Restricted deposit and other assets    | -                | 24,941          | 24,941         | -                | 489,694         | 489,694        |
|                                        | <b>69,330</b>    | <b>24,941</b>   | <b>94,271</b>  | <b>52,954</b>    | <b>489,694</b>  | <b>542,648</b> |
| Other liabilities                      | 101,669          | -               | 101,669        | 300              | 99,512          | 99,812         |
| Interest-bearing borrowings            | -                | 521,570         | 521,570        | -                | 478,963         | 478,963        |
|                                        | <b>101,669</b>   | <b>521,570</b>  | <b>623,239</b> | <b>300</b>       | <b>578,474</b>  | <b>578,775</b> |

### 6 Regulatory capital

The regulatory capital requirement for entities within the group are as follows:

| Name of Entity                            | Primary Regulator             | Regulatory Requirement |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Access Holdings Plc                       | Central Bank of Nigeria       | (see note (i) below)   |
| Access Bank Plc                           | Central Bank of Nigeria       | (see note (ii) below)  |
| The Hydrogen Payment Services Company Ltd | Central Bank of Nigeria       | 2 billion Naira        |
| Access ARM Pensions Ltd                   | National Pensions Commission  | 5 billion Naira        |
| Access Insurance Brokers                  | National Insurance Commission | 5 million Naira        |
| Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd              | Central Bank of Nigeria       | 100 million Naira      |

(i) During the year, the Capital Requirement of Access Holdings Plc was determined using the paid-up share capital only of all the subsidiaries (see iv below). For 31 December 2024, the capital requirement of Access Holding was computed using the minimum paid up share capital and premium of all subsidiaries (see iii below).

The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) on 29th August 2014 issued Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria ("Guidelines"). According to the Guidelines, a financial holding company shall have a minimum paid up capital which shall exceed the sum of the minimum paid up capital of all its subsidiaries, as may be prescribed from time to time by the sector regulators.

(ii) In line with the Central Bank of Nigeria's recapitalisation directive, the Bank, as a Commercial Bank with an International Licence, is required to maintain a minimum paid-up share capital of N500 billion by 31 March 2026. The Bank has already met this capital requirement and remains in full compliance with the directive.

(iii) The analysis of the share capital of the Group and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2025 is shown below:

| Entity                                          | Share capital<br>N'm | Share premium<br>N'm | Total<br>N'm   |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| <i>Subsidiaries</i>                             |                      |                      |                |
| Access Bank Plc                                 | 26,659               | 568,164              | 594,823        |
| Oxygen X Finance Ltd                            | 5,000                | -                    | 5,000          |
| Hydrogen Payment Co Ltd                         | 4,000                | -                    | 4,000          |
| Access ARM Pensions Ltd                         | 3,515                | 78                   | 3,593          |
| Access Insurance Brokers Ltd                    | 5                    | -                    | 5              |
| Access Golf Nigeria Ltd                         | 200                  | 5,790                | 5,990          |
| <b>Aggregated share capital of Subsidiaries</b> | <b>39,379</b>        | <b>574,032</b>       | <b>613,410</b> |
| Access Holdings Plc                             | 26,659               | 568,244              | 594,903        |
| Private placement (subsequent events)           |                      |                      | 21,424         |
|                                                 |                      |                      | <b>616,327</b> |
| <b>Surplus capital</b>                          |                      |                      | <b>2,916</b>   |

(iv) In the circular dated 14 November 2025, the Central Bank of Nigeria clarified that the minimum paid-up capital referenced under Section 7.1 of the Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies (2014) should be calculated strictly as the par value of issued shares plus any share premium arising from the issuance.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 6 Regulatory capital continued

In line with this directive, the Group obtained approval for a N21.42 billion private placement from the Central Bank of Nigeria on 20 February 2026.

This brings the Group into full compliance with the revised minimum paid-up capital requirement under the CBN Guidelines, in accordance with Section 7.1 of the CBN Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria (2014). See below the analysis of the private placements:

|                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Price per share | ₦20.25         |
| Units Allotted  | 1,057,958,025  |
| Valued Allotted | 21,423,650,006 |
| Share Premium   | 20,894,670,994 |

#### 6.1 Capital Risk Management - continued

Under Basel II guidelines, regulatory capital is broadly classified into the following tiers:

Tier 1 Capital (Core Capital):

Comprises the Group's most reliable and permanent capital resources, including paid-up share capital, share premium, retained earnings, and other reserves. These represent funds that are permanently and freely available to absorb losses without triggering liquidation.

Tier 2 Capital (Supplementary Capital):

Includes components such as subordinated debt, and revaluation reserves. Tier 2 capital enhances the Group's overall capital base but is considered less permanent compared to Tier 1 capital.

Deductions from Capital:

Certain items, such as investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets, intangible assets, and regulatory risk reserve, are deducted from regulatory capital in line with Basel II requirements.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                      | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Tier 1 capital without adjustment</b>                                         |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Ordinary share capital                                                           | 26,659                           | 26,659                           | 26,659                             | 26,659                             |
| Additional Tier 1 Capital                                                        | 166,369                          | 206,355                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Share premium                                                                    | 568,244                          | 568,244                          | 568,244                            | 568,244                            |
| Retained earnings                                                                | 1,672,7832                       | 1,144,485                        | 49,305                             | 3,021                              |
| Other reserves                                                                   | 1,405,191                        | 1,598,551                        | 285                                | 590                                |
| Non-controlling interests                                                        | 446,7667                         | 215,884                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                                  | <b>4,286,012</b>                 | <b>3,760,178</b>                 | <b>644,493</b>                     | <b>598,514</b>                     |
| <b>Add/(less):</b>                                                               |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Fair value reserve for fair value through other comprehensive income instruments | 55,363                           | 24,411                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Foreign currency translation reserves                                            | (700,026)                        | (979,652)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Other reserves                                                                   | -                                | -                                | (285)                              | (590)                              |
| <b>Total Tier 1</b>                                                              | <b>3,641,349</b>                 | <b>2,804,937</b>                 | <b>644,208</b>                     | <b>597,924</b>                     |
| <b>Add/(less):</b>                                                               |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Deferred tax assets                                                              | (54,745)                         | (116,366)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Regulatory risk reserve                                                          | (127,056)                        | (157,148)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Intangible assets                                                                | (381,239)                        | (365,173)                        | (257)                              | (257)                              |
| Treasury shares                                                                  | 23,146                           | 24,070                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Adjusted Tier 1</b>                                                           | <b>3,078,309</b>                 | <b>2,166,250</b>                 | <b>643,951</b>                     | <b>597,667</b>                     |
| <b>Eligible Tier 1</b>                                                           | <b>3,078,309</b>                 | <b>2,166,250</b>                 | <b>643,951</b>                     | <b>597,667</b>                     |
| <b>Tier 2 capital</b>                                                            |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Debt securities issued                                                           | 295,989                          | 473,008                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Fair value reserve for fair value through other comprehensive income instruments | (55,363)                         | (24,411)                         | -                                  | -                                  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 6 Regulatory capital continued

|                                                                                  |                   |                   |                |                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Foreign currency translation reserves                                            | 700,026           | 979,652           | -              | -              |
| Other reserves                                                                   | -                 | -                 | 285            | 590            |
| <b>Total Tier 2</b>                                                              | <b>940,652</b>    | <b>1,428,249</b>  | <b>285</b>     | <b>590</b>     |
| <b>Adjusted Tier 2 capital (33% of Tier 1)</b>                                   | <b>940,652</b>    | <b>722,083</b>    | <b>285</b>     | <b>590</b>     |
| <b>Eligible Tier 2</b>                                                           | <b>940,652</b>    | <b>722,083</b>    | <b>285</b>     | <b>590</b>     |
| <b>Total regulatory capital</b>                                                  | <b>4,018,960</b>  | <b>2,888,333</b>  | <b>644,236</b> | <b>598,256</b> |
| <b>Risk-weighted assets</b>                                                      | <b>22,182,488</b> | <b>16,018,946</b> | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       |
| <b>Capital ratios</b>                                                            |                   |                   |                |                |
| Total regulatory capital expressed as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets | 18.12%            | 18.03%            |                |                |
| Total tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets           | 13.88%            | 13.52%            |                |                |

\*Treasury shares are deducted in Other reserves and therefore not added back in Eligible Tier 1 capital.

## Capital adequacy ratio computation under Basel III guidelines

According to the recent CBN circular on Basel III implementation guidelines for Banks in Nigeria, the recommendations contained therein will be implemented in a parallel run beginning November 2021 for a six-month period, which could be extended by another three months if supervisory expectations are achieved. According to the CBN, the Basel III Guidelines will run concurrently with the existing Basel II Guidelines during the parallel run, and the Basel III Guidelines will become completely effective after the parallel run is over once confirmed by the Central Bank of Nigeria. The above computation has been done using the requirements of Basel II.

## 7 Operating segments

The Group has seven reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. For each of the strategic business units, the Executive Management Committee reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The Group presents segment information to its Executive Committee, which is the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker, based on International Financial Reporting Standards.

Based on the market segment and extent of customer turnover, the group reformed the arrangement of segments from previous periods into seven operational segments as described below;

- **Corporate and Investment Banking** - The division provides bespoke comprehensive banking products and a full range of services to multinationals, large domestic corporates and other institutional clients. It also provides innovative finance solutions to meet the short, medium and long-term financing needs for the Group's clients as well as relationship banking services to the Group's financial institutions customers.
- **Commercial banking** - The commercial banking division has presence in cities in the countries in which the group operate. It provides commercial banking products and services to the non-institutional clients, medium and small corporate segments. The division also provides financial services to public sector, commercial institutions and oriental corporates.
- **Retail banking** - The retail banking division is the retail arm of the Group which provides financial products and services to individuals (personal and inclusive segments) and private banking segment. The private banking segment focuses on offering bespoke services to High Net worth Individuals (HNI) and Ultra High Net worth Individuals (UHNI) by handling their wealth portfolio needs both locally and abroad.
- **PFA segment:** Access Pensions Management Is a Pension Fund Administrator whose services includes the management and administration of pension funds such as Retirement Savings Accounts Fund I-VI and Transitional Contributions Fund (TCF); administration of retirement savings account; administration of voluntary savings schemes and the administration of approved existing schemes.

- **Payment Segement :** Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited ("Hydrogen") is a FinTech company which has started breaking grounds in the industry with the seamless and reliable solutions it offers to businesses in Nigeria. Hydrogen's vision is to build Africa's most powerful business services network. Hydrogen offers a wide range of products and services, including InstantPay, Payment gateway, POS, Card, and Switch, which have been well-received by customers and the industry as a whole. Our clientele base cuts across from mid-size to large private and public sectors of the economy, targeting organizations/businesses that perform and receive payments on a day-to-day basis.
- **Insurance Segment:** Access Insurance Brokers Limited Is an insurance broker firm providing professional insurance services for individuals, corporations, and government agencies, ensuring the arrangement of optimal coverage for all insurable risks. Our commitment is to act in the best interest of clients, securing suitable risk placements with insurance companies at no additional cost. The range of services offered includes: Insurance Audits, Risk Management Evaluation, Specialised Claims and Uninsured Loss Recoveries, Research and Market Reviews and Risk Retention Fund.
- **Digital lending Segment:** Oxygen X Finance Company Ltd is a smart lending company that helps individuals and businesses access quick and reliable loans. From salary earners to small business owners, we provide the support they need to grow, solve problems, and take control of their finances.

All of the Segments reported at the end of the period had its,

- Reported revenue, from both external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, 10 per cent or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments, or
- the absolute measure of its reported profit or loss 10 per cent or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of
  - (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and
  - (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss, or
- its assets are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 7 Operating segments continued

## 7a Operating segments - continued

| Group<br>31 December 2025                            | Corporate &<br>Investment<br>Banking | Commercial<br>Banking | Retail<br>Banking | Payment<br>Segment | PFA Segment | Insurance<br>Segment | Digital<br>Lending<br>Segment | Holding<br>Segment | Inter<br>Segment | Unallocated<br>Segments | Total<br>continuing | Total       |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                          |                                      |                       |                   |                    |             |                      |                               |                    |                  |                         |                     |             |
| Derived from external customers                      | 1,933,495                            | 2,211,110             | 1,240,691         | 8,467              | 52,036      | 1,841                | 13,180                        | 215,278            | (147,338)        | -                       | 5,528,760           | 5,528,760   |
| Total Revenue                                        | 1,933,495                            | 2,211,110             | 1,240,691         | 8,467              | 52,036      | 1,841                | 13,180                        | 215,278            | (147,338)        | -                       | 5,528,760           | 5,528,760   |
| Interest income                                      | 1,401,074                            | 812,354               | 1,325,094         | -                  | 6,919       | -                    | 896                           | -                  | -                | -                       | 3,546,336           | 3,546,336   |
| Interest expense                                     | (1,342,961)                          | (361,654)             | (446,063)         | -                  | (26)        | -                    | (273)                         | (38,467)           | -                | -                       | (2,189,444)         | (2,189,444) |
| Impairment losses                                    | (223,206)                            | (275,810)             | (23,795)          | -                  | 61          | -                    | (800)                         | -                  | -                | -                       | (523,550)           | (523,550)   |
| Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation | 508,501                              | 342,389               | 103,357           | 1,852              | 34,444      | 1,359                | 5,793                         | 159,658            | (150,234)        | -                       | 1,007,121           | 1,007,121   |
| Income tax expense                                   | (101,790)                            | (82,979)              | (33,959)          | (198)              | (7,959)     | (407)                | (4,345)                       | (3,949)            | -                | -                       | (232,689)           | (232,689)   |
| Minimum tax expense                                  | (14,647)                             | (11,822)              | (4,917)           | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | -                       | (31,387)            | (31,387)    |
| Profit after tax                                     | 4392,064                             | 247,588               | 64,482            | 1,654              | 26,485      | 952                  | -                             | 155,708            | (150,234)        | -                       | 743,045             | 743,045     |
| <b>Assets and liabilities:</b>                       |                                      |                       |                   |                    |             |                      |                               |                    |                  |                         |                     |             |
| Loans and Advances to banks and customers            | 3,886,873                            | 9,707,924             | 2,635,712         | -                  | -           | -                    | 10,713                        | -                  | -                | -                       | 16,241,221          | 16,241,221  |
| Goodwill                                             | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | 167,094                 | 167,094             | 167,094     |
| Tangible segment assets                              | 17,239,929                           | 13,002,536            | 13,831,900        | 54,705             | 217,624     | 2,119                | 10,044                        | 35,708             | (1,270,224)      | -                       | 43,1124,339         | 43,124,339  |
| Unallocated segment assets                           | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | 1,239,265          | -                | 7,192,675               | 8,431,940           | 8,431,940   |
| Total assets                                         | 17,239,929                           | 13,002,536            | 13,831,900        | 54,705             | 217,624     | 2,119                | 10,044                        | 1,274,973          | (1,270,224)      | 7,192,675               | 51,556,279          | 51,556,279  |
| Deposits from customers                              | 14,066,521                           | 10,629,403            | 9,866,230         | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | -                       | 34,562,145          | 34,562,145  |
| Segment liabilities                                  | 14,972,322                           | 12,901,989            | 13,112,274        | 50,053             | 179,483     | 388                  | 3,129                         | 630,480            | (114,522)        | -                       | 41,735,596          | 41,735,596  |
| Unallocated segment liabilities                      | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | 5,494,685               | 5,494,686           | 5,494,686   |
| Total liabilities                                    | 14,972,322                           | 12,901,989            | 13,112,274        | 50,053             | 179,483     | 388                  | 3,129                         | 630,480            | (114,522)        | 5,494,685               | 47,230,281          | 47,230,281  |
| Net assets                                           | 2,267,606                            | 100,547               | 719,626           | 4,652              | 38,140      | 1,731                | 6,915                         | 644,493            | (1,155,702)      | 1,697,990               | 4,325,999           | 4,325,999   |

The line "Derived from external customers" comprises interest income, fees and commission income, net gain on investment securities and net foreign exchange income. The basis of accounting of transactions among reportable operating segments is on accrual basis.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 7 Operating segments continued

| Group<br>31 December 2024                            | Corporate &<br>Investment<br>Banking | Commercial<br>Banking | Retail<br>Banking | Payment<br>Segment | PFA Segment | Insurance<br>Segment | Digital<br>Lending<br>Segment | Holding<br>Segment | Inter<br>Segment | Unallocated<br>Segments | Total<br>continuing | Total       |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                          |                                      |                       |                   |                    |             |                      |                               |                    |                  |                         |                     |             |
| Revenue:                                             |                                      |                       |                   |                    |             |                      |                               |                    |                  |                         |                     |             |
| Derived from external customers                      | 1,897,788                            | 1,252,232             | 992,616           | 10,034             | 30,551      | 1,020                | 4,053                         | 188,451            | (166,836)        | -                       | 4,878,176           | 4,878,176   |
| Total Revenue                                        | 1,897,788                            | 1,252,232             | 992,616           | 10,034             | 30,551      | 1,020                | 4,053                         | 188,451            | -                | -                       | 4,878,176           | 4,878,176   |
| Interest Income                                      | 1,491,489                            | 1,023,381             | 547,568           | -                  | 3,852       | -                    | 219                           | -                  | (18)             | -                       | 3,480,475           | 3,480,475   |
| Interest expense                                     | (1,060,992)                          | (609,929)             | (301,364)         | -                  | (5)         | -                    | -                             | (51,859)           | 17               | -                       | (2,212,447)         | (2,212,447) |
| Impairment Losses                                    | (182,859)                            | (34,165)              | (19,899)          | -                  | (2)         | -                    | (99)                          | -                  | -                | -                       | (245,319)           | (245,319)   |
| Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation | 426,584                              | 251,524               | 125,651           | 1,892              | 15,143      | 747                  | 805                           | 123,533            | (168,835)        | -                       | 867,019             | 867,019     |
| Income tax expense                                   | (85,850)                             | (54,270)              | (23,685)          | -                  | -           | -                    | (174)                         | (42,569)           | -                | -                       | (225,820)           | (225,820)   |
| Profit after tax                                     | 340,736                              | 197,254               | 101,967           | 1,892              | 15,142      | 747                  | -                             | 80,964             | -                | -                       | 641,200             | 641,200     |
| Assets and liabilities:                              |                                      |                       |                   |                    |             |                      |                               |                    |                  |                         |                     |             |
| Loans and Advances to banks and customers            | 7,029,689                            | 5,227,854             | 464,218           | -                  | -           | -                    | 131                           | -                  | -                | -                       | 13,067,656          | 13,067,656  |
| Goodwill                                             | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | 125,753                 | 125,753             | 125,753     |
| Tangible segment assets                              | 11,459,724                           | 8,064,438             | 7,596,789         | 40,496             | 113,862     | 1,052                | 7,515                         | 24,157             | -                | -                       | 34,130,620          | 34,130,620  |
| Unallocated segment assets                           | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | 1,194,318          | (727,567)        | 6,900,644               | 7,367,395           | 7,367,395   |
| Total assets                                         | 11,459,724                           | 8,064,438             | 7,596,789         | 40,496             | 113,863     | 1,052                | 7,515                         | 1,218,475          | -                | 6,900,644               | 41,498,015          | 41,498,015  |
| Deposits from customers                              | 9,829,499                            | 7,125,843             | 4,445,200         | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | -                       | 22,524,923          | 22,524,923  |
| Segment liabilities                                  | 11,781,454                           | 8,019,041             | 7,879,873         | 35,859             | 187,489     | 195                  | 1,884                         | 619,961            | (102,032)        | -                       | 35,499,808          | 35,499,808  |
| Unallocated segment liabilities                      | -                                    | -                     | -                 | -                  | -           | -                    | -                             | -                  | -                | 2,239,437               | 2,239,437           | 2,239,437   |
| Total liabilities                                    | 11,781,454                           | 8,019,041             | 7,879,873         | 35,859             | 187,489     | 195                  | 1,884                         | 619,961            | -                | 2,239,437               | 37,739,245          | 37,739,245  |
| Net assets                                           | (321,730)                            | 45,396                | (283,084)         | 4,637              | (73,626)    | 857                  | 5,631                         | 598,514            | (727,567)        | 4,661,207               | 3,758,770           | 3,758,770   |

The line "Derived from external customers" comprises interest income, fees and commission income, net gain on investment securities and net foreign exchange income. The basis of accounting of transactions among reportable operating segments is on accrual basis.

Unallocated Segments represents all other transactions than are outside the normal course of business and can not be directly related to a specific segment financial information. Thus, in essence, unallocated segments reconcile segment balances to group balances. Material items comprising total assets and total liabilities of the unallocated segments have been outlined below:

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the executive committee is measured in a manner consistent with that in the income statement.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 7 Operating segments continued

| <b>Unallocated total assets and liabilities</b> |  | <b>Group</b>            |
|-------------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     |  | <b>31 December 2025</b> |
| Other Assets                                    |  | 6,897,814               |
| Deferred tax asset                              |  | 54,745                  |
| Non Current Assets Held for Sale                |  | 109,630                 |
| Goodwill                                        |  | 167,094                 |
|                                                 |  | <b>7,229,283</b>        |
| Other liabilities                               |  | 5,507,074               |
| Deferred tax liability                          |  | 20,976                  |
| Retirement Benefit Obligation                   |  | 20,065                  |
| Total liabilities                               |  | <b>5,548,115</b>        |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 7 Operating segments continued

#### 7b Geographical segments

The Group operates in three geographic regions, being:

- Nigeria
- Rest of Africa
- International Operations

| 31 December 2025<br>In millions of Naira  | Nigeria     | Rest of<br>Africa | International<br>Operations | Total<br>Continuing<br>Operations | Profit from<br>associate | Gain/loss on<br>disposal of<br>Associate at<br>Group level | Intercompany<br>elimination | Total       |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Derived from external customers           | 3,778,385   | 1,415,956         | 702,653                     | 5,896,994                         | -                        | -                                                          | (368,233)                   | 5,528,761   |
| Total revenue                             | 3,778,385   | 1,415,956         | 702,653                     | 5,896,994                         | -                        | -                                                          | (368,233)                   | 5,528,761   |
| Interest income                           | 2,054,712   | 885,457           | 681,375                     | 3,621,544                         | -                        | -                                                          | (75,209)                    | 3,546,335   |
| Impairment losses                         | (537,384)   | 21,762            | (29,688)                    | (523,550)                         | -                        | -                                                          | -                           | (523,550)   |
| Interest expense                          | (1,557,240) | (387,809)         | (319,603)                   | (2,264,653)                       | -                        | -                                                          | 75,209                      | (2,189,444) |
| Net fee and commission income             | 326,706     | 178,370           | 79,992                      | 585,068                           | -                        | -                                                          | -                           | 585,068     |
| Operating income                          | 2,221,145   | 1,028,147         | 383,050                     | 3,632,341                         | -                        | (2,842)                                                    | (146,216)                   | 3,339,317   |
| Profit before income tax                  | 583,733     | 283,854           | 288,592                     | 1,156,179                         | -                        | (2,842)                                                    | (146,216)                   | 1,007,121   |
| <b>Assets and liabilities:</b>            |             |                   |                             |                                   |                          |                                                            |                             |             |
| Loans and advances to customers and banks | 5,859,803   | 3,213,615         | 7,480,857                   | 16,554,274                        | -                        | -                                                          | (313,053)                   | 16,241,222  |
| Goodwill                                  | -           | -                 | -                           | 681,007                           | -                        | -                                                          | -                           | -           |
| <b>Total assets</b>                       | 27,631,556  | 10,649,589        | 16,691,933                  | 54,973,078                        | -                        | -                                                          | (3,416,798)                 | 51,556,280  |
| Deposit from customers                    | 15,548,845  | 7,544,056         | 11,469,253                  | 34,562,155                        | -                        | -                                                          | -                           | 34,562,147  |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                  | 24,620,822  | 9,403,311         | 14,796,545                  | 48,820,678                        | -                        | -                                                          | (1,590,396)                 | 47,230,282  |
| Net assets                                | 3,010,734   | 1,246,278         | 1,895,388                   | 6,152,400                         | -                        | -                                                          | (1,826,401)                 | 4,325,998   |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 7 Operating segments continued

| 31 December 2024<br>In millions of Naira  | Nigeria     | Rest of<br>Africa | International<br>Operations | Total<br>Continuing<br>Operations | Profit from<br>associate | Gain/loss on<br>disposal of<br>Associate at<br>Group level | Intercompany<br>elimination | Total       |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Derived from external customers           | 3,504,599   | 1,159,942         | 540,103                     | 5,204,644                         |                          | 1,322                                                      | (327,791)                   | 4,878,176   |
| Total revenue                             | 3,504,599   | 1,159,942         | 540,103                     | 5,204,644                         |                          | 1,322                                                      | (327,791)                   | 4,878,176   |
| Interest income                           | 2,294,798   | 760,130           | 541,419                     | 3,596,348                         |                          | -                                                          | (115,874)                   | 3,480,474   |
| Impairment losses                         | (175,335)   | (53,956)          | (16,028)                    | (245,319)                         |                          | -                                                          | -                           | (245,319)   |
| Interest expense                          | (1,762,965) | (335,239)         | (230,117)                   | (2,328,321)                       |                          | -                                                          | 115,874                     | (2,212,447) |
| Net fee and commission income             | 227,085     | 141,942           | 46,213                      | 415,241                           |                          | -                                                          | -                           | 415,241     |
| Operating income                          | 1,741,634   | 824,704           | 309,986                     | 2,876,324                         | 3,301                    | 1,322                                                      | (17,328)                    | 2,665,729   |
| Profit before income tax                  | 722,853     | 143,711           | 185,296                     | 1,051,860                         |                          | 1,322                                                      | (186,163)                   | 867,019     |
| Assets and liabilities:                   |             |                   |                             |                                   |                          |                                                            |                             |             |
| Loans and advances to customers and banks | 7,478,697   | 2,249,454         | 5,352,912                   | 15,081,062                        |                          | -                                                          | (2,013,407)                 | 13,067,655  |
| <b>Total assets</b>                       | 28,335,436  | 7,895,726         | 9,483,845                   | 45,715,007                        |                          | -                                                          | (4,216,991)                 | 41,498,015  |
| Deposit from customers                    | 14,236,082  | 5,888,016         | 2,400,827                   | 22,524,924                        |                          | -                                                          | -                           | 22,524,924  |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                  | 26,264,954  | 6,965,606         | 8,233,269                   | 41,463,829                        |                          | -                                                          | (3,725,992)                 | 37,737,837  |
| Net assets                                | 2,070,482   | 930,120           | 1,250,576                   | 4,251,177                         |                          | -                                                          | (491,000)                   | 3,760,178   |

The Group's segment reporting is based on IFRS which is same as that of the financial statement reporting hence no reconciliation is required.

No revenue from transaction with a single external customer or a group of connected economic entities or counterparty amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue in the year ended 31 December 2025 and for the year ended 31 December 2024.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 8 Interest income

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                     | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Interest income calculated using effective interest rate</b> |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Cash and balances with banks                                    | 248,542                          | 65,856                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Loans and advances to banks                                     | 193,879                          | 141,197                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Loans and advances to customers                                 | 1,750,448                        | 1,631,109                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Modification gain on loans                                      | 6,972                            | 2,256                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Investment securities:                                          |                                  |                                  | -                                  | -                                  |
| - Financial asset at FVOCI                                      | 388,030                          | 616,142                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| - Financial assets at amortised cost                            | 685,640                          | 651,589                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                 | 3,273,511                        | 3,108,149                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Interest income at FVTPL</b>                                 |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| - Financial assets at FVTPL                                     | 272,824                          | 372,327                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                 | <b>3,546,335</b>                 | <b>3,480,476</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |
| <b>Interest expense</b>                                         |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Deposit from financial institutions                             | 602,807                          | 954,716                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Deposit from customers                                          | 1,237,735                        | 992,300                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Debt securities issued                                          | 119,990                          | 53,231                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest on lease liabilities                                   | 5,011                            | 4,358                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest bearing borrowings and other borrowed funds            | 223,901                          | 207,842                          | 38,467                             | 51,859                             |
|                                                                 | <b>2,189,444</b>                 | <b>2,212,447</b>                 | <b>38,467</b>                      | <b>51,859</b>                      |
| Net interest income/(expense)                                   | <b>1,356,891</b>                 | <b>1,268,029</b>                 | <b>(38,467)</b>                    | <b>(51,859)</b>                    |

### 9 Net impairment charge on financial assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                                       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Impairment (charge)/writeback for impairment on money market placement (note 18)                  | (6,504)                          | 300                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment charge for impairment on loans and advance to banks (note 22)                          | (16,764)                         | (6,422)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment charge for impairment on loans and advance to customers (note 23)                      | (287,370)                        | (92,942)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment writeback/(charge) of impairment on pledged assets for FVOCI and AMC (note 24)         | 946                              | (188)                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment writeback/(charge) of impairment on investment securities for FVOCI and AMC (note 25a) | 46,021                           | (99,221)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment charge on impairment on financial assets in other assets (note 26)                     | (258,808)                        | (45,964)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment charge on impairment on Legal contingents                                              | (778)                            |                                  | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment charge on impairment on off balance sheet items (note 34c)                             | (294)                            | (882)                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                                                   | <b>(523,550)</b>                 | <b>(245,320)</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

### 10 (a) Fee and commission income

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                             | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Credit related fees and commissions                     | 329,653                          | 162,407                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Account maintenance charge and handling commission      | 63,446                           | 59,783                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Commission on bills and letters of credit               | 19,212                           | 20,410                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Commissions on collections                              | 12,673                           | 13,493                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Commission on other financial services                  | 101,587                          | 68,114                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Commission on foreign currency denominated transactions | 9,037                            | 8,092                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Channels and other E-business income                    | 215,268                          | 178,611                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Retail account charges                                  | 3,760                            | 3,223                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                         | <b>754,636</b>                   | <b>514,133</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 10 Fee and commission income continued

Credit related fees and commissions are fees charged to customers other than fees included in determining the effective interest rates relating to loans and advances carried at amortised cost. These fees are accounted for in accordance with the Group's revenue accounting policy. The representation of all fees and commission recognised in the year and prior period at a point in time and over a period of time is as shown below.

| Fee and commission income<br>In millions of Naira | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Point in Time                                     | 687,199                 | 490,050                 | -                         | -                         |
| Over Time                                         | 67,437                  | 24,083                  | -                         | -                         |
|                                                   | <b>754,636</b>          | <b>514,133</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

Channels and other E-business income include income from electronic channels, card products and related services. E-banking receivables and payables are disclosed in Notes 26 and 34, respectively.

#### 10 (b) Fee and commission expense

| In millions of Naira                 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Bank and electronic transfer charges | 21,864                  | 17,344                  | -                         | -                         |
| E-banking expense                    | 147,704                 | 81,548                  | -                         | -                         |
|                                      | <b>169,568</b>          | <b>98,892</b>           | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

Fees and commissions expenses are fees charged for the provision of services to customers transacting on alternate channels platform of the Group and on the various debit and credit cards issued for the purpose of these payments. They are charged to the Group on services rendered on internet banking, mobile banking and online purchasing platforms. The corresponding income lines for these expenses include the income on cards (both foreign and local cards), online purchases and bill payments included in fees and commissions. Fees and commissions expense includes the cost incurred to the group for providing alternate platforms for the purposes of internet banking, mobile banking and online purchases. It also includes expenses incurred by the Group on the various debit and credit cards issued.

The E-banking transactions have both receivables (See note 26 ) and payables (See note 34 ) representing settlements due from and to other Banks.

### 11 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value

#### a Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

| In millions of Naira                                                                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Trading gain/(loss) on fixed income securities                                             | 368,771                 | (96,451)                | -                         | -                         |
| Fair value (loss)/gains on fixed income securities                                         | (8,203)                 | 1,615                   | -                         | -                         |
| Fair value gains on non-hedging derivatives                                                | -                       | (137,974)               | -                         | (137,974)                 |
| Fair value gains on equity investments                                                     | 120,394                 | 346,388                 | -                         | -                         |
| <b>Total Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b> | <b>480,962</b>          | <b>113,578</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>(137,974)</b>          |

#### b (i) Net gains on disposal of financial instruments held as fair value through other comprehensive income

| In millions of Naira                                                                 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Debt instruments at FVOCI</b>                                                     |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Fixed income securities                                                              | (23,912)                | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Fair value loss on derecognised FVOCI debt securities reclassified to profit or loss | 137,226                 | 155,416                 | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                                      | <b>113,314</b>          | <b>155,416</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                         | <b>594,276</b>          | <b>268,994</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>(137,974)</b>          |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 11 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value continued

- (a) Net gains on financial instruments includes the gains and losses arising both on the purchase and sale of trading instruments and from changes in fair value. Fair value gain on equity investments is from investments in which the Bank has interests. Based on IFRS 9, the Group measures changes in fair value of equity investments through profit or loss.
- (b) Net gains on disposal of financial instruments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) comprise gains and losses arising from both the purchase and sale of FVOCI instruments, as well as amounts reclassified from cumulative other comprehensive income upon disposal of FVOCI debt instruments.

## 12 (a) Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)

| In millions of Naira                                                         | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Net realised and unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss) on items not hedged | 551,636                 | 288,341                 | 31,846                    | (179,163)                 |
| <b>Total net foreign exchange gain/ (loss)</b>                               | <b>551,636</b>          | <b>288,341</b>          | <b>31,846</b>             | <b>(179,163)</b>          |

## 12 (b) Net loss on fair value hedge (Hedging ineffectiveness)

|                                                        |                  |                |               |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| Net loss on fair value hedge (hedging ineffectiveness) | (95,975)         | (141,530)      | -             | -                |
| <b>Total</b>                                           | <b>455,661</b>   | <b>146,811</b> | <b>31,846</b> | <b>(179,163)</b> |
| <b>Fair value and foreign exchange gain/(loss)</b>     | <b>1,049,937</b> | <b>415,805</b> | <b>31,846</b> | <b>(317,137)</b> |

| Dec-25                   | Average strike<br>price<br>N'millions | Nominal amount<br>of hedging instru-<br>ment<br>N'millions | Carrying amount<br>of hedging instru-<br>ment (Assets)<br>N'millions | Changes in fair<br>value used for<br>calculating hedge<br>ineffectiveness<br>N'millions |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fair value hedges</b> |                                       |                                                            |                                                                      |                                                                                         |
| Hedging instrument       | 1,602.57                              | 1,792,477                                                  | 185,921                                                              | (180,596)                                                                               |

\*The liabilities are interest bearing loans and deposits from financial institutions denominated in USD.

The hedging instrument is recognised within derivative financial assets on the statement of financial position.

| Dec-25                                                                                    | Carrying amount of hedged item |                           | Accumulated amount of fair value<br>hedge adjustments on the hedged<br>item included in the carrying amount<br>of the hedged item |                           | Line item in the<br>statement of<br>financial position<br>where the<br>hedged item is<br>located |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                           | Assets<br>N'millions           | Liabilities<br>N'millions | Assets<br>N'millions                                                                                                              | Liabilities<br>N'millions |                                                                                                  |
| <b>Fair value hedges</b>                                                                  |                                |                           |                                                                                                                                   |                           |                                                                                                  |
| Foreign exchange risk on foreign cur-<br>rency loan - Interest bearing loan               | -                              | 774,906                   | -                                                                                                                                 | (73,374)                  | Interest bearing<br>borrowings                                                                   |
| Foreign exchange risk on foreign<br>currency loan - Deposit from financial<br>institution | -                              | 1,231,767                 | -                                                                                                                                 | (11,247)                  | Deposit from fi-<br>nancial institution                                                          |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 12 Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) continued

| Dec-25<br>Fair value hedges             | Hedge ratio | Change in the value of the hedging instrument recognised in profit or loss N'millions | Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss N'millions | Change in fair value of hedge items attributable to hedge risk N'millions | Accumulated fair value hedge adjustments remaining on the balance sheet on ceased Hedged items N'millions |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fair value changes in hedge adjustments | 80%         | (180,596)                                                                             | (95,975)                                                      | (84,621)                                                                  | -                                                                                                         |

The following table shows the year in which the hedging contract ends:

| Dec-25<br>Fair value hedges | 3 months<br>N'millions | 6 months<br>N'millions | 12 months<br>N'millions | 2 years<br>N'millions | More than 2<br>years<br>N'millions |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Hedging assets              | (11,187)               | -                      | 30,816                  | 166,292               | -                                  |

#### 12 (b) Net loss on fair value hedge (Hedging ineffectiveness) - continued

For hedges of foreign currency liabilities, the Bank enters into hedge relationships where the critical terms of the hedging instrument are closely aligned with the terms of the hedged item. The Bank therefore performs a qualitative assessment of effectiveness. Sources of ineffectiveness include timing differences between the settlement dates of the hedged item and hedging instruments, quantity or notional amount differences between the hedged item and hedging instrument and credit risk of the Bank and its counterparty to the forward contract.

The Bank applies the actual ratio between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, which aligns with its risk management strategy and is considered appropriate for hedge accounting under IFRS 9.

However, during the year, there was a significant reduction in foreign currency-denominated liabilities (the hedged item), resulting in a deterioration of hedge effectiveness. In accordance with IFRS 9.6.5.5, the Bank rebalanced its hedge ratio to maintain the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument.

### 13 Other operating income

| In millions of Naira                                | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Dividends from subsidiaries                         | 18,363                  | 10,567                  | 121,120                   | 96,037                    |
| Gain on disposal of Non current asset held for sale | 7,300                   | 8,322                   | -                         | -                         |
| Gain from disposal of investment (note 38c (ii))    | -                       | 326,187                 | -                         | 326,187                   |
| Rental income                                       | 1,243                   | 534                     | -                         | -                         |
| Bad debt recovered                                  | 11,138                  | 39,413                  | -                         | -                         |
| Cash management charges                             | 416                     | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Income from agency and brokerage (i)                | 3,056                   | 2,579                   | -                         | -                         |
| Income from asset management                        | 8,239                   | 2,972                   | 8,304                     | 4,919                     |
| Income from other investments                       | 82,663                  | 22,786                  | 50,349                    | 78,444                    |
| Gain on modification on leases                      | 990                     | 1,113                   | -                         | -                         |
| Income from other financial services                | 44,445                  | 44,659                  | 3,659                     | -                         |
|                                                     | <b>177,853</b>          | <b>459,132</b>          | <b>183,432</b>            | <b>505,587</b>            |

- (i) Included in income from agency and brokerage is an amount of ₦1.0Bn (December 2024: ₦505.83Mn) representing the referral commission earned from bancassurance products.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 13 Other operating income continued

| In millions of Naira | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Point in time        | 177,853                 | 458,530                 | 183,432                   | 505,587                   |
| Over time            | -                       | 601                     | -                         | -                         |
|                      | <b>177,853</b>          | <b>459,131</b>          | <b>183,432</b>            | <b>505,587</b>            |

## 14 Personnel expenses

| In millions of Naira                                                          | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Wages and salaries                                                            | 459,795                 | 357,619                 | 5,240                     | 8,418                     |
| "Increase in liability for long term incentive plan<br>(see note 37 (a) (i))" | 4,514                   | 7,022                   | -                         | -                         |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans                                   | 19,627                  | 13,982                  | -                         | -                         |
| Restricted share performance plan (See note (a) below)                        | 20,234                  | 2,790                   | 239                       | 709                       |
|                                                                               | <b>504,170</b>          | <b>381,414</b>          | <b>5,479</b>              | <b>9,127</b>              |

- (a) Under the Restricted Share Performance Plan (RSPP), shares of the Parent are awarded to employees of the Group based on their performance at no cost to them. Under the terms of the plan, the shares vest over a three-year period from the date of award. The scheme applies to employee that meet the stipulated performance criteria, a irrespective of where they work within the Group. Certain subsidiaries also operate a similar scheme with a vesting period of up to seven years.

As the RSPP scheme is equity-settled, the fair value of the shares granted is determined at the grant date and recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income within staff costs over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of the number of shares expected to vest. The corresponding credit is recognised in equity

The estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest is reviewed at each reporting date to reflect actual and expected outcomes of service. Market-based conditions, if any, are incorporated into the fair value at grant date and are not subsequently adjusted. If the awards do not vest due to failure to satisfy service or non-market performance conditions, the cumulative expense recognised is reversed

No subsequent remeasurement of the fair value of equity instruments is made after the grant date.

- (i) The shares allocated to staff have a contractual vesting period of three to seven periods commencing from the year of purchase/allocation to the staff. The Group have no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle after the shares have vested.
- (ii) The number and weighted-average exercise prices of shares have been detailed in table below;

| Group<br>In millions of Naira<br>Description of shares | 31 December 2025 |                                        | 31 December 2024 |                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|
|                                                        | Number of Shares | Weighted Share Price per Share - Naira | Number of Shares | Weighted Share Price per Share - Naira |
| (i) Outstanding at the beginning of the year;          | 1,135            | 13.54                                  | 1,114            | 9.68                                   |
| (ii) Granted during the year;                          | 465              | 23.85                                  | 344              | 23.15                                  |
| (iii) Forfeited during the year;                       | (244)            | 18.94                                  | (290)            | 9.50                                   |
| (iv) Exercised during the year;                        | (84)             | 9.25                                   | (73)             | 2.70                                   |
| (v) Allocated outstanding at the end of the year;      | <b>1,271</b>     | <b>20.67</b>                           | <b>1,095</b>     | <b>14.77</b>                           |
| (vi) Shares under the scheme at the end of the year    | 1,422            | 20.67                                  | 1,135            | 13.54                                  |

|                                                | Naira ('000) | Price per Share - Naira | Naira ('000) | Price per Share - Naira |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Share based expense recognised during the year | 20,234       | 20.67                   | 2,790        | 14.77                   |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 14 Personnel expenses continued

|                                                                 | Grant Date  | Vesting period | Expiry date | Shares       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2019 - 2026 vesting period | 1 Jan 2019  | 2019 - 2026    | 1 Jan 2026  | 4            |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2019 - 2026 vesting period | 1 July 2019 | 2019 - 2026    | 1 Jul 2026  | 7            |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2020 - 2027 vesting period | 1 Jul 2020  | 2020 - 2027    | 1 Jul 2027  | 4            |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2021 - 2028 vesting period | 1 Jan 2021  | 2021 - 2028    | 1 Jan 2028  | 15           |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2021 - 2028 vesting period | 1 Jul 2021  | 2021 - 2028    | 1 Jul 2028  | 21           |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2022 - 2029 vesting period | 1 Jan 2022  | 2022 - 2029    | 1 Jan 2029  | 216          |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2022 - 2029 vesting period | 1 Jan 2022  | 2022 - 2029    | 1 Jul 2029  | 49           |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2023 - 2030 vesting period | 1 Jan 2023  | 2023 - 2030    | 1 Jan 2030  | 182          |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2023 - 2030 vesting period | 1 Jan 2023  | 2023 - 2030    | 1 Jun 2030  | 61           |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2024 - 2031 vesting period | 1 Jan 2024  | 2024 - 2031    | 1 Jan 2031  | 198          |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2024 - 2031 vesting period | 1 Jan 2024  | 2024 - 2031    | 1 Jul 2031  | 69           |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2025 - 2032 vesting period | 1 Jan 2025  | 2025 - 2032    | 1 Jan 2032  | 338          |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2025 - 2032 vesting period | 1 Jul 2025  | 2025 - 2032    | 1 Jul 2032  | 108          |
|                                                                 |             |                |             | <b>1,271</b> |

| Company<br>In millions of Naira<br>Description of shares | 31 December 2025 |                                        | 31 December 2024 |                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|
|                                                          | Number of Shares | Weighted Share Price per Share - Naira | Number of Shares | Weighted Share Price per Share - Naira |
| (i) Outstanding at the beginning of the year;            | 26               | 13.56                                  | 26               | 9.68                                   |
| (ii) Granted during the year;                            | 20               | 23.85                                  | 3                | 18.95                                  |
| (iii) Forfeited during the year;                         | (9)              | 18.94                                  | (3)              | 12.29                                  |
| (iv) Exercised during the year;                          | (7)              | 9.25                                   | (2)              | 8.45                                   |
| (v) Allocated outstanding at the end of the year;        | <b>30</b>        | <b>20.67</b>                           | <b>25</b>        | <b>13.56</b>                           |
| (vi) Shares under the scheme at the end of the year      | 36               | 20.67                                  | 26               | 13.56                                  |

|                                                | Naira ('Mn) | Price per Share - Naira | Naira ('Mn) | Price per Share - Naira |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Share based expense recognised during the year | 239         | 20.67                   | 709         | 13.56                   |

|                                                                 | Grant Date | Vesting period | Expiry date | Shares    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2021 - 2024 vesting period | 1 Jul 2021 | 2021 - 2024    | 1 Jul 2024  | -         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2022 - 2025 vesting period | 1 Jan 2022 | 2022 - 2025    | 1 Jan 2025  | -         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2022 - 2025 vesting period | 1 Jul 2022 | 2022 - 2025    | 1 Jul 2025  | -         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2023 - 2026 vesting period | 1 Jan 2023 | 2023 - 2026    | 1 Jan 2026  | 2         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2023 - 2026 vesting period | 1 Jul 2023 | 2023 - 2026    | 1 Jul 2026  | 8         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2024 - 2027 vesting period | 1 Jan 2024 | 2024 - 2027    | 1 Jan 2027  | 2         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2024 - 2027 vesting period | 1 Jul 2024 | 2024 - 2027    | 1 Jul 2027  | 0         |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2025 - 2028 vesting period | 1 Jan 2025 | 2025 - 2028    | 1 Jan 2028  | 17        |
| Outstanding allocated shares for the 2025 - 2028 vesting period | 1 Jul 2025 | 2025 - 2028    | 1 Jul 2028  | 0         |
|                                                                 |            |                |             | <b>30</b> |

i. The weighted average remaining contractual life of the outstanding allocated shares is :

|                                                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                                       | Years                   | Years                   |                           | Years                     |
| Weighted average contractual life of remaining shares | 4.72                    | 5.24                    | -                         | -                         |

Under the restricted share performance plan, ₦5.56billion worth of shares were granted to employees of the Bank at a weighted average fair value of ₦23.15per share on grant date. The fair value of shares is the grant date fair value of each ordinary shares of the Bank listed on the floor of the Nigerian Exchange Limited (NGX).

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 14 Personnel expenses continued

ii. The average number of persons other than directors, in employment at the Group level during the year comprise:

|             | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|             | Number                  | Number                  | Number                    | Number                    |
| Managerial  | 8,101                   | 1,013                   | 14                        | 15                        |
| Other staff | 1,859                   | 7,926                   | 39                        | 43                        |
|             | <b>9,960</b>            | <b>8,939</b>            | <b>53</b>                 | <b>58</b>                 |

iii. Employees, other than directors, earning more than ₦900,000 per annum, whose duties were wholly or mainly discharged in Nigeria, received remuneration (excluding pension contributions and certain benefits) in the following ranges:

|                           | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                           | Number                  | Number                  | Number                    | Number                    |
| ₦900,001 - ₦1,990,000     | 48                      | 81                      | -                         | -                         |
| ₦1,990,001 - ₦2,990,000   | 22                      | 46                      | -                         | -                         |
| ₦2,990,001 - ₦3,910,000   | 72                      | 109                     | -                         | -                         |
| ₦3,910,001 - ₦4,740,000   | 122                     | 68                      | -                         | -                         |
| ₦4,740,001 - ₦5,740,000   | 60                      | 142                     | -                         | 22                        |
| ₦5,740,001 - ₦6,760,000   | 386                     | 1,428                   | -                         | -                         |
| ₦6,760,001 - ₦7,489,000   | 59                      | 46                      | 1                         | -                         |
| ₦7,489,001 - ₦8,760,000   | 2,531                   | 798                     | 18                        | -                         |
| ₦8,760,001 - ₦9,190,000   | 2                       | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| ₦9,190,001 - ₦11,360,000  | 106                     | 85                      | -                         | 9                         |
| ₦11,360,001 - ₦14,950,000 | 2,036                   | 1,811                   | 8                         | 6                         |
| ₦14,950,001 - ₦17,950,000 | 51                      | 62                      | 4                         | 3                         |
| ₦17,950,001 - ₦21,940,000 | 2,850                   | 2,628                   | 8                         | 1                         |
| ₦21,940,001 - ₦26,250,000 | 39                      | 25                      | 1                         | -                         |
| ₦26,250,001 - ₦30,260,000 | 631                     | 592                     | 1                         | -                         |
| ₦30,261,001 - ₦45,329,000 | 181                     | 326                     | 2                         | 2                         |
| Above ₦45,329,000         | 764                     | 692                     | 10                        | 15                        |
|                           | <b>9,960</b>            | <b>8,939</b>            | <b>53</b>                 | <b>58</b>                 |

In line with the provision of S.238 of CAMA 2020, the Remuneration of the managers of the company for the year ended 31 December 2025 amounted to ₦1,122mn (Dec 2024: ₦928mn).

## 15 Other operating expenses

| In millions of Naira                                                           | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Premises and equipment costs                                                   | 73,223                  | 60,185                  | -                         | -                         |
| Professional fees                                                              | 69,913                  | 46,536                  | 3,075                     | 1,574                     |
| Insurance                                                                      | 11,688                  | 7,369                   | 55                        | 23                        |
| Business travel expenses                                                       | 46,572                  | 53,231                  | 83                        | 279                       |
| Asset Management Corporation of Nigeria (AMCON) surcharge (see note (a) below) | 154,325                 | 112,225                 | -                         | -                         |
| Bank charges                                                                   | 16,441                  | 12,764                  | -                         | -                         |
| Deposit insurance premium                                                      | 73,740                  | 47,673                  | -                         | -                         |
| Auditor's remuneration                                                         | 8,707                   | 4,258                   | 106                       | 60                        |
| Administrative expenses                                                        | 166,094                 | 221,390                 | 6,005                     | 414                       |
| Net Monetary loss                                                              | 9,765                   | 18,475                  | -                         | -                         |
| Board expenses                                                                 | 9,806                   | 7,546                   | 1,783                     | 999                       |
| Communication expenses                                                         | 25,312                  | 20,018                  | -                         | -                         |
| IT and e-business expenses                                                     | 160,853                 | 193,522                 | -                         | -                         |
| Outsourcing costs                                                              | 70,726                  | 52,000                  | -                         | -                         |
| Advertisements and marketing expenses                                          | 18,745                  | 20,345                  | 118                       | 186                       |
| Recruitment and training                                                       | 6,932                   | 6,717                   | -                         | -                         |
| Events, charities and sponsorship                                              | 22,968                  | 25,797                  | 16                        | 29                        |
| Periodicals and Subscriptions                                                  | 8,755                   | 4,904                   | -                         | -                         |
| Security expenses                                                              | 17,275                  | 14,843                  | -                         | -                         |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment                                     | -                       | 2,094                   | -                         | -                         |
| Cash processing and management cost                                            | 7,775                   | 7,788                   | -                         | -                         |
| Stationeries, postage and printing                                             | 6,684                   | 6,918                   | -                         | -                         |
| Office provisions and entertainment                                            | 2,448                   | 2,250                   | 118                       | 131                       |
| Rent expenses                                                                  | 13,070                  | 11,994                  | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                                | <b>1,001,817</b>        | <b>960,842</b>          | <b>11,359</b>             | <b>3,695</b>              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 16 Tax

#### (a) Income tax

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                     | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Current tax expense</b>                                      |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Corporate income tax                                            | 168,771                          | 159,260                          | 3,227                              | 8,053                              |
| IT tax                                                          | 5,694                            | 5,890                            | 385                                | 1,001                              |
| Education tax                                                   | 337                              | 820                              | 337                                | 820                                |
| Capital gains tax                                               | -                                | 33,474                           | -                                  | 32,619                             |
| Police fund tax levy                                            | -                                | 31                               | -                                  | 6                                  |
| National Agency for Science and Engineering Infrastructure levy | 1,327                            | 1,222                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Windfall Levy 2023                                              | -                                | 23,719                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Windfall Levy 2024                                              | -                                | 31,625                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Windfall Levy 2025                                              | 23,719                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Prior year's under provision                                    | (508)                            | 1,707                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                 | <b>199,340</b>                   | <b>257,748</b>                   | <b>3,949</b>                       | <b>42,499</b>                      |
| <b>Deferred tax expense/utilisation</b>                         |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Origination and reversal of temporary deferred tax differences  | 33,350                           | (52,298)                         | 123                                | 70                                 |
| <b>Income tax expense</b>                                       | <b>232,689</b>                   | <b>205,450</b>                   | <b>4,072</b>                       | <b>42,569</b>                      |
| <b>(b) Minimum tax</b>                                          |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Minimum tax                                                     | 18,258                           | 19,352                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Other taxes                                                     | 13,129                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                 | <b>31,387</b>                    | <b>19,352</b>                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |
| <b>(c) Total income tax and minimum tax</b>                     | <b>264,076</b>                   | <b>224,802</b>                   | <b>4,072</b>                       | <b>42,569</b>                      |
| Items included in OCI (Note 30 (c) )                            | 303                              | (799)                            | -                                  | -                                  |

The computation of the Company's income tax expense and deferred tax was carried out in accordance with the Finance Act, CITA and other relevant tax laws.

#### Tax windfall

The Nigerian government, through the Finance (Amendment) Bill 2024, imposed a 70% windfall tax on realised profits from foreign exchange transactions by banks in the 2023, 2024 and 2025 financial year, to be assessed and collected by the Federal Inland Revenue Service (FIRS). This amounted to ₦23.72Bn which represents the levy for the FY2025 assessment.

#### Minimum tax

The minimum tax of the Group of ₦31.39Bn represents the minimum tax from the Bank of N18Bn which is 0.5% of the Banks gross revenue net of franked investment income. Also included in this balance is an amount of ₦13.13Bn which is the tax recognised for corporate social responsibility, fair share contribution, special levy and Corporate climate responsibility levy from the Access UK business. These are taxes that are not reported in accordance with IAS 12.

#### The movement in the current income tax liability is as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>          | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 98,060                           | 24,518                           | 42,522                             | 2,200                              |
| Acquired from business combination   | 18,143                           | (11,793)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Tax paid                             | (261,634)                        | (140,481)                        | (39,352)                           | (2,177)                            |
| Income tax charge                    | 234,676                          | 275,393                          | 3,949                              | 42,498                             |
| Prior year's (over)/under provision  | (508)                            | 1,707                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Withholding tax utilization          | (2,174)                          | (6,425)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Translation adjustments              | (63,174)                         | (44,859)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Balance at the end of the year       | <b>23,389</b>                    | <b>98,060</b>                    | <b>7,119</b>                       | <b>42,522</b>                      |

Income tax liability is to be settled within one year

Income tax for the Bank has been assessed under the minimum tax regulation.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 16 Tax continued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Profit before income tax                                          |                         | 1,007,121               |                         | 867,019                 |
| Income tax using the domestic tax rate                            | 30%                     | 302,136                 | 30%                     | 260,106                 |
| Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions                      | 0%                      | -                       | 0%                      | -                       |
| Information technology tax                                        | 1%                      | 5,694                   | 1%                      | 5,890                   |
| Unutilised deferred tax asset                                     | 0%                      | -                       | 0%                      | -                       |
| Non-deductible expenses                                           | 36%                     | 364,933                 | 38%                     | 485,273                 |
| Tax exempt income                                                 | -50%                    | (499,282)               | -68%                    | (586,116)               |
| Effect of prior year underprovision                               | 0%                      | (508)                   | 0%                      | 1,707                   |
| Education tax levy                                                | 0%                      | 336                     | 0%                      | 820                     |
| Capital gain tax                                                  | 0%                      | -                       | 4%                      | 33,474                  |
| Windfall Levy 2025                                                | 2%                      | 23,719                  | 4%                      | 31,626                  |
| Windfall Levy 2023                                                | 0%                      | -                       | 3%                      | 23,719                  |
| Current year losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised | 3%                      | 34,333                  | -6%                     | (52,298)                |
| Minimum tax effect                                                | 3%                      | 31,387                  | 2%                      | 19,352                  |
| National Agency for Science and Engineering Infrastructure levy   | 0%                      | 1,327                   | 0%                      | 1,222                   |
| Nigerian Police fund levy                                         | 0%                      | -                       | 0%                      | 31                      |
| <b>Effective tax rate</b>                                         | <b>26%</b>              | <b>264,076</b>          | <b>8%</b>               | <b>224,806</b>          |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                     | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit before income tax                                        |                           | 159,658                   |                           | 123,533                   |
| Income tax using the domestic tax rate                          | 30%                       | 47,897                    | 30%                       | 37,060                    |
| Information technology tax                                      | 0%                        | 385                       | 0%                        | -                         |
| Non-deductible expenses                                         | 4%                        | 6,622                     | 264%                      | 334,066                   |
| Tax exempt income                                               | -34%                      | (54,396)                  | -342%                     | (422,224)                 |
| Education tax levy                                              | 0%                        | 336                       | 1%                        | 820                       |
| Capital gain tax                                                | 0%                        | -                         | 34%                       | 42,498                    |
| National Agency for Science and Engineering Infrastructure levy | 0%                        | -                         | 0%                        | -                         |
| Nigerian Police fund levy                                       | 0%                        | -                         | 0%                        | 6                         |
| Unutilised deferred tax asset                                   | 0%                        | -                         | 41%                       | 50,342                    |
| Company Income Tax                                              | 2%                        | 3,227                     | 0%                        | -                         |
| <b>Effective tax rate</b>                                       | <b>2.5%</b>               | <b>4,071</b>              | <b>-6.5%</b>              | <b>42,569</b>             |

Current income tax liabilities are due within 12 months from the year end date

### 17 Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic from continuing operations

Basic Earnings Per Share(EPS) is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the company and held as treasury shares.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                         | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit for the year from continuing operations      | 718,745                 | 618,637                 | 155,586                   | 80,964                    |
| Opening Number of ordinary shares in issue          | 53,318                  | 35,545                  | 53,318                    | 35,545                    |
| Weighted average number of shares in issue          | -                       | 1,481                   | -                         | 1,481                     |
|                                                     | 53,318                  | 37,026                  | 53,318                    | 37,026                    |
| In kobo per share                                   |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Basic earnings per share from continuing operations | 1,348                   | 1,671                   | 292                       | 219                       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 17 Earnings per share continued

#### Diluted EPS

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by considering the impact of the treasury shares in weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                         | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Total profit attributable to owners:</b>         |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Continuing operations                               | 718,745                          | 618,637                          | 155,586                            | 80,964                             |
| Profit for the year                                 | 718,745                          | 618,637                          | 155,586                            | 80,964                             |
| Opening Number of ordinary shares in issue          | 53,318                           | 35,545                           | 53,318                             | 35,545                             |
| Weighted average number of treasury shares in issue | -                                | 1,481                            | -                                  | 1,481                              |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 53,318                           | 37,026                           | 53,318                             | 37,026                             |
| In kobo per share                                   |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Basic earnings per share from continuing operations | 1,348                            | 1,671                            | 292                                | 219                                |

\*The number of shares that would be issued in the event of conversion of the \$300 million convertible additional tier 1 bond has a dilutive effect on the ordinary shares of the Group. However, as the conversion has not occurred as of the reporting date, the potential dilution has no impact on the current period's Dividends Per Share (DPS).

### 18 Cash and balances with banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                         | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Cash on hand and balances with banks (see note (i)) | 2,681,016                        | 2,749,383                        | 34,657                             | 23,116                             |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks            | 1,169,276                        | 625,782                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Money market placements                             | 2,388,035                        | 1,846,813                        | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                     | <b>6,238,327</b>                 | <b>5,221,978</b>                 | <b>34,657</b>                      | <b>23,116</b>                      |
| ECL on placements                                   | (8,776)                          | (1,049)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                     | <b>6,229,551</b>                 | <b>5,220,929</b>                 | <b>34,657</b>                      | <b>23,116</b>                      |

(i) Included in cash on hand and balances with banks is an amount of ₦169.12Bn (31 Dec 2024: ₦228.41Bn) representing the Naira value of foreign currencies held on behalf of customers to cover letter of credit transactions. The corresponding liability is included in customer's deposit for foreign trade reported under other liabilities (see Note 34). This has been excluded for cash flow purposes.

#### Movement in ECL on placements

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>              | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance at beginning of the year | 1,048                            | 1,348                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Charge for the year                      | 6,504                            | (300)                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Foreign currency translation             | 1,224                            | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                          | <b>8,776</b>                     | <b>1,048</b>                     | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

### 19 Investment under management

#### Amortised cost

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Government bonds            | 6,168                            | 5,559                            | 6,168                              | 5,559                              |
| Placements                  | 9,842                            | 15,920                           | 9,842                              | 15,920                             |
| Commercial paper            | 946                              | 502                              | 946                                | 502                                |
| Corporate Bond              | 1,422                            | 609                              | 1,422                              | 609                                |
| Nigerian treasury bills     | 15,785                           | 6,077                            | 15,786                             | 6,077                              |
| Mutual funds                | 510                              | 1,172                            | 510                                | 1,172                              |
| Eurobonds                   | 7,130                            | 7,490                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                             | <b>41,803</b>                    | <b>37,329</b>                    | <b>34,673</b>                      | <b>29,839</b>                      |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 20 Non pledged trading assets at fair value through profit or loss

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Government bonds            | 256,359                 | 47,386                  | -                         | -                         |
| Eurobonds                   | 43,062                  | 27,378                  | -                         | -                         |
| Treasury bills              | 321,784                 | 119,153                 | -                         | -                         |
| Promissory notes            | 620,258                 | 13,114                  | -                         | -                         |
|                             | <b>1,241,463</b>        | <b>207,031</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

Promissory notes include ₦620.12 billion (December 2024: Nil) representing the fair value of the principal only component of a stripped instrument. The original instrument's cash flows have been separated into distinct interest and principal components.

### 21 Derivative financial instruments

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         | 31 December 2025 |                                          | 31 December 2024 |                                          |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|
|                                     | Notional amount  | Fair Value<br>Assets/ (Liabil-<br>ities) | Notional amount  | Fair Value<br>Assets/ (Liabil-<br>ities) |
| <b>Group</b>                        |                  |                                          |                  |                                          |
| Foreign exchange derivatives        |                  |                                          |                  |                                          |
| <b>Total derivative assets</b>      | <b>5,134,016</b> | <b>2,307,524</b>                         | <b>4,418,399</b> | <b>1,507,614</b>                         |
| Non-deliverable future contracts    | -                | -                                        | -                | 7,138                                    |
| Forward and swap contracts          | 5,134,016        | 2,307,524                                | 4,418,399        | 1,500,476                                |
| <b>Total derivative liabilities</b> | <b>474,919</b>   | <b>(415,616)</b>                         | <b>1,333,371</b> | <b>(114,767)</b>                         |
| Non-deliverable future contracts    | -                | -                                        | -                | (7,137)                                  |
| Forward and swap contracts          | 474,919          | (415,616)                                | 1,333,371        | (107,632)                                |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>      | 31 December 2025 |                                          | 31 December 2024 |                                          |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|
|                                  | Notional amount  | Fair Value<br>Assets/ (Liabil-<br>ities) | Notional amount  | Fair Value<br>Assets/ (Liabil-<br>ities) |
| <b>Company</b>                   |                  |                                          |                  |                                          |
| Foreign exchange derivatives     |                  |                                          |                  |                                          |
| <b>Total derivative assets</b>   | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>                                 | <b>138,729</b>   | <b>-</b>                                 |
| Non-deliverable future contracts | -                | -                                        | 138,729          | -                                        |
| Forward and swap contracts       | -                | -                                        | -                | -                                        |

| <b>Derivative Assets</b>               | 31 December 2025<br>Fair Value |         | 31 December 2024<br>Fair Value |         |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
|                                        | Group                          | Company | Group                          | Company |
| Current (Hedging Instruments)          | 30,816                         | -       | 383,827                        | -       |
| Non- Current (Hedging Instruments)     | 166,292                        | -       | 497,283,029                    | -       |
| Current (Non-Hedging Instruments)      | 2,504,632                      | -       | (496,159,242)                  | -       |
| Non- Current (Non-Hedging Instruments) | -                              | -       | -                              | -       |
| <b>Derivative Liabilities</b>          |                                |         |                                |         |
| Current (Hedging Instruments)          | -                              | -       | -                              | -       |
| Non- Current (Hedging Instruments)     | -                              | -       | -                              | -       |
| Current (Non-Hedging Instruments)      | (415,616)                      | -       | (114,769)                      | -       |
| Non- Current (Hedging Instruments)     | -                              | -       | -                              | -       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 21 Derivative financial instruments continued

Derivative financial instruments consist of forward, swap, and futures contracts. These instruments are primarily held for risk management and operational cash flow purposes. In accordance with IFRS 9, all derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss, unless they are designated in a qualifying hedge accounting relationship. The contracts have intended settlement dates of between 30 days and above 365 days. Derivative contracts are valued with reference to data that has been marked to model using interest rate parity methodology of valuation which has referenced data from US SOFR rates quotation, treasury bills yield and FGN bond yields, adjusted for spread computed as the differential between the NIBOR and NITTY rate and spot exchange rate as quoted on the financial market dealers quotation (FMDQ) site.

The movement in fair value is as a result of a depreciation of the reporting currency of the Group (Naira) within the year and volume of transactions.

### 22 Loans and advances to banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>           | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Loans and advances to banks           | 2,926,875               | 1,587,622               | -                         | -                         |
| Less: allowance for impairment losses | (26,844)                | (7,675)                 | -                         | -                         |
|                                       | <b>2,900,031</b>        | <b>1,579,947</b>        | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

#### Group

#### Impairment allowance for loans and advances to banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 |          |               |               |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
|                             | Stage 1          | Stage 2  | Stage 3       | Total         |
| Internal rating grade:      |                  |          |               |               |
| Investment                  | 1,591            | -        | -             | 1,591         |
| Standard grade              | 3,448            | -        | -             | 3,448         |
| Sub-standard grade          | -                | -        | 21,804        | 21,804        |
| Total                       | <b>5,039</b>     | <b>-</b> | <b>21,804</b> | <b>26,844</b> |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | 31 December 2025 |          |               |               |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                 | Stage 1          | Stage 2  | Stage 3       | Total         |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2025</b>       | 402              | -        | 14,975        | 15,377        |
| -Charge for the year:                           |                  |          |               |               |
| Transfers to Stage 3                            | 158              | -        | -             | 158           |
| <b>Total net P&amp;L charge during the year</b> | 4,241            | -        | 12,523        | 16,764        |
| Foreign exchange translation                    | 451              | -        | 1,953         | 2,404         |
| <b>At 31 December 2025</b>                      | <b>5,253</b>     | <b>-</b> | <b>29,450</b> | <b>34,703</b> |

#### Impairment allowance for loans and advances to banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2024 |          |              |              |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
|                             | Stage 1          | Stage 2  | Stage 3      | Total        |
| Internal rating grade:      |                  |          |              |              |
| Investment                  | 135              | -        | -            | 135          |
| High grade                  | 54               | -        | -            | 54           |
| Standard grade              | -                | -        | 7,487        | 7,487        |
| Total                       | <b>189</b>       | <b>-</b> | <b>7,487</b> | <b>7,676</b> |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | 31 December 2024 |          |              |              |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                 | Stage 1          | Stage 2  | Stage 3      | Total        |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2024</b>       | 413              | -        | -            | 413          |
| -Charge for the year:                           |                  |          |              |              |
| Transfers to Stage 1                            | 460              | -        | (460)        | -            |
| <b>Total net P&amp;L charge during the year</b> | (1,143)          | -        | 7,565        | 6,422        |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                    | 402              | -        | -            | 402          |
| Foreign exchange translation                    | 57               | -        | 382          | 439          |
| <b>At 31 December 2024</b>                      | <b>402</b>       | <b>-</b> | <b>7,487</b> | <b>7,676</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 23 Loans and advances to customers

| <b>a Group</b>                                                                              | <b>31 December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>In millions of Naira</b>                                                                 |                         |
| <b>Loans to individuals</b>                                                                 |                         |
| Retail Exposures                                                                            |                         |
| Auto loan                                                                                   | 21,497                  |
| Credit card                                                                                 | 28,931                  |
| Finance Lease (note 23c)                                                                    | 840                     |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                               | 322,495                 |
| Overdraft                                                                                   | 53,959                  |
| Personal loan                                                                               | 796,132                 |
| Term Loan                                                                                   | 619,519                 |
| Time Loan                                                                                   | 38,186                  |
|                                                                                             | 1,881,559               |
| Less allowance for expected credit loss                                                     | (68,272)                |
|                                                                                             | <b>1,813,287</b>        |
| <b>Loans to corporate entities and other organisations</b>                                  |                         |
| Non-Retail Exposures                                                                        |                         |
| Auto Loan                                                                                   | 45,619                  |
| Credit Card                                                                                 | 630                     |
| Finance Lease (note 23c)                                                                    | 23,803                  |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                               | 145,741                 |
| Overdraft                                                                                   | 1,059,057               |
| Personal Loan                                                                               | -                       |
| Term Loan                                                                                   | 6,100,845               |
| Time Loan                                                                                   | 4,437,175               |
|                                                                                             | 11,812,870              |
| Less allowance for expected credit loss                                                     | (284,967)               |
|                                                                                             | <b>11,527,903</b>       |
| Loans and advances to customers (Individual and corporate entities and other organisations) | 13,694,429              |
| Less: allowance for expected credit loss                                                    | (353,239)               |
|                                                                                             | <b>13,341,190</b>       |

#### ECL allowance on loans and advances to customers

|                             | <b>31 December 2025</b> |                |                |               |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>In millions of Naira</b> | <b>Stage 1</b>          | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b>  |
| Internal rating grade       |                         |                |                |               |
| Standard grade              | 32,449                  | 1,813          |                | 34,262        |
| Non-Investment              |                         |                | 33,167         | 33,167        |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>32,449</b>           | <b>1,813</b>   | <b>33,167</b>  | <b>67,429</b> |

|                                                | <b>31 December 2025</b> |                |                |               |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>In millions of Naira</b>                    | <b>Stage 1</b>          | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b>  |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2025</b>      | 23,442                  | 1,804          | 26,179         | 51,424        |
| - Charge for the year:                         |                         |                |                |               |
| Transfers to Stage 1                           | 34                      | (1)            | (33)           | -             |
| Transfers to Stage 2                           | 1                       | (1)            | (0)            | -             |
| Transfers to Stage 3                           | 76                      | 10             | (86)           | -             |
| <b>Total net p or l charge during the year</b> | <b>(3,821)</b>          | <b>396</b>     | <b>11,240</b>  | <b>7,814</b>  |
| Amounts written off                            | -                       | -              | (12,136)       | (12,136)      |
| Translation difference                         | (63)                    | (1)            | (118)          | (182)         |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                   | 12,778                  | 444            | 8,122          | 21,344        |
| <b>At 31 December 2025</b>                     | <b>32,449</b>           | <b>2,651</b>   | <b>33,168</b>  | <b>68,266</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 23 Loans and advances to customers continued

#### Loans to corporate entities and other organisations

| In millions of Naira  | 31 December 2025 |               |                | Total          |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
|                       | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3        |                |
| Internal rating grade |                  |               |                |                |
| Investment            | 3,231            | -             | -              | 3,231          |
| Standard grade        | 66,373           | 34,684        | -              | 101,057        |
| Non-Investment        | -                | -             | 180,679        | 180,679        |
| <b>Total</b>          | <b>69,604</b>    | <b>34,684</b> | <b>180,679</b> | <b>284,967</b> |

| In millions of Naira                           | 31 December 2025 |               |                | Total          |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                                | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3        |                |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2025</b>      | 47,329           | 82,385        | 97,373         | 227,087        |
| - Charge for the year:                         |                  |               |                | -              |
| Transfers to Stage 1                           | 23,166           | (23,163)      | (3)            | -              |
| Transfers to Stage 2                           | 17               | 9,228         | (9,245)        | -              |
| Transfers to Stage 3                           | 540              | 84            | (624)          | -              |
| <b>Total net p or l charge during the year</b> | (14,095)         | (43,147)      | 336,797        | 279,555        |
| Amounts written off                            | -                | -             | (309,549)      | (309,549)      |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                   | (836)            | (1,313)       | (1,076)        | (3,225)        |
| Translation difference                         | 5,814            | 5,252         | 19,781         | 30,847         |
| <b>At 31 December 2025</b>                     | <b>61,935</b>    | <b>29,326</b> | <b>133,454</b> | <b>224,715</b> |

| a Group                                                                                     |  | 31 December 2024  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| In millions of Naira                                                                        |  |                   |
| <b>Loans to individuals</b>                                                                 |  |                   |
| Retail Exposures                                                                            |  |                   |
| Auto Loan                                                                                   |  | 12,012            |
| Credit Card                                                                                 |  | 36,617            |
| Finance Lease (note 23c)                                                                    |  | 2,202             |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                               |  | 245,205           |
| Overdraft                                                                                   |  | 34,657            |
| Personal Loan                                                                               |  | 858,774           |
| Term Loan                                                                                   |  | 210,896           |
| Time Loan                                                                                   |  | 24,113            |
|                                                                                             |  | 1,424,476         |
| Less allowance for expected credit loss                                                     |  | (51,426)          |
|                                                                                             |  | <b>1,373,050</b>  |
| <b>Loans to corporate entities and other organisations</b>                                  |  |                   |
| Non-Retail Exposures                                                                        |  |                   |
| Auto Loan                                                                                   |  | 11,142            |
| Credit Card                                                                                 |  | 732               |
| Finance Lease (note 23c)                                                                    |  | 36,423            |
| Mortgage Loan                                                                               |  | 73,615            |
| Overdraft                                                                                   |  | 1,020,458         |
| Term Loan                                                                                   |  | 5,827,568         |
| Time Loan                                                                                   |  | 3,371,809         |
|                                                                                             |  | 10,341,747        |
| Less allowance for expected credit loss                                                     |  | (227,087)         |
|                                                                                             |  | <b>10,114,660</b> |
| Loans and advances to customers (Individual and corporate entities and other organisations) |  | 11,766,223        |
| Less allowance for expected credit loss                                                     |  | (278,513)         |
|                                                                                             |  | <b>11,487,710</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 23 Loans and advances to customers continued

## ECL allowance on loans and advances to customers

| In millions of Naira  | 31 December 2024 |              |               | Total         |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                       | Stage 1          | Stage 2      | Stage 3       |               |
| Internal rating grade |                  |              |               |               |
| Standard grade        | 23,442           | 1,804        | -             | 25,246        |
| Non-Investment        | -                | -            | 26,179        | 26,179        |
| <b>Total</b>          | <b>23,442</b>    | <b>1,804</b> | <b>26,179</b> | <b>51,425</b> |

| In millions of Naira                           | 31 December 2024 |              |               | Total         |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                | Stage 1          | Stage 2      | Stage 3       |               |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2024</b>      | 6,890            | 1,843        | 19,150        | 27,883        |
| Transfers to Stage 1                           | 1,045            | (564)        | (481)         | -             |
| Transfers to Stage 2                           | 686              | 406          | (1,092)       | -             |
| Transfers to Stage 3                           | (932)            | 394          | 538           | -             |
| <b>Total net p or l charge during the year</b> | 15,105           | (385)        | 16,345        | 31,065        |
| Translation difference                         | 229              | -            | 232           | 461           |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                   | 420              | -            | 414           | 834           |
| <b>At 31 December 2024</b>                     | <b>23,443</b>    | <b>1,694</b> | <b>35,106</b> | <b>60,243</b> |

## Loans to corporate entities and other organisations

| In millions of Naira  | 31 December 2024 |               |               | Total          |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
|                       | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3       |                |
| Internal rating grade |                  |               |               |                |
| Investment            | 1,203            | -             | -             | 1,203          |
| Standard grade        | 46,160           | 82,384        | -             | 128,544        |
| Non-Investment        | -                | -             | 97,341        | 97,341         |
| <b>Total</b>          | <b>47,363</b>    | <b>82,384</b> | <b>97,341</b> | <b>227,088</b> |

| In millions of Naira                           | 31 December 2024 |               |               | Total          |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
|                                                | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3       |                |
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2024</b>      | 41,971           | 26,485        | 60,152        | 128,608        |
| Transfers to Stage 1                           | 5,889            | (4,661)       | (1,228)       | -              |
| Transfers to Stage 2                           | 19,560           | 14,354        | (33,914)      | -              |
| Transfers to Stage 3                           | 19,403           | (47,609)      | 28,206        | -              |
| <b>Total net p or l charge during the year</b> | (75,737)         | 55,484        | 82,129        | 61,876         |
| Amounts written off                            | -                | -             | (81,093)      | (81,093)       |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                   | 6,467            | 25,246        | 11,529        | 43,242         |
| Translation difference                         | 29,776           | 13,086        | 31,592        | 74,454         |
| <b>At 31 December 2024</b>                     | <b>47,329</b>    | <b>82,385</b> | <b>97,373</b> | <b>227,087</b> |

## Modified loans:

| In millions of Naira               | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Amortised cost before modification | 22,791                  | 27,069                  | -                         | -                         |
| Modification gain/(loss)           | 6,972                   | 2,256                   | -                         | -                         |
| Amortised cost after modification  | <b>29,763</b>           | <b>29,325</b>           | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 23 Loans and advances to customers continued

#### 23(c) Advances under finance leases

Loans and advances to customers at amortised cost include the following finance lease receivables for leases of certain property, automobile/ vehicle and equipment where the group is the lessor:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                 | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Gross investment in finance lease, receivable               | 91,759                           | 61,777                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Unearned finance income on finance leases                   | (23,358)                         | (9,264)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Net investment in finance leases                            | 68,401                           | 52,513                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Gross investment in finance leases, receivable:             |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Less than one period                                        | 25,208                           | 17,528                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Between one and five periods                                | 65,784                           | 42,623                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Later than five periods                                     | 768                              | 1,626                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Unearned finance income on finance leases                   | (23,358)                         | (9,264)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Present value of minimum lease payments                     | 68,401                           | 52,513                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Present value of minimum lease payments may be analysed as: |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| - Less than one period                                      | 23,695                           | 17,528                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| - Between one and five periods                              | 44,042                           | 33,359                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| - Later than five periods                                   | 664                              | 1,626                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                             | <b>68,401</b>                    | <b>52,513</b>                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

### 24 Pledged assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                    | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| -Financial instruments at FVOCI                                |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Treasury bills                                                 | 25,353                           | 75                               | -                                  | -                                  |
| Government bonds                                               | -                                | 11                               | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | 25,353                           | 86                               | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Financial instruments at amortised cost (AMC)                 |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Treasury bills                                                 | 285,686                          | 668,041                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Government bonds                                               | 429,969                          | 906,010                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | 715,655                          | 1,574,051                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| ECL on financial assets at amortised cost (see note 24b below) | (343)                            | (1,296)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | 715,312                          | 1,572,755                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Financial instruments at FVTPL                                |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Treasury bills                                                 | -                                | 15,352                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Government bonds                                               | 1,266                            | 3,560                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | 1,266                            | 18,912                           | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | <b>741,931</b>                   | <b>1,591,753</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

The Financial instruments at FVTPL have been designated at fair value through profit or loss by the Group.

#### 24a ECL allowance on pledged assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance                   | -                                | 189                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additional allowance (see note 9) | 7                                | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Allowance written back            | -                                | (189)                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Balance, end of year              | <b>7</b>                         | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

ECL on financial assets at fair value through OCI are presented in statement of changes in equity.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 24 Pledged assets continued

#### 24b ECL allowance on pledged assets at amortised cost (AMC)

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Opening balance                   | 1,296                   | 921                     | -                         | -                         |
| Additional allowance (see note 9) | -                       | 375                     | -                         | -                         |
| Allowance written back            | (953)                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Balance, end of year              | <b>343</b>              | <b>1,296</b>            | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

The related liability for assets pledged as collateral include:

|                               |                |                |          |          |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) | 209,571        | 238,467        | -        | -        |
| Bank of Industry (BOI)        | 12,425         | 14,369         | -        | -        |
|                               | <b>221,996</b> | <b>252,836</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> |

The other counterparties included in this category of pledged assets include FIRS, Valucard, Interswitch, NIBSS and others.

(i) The assets pledged as collateral include assets pledged to third parties under secured borrowing with the related liability disclosed above (where borrowings can be seen in Note 36). The pledges have been made in the normal course of business. In the event of default, the pledgee has the right to realise the pledged assets. This disclosure in 24(i) is inclusive of only liabilities that actual cash has been received for.

#### Classified as:

|             |                |                  |
|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| Current     | 311,039        | 683,468          |
| Non current | 430,892        | 908,287          |
|             | <b>741,931</b> | <b>1,591,755</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 25 Investment securities

| At fair value through profit or loss<br><i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Equity securities at fair value through profit or loss (see note (i) below)             | 879,426                 | 756,401                 | -                         | -                         |
| At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)<br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
| <b>Debt securities</b>                                                                  |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Government bonds                                                                        | 929,291                 | 264,505                 | -                         | -                         |
| Treasury bills                                                                          | 2,260,834               | 3,855,317               | -                         | -                         |
| Eurobonds                                                                               | 147,673                 | 260,901                 | -                         | -                         |
| Corporate bonds                                                                         | -                       | 14,875                  | -                         | -                         |
| State government bonds                                                                  | -                       | 38,614                  | -                         | -                         |
| Commercial Paper                                                                        | -                       | 8,420                   | -                         | -                         |
| Promissory notes                                                                        | 3,024                   | 475,965                 | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                                         | 3,340,822               | 4,918,597               | -                         | -                         |
| Changes in fair value of FVOCI instruments                                              | 109,013                 | 191,278                 | -                         | -                         |
| Changes in ECL allowance on FVOCI financial instruments                                 | (15,223)                | 16,867                  | -                         | -                         |
| Net fair value changes in FVOCI instruments                                             | 93,790                  | 208,145                 | -                         | -                         |
| At amortised cost (AMC)<br><i>In millions of Naira</i>                                  | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
| <b>Debt securities</b>                                                                  |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Treasury bills                                                                          | 2,780,306               | 1,757,853               | -                         | -                         |
| Federal government bonds                                                                | 7,196,460               | 2,344,550               | -                         | -                         |
| State government bonds                                                                  | 52,011                  | 2,469                   | -                         | -                         |
| FGN Promissory notes                                                                    | 148,298                 | 264,387                 | -                         | -                         |
| Corporate bonds                                                                         | 23,810                  | 6,614                   | -                         | -                         |
| Eurobonds                                                                               | 1,980,601               | 1,400,794               | -                         | -                         |
| Commercial Paper                                                                        | -                       | 3,305                   | -                         | -                         |
| Gross amount                                                                            | 12,181,486              | 5,779,972               | -                         | -                         |
| ECL on financial assets at amortised cost                                               | (96,193)                | (111,775)               | -                         | -                         |
| Carrying amount                                                                         | 12,085,293              | 5,668,197               | -                         | -                         |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                            | <b>16,305,541</b>       | <b>11,343,195</b>       | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

### 25 Investment securities - continued

#### ECL allowance on investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Opening balance at 1 January      | 21,924                  | 5,056                   | -                         | -                         |
| Allowance written off             | -                       | (509)                   | -                         | -                         |
| Additional allowance (see note 9) | -                       | 16,181                  | -                         | -                         |
| Foreign Exchange                  | (391)                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Allowance written back            | (14,788)                | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Revaluation difference            | (44)                    | 1,196                   | -                         | -                         |
| Balance, end of year              | <b>6,701</b>            | <b>21,924</b>           | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 25 Investment securities continued

## ECL allowance on investments at amortised cost

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                      | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Opening balance at the beginning                 | 111,774                 | 203,575                 | -                         | -                         |
| Foreign Exchange                                 | (2,984)                 | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| -Charge for the year (see note 9)                | -                       | 83,041                  | -                         | -                         |
| -Allowance written back                          | (31,233)                | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Write off                                        | -                       | (246,010)               | -                         | -                         |
| Revaluation difference                           | 18,636                  | 71,168                  | -                         | -                         |
| Balance, end of year                             | <b>96,193</b>           | <b>111,774</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |
| Total ECL charge on securities as seen in Note 9 | (46,021)                | 99,221                  | -                         | -                         |
| (i) Equity securities at FVPL (carrying amount)  |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Central securities clearing system limited       | 13,361                  | 7,913                   | -                         | -                         |
| Nigeria interbank settlement system plc.         | 34,424                  | 37,704                  | -                         | -                         |
| Unified payment services limited                 | 13,992                  | 9,514                   | -                         | -                         |
| Africa finance corporation                       | 760,829                 | 669,809                 | -                         | -                         |
| African export-import bank                       | 1,945                   | 1,778                   | -                         | -                         |
| FMDQ Holdings                                    | 12,068                  | 10,229                  | -                         | -                         |
| Nigerian mortgage refinance company plc.         | 306                     | 306                     | -                         | -                         |
| Credit reference company                         | 531                     | 244                     | -                         | -                         |
| NG Clearing Limited                              | 499                     | 333                     | -                         | -                         |
| Capital Alliance Equity Fund                     | 31,489                  | 11,220                  | -                         | -                         |
| Investment in Parent's Shares                    | 7,897                   | 6,344                   | -                         | -                         |
| Shared agent network expansion facility          | 50                      | 50                      | -                         | -                         |
| Others                                           | 2,074                   | 958                     | -                         | -                         |
|                                                  | <b>879,465</b>          | <b>756,402</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |
| <b>Classified as:</b>                            |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Current                                          | 5,040,579               | 5,623,270               | -                         | -                         |
| Non current                                      | 11,258,397              | 6,471,443               | -                         | -                         |
|                                                  | 16,298,976              | 12,094,713              | -                         | -                         |

## 25 (b) Debt instruments other than those designated at fair value through profit or loss

The table below shows the analysis of the Bank's debt instruments measured at FVOCI and amortised cost by credit risk, based on the Bank's internal credit rating system and year end- stage classificaton.

| Group                                            | 31 December 2025 |              |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| At fair value through other comprehensive income | Fair value       | ECL          |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                      |                  |              |
| <b>Debt securities</b>                           |                  |              |
| Government bonds                                 | 929,291          | 108          |
| Treasury bills                                   | 2,260,834        | 5,268        |
| Eurobonds                                        | 147,673          | 1,323        |
| Promissory notes                                 | 3,024            | 2            |
| Total                                            | <b>3,340,822</b> | <b>6,701</b> |

| At amortised cost           | Amortised cost    | ECL           | Carrying Amount   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> |                   |               |                   |
| <b>Debt securities</b>      |                   |               |                   |
| Government bonds            | 7,196,460         | 929           | 7,195,531         |
| Treasury bills              | 2,780,306         | 775           | 2,779,531         |
| Eurobonds                   | 1,980,601         | 92,863        | 1,887,738         |
| Corporate bonds             | 23,810            | 974           | 22,836            |
| State government bonds      | 52,011            | -             | 52,011            |
| FGN Promissory notes        | 148,298           | 110           | 148,188           |
| Total                       | <b>12,181,486</b> | <b>95,651</b> | <b>12,085,835</b> |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 25 Investment securities continued

| <b>Group</b>                                                             |  | <b>31 December 2025</b> |                |                |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| <b>Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income</b> |  |                         |                |                |                  |
| <b>In millions of Naira</b>                                              |  | <b>stage 1</b>          | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b>     |
| Internal rating grade                                                    |  |                         |                |                |                  |
| Non-Investment                                                           |  | 3,340,820               | -              | -              | 3,340,820        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                             |  | <b>3,340,820</b>        | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>3,340,820</b> |

|                                           | <b>stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2025</b> | 21,924         | -              | -              | 21,924       |
| Foreign exchange adjustments              | (391)          | -              | -              | (391)        |
| Write Back                                | (14,788)       | -              | -              | (14,788)     |
| Translation Difference                    | (44)           | -              | -              | (44)         |
| <b>At 31 December 2025</b>                | <b>6,701</b>   | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>6,701</b> |

| <b>Financial instruments at amortised cost</b> |  | <b>31 December 2025</b> |                |                |                   |
|------------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| <b>In millions of Naira</b>                    |  |                         |                |                |                   |
|                                                |  | <b>stage 1</b>          | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b>      |
| Internal rating grade                          |  |                         |                |                |                   |
| Non-Investment                                 |  | 12,174,885              | -              | -              | 12,174,885        |
| <b>Total</b>                                   |  | <b>12,174,885</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>12,174,885</b> |

|                                           | <b>stage 1</b> | <b>Stage 2</b> | <b>Stage 3</b> | <b>Total</b>  |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>ECL allowance as at 1 January 2025</b> | 111,775        | -              | -              | 111,775       |
| Foreign exchange adjustments              | (2,984)        | -              | -              | (2,984)       |
| Write Back                                | (31,233)       | -              | -              | (31,233)      |
| Translation Difference                    | 18,636         | -              | -              | 18,636        |
| <b>At 31 December 2025</b>                | <b>96,195</b>  | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       | <b>96,195</b> |

### 26 Restricted deposits and other assets

| <b>In millions of Naira</b>                                | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Financial assets</b>                                    |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Accounts receivable (see note (a)below)                    | 2,081,760                        | 1,350,289                        | 24,772                             | 499,809                            |
| Receivable on E-business channels (see note (b)below)      | 32,137                           | 79,319                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Deposit for investment in AGSMEIS (see note (c)below)      | 58,049                           | 31,265                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| FX forwards receivable (see note (g) below)                | 58,913                           | 1,103,953                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Restricted deposits with Afrexim                           | -                                | 7,745                            | -                                  | 7,745                              |
| Subscription for investment (see note (d)below)            | 33,707                           | 27,053                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Restricted deposits with central banks (see note (e)below) | 4,470,277                        | 4,326,765                        | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                            | <b>6,734,843</b>                 | <b>6,926,389</b>                 | <b>24,772</b>                      | <b>507,554</b>                     |
| <b>Non-financial assets</b>                                |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Prepayments                                                | 369,562                          | 181,007                          | 169                                | 238                                |
| Inventory (see note (f)below)                              | 27,495                           | 23,369                           | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                            | <b>397,057</b>                   | <b>204,376</b>                   | <b>169</b>                         | <b>238</b>                         |
| <b>Gross other assets</b>                                  | <b>7,131,900</b>                 | <b>7,130,765</b>                 | <b>24,941</b>                      | <b>507,792</b>                     |
| Allowance for impairment on other assets                   |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Financial assets                                           | (236,074)                        | (63,905)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Non-financial assets                                       | 1,988                            | (5,681)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                            | <b>(234,086)</b>                 | <b>(69,586)</b>                  | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |
| <b>Total restricted deposits and other assets</b>          | <b>6,897,814</b>                 | <b>7,061,179</b>                 | <b>24,941</b>                      | <b>507,792</b>                     |
| <b>Classified as:</b>                                      |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Current                                                    | 2,333,793                        | 2,674,032                        | 24,941                             | 500,047                            |
| Non current                                                | 4,564,021                        | 4,387,146                        | -                                  | 7,745                              |
|                                                            | <b>6,897,814</b>                 | <b>7,061,178</b>                 | <b>24,941</b>                      | <b>507,792</b>                     |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 26 Restricted deposits and other assets continued

#### 26b

|                                    | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Statutory Reserve Investment       | 16,248                  | 14,482                  | -                         | -                         |
| Pension Protection Fund Investment | 3,245                   | 4,106                   | -                         | -                         |

| <b>Movement in allowance for impairment on other assets:<br/>In millions of Naira</b> | <b>Group</b>   | <b>Company</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Balance as at 1 January 2024                                                          | 23,912         | -              |
| ECL allowance for the year:                                                           |                |                |
| Acquired from business combination                                                    | -              | -              |
| - Additional provision                                                                | 45,863         | -              |
| - Provision no longer required                                                        | -              | -              |
| Net impairment                                                                        | 45,863         | -              |
| Allowance written back                                                                | -              | -              |
| Allowance written off                                                                 | (117)          | -              |
| -Reclassification                                                                     | -              | -              |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                                                          | (3,300)        | -              |
| -Translation difference                                                               | 3,227          | -              |
| Balance as at 31 December 2024/1 January 2025                                         | 69,585         | -              |
| ECL allowance for the year:                                                           |                |                |
| - Additional provision                                                                | -              | -              |
| - Writeback                                                                           | 258,808        | -              |
| Net ECL allowance                                                                     | 258,808        | -              |
| Acquired from business combination                                                    | -              | -              |
| Allowance written back                                                                | -              | -              |
| - Write Off                                                                           | (93,212)       | -              |
| -Reclassification                                                                     | 5,295          | -              |
| Foreign exchange revaluation                                                          | (1,428)        | -              |
| -Translation difference                                                               | (5,002)        | -              |
| <b>Balance as at 31 December 2025</b>                                                 | <b>234,045</b> | <b>-</b>       |

(a) This represents the receivable from debtors to the Group that cuts across services rendered in different capacities.

Also included in account receivable is Restricted Share Performance Plan (RSPP) investment transferred from bank to the Parent (Access Holdings) to hold shares purchased on behalf of employees.

The shares previously held in the Structured Entity (SE) on behalf of the Bank are now recognised as a receivable from the parent. Upon vesting the shares are transferred to the employees.

Also Included in the receivables balance is fair value of deferred consideration receivable of N8.0 billion (ZAR93.7 million) in relation to the sale of 25% + 1 shares in Access Bank South Africa. See note 46 for more details.

- (b) E-banking receivables represent settlements due from other banks use of electronic channels by their customers. The Group's payables to other banks is contained in Note 34.
- (c) Deposit for investment in AGSMEIS represents the Access Bank Nigeria's deposit as equity investment in Agri-business/Small and Medium Enterprises Investment Scheme. As approved by the Bankers' Committee on 9th February 2017, all Deposit Money Banks are required to invest 5% of prior period Profit After Tax as equity investment in the scheme.
- (d) Subscription for investment balance relates to deposits paid for the acquisition of equity investments for which shares have not been issued to the Bank. An Investment of N18.58 billion (USD 12 million) in Access Bank Tanzania (formerly BancABC Tanzania) classified as "subscription for investment", awaiting regulatory approval (See note 27 (c) (ii)) forms part of this balance. The investment in etranzact, an associate of the Bank and the cost of establishment of a Namibian entity are also a part of this balance with a balance of N16.05Bn. Following the approval of the Central Bank of Nigeria, the Access Holdings investment of USD24.7 million in Access Bank South Africa relates to deposits for shares for the recapitalization of the bank.
- (e) Restricted deposits with central banks comprise the cash reserve requirements of the Central Bank of Nigeria and other central banks of jurisdictions that the Group operates in as well as the special intervention fund with the Central Bank of Nigeria introduced in January

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 26 Restricted deposits and other assets continued

2016 as a reduction in the cash reserve ratio with a view of channeling the reduction to financing the real sector. These balances are not available for day to day operations of the Group.

- (f) Inventory consists of blank debit cards, cheque leaves, computer consumables and other stationery held by the Group.

Also, increase in prepayments resulted from services that have been paid in advance for the period and amortised over the relevant period of service. These include rents and advertisements.

In determining the ECL for other assets, the Group applies the simplified model in estimating the ECLs, adopting a provision matrix, where the receivables are grouped based on the nature of the transactions, aging of the balances and different historical loss patterns to determine the lifetime ECLs. Receivables relate to amount due for the provision of services to the Bank's customers. The provision matrix estimates ECLs on the basis of historical default rates adjusted for current and forward looking macroeconomic factors without undue cost and effort

- (g) The balance of N753.25Bn (Dec 2024: N1,103Bn) represents the transaction value of matured forward contracts with the Central Bank of Nigeria at the end of the year.

### 27a Investments in associates

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>  | <b>Group<br/>December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>December<br/>2024</b> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year   | 9,748                              | 8,424                              |
| Disposal                     | (9,748)                            | -                                  |
| Share of profit for the year | -                                  | 1,322                              |
| Balance, end of year         | -                                  | 9,748                              |

Set out below are the summarised financial information for associates which are accounted for using the equity method.

|                               | <b>E-tranzact<br/>December<br/>2025</b> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                 |                                         |
| Cash and balances with banks  | 12,652                                  |
| Inventories                   | 2,206                                   |
| Trade and other receivables   | 555                                     |
| Other assets                  | 5,440                                   |
| Deposit for shares            | 457                                     |
| Intangible assets             | 25                                      |
| Investment property           | 137                                     |
| Property, plant and equipment | 2,528                                   |
| <b>Total assets</b>           | <b>24,000</b>                           |
| Financed by:                  |                                         |
| Current tax liabilities       | 1,602                                   |
| Trade and other payables      | 7,260                                   |
| Long term loan                | 211                                     |
| Deferred grant income         | 56                                      |
| Deferred tax liabilities      | -                                       |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>      | <b>9,130</b>                            |
| Net assets                    | <b>14,871</b>                           |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

| Reconciliation to carrying amounts:                                                                 | E-tranzact<br>December<br>2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Opening Net Assets (1 January)                                                                      | 11,709                         |
| Profit for the year                                                                                 | 3,521                          |
| Impact of changes due to the net asset difference between Audited and Unaudited Financial statement | (359)                          |
| <b>Closing net assets (31 December 2025)</b>                                                        | <b>14,871</b>                  |

| Summary statement of comprehensive income            | December<br>2025 |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Revenue                                              | 29,505           |
| Cost of sales                                        | (18,120)         |
| Interest Expense using the effective interest method | (424)            |
| Interest Income using the effective interest method  | (6,156)          |
| Selling and marketing costs                          | -                |
| Administrative expenses                              | 11               |
| Other income                                         | 243              |
| Finance cost                                         | (30)             |
| Taxation                                             | (1,509)          |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                           | <b>3,520</b>     |
| <b>Reconciliation of net asset in associate</b>      |                  |
| Interest in Associate's net asset - (Etr: 37.56%)    | 5,634            |
| Notional goodwill on investment in associate         | 2,852            |
| Impact of changes in net assets                      | 1,262            |
| Carrying amount of investment in associates          | 9,748            |
| Carrying value                                       | 9,748            |

E-tranzact (ETRA), a fully integrated fintech platform in Africa was founded in 2003 and is one of the leading independent players in Lagos, Nigeria with a diversified license and product capabilities.

The existing investment the Bank had in Etranzact was initially recognised in the books under equity instruments measured at Fair value through profit or loss. At the point of increasing the stakes of the Bank in Etranzact by means of the Right issue, the existing shares were reclassified to investment in associates at their fair value.

The Group disposed of its entire equity holding of 3,455,729,217 ordinary shares of ₦0.50 each in E-tranzact International Plc during the year. As at 31 December 2025, the Group holds no equity interest in the company.

#### 27b Investment subsidiaries (with continuing operations)

##### (i) Group entities

Set out below are the group's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2025. Unless otherwise stated, the subsidiaries listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held directly by the group and the proportion of ownership interests held equals to the voting rights held by the group. The country of incorporation is also their principal place of business.

There are no significant restrictions on the Group's ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of any member of the Group to the extent that regulation does not inhibit the group from having access, and in liquidation scenario, this restriction is limited to its level of investment in the entity. There are no significant restrictions on the ability of subsidiaries to transfer funds to the Group in the form of cash dividends or repayment of loans and advances."

Investment in subsidiaries comprises:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

|                                                                 | Ownership interest        |                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                                                 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
| Access Bank Plc*                                                | 100.00%                   | 100.00%                   |
| Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited                       | 99.99%                    | 99.99%                    |
| Access Golf (Holdco direct holdings in Actis Golf)              | 51.60%                    | 51.60%                    |
| Access Insurance Brokers Ltd                                    | 75.00%                    | 75.00%                    |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited (Holdco direct & indirect holdings) | 50.70%                    | 50.70%                    |
| Oxygen X Finance Company Limited                                | 100.00%                   | 99.99%                    |

\*Access Bank Plc has investment in the following subsidiaries:

|                                            | Nature of<br>business | Country of<br>incorporation | 31 December<br>2025 | 31 December<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Access Bank Gambia Limited                 | Banking               | Gambia                      | 93.22%              | 88.00%              |
| Access Bank Sierra Leone Limited           | Banking               | Sierra Leone                | 99.74%              | 99.74%              |
| Access Bank Rwanda Limited                 | Banking               | Rwanda                      | 91.22%              | 91.22%              |
| Access Bank Zambia                         | Banking               | Zambia                      | 80.98%              | 80.98%              |
| The Access Bank UK                         | Banking               | United Kingdom              | 100.00%             | 100.00%             |
| Access Bank D.R. Congo                     | Banking               | Congo                       | 99.98%              | 99.98%              |
| Access Bank Ghana                          | Banking               | Ghana                       | 93.40%              | 93.40%              |
| Access Bank Guinea S.A                     | Banking               | Guinea                      | 100.00%             | 100.00%             |
| Access Bank Mozambique                     | Banking               | Mozambique                  | 88.00%              | 99.98%              |
| Access Bank Kenya                          | Banking               | Kenya                       | 99.98%              | 99.98%              |
| Access Bank South Africa                   | Banking               | South Africa                | 64.19%              | 97.89%              |
| Access Bank Botswana                       | Banking               | Botswana                    | 70.00%              | 70.00%              |
| Access Bank Cameroon                       | Banking               | Cameroon                    | 100.00%             | 100.00%             |
| Access Bank Angola**                       | Banking               | Angola                      | 87.15%              | 99.20%              |
| Access Bank Tanzania                       | Banking               | Tanzania                    | 96.02%              | 96.02%              |
| Access Bank, African Office                | Coordinating Office   | Ghana                       | 100.00%             | 100.00%             |
| Access Investors Services Nominees Limited | Asset Management      | Nigeria                     | 100.00%             | 100.00%             |

\*\*During the year, Access Angola received capital from non-controlling shareholders which led to a dilution of the parent holding.

Access Holdings Plc acquired interests in the following subsidiaries:

|                          |         |              |        |   |
|--------------------------|---------|--------------|--------|---|
| Access Bank South Africa | Banking | South Africa | 11.90% | - |
| Access Bank Mozambique   | Banking | Mozambique   | 11.70% | - |

#### 27(c)(i) Investment in subsidiaries

| In millions of Naira                      | Company<br>31 December<br>2025 | Company<br>31 December<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Access Bank Plc                           | 594,824                        | 594,824                        |
| Hydrogen Payment Services Company Limited | 4,000                          | 4,000                          |
| Access Golf                               | 17,356                         | 17,356                         |
| Access Insurance Brokers Ltd              | 20                             | 20                             |
| AccessARM Pensions Limited                | 35,233                         | 35,233                         |
| Oxygen X Finance Company Limited          | 5,000                          | 5,000                          |
| Access Bank, Mozambique                   | 9,211                          | -                              |
| Access Bank, Kenya                        | 23,065                         | -                              |
| Access Bank, South Africa                 | 37,860                         | -                              |
| The Access Bank, UK                       | 452,825                        | -                              |
|                                           | <b>1,179,394</b>               | <b>656,431</b>                 |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                 | Group<br>31 December<br>2025 | Group<br>31 December<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Indirect subsidiaries in Access Bank Plc</b>             |                              |                              |
| The Access Bank, UK                                         | 163,922                      | 163,922                      |
| Access Bank, Ghana                                          | 32,196                       | 32,196                       |
| Access Bank Rwanda                                          | 5,221                        | 5,221                        |
| Access Bank, Congo                                          | 13,205                       | 13,205                       |
| Access Bank, Zambia                                         | 8,411                        | 8,411                        |
| Access Bank, Gambia                                         | 19,179                       | 7,062                        |
| Access Bank, Sierra Leone                                   | 16,832                       | 16,832                       |
| Access Bank, Guinea                                         | 10,067                       | 10,067                       |
| Access Bank, Mozambique                                     | 20,693                       | 20,693                       |
| Access Bank, Kenya                                          | 11,615                       | 11,615                       |
| Access Bank, South Africa                                   | 28,534                       | 38,320                       |
| Access Bank Botswana                                        | 30,554                       | 30,554                       |
| Access Bank, Cameroon                                       | 41,124                       | 10,557                       |
| Access Bank, Angola                                         | 31,547                       | 31,547                       |
| Access Bank, Tanzania                                       | 11,968                       | 11,968                       |
| Access Bank, African Office                                 | 1,570                        | 1,570                        |
| Balance at end of the year                                  | <b>446,638</b>               | <b>413,740</b>               |
| Access Bank Tanzania- Deferred consideration (See Note 26d) | 18,575                       | 18,575                       |

**27c(iii)** Based on the contractual arrangements between the Bank and the shareholders in each of the entities, the Bank has the power to appoint and remove the majority of the board of Directors of each entity.

The relevant activities of each of the listed subsidiaries are determined by the Board of Directors of each entity based on simple majority shares. Therefore, the directors of the Bank concluded that the Bank has control over each of the above listed entities and were consolidated in the Bank financial statements.

There was a partial disposal of the parent's stake in Access South Africa during the year. This is disclosed in Note 46 under partial disposal of subsidiaries without loss of control.

During the year, the Group also completed the acquisition of 74.85% of SCB Gambia and the Consumer, Private and Business Banking (CPBB) Segment of SCB Tanzania. Subsequent to the acquisition, Standard Chartered Bank, Gambia became a subsidiary of Access Bank Gambia and the CPBB segment of Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania is now wholly-owned by Access Bank Tanzania. See note 44 for more details.

The acquisition of ABC Tanzania includes a deferred consideration amount payable in 3 years time. This is disclosed in Note 44 under business combination.

On 31 May 2024, Access Bank Plc acquired 96.02% of ABC Tanzania for a total consideration of ₦30.56 billion, payable in 2027.

As of the reporting date:

- ₦11.98 billion (USD 8 million) of the investment was recognised as cost of investment as regulatory approval had been obtained
- ₦18.58 billion (USD 12 million) was classified as "Subscription for investment", awaiting regulatory approval.

All investment in subsidiaries have been classified as non current.

During the year, Access Bank UK also acquired a 76% controlling interest in AfrAsia Bank Limited, Mauritius (ABL) on 22 July 2025. See note 44 for more details.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

#### 27(d) Investment in subsidiaries - continued

##### \*Condensed results of consolidated entities

#### (i) The condensed financial data of the consolidated entities as at 31 December 2025 are as follows:

| Condensed profit and loss<br>In millions of Naira | Banking Subsidiaries |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                   | Access Bank Nigeria  | The Access Bank UK Access UK | Access Bank Ghana Ghana | Access Bank Rwanda | Access Bank (D.R. Congo) | Access Bank Zambia | Access Bank Gambia | Access Bank Sierra Leone | Access Bank Guinea | Access Bank Mozambique | Access Bank Kenya |
| Operating income                                  | 1,853,540            | 486,616                      | 229,655                 | 22,356             | 84,665                   | 162,698            | 16,496             | 44,111                   | 17,480             | 58,301                 | 10,070            |
| Operating expenses                                | (807,796)            | (168,335)                    | (167,729)               | (9,918)            | (43,730)                 | (97,895)           | (10,049)           | (15,917)                 | (13,233)           | (44,946)               | (21,865)          |
| Net impairment charge on financial assets         | (514,884)            | (29,688)                     | 33,990                  | (884)              | (885)                    | 4,632              | (112)              | (38)                     | (1,200)            | (7,794)                | (430)             |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                          | <b>530,860</b>       | <b>288,593</b>               | <b>95,917</b>           | <b>11,555</b>      | <b>40,050</b>            | <b>69,435</b>      | <b>6,334</b>       | <b>28,156</b>            | <b>3,048</b>       | <b>5,561</b>           | <b>(12,224)</b>   |
| Income tax expense                                | (84,343)             | (72,047)                     | (34,851)                | (3,388)            | (12,015)                 | (20,830)           | (1,710)            | (7,039)                  | (504)              | (5,188)                | -                 |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                        | <b>446,517</b>       | <b>216,546</b>               | <b>61,066</b>           | <b>8,167</b>       | <b>28,035</b>            | <b>48,605</b>      | <b>4,624</b>       | <b>21,117</b>            | <b>2,544</b>       | <b>373</b>             | <b>(12,224)</b>   |
| <b>Assets</b>                                     |                      |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                         | 3,063,823            | 1,972,695                    | 586,501                 | 91,861             | 216,261                  | 485,406            | 80,823             | 100,964                  | 64,889             | 305,262                | 61,733            |
| Non pledged trading assets                        | 917,161              | -                            | 287,897                 | -                  | -                        | 22,800             | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | 13,606            |
| Pledged assets                                    | 741,931              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | 2,279,276            | 1,797                        | -                       | 21,342             | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | 191,026              | 3,022,060                    | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Loans and advances to customers                   | 5,658,064            | 4,458,797                    | 650,079                 | 71,696             | 201,144                  | 626,459            | 23,328             | 70,700                   | 109,920            | 145,099                | 31,236            |
| Investment securities                             | 6,817,698            | 6,658,777                    | 768,456                 | 100,931            | 249,985                  | 433,159            | 100,946            | 64,216                   | 63,520             | 146,589                | 50,847            |
| Investment properties                             | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Other assets                                      | 5,246,677            | 467,163                      | 155,411                 | 17,783             | 28,614                   | 102,648            | 9,999              | -                        | 3,689              | 39,339                 | 6,631             |
| Investment in associates                          | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Investment in subsidiary                          | 446,637              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Property and equipment                            | 506,155              | 65,279                       | 172,561                 | 5,202              | 28,663                   | 64,602             | 7,877              | 20,119                   | 4,118              | 15,428                 | 3,337             |
| Intangible assets                                 | 89,824               | 32,995                       | 3,599                   | 1,1845             | 1,101                    | 6,638              | -                  | 31,539                   | 1,655              | 982                    | 1,202             |
| Current tax assets                                | -                    | -                            | 54,583                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Deferred tax assets                               | 4,192                | 12,372                       | 12,346                  | -                  | -                        | 10,211             | 1,293              | 1,705                    | -                  | 7,1301                 | 8,198             |
| Non - current assets held for sale                | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Asset classified as held for sale                 | 109,630              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
|                                                   | <b>26,072,094</b>    | <b>16,691,935</b>            | <b>2,691,433</b>        | <b>310,000</b>     | <b>725,768</b>           | <b>1,751,923</b>   | <b>224,265</b>     | <b>289,243</b>           | <b>247,791</b>     | <b>659,8310</b>        | <b>176,790</b>    |
| <b>Financed by:</b>                               |                      |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
| Deposits from banks                               | 1,382,550            | 3,153,562                    | 15,162                  | -                  | 85,874                   | 180,131            | -                  | 2,369                    | -                  | -                      | 13,150            |
| Deposits from customers                           | 15,548,845           | 11,469,253                   | 1,926,983               | 235,176            | 467,290                  | 1,278,717          | 193,553            | 204,410                  | 206,852            | 593,942                | 136,988           |
| Derivative Liability                              | 409,223              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Debt securities issued                            | 746,909              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Retirement benefit obligations                    | 13,911               | 5,977                        | 176                     | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Current tax liabilities                           | 48,613               | 0                            | -                       | 2,604              | 14,862                   | -                  | 1,711              | 6,659                    | 3                  | -                      | -                 |
| Other liabilities                                 | 4,405,608            | 167,728                      | 233,670                 | 5,346              | 29,729                   | 62,976             | 8,343              | 12,096                   | 5,486              | 16,566                 | 40,371            |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings             | 1,201,631            | -                            | 112,218                 | 21,896             | -                        | 83,995             | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Contingent settlement provisions                  | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Deferred tax liabilities                          | -                    | 26                           | 9,269                   | 392                | -                        | -                  | 659                | 643                      | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Equity                                            | 2,314,805            | 1,895,389                    | 393,955                 | 44,586             | 128,012                  | 146,103            | 20,000             | 63,066                   | 35,450             | 49,322                 | (13,719)          |
|                                                   | <b>26,072,094</b>    | <b>16,691,935</b>            | <b>2,691,433</b>        | <b>310,000</b>     | <b>725,768</b>           | <b>1,751,923</b>   | <b>224,265</b>     | <b>289,243</b>           | <b>247,791</b>     | <b>659,830</b>         | <b>176,790</b>    |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

| Condensed profit and loss<br>In millions of Naira | Banking Subsidiaries     |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            | Non-Banking Subsidiaries         |                              |                |               |                            |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|
|                                                   | Access Bank South Africa | Access Bank Botswana | Access Bank Cameroon | Access Bank Angola | Access Bank Tanzania | Access Bank African Office | The Hydrogen Payment Service Ltd | Access Insurance Brokers Ltd | Access Golf    | Oxygen X      | Access ARM Pension Limited |
| Operating income                                  | 25,492                   | 75,387               | 58,245               | 34,030             | 26,015               | 6,675                      | 7,891                            | 1,841                        | 7,517          | 12,912        | 44,394                     |
| Operating expenses                                | (45,872)                 | (58,038)             | (31,197)             | (22,432)           | (21,234)             | (5,530)                    | (6,039)                          | (482)                        | (205)          | (6,318)       | (17,322)                   |
| Net impairment charge on financial assets         | (1,306)                  | (4,526)              | (2,675)              | 3,404              | (414)                | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | (800)         | 61                         |
| Profit before tax                                 | (21,686)                 | 12,823               | 24,374               | 15,002             | 4,367                | 1,145                      | 1,852                            | 1,359                        | 7,312          | 5,793         | 27,132                     |
| Income tax expense                                | -                        | (2,571)              | (2,655)              | (914)              | (1,165)              | (894)                      | (198)                            | (407)                        | (198)          | (1,448)       | (8,954)                    |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                        | <b>(21,686)</b>          | <b>10,251</b>        | <b>21,718</b>        | <b>14,088</b>      | <b>3,202</b>         | <b>251</b>                 | <b>1,654</b>                     | <b>952</b>                   | <b>7,114</b>   | <b>4,345</b>  | <b>18,178</b>              |
| <b>Assets</b>                                     |                          |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            |                                  |                              |                |               |                            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                         | 65,759                   | 298,799              | 276,474              | 120,173            | 101,130              | 3,436                      | 35,130                           | 2,034                        | 7,341          | (2,916)       | 22,193                     |
| Non pledged trading assets                        | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Pledged assets                                    | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Loans and advances to customers                   | 189,175                  | 705,703              | 185,621              | 30,255             | 167,874              | 5,323                      | -                                | -                            | -              | 10,736        | -                          |
| Investment securities                             | 153,733                  | 137,806              | 555,888              | 36,203             | 15,991               | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | 84            | 6,481                      |
| Investment properties                             | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Other assets                                      | 10,809                   | 334,221              | 13,344               | 5,116              | 6,715                | 18,592                     | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Investment in associates                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Investment in subsidiary                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | 176,892        | -             | -                          |
| Property and equipment                            | 6,096                    | 16,393               | 10,950               | 43,167             | 6,054                | 47                         | 1,002                            | 23                           | -              | 1,565         | 4,480                      |
| Intangible assets                                 | 2,924                    | 4,288                | 2,634                | 14,967             | 18,223               | -                          | 18,573                           | 61                           | -              | 575           | 237                        |
| Current tax assets                                | -                        | -                    | -                    | 91                 | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Deferred tax assets                               | -                        | 872                  | -                    | 7,689              | -                    | 4                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Non - current assets held for sale                | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Asset classified as held for sale                 | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
|                                                   | <b>428,497</b>           | <b>1,498,083</b>     | <b>1,044,912</b>     | <b>257,662</b>     | <b>315,987</b>       | <b>27,403</b>              | <b>54,705</b>                    | <b>2,119</b>                 | <b>184,233</b> | <b>10,044</b> | <b>33,391</b>              |
| Financed by:                                      |                          |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            |                                  |                              |                |               |                            |
| Deposits from banks                               | 60,299                   | 513                  | 245,658              | -                  | 52,714               | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Deposits from customers                           | 317,022                  | 939,842              | 662,916              | 170,150            | 210,217              | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Derivative Liability                              | -                        | 355                  | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Debt securities issued                            | 12,727                   | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | 160,831        | -             | -                          |
| Retirement benefit obligations                    | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Current tax liabilities                           | -                        | 1,162                | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | 230                              | -                            | 0              | 1,462         | 10,702                     |
| Other liabilities                                 | 5,082                    | 347,061              | 34,655               | 391                | 19,784               | 24,901                     | 49,823                           | 388                          | 705            | 1,582         | 7,504                      |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings             | -                        | 83,019               | -                    | -                  | 3,847                | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Contingent settlement provisions                  | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | -             | -                          |
| Deferred tax liabilities                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | 670                | 61                   | -                          | -                                | -                            | -              | 85            | (260)                      |
| Equity                                            | 33,367                   | 126,132              | 101,683              | 86,452             | 29,363               | 2,502                      | 4,652                            | 1,731                        | 22,696         | 6,915         | 15,444                     |
|                                                   | <b>428,497</b>           | <b>1,498,083</b>     | <b>1,044,912</b>     | <b>257,662</b>     | <b>315,987</b>       | <b>27,403</b>              | <b>54,705</b>                    | <b>2,119</b>                 | <b>184,233</b> | <b>10,044</b> | <b>33,391</b>              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

#### 27(e) Investment in subsidiaries - continued

##### \*Condensed results of consolidated entities

##### (i) The condensed financial data of the consolidated entities as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

| Condensed profit and loss<br>In millions of Naira | Banking Subsidiaries |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                   | Access Bank Nigeria  | The Access Bank UK Access UK | Access Bank Ghana Ghana | Access Bank Rwanda | Access Bank (D.R. Congo) | Access Bank Zambia | Access Bank Gambia | Access Bank Sierra Leone | Access Bank Guinea | Access Bank Mozambique | Access Bank Kenya |
| Operating income                                  | 1,501,012            | 368,297                      | 233,147                 | 26,641             | 56,633                   | 153,180            | 8,463              | 19,165                   | 13,648             | 47,895                 | 6,877             |
| Operating expenses                                | (836,878)            | (93,158)                     | (106,338)               | (11,775)           | (36,701)                 | (80,154)           | (5,571)            | (10,049)                 | (10,878)           | (49,279)               | (19,810)          |
| Net impairment charge on financial assets         | (175,233)            | (16,028)                     | (37,817)                | (1,155)            | -                        | (6,659)            | (10)               | (73)                     | (94)               | (811)                  | (113)             |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                          | <b>488,898</b>       | <b>259,111</b>               | <b>88,992</b>           | <b>13,711</b>      | <b>19,932</b>            | <b>66,367</b>      | <b>2,882</b>       | <b>9,043</b>             | <b>2,676</b>       | <b>(2,195)</b>         | <b>(13,046)</b>   |
| Income tax expense                                | (29,519)             | (68,378)                     | (42,172)                | (3,730)            | (5,980)                  | (19,911)           | -                  | (2,261)                  | (345)              | (2,463)                | 1,050             |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                        | <b>459,378</b>       | <b>190,733</b>               | <b>46,820</b>           | <b>9,981</b>       | <b>13,952</b>            | <b>46,456</b>      | <b>2,882</b>       | <b>6,782</b>             | <b>2,331</b>       | <b>(4,658)</b>         | <b>(11,996)</b>   |
| <b>Assets</b>                                     |                      |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                         | 4,444,235            | 489,589                      | 419,070                 | 117,222            | 325,913                  | 490,773            | 39,046             | 86,634                   | 46,301             | 342,316                | 47,561            |
| Non pledged trading assets                        | 122,652              | -                            | 60,741                  | -                  | -                        | 22,203             | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | 815               |
| Pledged assets                                    | 1,591,753            | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | 1,475,999            | (10,052)                     | -                       | 23,136             | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | 845,786              | 2,747,567                    | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Loans and advances to customers                   | 6,632,780            | 2,605,345                    | 444,948                 | 74,170             | 120,663                  | 286,556            | 10,049             | 32,459                   | 104,406            | 106,164                | 45,081            |
| Investment securities                             | 5,620,682            | 3,586,978                    | 593,387                 | 99,232             | 127,696                  | 394,899            | 14,196             | 91,302                   | 17,811             | 87,406                 | 55,462            |
| Investment properties                             | 437                  | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Other assets                                      | 5,771,267            | 35,667                       | 130,043                 | 9,319              | 30,296                   | 70,884             | 31,474             | 5,105                    | 2,413              | 44,359                 | 7,534             |
| Investment in associates                          | 6,904                | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Investment in subsidiary                          | 413,738              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Property and equipment                            | 536,317              | 15,043                       | 133,715                 | 4,186              | 21,023                   | 49,622             | 4,786              | 8,851                    | 5,299              | 21,400                 | 5,121             |
| Intangible assets                                 | 85,412               | 13,708                       | 6,611                   | 1,459              | 1,426                    | 5,057              | 1,850              | 16,957                   | 1,072              | 1,433                  | 2,066             |
| Current tax assets                                | -                    | -                            | 28,504                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | 79                 | 36                       | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Deferred tax assets                               | 40,517               | -                            | 52,535                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | 1,390                    | -                  | 10,403                 | 6,459             |
| Non - current assets held for sale                | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Asset classified as held for sale                 | 93,124               | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
|                                                   | <b>27,681,603</b>    | <b>9,483,845</b>             | <b>1,869,554</b>        | <b>328,725</b>     | <b>627,017</b>           | <b>1,319,990</b>   | <b>101,479</b>     | <b>242,734</b>           | <b>177,301</b>     | <b>613,480</b>         | <b>170,099</b>    |
| <b>Financed by:</b>                               |                      |                              |                         |                    |                          |                    |                    |                          |                    |                        |                   |
| Deposits from banks                               | 7,009,445            | 5,762,634                    | 12,182                  | -                  | 56,479                   | 59,034             | 181                | 22,167                   | -                  | -                      | 26,799            |
| Deposits from customers                           | 14,236,082           | 2,400,827                    | 1,398,281               | 253,761            | 419,815                  | 975,424            | 81,310             | 155,579                  | 136,307            | 533,665                | 127,560           |
| Derivative Liability                              | 98,921               | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Debt securities issued                            | 816,542              | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Retirement benefit obligations                    | 11,559               | -                            | 106                     | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Current tax liabilities                           | 78,672               | -                            | -                       | 3,158              | 6,153                    | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Other liabilities                                 | 1,703,010            | 66,075                       | 92,076                  | 7,381              | 38,426                   | 87,481             | 3,886              | 19,459                   | 4,856              | 19,726                 | 19,086            |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings             | 1,567,368            | -                            | 106,957                 | 21,503             | 1,084                    | 109,855            | -                  | -                        | -                  | 6,453                  | -                 |
| Contingent settlement provisions                  | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Deferred tax liabilities                          | -                    | 3,733                        | 13,019                  | 509                | -                        | 837                | 182                | 12                       | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Non - current liabilities held for sale           | -                    | -                            | -                       | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                  | -                        | -                  | -                      | -                 |
| Equity                                            | 2,160,004            | 1,250,576                    | 246,932                 | 42,412             | 105,060                  | 87,359             | 15,921             | 45,518                   | 36,138             | 53,636                 | (3,346)           |
|                                                   | <b>27,681,603</b>    | <b>9,483,845</b>             | <b>1,869,554</b>        | <b>328,725</b>     | <b>627,017</b>           | <b>1,319,990</b>   | <b>101,479</b>     | <b>242,734</b>           | <b>177,301</b>     | <b>613,480</b>         | <b>170,099</b>    |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 27 Investments in associates continued

| Condensed profit and loss<br>In millions of Naira | Banking Subsidiaries     |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            | Non-Banking Subsidiaries         |                              |               |              |                            |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                                                   | Access Bank South Africa | Access Bank Botswana | Access Bank Cameroon | Access Bank Angola | Access Bank Tanzania | Access Bank African Office | The Hydrogen Payment Service Ltd | Access Insurance Brokers Ltd | Access Golf   | Oxygen X     | Access ARM Pension Limited |
| Operating income                                  | 20,441                   | 69,918               | 25,116               | 33,246             | 18,766               | 4,670                      | 10,034                           | 1,020                        | 1,911         | 4,053        | 28,596                     |
| Operating expenses                                | (44,763)                 | (52,221)             | (14,940)             | (20,678)           | (15,145)             | (4,155)                    | (8,142)                          | (273)                        | (1,825)       | (3,149)      | (13,538)                   |
| Net impairment charge on financial assets         | (3,622)                  | (2,482)              | (592)                | 497                | (1,026)              | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | (99)         | (2)                        |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                          | <b>(27,944)</b>          | <b>15,215</b>        | <b>9,584</b>         | <b>13,065</b>      | <b>2,595</b>         | <b>515</b>                 | <b>1,892</b>                     | <b>747</b>                   | <b>86</b>     | <b>805</b>   | <b>15,056</b>              |
| Income tax expense                                | -                        | (4,681)              | (3,084)              | (1,348)            | (118)                | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | (174)        | -                          |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                        | <b>(27,944)</b>          | <b>10,534</b>        | <b>6,500</b>         | <b>11,717</b>      | <b>2,477</b>         | <b>515</b>                 | <b>1,892</b>                     | <b>747</b>                   | <b>86</b>     | <b>631</b>   | <b>15,056</b>              |
| <b>Assets</b>                                     |                          |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            |                                  |                              |               |              |                            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                         | 67,929                   | 247,482              | 52,341               | 132,104            | 39,289               | 1,910                      | 23,045                           | 801                          | 1,449         | 1,031        | 26,990                     |
| Non pledged trading assets                        | -                        | 620                  | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Pledged assets                                    | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Derivative financial instruments                  | -                        | 438                  | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Loans and advances to banks                       | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Loans and advances to customers                   | 214,820                  | 635,417              | 37,021               | 36,771             | 100,928              | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | 131          | -                          |
| Investment securities                             | 143,253                  | 195,277              | 292,294              | 57,020             | 21,808               | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | 4,883                      |
| Investment properties                             | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Other assets                                      | 15,060                   | 14,293               | 8,119                | 3,868              | 4,536                | 14,323                     | 3,455                            | 192                          | 953           | 5,352        | 7,404                      |
| Investment in associates                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Investment in subsidiary                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | 17,039        | -            | -                          |
| Property and equipment                            | 4,167                    | 18,264               | 4,768                | 12,364             | 3,870                | 537                        | 1,218                            | 21                           | -             | 478          | 5,697                      |
| Intangible assets                                 | 6,782                    | 5,112                | 1,626                | 42,067             | 3,480                | -                          | 12,779                           | 38                           | -             | 524          | 49,446                     |
| Current tax assets                                | -                        | -                    | -                    | 99                 | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Deferred tax assets                               | -                        | -                    | -                    | 5,133              | 148                  | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Non - current assets held for sale                | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Asset classified as held for sale                 | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
|                                                   | <b>452,011</b>           | <b>1,116,904</b>     | <b>396,170</b>       | <b>289,427</b>     | <b>174,060</b>       | <b>16,770</b>              | <b>40,496</b>                    | <b>1,052</b>                 | <b>19,441</b> | <b>7,515</b> | <b>94,421</b>              |
| <b>Financed by:</b>                               |                          |                      |                      |                    |                      |                            |                                  |                              |               |              |                            |
| Deposits from banks                               | 65,621                   | 164                  | 2,536                | -                  | 27,875               | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Deposits from customers                           | 279,595                  | 867,384              | 346,916              | 202,385            | 110,033              | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Derivative Liability                              | -                        | 147                  | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Debt securities issued                            | 12,257                   | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | 160,831       | -            | -                          |
| Retirement benefit obligations                    | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Current tax liabilities                           | -                        | 1,725                | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | 65                               | -                            | 0             | 174          | 1,802                      |
| Other liabilities                                 | 22,915                   | 35,723               | 4,483                | 16,179             | 1,843                | 14,598                     | 35,794                           | 181                          | 1,262         | 1,710        | 7,507                      |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings             | 33,065                   | 93,988               | -                    | -                  | 4,139                | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Contingent settlement provisions                  | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Deferred tax liabilities                          | -                        | -                    | -                    | 1,286              | -                    | -                          | -                                | 14                           | -             | -            | 16,088                     |
| Non - current liabilities held for sale           | -                        | -                    | -                    | -                  | -                    | -                          | -                                | -                            | -             | -            | -                          |
| Equity                                            | 38,558                   | 117,773              | 42,234               | 69,577             | 30,171               | 2,172                      | 4,637                            | 857                          | (142,651)     | 5,631        | 69,024                     |
|                                                   | <b>452,011</b>           | <b>1,116,904</b>     | <b>396,170</b>       | <b>289,427</b>     | <b>174,060</b>       | <b>16,770</b>              | <b>40,496</b>                    | <b>1,052</b>                 | <b>19,441</b> | <b>7,515</b> | <b>94,421</b>              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 28 (a) Property and equipment

## Group

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                           | Leasehold improvement and building | Land          | Computer hardware | Furniture & fittings | Motor vehicles | Capital Work-in-progress | Total            |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                                           |                                    |               |                   |                      |                |                          |                  |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>                      | 299,629                            | 34,924        | 171,219           | 226,660              | 80,288         | 215,641                  | 1,028,363        |
| Acquired from business combination                    | -                                  | -             | 112               | 905                  | -              | -                        | 1,017            |
| Additions                                             | 37,535                             | 1,302         | 27,275            | 30,909               | 12,072         | 31,921                   | 141,014          |
| Disposals                                             | (4,243)                            | -             | (3,878)           | (1,899)              | (9,856)        | -                        | (19,876)         |
| Write-offs                                            | -                                  | -             | -                 | -                    | (285)          | -                        | (285)            |
| Transfers                                             | 6,494                              | -             | 3,153             | 3,511                | 394            | (13,552)                 | -                |
| Translation difference                                | 18,009                             | -             | 16,525            | 23,443               | 8,304          | 6,081                    | 72,362           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>                    | <b>357,424</b>                     | <b>36,226</b> | <b>214,406</b>    | <b>283,529</b>       | <b>90,917</b>  | <b>240,091</b>           | <b>1,222,593</b> |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2024</b>                      | 197,456                            | 34,834        | 100,994           | 147,833              | 52,713         | 66,755                   | 600,585          |
| Acquired from business combination                    | 17,026                             | -             | 9,339             | 10,724               | 4,352          | -                        | 41,441           |
| Additions                                             | 46,766                             | 905           | 30,479            | 26,656               | 6,725          | 149,310                  | 260,841          |
| Disposals                                             | (4,885)                            | (815)         | (4,270)           | (46,591)             | (4,239)        | -                        | (60,800)         |
| Write-offs                                            | -                                  | -             | (5)               | -                    | -              | -                        | (5)              |
| Reversals/Reclassification from(to) others            | -                                  | -             | -                 | -                    | -              | (177)                    | (177)            |
| Transfers                                             | 7,099                              | -             | 4,583             | 27,556               | 2,775          | (42,013)                 | -                |
| Translation difference                                | 36,167                             | -             | 30,099            | 60,482               | 17,962         | 41,766                   | 186,476          |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>                    | <b>299,629</b>                     | <b>34,924</b> | <b>171,219</b>    | <b>226,660</b>       | <b>80,288</b>  | <b>215,641</b>           | <b>1,028,361</b> |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation and impairment losses</b> |                                    |               |                   |                      |                |                          |                  |
| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                           |                                    |               |                   |                      |                |                          |                  |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>                      | 79,086                             | 74            | 91,964            | 132,408              | 40,538         | -                        | 344,071          |
| Charge for the year (a)                               | 11,494                             | 26            | 30,196            | 24,465               | 11,072         | -                        | 77,253           |
| Disposal                                              | (1,893)                            | -             | (5,469)           | (5,578)              | (5,830)        | -                        | (18,770)         |
| Write-Offs                                            | -                                  | -             | -                 | -                    | (199)          | -                        | (199)            |
| Translation difference                                | 16,101                             | -             | 8,013             | 21,885               | 1,061          | -                        | 47,059           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>                    | <b>104,788</b>                     | <b>100</b>    | <b>124,704</b>    | <b>173,180</b>       | <b>46,642</b>  | <b>-</b>                 | <b>449,414</b>   |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2024</b>                      | 43,450                             | -             | 57,365            | 98,721               | 29,715         | -                        | 229,251          |
| Charge for the year                                   | 10,147                             | 74            | 24,421            | 21,435               | 9,306          | -                        | 65,383           |
| Disposal                                              | (2,086)                            | -             | (998)             | (5,675)              | (1,586)        | -                        | (10,345)         |
| Write-Offs                                            | -                                  | -             | (3)               | -                    | -              | -                        | (3)              |
| Translation difference                                | 27,575                             | -             | 11,179            | 17,927               | 3,103          | -                        | 59,784           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>                    | <b>79,086</b>                      | <b>74</b>     | <b>91,964</b>     | <b>132,408</b>       | <b>40,538</b>  | <b>-</b>                 | <b>344,070</b>   |
| Carrying amounts                                      | <b>252,636</b>                     | <b>36,126</b> | <b>89,702</b>     | <b>110,349</b>       | <b>44,275</b>  | <b>240,091</b>           | <b>773,179</b>   |
| Right of use assets (see 28(b) below)                 | <b>211,146</b>                     | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>          | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>                 | <b>211,146</b>   |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>                    | <b>463,782</b>                     | <b>36,126</b> | <b>89,701</b>     | <b>110,349</b>       | <b>44,275</b>  | <b>240,091</b>           | <b>984,325</b>   |
| Balance at 31 December 2024                           | 394,201                            | 34,849        | 79,255            | 94,251               | 39,748         | 215,641                  | 857,945          |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 28 (a) Property and equipment continued

#### Depreciation charge on property plant and equipment and right of use assets

|                                 |        |    |        |        |        |   |         |
|---------------------------------|--------|----|--------|--------|--------|---|---------|
| Total Depreciation charge (a+b) | 35,802 | 26 | 30,196 | 24,465 | 11,072 | - | 101,562 |
|---------------------------------|--------|----|--------|--------|--------|---|---------|

- (a) Estimates of useful life and residual value, and the method of depreciation, are reviewed at a minimum at each reporting period. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.
- (b) The leasehold improvements do not represent lessor's asset
- (c) There were no capitalised borrowing costs related to the acquisition of property and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2025.
- (d) There were no restrictions on title of any property and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2025.
- (e) There were no property and equipment pledged as security for liabilities during the year.
- (f) There were no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property and equipment during the year.
- (g) There were no impairment losses on any class of property and equipment during the year.
- (h) All items in the property and equipment are non-current.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 28 Property and equipment continued

#### 28 (b) Leases

##### Group

This note provides information for leases where the company is a lessee.

| (i) Right-of-use assets<br>Cost               | Building<br>N'm | Total<br>N'm   |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| <b>Opening balance as at 1 January 2025</b>   | 217,212         | 217,212        |
| Acquired from business combination (Note 44)  | -               | -              |
| Additions during the year                     | 69,914          | 69,914         |
| Disposals during the year                     | (1,737)         | (1,737)        |
| *Reversals due to lease modifications         | (1,038)         | (1,038)        |
| Translation difference                        | 332             | 332            |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>284,683</b>  | <b>284,683</b> |
| <b>Opening balance as at 1 January 2024</b>   | 85,333          | 85,333         |
| Acquired from business combination (Note 44)  | -               | -              |
| Additions during the year                     | 161,292         | 161,292        |
| Disposals during the year                     | (8,387)         | (8,387)        |
| *Derecognition due to lease modifications     | (33,280)        | (33,280)       |
| Translation difference                        | 12,254          | 12,254         |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>217,212</b>  | <b>217,212</b> |
| Accumulated Depreciation - Right of use       |                 |                |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>               |                 |                |
| Opening balance as at 1 January 2025          | 43,551          | 43,551         |
| Acquired from business combination            | -               | -              |
| Charge for the year (b)                       | 24,308          | 24,308         |
| Disposals during the year                     | (12)            | (12)           |
| *Derecognition due to lease modifications     | (408)           | (408)          |
| Translation difference                        | 6,098           | 6,098          |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>73,537</b>   | <b>73,537</b>  |
| <b>Net book value as at 31 December 2025</b>  | <b>211,146</b>  | <b>211,146</b> |

#### 28 (b) Leases - continued

| (i) Right-of-use assets - continued           | Building<br>N'm | Total<br>N'm   |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| <b>Opening balance as at 1 January 2024</b>   | 31,965          | 31,965         |
| Acquired from business combination            | -               | -              |
| Charge for the year (b)                       | 15,118          | 15,118         |
| *Derecognition due to lease modifications     | (9,630)         | (9,630)        |
| Translation difference                        | 6,098           | 6,098          |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>43,551</b>   | <b>43,551</b>  |
| <b>Net book value as at 31 December 2024</b>  | <b>173,661</b>  | <b>173,661</b> |

#### ii Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

|                                                   | December 2025<br>N'millions | December 2024<br>N'millions |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets        | 24,308                      | 15,118                      |
| Interest expense (included in finance cost)       | 16,977                      | 16,324                      |
| Total cash outflow for leases as at December 2025 | -                           | -                           |

\*This relates to lease contracts that were modified during the year, subsequently derecognised and new contracts were drawn up to represent the new leases.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 28 (a) Property and equipment continued

#### Company

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>        | Leasehold improvement and building | Land | Computer hardware | Furniture & fittings | Motor vehicles | Capital Work-in-progress | Total        |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                                    |      |                   |                      |                |                          |              |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>   | -                                  | -    | 114               | 78                   | 1,340          | -                        | 1,532        |
| Additions                          | -                                  | -    | 25                | -                    | 452            | -                        | 477          |
| Disposals                          | -                                  | -    | -                 | (7)                  | (158)          | -                        | (165)        |
| Write-Offs                         | -                                  | -    | -                 | -                    | (285)          | -                        | (285)        |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b> | -                                  | -    | <b>139</b>        | <b>71</b>            | <b>1,349</b>   | -                        | <b>1,559</b> |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2024</b>   | -                                  | -    | 7                 | 78                   | 885            | -                        | 970          |
| Acquired from business combination | -                                  | -    | 111               | -                    | 456            | -                        | 567          |
| Additions                          | -                                  | -    | (5)               | -                    | -              | -                        | (5)          |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b> | -                                  | -    | <b>114</b>        | <b>78</b>            | <b>1,340</b>   | -                        | <b>1,532</b> |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>               | Leasehold improvement and building | Land | Computer hardware | Furniture & fittings | Motor vehicles | Capital Work-in-progress | Total        |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Depreciation and impairment losses</b> |                                    |      |                   |                      |                |                          |              |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>          | -                                  | -    | 12                | 36                   | 443            | -                        | 491          |
| Charge for the year (a)                   | -                                  | -    | 30                | 12                   | 273            | -                        | 315          |
| Disposal                                  | -                                  | -    | -                 | (4)                  | (95)           | -                        | (99)         |
| Write Off                                 | -                                  | -    | -                 | -                    | (199)          | -                        | (199)        |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>        | -                                  | -    | <b>42</b>         | <b>44</b>            | <b>422</b>     | -                        | <b>508</b>   |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2024</b>          | -                                  | -    | 2                 | 20                   | 234            | -                        | 257          |
| Charge for the year (a)                   | -                                  | -    | 15                | 13                   | 209            | -                        | 237          |
| Write Off                                 | -                                  | -    | (3)               | -                    | -              | -                        | (3)          |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>        | -                                  | -    | <b>14</b>         | <b>33</b>            | <b>443</b>     | -                        | <b>491</b>   |
| Carrying amounts                          | -                                  | -    | <b>97</b>         | <b>27</b>            | <b>927</b>     | -                        | <b>1,051</b> |
| Right of use assets (see 28(d) below)     | -                                  | -    | -                 | -                    | -              | -                        | -            |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>        | -                                  | -    | <b>97</b>         | <b>27</b>            | <b>927</b>     | -                        | <b>1,051</b> |
| Balance at 31 December 2024               | -                                  | -    | <b>100</b>        | <b>45</b>            | <b>897</b>     | -                        | <b>1,041</b> |

**Notes to the Financial Statement** continued**28 Property and equipment** continued**28 (c) Property and equipment - continued****Depreciation charge on property and equipment and right of use assets**

|                                            |   |    |    |     |   |     |
|--------------------------------------------|---|----|----|-----|---|-----|
| Total Depreciation/Impairment charge (a+b) | - | 30 | 12 | 273 | - | 237 |
|--------------------------------------------|---|----|----|-----|---|-----|

(a) Estimates of useful life and residual value, and the method of depreciation, are reviewed at a minimum at each reporting period. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

**Classified as:**

|             |   |    |    |     |   |       |
|-------------|---|----|----|-----|---|-------|
| Current     | - | -  | -  | -   | - | -     |
| Non current | - | 97 | 27 | 927 | - | 1,051 |
|             | - | 97 | 27 | 927 | - | 1,051 |

(b) There were no capitalised borrowing costs related to the acquisition of property and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2025.

(c) There were no restrictions on title of any property and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2025.

(d) There were no property and equipment pledged as security for liabilities during the year.

(e) There were no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property and equipment during the year.

(f) There were no impairment losses on any class of property and equipment during the year.

(g) All items in the property and equipment are non current.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets

#### Group

| In millions of Naira                            | Goodwill       | WIP           | Purchased Software | Core deposit intangible | Customer relationship | Brand        | Total Intangible |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                                     |                |               |                    |                         |                       |              |                  |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>                         |                |               |                    |                         |                       |              |                  |
| Balance at 1 January 2025                       | 125,753        | 68,765        | 225,963            | 35,243                  | 77,207                | 4,725        | 537,657          |
| Arising from business combination (See note 44) | 41,341         | -             | -                  | -                       | -                     | -            | 41,341           |
| Additions                                       | -              | 5,151         | 17,632             | -                       | -                     | -            | 22,783           |
| Reclassification                                | -              | (1,108)       | 1,108              | -                       | -                     | -            | -                |
| Translation difference                          | -              | 826           | 6,469              | -                       | -                     | -            | 7,295            |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>              | <b>167,094</b> | <b>73,634</b> | <b>251,171</b>     | <b>35,243</b>           | <b>77,207</b>         | <b>4,725</b> | <b>609,076</b>   |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>                         |                |               |                    |                         |                       |              |                  |
| Balance at 1 January 2024                       | 42,784         | 31,802        | 132,748            | 28,665                  | 23,940                | 4,725        | 264,664          |
| Arising from business combination (See note 44) | 18,230         | -             | 6,119              | 6,578                   | 4,128                 | -            | 35,055           |
| *Changes Arising from final assessment          | 3,750          | -             | -                  | -                       | -                     | -            | 3,750            |
| Acquisitions                                    | 60,989         | 45,965        | 18,114             | -                       | 49,139                | -            | 174,207          |
| Reclassification                                | -              | (1,180)       | 1,180              | -                       | -                     | -            | -                |
| Write off                                       | -              | (9,192)       | -                  | -                       | -                     | -            | (9,192)          |
| Translation difference                          | -              | 1,370         | 67,802             | -                       | -                     | -            | 69,172           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>              | <b>125,753</b> | <b>68,765</b> | <b>225,963</b>     | <b>35,243</b>           | <b>77,207</b>         | <b>4,725</b> | <b>537,656</b>   |
| <b>Amortisation and impairment losses</b>       |                |               |                    |                         |                       |              |                  |
| <b>Balance at 1 January 2025</b>                | -              | -             | 143,200            | 16,525                  | 10,042                | 2,716        | 172,484          |
| Amortisation for the year                       | -              | (30)          | 24,782             | 3,591                   | 1,991                 | 1,196        | 31,529           |
| Translation difference                          | -              | -             | 23,823             | -                       | -                     | -            | 23,823           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>              | <b>-</b>       | <b>(30)</b>   | <b>191,805</b>     | <b>20,116</b>           | <b>12,033</b>         | <b>3,912</b> | <b>227,838</b>   |
| Balance at 1 January 2024                       | -              | -             | 71,506             | 13,659                  | 6,574                 | 2,244        | 93,983           |
| Amortisation for the year                       | -              | -             | 24,454             | 2,866                   | 3,468                 | 472          | 31,260           |
| Impairment charge                               | -              | -             | -                  | -                       | -                     | -            | -                |
| Write off                                       | -              | -             | -                  | -                       | -                     | -            | -                |
| Translation difference                          | -              | -             | 47,240             | -                       | -                     | -            | 47,240           |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2024</b>              | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>      | <b>143,200</b>     | <b>16,525</b>           | <b>10,042</b>         | <b>2,716</b> | <b>172,483</b>   |
| <b>Net Book Value</b>                           |                |               |                    |                         |                       |              |                  |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>              | <b>167,094</b> | <b>73,664</b> | <b>59,367</b>      | <b>15,128</b>           | <b>65,173</b>         | <b>813</b>   | <b>381,239</b>   |
| Balance at 31 December 2024                     | 125,753        | 68,765        | 82,763             | 18,718                  | 67,165                | 2,009        | 365,173          |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 29 Intangible assets

## Company

| In millions of Naira                      | Goodwill | WIP | Purchased Software | Core deposit intangible | Customer relationship | Brand | Total Intangible |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|-----|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                               |          |     |                    |                         |                       |       |                  |
| <b>31 December 2025</b>                   |          |     |                    |                         |                       |       |                  |
| Balance at 1 January 2025                 | -        | 257 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 257              |
| Acquisitions                              | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Reclassification                          | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Write off                                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Balance at 31 December 2025               | -        | 257 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 257              |
| <b>31 December 2024</b>                   |          |     |                    |                         |                       |       |                  |
| Balance at 1 January 2024                 | -        | 111 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 111              |
| Acquisitions                              | -        | 146 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 146              |
| Reclassification                          | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Write off                                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Balance at 31 December 2024               | -        | 257 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 257              |
| <b>Amortisation and impairment losses</b> |          |     |                    |                         |                       |       |                  |
| Balance at 1 January 2025                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Amortisation for the year                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Balance at 31 December 2025               | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Balance at 1 January 2024                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Amortisation for the year                 | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Balance at 31 December 2024               | -        | -   | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | -                |
| Carrying amounts                          |          |     |                    |                         |                       |       |                  |
| <b>Balance at 31 December 2025</b>        | -        | 257 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 257              |
| Balance at 31 December 2024               | -        | 257 | -                  | -                       | -                     | -     | 257              |

Amortisation method used is straight line.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

| In millions of Naira  | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Classified as:</b> |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Current               | -                       | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Non current           | 381,239                 | 365,173                 | 257                       | 257                       |

\*Changes Arising from final assessment: This relates to the changes recognised in the goodwill acquired from former Finibanco by Access Angola post audit of the acquired net asset. The original goodwill recognised was provisional as the net assets were still being audited. The final net asset led to a change in the net asset acquired based on the close out audit conducted on the acquired entity.

### 29(b) Intangible assets

#### (i) Goodwill is attributable to the following acquisitions:

| In millions of Naira                                               | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Diamond Bank Plc (see (a) below)                                   | 4,555                   | 4,555                   | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Rwanda (see (b) below)                                 | 681                     | 681                     | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Kenya (see (c) below)                                  | 6,545                   | 6,545                   | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Botswana (see (d) below)                               | 965                     | 965                     | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Angola Finibanco (see (e) below)                       | 6,698                   | 6,698                   | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Angola (Standard Chartered Bank) (see (f) below)       | 3,488                   | 3,488                   | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Tanzania (African Banking Corporation) (see (l) below) | 1,971                   | 1,971                   | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Sierra Leone (see g) below)                            | 12,770                  | 12,770                  | -                         | -                         |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited (SIGMA/FGPL )(see (h) below)           | 27,092                  | 27,092                  | -                         | -                         |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited (ARM)(see (i) below)                   | 60,989                  | 60,989                  | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Tanzania (Standard Chartered) (see (j) below)          | 13,956                  | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank Gambia (Standard Chartered Bank) (see (k) below)       | 11,103                  | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Access Bank UK (Afrasia Bank Limited, Mauritius)                   | 16,281                  | -                       | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                    | <b>167,094</b>          | <b>125,754</b>          | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

#### (a) Diamond bank:

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 was greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N27,72Bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred. Impairment assessment has been performed for the period and no losses on goodwill were recognised as at 31 December 2025 (31 December 2024: Nil)

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on an entity by entity basis

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. The approach is based on estimating the free cash flow to equity to determine the value in use. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 3.24%. A discount rate of 22.24% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the period. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                                   |        |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Compound annual volume growth (i) | 16.56% |
| Terminal growth rate (i)          | 3.24%  |
| Discount rate (ii)                | 22.24% |

(i) Weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget year.

(ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

"Pre-tax discount rate of 22.24% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for Diamond Bank Plc. This discount rate was estimated using the a proxy of the average of the beta for similar companies, the risk-free rate and the equity risk premium of the sovereign of the reporting entity

#### Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Nigeria.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used                                        | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)  | (741)        | 952          |
| Impact of change in revenue growth on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease) | 68           | (66)         |

There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year

#### (b) Access Bank Rwanda:

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N173.94bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred. Impairment assessment has been performed for the period and no losses on goodwill were recognised as at 31 December 2025 (31 December 2024: Nil)

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Rwanda.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. The approach is based on estimating the free cash flow to equity to determine the value in use. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 6.97%. A discount rate of 20.07% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was

estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          | December 2025 |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 6.97%         |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 20.07%        |

- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 20.7% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Rwanda. This discount rate was estimated using beta, risk-free rate and the equity risk premium for Rwanda.

#### Terminal Growth Rate

Terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Rwanda.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the subsidiaries (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used                                        | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)  | (11)         | 14           |
| Impact of change in revenue growth on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease) | 2            | (2)          |

#### (c) Access Bank Kenya:

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as ₱462.93bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

there are indications that impairment may have occurred. This is the first impairment assessment.

**Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Kenya.**

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 5.38%. A discount rate of 21.6% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the period are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 5.38%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 21.60% |

- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 21.6% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Kenya. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the equity risk premium for Kenya.

#### Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Kenya.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In thousands of Naira | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|

|                                                                                      |      |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))  | (48) | 64  |
| Impact of change in revenue growth on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | 9    | (9) |

There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year.

#### (d) Access Bank Botswana:

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N411.42bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Botswana.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 3.69%. A discount rate of 11.55% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 3.69%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 11.55% |

- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 11.55% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Botswana. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Botswana.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

#### Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Botswana.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In thousands of Naira                | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))  | (35)         | 47           |
| Impact of change in revenue growth on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | 5            | (4)          |

There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year.

#### (e) Access Bank Angola (Former Finibanco):

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N123.18bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 1.76%. A discount rate of 19.31% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 1.76%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 19.31% |

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 19.31% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Angola. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Angola.

#### Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Angola.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In thousands of Naira               | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | (1,849)      | 2,232        |
| Impact of change in growth rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))   | 425          | (417)        |

There were no write-down of goodwill due to impairment during the year.

#### (f) Access Bank Angola (Standard Chartered Bank):

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N123.18bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

**Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Angola.**

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 1.76%. A discount rate of 19.31% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 1.76%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 19.31% |

- (i) Compound annual volume growth rate in the initial five-year year.
- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 29 Intangible assets continued

## Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

## Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 19.31% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Angola. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Angola.

## Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Angola.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In millions of Naira                | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | (6)          | 7            |
| Impact of change in growth rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))   | 1            | (1)          |

There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year.

## (g) Access Bank Tanzania (Standard Chartered Bank):

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as ₦175.66bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Tanzania.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 3.86%. A discount rate of 20.58% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these

assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 3.86%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 20.58% |

- (i) Compound annual volume growth rate in the initial five-year year.
- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

## Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

## Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 20.58% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Tanzania. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Tanzania.

## Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Tanzania.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In millions of Naira                | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | (25)         | 33           |
| Impact of change in growth rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))   | 3            | (2)          |

## (h) Access Bank Sierra Leone (Standard Chartered Bank):

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as ₦1,19bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU)

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Sierra Leone.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 2.65%. A discount rate of 20.7% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 2.65%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 20.70% |

- (i) Compound annual volume growth rate in the initial five-year year.
- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

#### Cash Flow Forecast

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

#### Discount Rate

Pre-tax discount rate of 20.7% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Sierra Leone. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Sierra Leone.

#### Terminal Growth Rate

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Sierra Leone.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used<br>In millions of Naira                | 10% increase | 10% decrease |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease)) | (167)        | 215          |
| Impact of change in growth rate on value-in-use computation (increase/(decrease))   | 14           | (14)         |

#### (i) Access ARM Pensions Limited (SIGMA/FGPL):

In 2022, the Group acquired 80.23% interest in First Guarantee Pensions Ltd (FGPL) and interest of 51.5% (direct and indirect) in Sigma Pensions Ltd. A Goodwill of N34.9 billion was recognised in that period, during the period, this Goodwill was reassessed based on the updated financial information of the investee companies at the date of the execution of the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) for the acquisition and elected to record the acquisition related entries as provisional as at 31 December 2022 as permitted under IFRS 3 Business Combinations.

The Company's PPA for the acquisition of First Guarantee Pensions Ltd and Sigma Pensions Ltd was concluded and executed. The Goodwill of N34.94 billion previously recognised was revised to N27.07 billion as a result of the final financial information available as at the date of execution of the PPA. The previously Recognised Goodwill of N34.9bn was separated into customer relationship of N11.29bn, Deferred Tax Impact of (N3.3bn) and Goodwill of N27.09bn.

Under the Standard, Access Holdings is required to apportion the purchase consideration between the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) of FGPL and Sigma Pensions.

- The Standard provides general guidelines for assigning amounts to individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed.
- IFRS 3 requires the application of the acquisition method for each business combination. The acquisition method requires inter alia that the acquirer is identified, the acquisition date is determined, and that the identifiable assets acquired, and that the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree are recognised and measured.
- IFRS 3 states that as of the acquisition date, the acquirer shall recognise, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree.
- Recognition of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is subject to the conditions specified in paragraphs 11 and 12. These paragraphs state, inter alia, that the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements at the acquisition date, and that the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must be part of what the acquirer and the acquiree exchanged in the business combination transaction.

IFRS 3 states that an asset is identifiable if it either:

- a) is separable, i.e., capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or
- b) arises from contractual or other legal rights, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

The acquirer shall measure the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at their acquisition-date Fair Values. The identifiable assets are required under IFRS 3 to be recognised at their "Fair Value". Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 29 Intangible assets continued

participants at the measurement date.

Revenue in the pension industry is mainly driven by management fees earned from AuM (Assets Under Management) which are contributions from customers.

Customer related intangibles will be valued as Access pension is expected to earn fees income from existing and future contributions made by Retirement Saving Account (RSA) I-VI holders, Defined benefit schemes holders and the informal sector/unfunded customers.

According to IAS 38 customers related intangibles can be recognised if future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity from the use of that asset, and the cost can be reliably measured. FGPL and Sigma Pensions customers list which consist of the RSA I-VI account PIN, defined benefit scheme PIN, informal sector and unfunded PIN will be valued using the Income approach model which is one of the identifiable model for valuing intangible asset according to IAS 38.

**(j) Access ARM Pensions Limited (ARM):**

On May 17, 2024, Access Golf Nigeria Limited ("the Purchaser") entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement with ARM Traditional Asset Management Limited ("the Seller") to acquire an 81.82% stake in ARM Pension Managers (PFA) Limited. On the same date, Access Golf also acquired an additional 4.02% equity interest from other shareholders.

Following this, Access Pension Limited merged with ARM Pension Managers (PFA) Limited, with the surviving entity renamed AccessARM Pension Limited (AccessARM). ARM Pension Managers (PFA) Limited was dissolved without winding up.

Based on the final goodwill allocation, total goodwill was valued at N118.1 billion, of which N60.9 billion is attributable to Access Holdings Plc, reflecting its 51.6% ownership in Access Golf Nigeria Limited.

**(k) Access Bank Gambia (Standard Chartered Bank):**

The recoverable amount of Goodwill as at 31 December 2025 is greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired. The recoverable amount was determined using a value-in-use computation as N133.63bn.

Goodwill is reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently when there are indications that impairment may have occurred.

Goodwill is monitored by the Group on cash generating units (CGU) basis. For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill has been allocated to Access Bank Gambia.

Goodwill impairment test was done by comparing the value-in-use for the CGU to the carrying amount of the goodwill based on cash flow projections. Cash flows were projected for the first 5 years based on operating results, expected future financial performance and past experience. Beyond 5 years, cash flows were assumed to grow at terminal growth rate of 3.72%. A discount rate of 21.72% was applied based on estimate of cost of capital. This was estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model. There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year. All assumptions are subject to market and economic conditions. However, we do not see possible changes in these assumptions adversely causing the recoverable amounts of the CGU's declining below their carrying amounts.

The key assumption used in computing the value-in-use for goodwill in during the year are as follows:

|                          |        |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Terminal growth rate (i) | 3.72%  |
| Discount rate (ii)       | 21.72% |

- (i) Compound annual volume growth rate in the initial five-year year.
- (i) Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

**Cash Flow Forecast**

Cash flows were projected based on past experience and actual operating results. These cashflows are based on the expected revenue growth for the entity over this 5-year period.

**Discount Rate**

Pre-tax discount rate of 21.72% was applied in determining the recoverable amounts for the goodwill of Access Bank Gambia. This discount rate was estimated using the Bank's beta, the risk-free rate and the country risk premium for Gambia.

**Terminal Growth Rate**

The terminal growth rate applied was based on the long term growth rate in GDP of Gambia.

The key assumptions described above may change as economic and market conditions change. The Group estimates that reasonably possible changes in these assumptions are not expected to cause the recoverable amount of the entity (from which the goodwill arose) to decline below their carrying amount.

| <b>Sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used</b><br><i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>10% increase</b> | <b>10% decrease</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Impact of change in discount rate on value-in-use computation (increase/decrease)  | (13)                | 17                  |
| Impact of change in growth rate on value-in-use computation (increase/decrease)    | 1                   | (1)                 |

There were no write-downs of goodwill due to impairment during the year.

**I. Access Bank Tanzania (African Banking Corporation):**

Goodwill represents the expected benefits arising from the expanded branch network and the synergies from the integration of operations following the acquisition.

In accordance with IAS 36 – Impairment of Assets, the Group performed an impairment indicator assessment as at the reporting date.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 29 Intangible assets continued

Based on this assessment, no indicators of impairment were identified; therefore, the carrying amount of goodwill remains unchanged from the acquisition date. The next comprehensive annual impairment test will be performed at year-end, in line with the Group's accounting policies.

#### (m) Access Bank UK (Afrasia Bank Limited, Mauritius):

Goodwill represents the expected value derived from a larger branch network and combined synergies of operations. The Directors are yet to complete the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) for the acquisition as at the reporting date. In line with the requirement of the standards, the carrying amount of the goodwill at acquisition date has been assessed as the same at reporting as there was no impairment indicators between the acquisition date and reporting date. The goodwill N16.28Bn arising from the acquisition of Afrasia Bank Limited, Mauritius.

### 30 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

#### (a) Group

The following items gave rise to temporary differences during the year. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following items below:

| In millions of Naira                  | 31 December 2025 |             |           | 31 December 2024 |             |           |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
|                                       | Assets           | Liabilities | Net       | Assets           | Liabilities | Net       |
| Property and equipment, and software  | 38,837           | (20,523)    | 18,314    | 2,630            | (11,859)    | (9,229)   |
| Allowances/(Reversal) for loan losses | 146,155          | -           | 146,155   | 144,870          | (1,439)     | 143,431   |
| Tax loss carry forward                | 503,852          | -           | 503,852   | 10,273           | (579)       | 9,694     |
| Exchange gain/(loss) unrealised       | -                | (634,552)   | (634,552) | 972              | (455,651)   | (454,679) |
| Tax losses                            | -                | -           | -         | 407,644          | -           | 407,644   |
| Deferred tax assets (net)             | 688,844          | (655,075)   | 33,769    | 566,389          | (469,528)   | 96,861    |

#### (b) Company

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

| In millions of Naira                  | 31 December 2025 |             |       | 31 December 2024 |             |     |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------|------------------|-------------|-----|
|                                       | Assets           | Liabilities | Net   | Assets           | Liabilities | Net |
| Property and equipment, and software  | -                | (123)       | (123) | -                | -           | -   |
| Allowances/(Reversal) for loan losses | -                | -           | -     | -                | -           | -   |
| Tax loss carry forward                | -                | -           | -     | -                | -           | -   |
| Exchange gain unrealised              | -                | -           | -     | -                | -           | -   |
| ECL on investment securities          | -                | -           | -     | -                | -           | -   |
| Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)     | -                | (123)       | (123) | -                | -           | -   |

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these can be utilised. Based on a review of medium-term profit forecasts, the Group has concluded that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profits will be generated in the foreseeable future to fully recover the deferred tax asset.

In line with the Group's accounting policy, deferred tax assets or liabilities arising from OCI-related temporary differences are not recognised until the timing and manner of their reversal become probable and reasonably estimable. This policy has been applied consistently across reporting periods.

| In millions of Naira                                                      | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Deferred income tax assets</b>                                         |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| - Deferred income tax asset to be recovered after more than 12 months     | 164,469                 | 134,202                 | -                         | -                         |
| - Deferred income tax asset to be recovered within 12 months              | 524,375                 | 432,187                 | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                           | 688,844                 | 566,389                 | -                         | -                         |
| <b>Deferred income tax liabilities</b>                                    |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| - Deferred income tax liability to be recovered after more than 12 months | (20,523)                | (13,877)                | -                         | -                         |
| - Deferred income tax liability to be recovered within 12 months          | (634,552)               | (455,651)               | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                           | (655,075)               | (469,528)               | -                         | -                         |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 30 Deferred tax assets and liabilities continued

## (c) Movement on the net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) account during the year:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>           | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year            | 96,861                  | 17,446                  | 2                         | 72                        |
| Tax charge                            | (33,350)                | 52,298                  | (123)                     | (70)                      |
| Translation adjustments               | (29,439)                | 27,118                  | -                         | -                         |
| Items included in OCI                 | (303)                   | (799)                   | -                         | -                         |
| Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | 33,769                  | 96,861                  | (121)                     | 2                         |
| Out of which                          |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Deferred tax assets                   | 688,844                 | 566,389                 | -                         | -                         |
| Deferred tax liabilities              | (655,075)               | (469,528)               | (123)                     | -                         |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 |               | 31 December 2024 |               |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
|                             | Assets           | Liabilities   | Assets           | Liabilities   |
| <b>Entity</b>               |                  |               |                  |               |
| Access Bank Sierra Leone    | 1,061            | -             | 1,379            | -             |
| Access Bank Rwanda          | -                | 392           | -                | 509           |
| Access Bank United Kingdom  | 12,347           | -             | -                | 3,732         |
| Access Bank Ghana           | 3,077            | -             | 39,516           | -             |
| Access Pensions             | -                | 20,315        | -                | 6,186         |
| Access Bank Tanzania        | -                | 61            | 148              | -             |
| Access Bank Gambia          | 633              | -             | -                | 182           |
| Access Bank Zambia          | 10,210           | -             | -                | 837           |
| Access Bank Kenya           | 8,198            | -             | 6,459            | -             |
| Access Bank Mozambique      | 7,130            | -             | 10,403           | -             |
| Access Bank Botswana        | 872              | -             | -                | 147           |
| Access Bank African office  | 4                | -             | -                | -             |
| Access Bank Nigeria         | 4,191            | -             | 40,518           | -             |
| Access Golf                 | -                | 85            | -                | -             |
| Access Bank Angola          | 7,020            | -             | 3,847            | -             |
| Access Holding Company      | -                | 123           | -                | -             |
| <b>Total Deferred Tax</b>   | <b>54,745</b>    | <b>20,976</b> | <b>102,270</b>   | <b>11,593</b> |

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these can be utilised. Based on a review of medium-term profit forecasts, the Group has concluded that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profits will be generated in the foreseeable future to fully recover the deferred tax asset. Accordingly, only 51% of the deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these Tax losses carried forward.

Temporary difference relating to the Group's Investment in subsidiaries as at 31 December 2025 is N590.43bn (December 2024: N490.28bn). As the Group exercises control over the subsidiaries, it has the power to control the timing of the reversals of the temporary difference arising from its investments in them. The Group has determined that the subsidiaries' profits and reserves will not be distributed in the foreseeable future and that the subsidiaries will not be disposed of. Hence, the deferred tax arising from the temporary differences above will not be recognised.

## Deferred tax asset not recognised

The group's deferred tax asset which typically arises from unutilised losses, unclaimed capital allowance and ECL allowance on non-credit impaired financial instruments is N209.07billion as at 31 December 2025 (2024: N260.47Bn ). The group has assessed based on its profit forecast, the extent to which there will be future taxable profits against which the deferred tax assets recognised, can be utilised. The value of unrecognised deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2025 is N182.31billion (2024: N219.95Bn).

| <i>Items included in Other Comprehensive Income</i>         | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Actuarial gain/loss on retirement benefit obligation</b> |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Gross gain/(loss) on retirement benefit obligation          | (917)                   | (2,422)                 | -                         | -                         |
| Deferred tax @ 33%                                          | 303                     | 799                     | -                         | -                         |
| Net balance loss after tax                                  | (615)                   | (1,623)                 | -                         | -                         |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 30 Deferred tax assets and liabilities continued

#### Deferred Tax asset

|                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Classified as:</b> |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Current               | 524,375                 | 432,187                 | -                         | -                         |
| Non current           | 164,469                 | 134,202                 | -                         | -                         |
|                       | 688,844                 | 566,389                 | -                         | -                         |

#### Deferred Tax liability

|                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Classified as:</b> |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Current               | (634,552)               | (455,651)               | -                         | -                         |
| Non current           | (20,523)                | (13,877)                | -                         | -                         |
|                       | (655,075)               | (469,528)               | -                         | -                         |

### 31a Investment properties

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January        | 437                     | 437                     | -                         | -                         |
| Disposals during the year   | (437)                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Valuation gain              | -                       | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Balance, end of year        | -                       | 437                     | -                         | -                         |

Investment property of N437 million for the Group, represents the value of landed properties which are carried and measured at fair value. There was no rental income from such properties during the year and no restrictions on the realisability of the property.

Valuation technique used for fair valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value, which has been determined based on valuations performed by various Estate Surveyors and Valuers. The valuers are industry specialists in valuing these types of investment properties. The fair value is supported by market evidence and represents the amount that would be received to sell the properties in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal market to which the Group has access at the date of valuation, in accordance with standard issued by the International Valuation Standards Committee. Valuations are performed on an annual basis and the fair value gains and losses are reported in valuation gain on investment properties under other operating income (see note 13). The profits or losses on disposal are also reported in the profit or loss as they occur.

The professional valuers engaged for the preparation of the valuation reports is Ifebunandu and associates. The Fair value of investment property was determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The valuer responsible for the valuation of the investment property is Arinze Ifebunandu (FRC/2013/NIESV/00000001884)

The fair value measurement for the investment property have been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. The technique employed for this valuation is the direct market method of valuation where the estimated amount for which the asset would be exchanged between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion is determined.

All investment properties have been disposed during the year for the Bank and Nil for Company.

### 31b Assets classified as held for sale

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January        | 93,125                  | 75,417                  | -                         | -                         |
| Additions                   | 28,000                  | 40,000                  | -                         | -                         |
| Disposals                   | (11,495)                | (22,292)                | -                         | -                         |
|                             | 109,630                 | 93,125                  | -                         | -                         |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 31 Investment properties continued

## 31b Assets classified as held for sale - continued

The total balance for non current financial assets held for sale for the year is N109.63Bn for Group (Company: Nil).

## Classified as:

|             |         |        |   |   |
|-------------|---------|--------|---|---|
| Current     | 109,630 | 93,125 | - | - |
| Non current | -       | -      | - | - |

The professional valuers engaged for the preparation of the valuation reports are: Omosigo, Omorodion & Partners (FRC/2014/NIESV/00000007156), Knight Frank (FRC/2013/0000000000584), Ubosi Eleh and Company (FRC/2014/00000003997), Odudu and Company (FRC/2012/NIESV/00000000198), Paul Osaji and Company (FRC/2013/00000000001098), Banjo Adeleke and Company (FRC/2013/NIESV/00000003314); and Osas and Oseji (FRC/2012/000000000522). These assets largely comprise of Land and buildings. The items in non-current asset held for sale are repossessed collateral and this is seen in Note 5.1.3 (g). During the year, management committed to sell part of the repossessed collaterals within the commercial Banking segment. Accordingly, part of that collateral is presented as asset held for sale. Efforts to sell the asset held for sale have started and a sale is expected within the time frame prescribed by IFRS 5. The fair value measurement for the non-current asset held for sale have been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. The technique employed for this valuation is the comparable method of valuation where an assessment of the fair value was gotten on the basis of collation and analysis of appropriate comparable transactions, together with evidence of demand within the vicinity of the subject property. The key unobservable input used in the valuation technique is the adjusted market price of comparable properties (e.g., price per square meter), including subjective adjustments for location, condition, and marketability.

In addition, a total of N11.5bn(Dec 2024: N22.3bn) was sold from the repossessed collaterals for a total value of N18.54bn and the gain on disposal N7.04bn (Dec 2024: N201mn) was recognised through profit or loss (see Note 13a).

## 32 Deposits from financial institutions

| In millions of Naira                       | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Money market deposits                      | 3,178,736               | 4,708,804               | -                         | -                         |
| Trade related obligations to foreign banks | 553,558                 | 4,599,452               | -                         | -                         |
|                                            | <b>3,732,294</b>        | <b>9,308,256</b>        | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |
| Current                                    | 3,727,607               | 9,304,240               | -                         | -                         |
| Non-current                                | 4,687                   | 4,016                   | -                         | -                         |
|                                            | <b>3,732,294</b>        | <b>9,308,256</b>        | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

## 33 Deposits from customers

| In millions of Naira | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Term deposits        | 12,848,422              | 6,920,102               | -                         | -                         |
| Demand deposits      | 16,587,650              | 11,483,363              | -                         | -                         |
| Saving deposits      | 5,126,075               | 4,121,460               | -                         | -                         |
|                      | <b>34,562,147</b>       | <b>22,524,925</b>       | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |
| Current              | 34,562,147              | 22,465,882              | -                         | -                         |
| Non-current          | -                       | 59,043                  | -                         | -                         |
| Total                | <b>34,562,147</b>       | <b>22,524,925</b>       | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 34 Other liabilities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                    | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Financial liabilities</b>                                   |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Certified and bank cheques                                     | 5,809                            | 6,126                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| E-banking payables (see (a) below)                             | 340,408                          | 133,519                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Collections account balances (see (b) below)                   | 1,490,592                        | 1,194,052                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Due to subsidiaries                                            | 2,864                            | 4,000                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Accruals                                                       | 114,155                          | 73,573                           | 396                                | 300                                |
| Contribution to Industrial Training Fund (ITF) (see (c) below) | -                                | 406                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Creditors                                                      | 162,983                          | 158,380                          | 83,795                             | 81,785                             |
| Payable on AMCON                                               | -                                | 20                               | -                                  | -                                  |
| Customer deposits for foreign exchange (see (d) below)         | 2,294,778                        | 270,175                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Agency services                                                | 92                               | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Unclaimed dividend                                             | 17,480                           | 17,727                           | 17,480                             | 17,727                             |
| Lease liabilities (see (g) below)                              | 56,880                           | 34,811                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Other financial liabilities (see (h) below)                    | 788,941                          | 302,841                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| ECL on off-balance sheet (see (e) below)                       | 5,772                            | 1,851                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | <b>5,280,754</b>                 | <b>2,197,481</b>                 | <b>101,669</b>                     | <b>99,810</b>                      |
| <b>Non-financial liabilities</b>                               |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Litigation claims provision (see (f) below)                    | 8,595                            | 8,118                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Other non-financial liabilities                                | 217,725                          | 40,780                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Total other liabilities</b>                                 | <b>5,507,074</b>                 | <b>2,246,379</b>                 | <b>101,669</b>                     | <b>99,810</b>                      |
| <b>Classified as:</b>                                          |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Current                                                        | 5,468,715                        | 2,222,385                        | 101,671                            | 99,810                             |
| Non current                                                    | 38,359                           | 23,994                           | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                | <b>5,507,074</b>                 | <b>2,246,379</b>                 | <b>101,671</b>                     | <b>99,810</b>                      |

- (a) E-banking payables represent settlements due to other banks for the use of their electronic channels by the Group's customers. The Group's Receivables from other banks is contained in Note 26.
- (b) Collections are balances held on behalf of customers for various transactions. These include escrows, collection for remittances, payments, etc.
- (c) The contribution to the Industrial training fund scheme is being shown as a separate line under other liabilities. This has been stripped out of the accrual line where it was previously warehoused. The amount here represents 1% of the personnel cost of the employer according to the ITF amendment ACT 2011.
- (d) Customer deposits for foreign exchange represents deposits that customers have made to fulfil foreign currency obligations. The Group's process requires that customers with foreign currency obligations deposit foreign currency to back the transactions. The corresponding balance is in Unrestricted deposits with central banks - Cash and balances with banks. (See Note 18)

#### (e) Movement in ECL on contingents

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>      | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance                  | 1,852                            | 3,928                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| (Write back)/Charge for the year | 294                              | 882                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Foreign exchange revaluation     | 597                              | (3,269)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Translation difference           | 1,128                            | 311                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                  | <b>3,871</b>                     | <b>1,852</b>                     | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 34 Other liabilities continued

#### (f) Movement in litigation claims provision

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Opening balance             | 8,117                   | 3,838                   | -                         | -                         |
| Additions                   | 778                     | 4,326                   | -                         | -                         |
| Payment                     | (301)                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Translation difference      | -                       | (47)                    | -                         | -                         |
| Closing balance             | 8,594                   | 8,117                   | -                         | -                         |

#### (g(i)) Lease liabilities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                   | Group<br>N'm  | Company<br>N'm |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| <b>Opening balance as at 1 January 2025</b>   | 34,811        | -              |
| Additions                                     | 16,977        | -              |
| Interest expense                              | 5,011         | -              |
| Lease payments                                | (1,888)       | -              |
| Leases terminations in the year               | (613)         | -              |
| *Derecognition due to lease modifications     | (351)         | -              |
| Translation difference                        | 2,932         | -              |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>56,880</b> | <b>-</b>       |
| Current lease liabilities                     | 18,521        | -              |
| Non-current lease liabilities                 | 38,359        | -              |
|                                               | <b>56,880</b> | <b>-</b>       |

#### (g(ii)) Lease liabilities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                   | Group<br>N'm  | Company<br>N'm |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| <b>Opening balance as at 1 January 2024</b>   | 15,297        | -              |
| Additions                                     | 16,324        | -              |
| Interest expense                              | 4,358         | -              |
| Lease payments                                | (1,592)       | -              |
| *Derecognition due to lease modifications     | (680)         | -              |
| Translation difference                        | 1,092         | -              |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>34,811</b> | <b>-</b>       |
| Current lease liabilities                     | 10,819        | -              |
| Non-current lease liabilities                 | 23,992        | -              |
|                                               | <b>34,811</b> | <b>-</b>       |

#### (g(iii)) Liquidity risk (maturity analysis of undiscounted lease liabilities)

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>            | Group<br>N'm | Company<br>N'm |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Less than 6 months                     | 3,949        | -              |
| 6-12 months                            | 11,282       | -              |
| Between 1 and 2 periods                | 8,461        | -              |
| Between 2 and 5 periods                | 14,102       | -              |
| Above 5 periods                        | 15,795       | -              |
| Closing balance as at 31 December 2025 | 53,589       | -              |
| Carrying amount                        | 53,589       | -              |

\*This relates to lease contracts that were modified during the year, subsequently derecognised and new contracts were drawn up to represent the new leases

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 34 Other liabilities continued

- (h) Other financial liabilities is comprised of items unclaimed items due to customers, other tax payables, staff payables, and payables due to counterparties in the ordinary course of business.

Included in the payable to financial institutions are amounts due to financial institution that matured during the reporting period. These funds were subsequently rolled over after the reporting period.

### 35 Debt securities issued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>            | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Debt securities at amortised cost:     |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Eurobond debt security (see (i) below) | 730,907                          | 784,601                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Green Bond (see (ii) below)            | -                                | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Local Bond (see (iii) below)           | 16,002                           | 32,803                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Debentures (see (iv) below)            | 12,726                           | 11,395                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Preference Shares (see (vi) below)     | 160,831                          | 160,831                          | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                        | <b>920,466</b>                   | <b>989,630</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### Movement in Debt securities issued:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | <b>Group<br/>31 December 2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December 2025</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Net debt as at 1 January 2025</b>            | 989,630                           | -                                   |
| Debt securities issued                          | 400,000                           | -                                   |
| Repayment of debt securities issued             | (415,000)                         | -                                   |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         | <b>974,630</b>                    | <b>-</b>                            |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | (123,069)                         | -                                   |
| <b>Other changes</b>                            |                                   |                                     |
| Interest expense                                | 119,724                           | -                                   |
| Interest paid                                   | (50,819)                          | -                                   |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2025</b>   | <b>920,466</b>                    | <b>-</b>                            |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | <b>Group<br/>31 December 2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December 2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Net debt as at 1 January 2024</b>            | 585,024                           | -                                   |
| Debt securities issued                          | 160,831                           | -                                   |
| Repayment of debt securities issued             | (84,943)                          | -                                   |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         | <b>660,912</b>                    | <b>-</b>                            |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | 303,379                           | -                                   |
| <b>Other changes</b>                            |                                   |                                     |
| Interest expense                                | 53,231                            | -                                   |
| Interest paid                                   | (27,892)                          | -                                   |
| <b>Closing balance as at 31 December 2024</b>   | <b>989,630</b>                    | <b>-</b>                            |

- (i) This refers to US\$500,000,000 notes of 6.13% interest issued on 21 September 2021 with a maturity date of 21 September 2026. The principal amount is payable at maturity, whilst coupon due is payable on a semi-annual basis.

- (ii) The Bank issued four tranches of commercial paper differentiated by their tenors. Series 1 has an interest rate of 21.34% for 180 days to



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 35 Debt securities issued continued

mature Aug 20, 2025 and the volume of issuance is N77.69bn. Series 2 was issued at an interest rate of 20.93% for 270 days to mature Nov 18, 2025 with a volume of N129.05Bn. Series 3 was issued at an interest rate of 19.16% for 180 days to mature Sep 22, 2025 with a volume of N41.51bn. Series 4 was issued at an interest rate of 21.03% for 270 days to mature Dec 22, 2025 with a volume of N151.74bn. All series of the commercial papers are payable at maturity.

- (iii) Access Bank Plc issued a local bond of N30bn on July, 4, 2019 with a coupon rate of 15.5% payable semi-annually. The bond has a tenor of 7 periods and is due on July, 2026. The principal amount on the notes are payable at maturity, whilst interest is payable on a semi-annual basis at their respective interest rates.
- (iv) Access South Africa issued a Tier II subordinated convertible debenture of 183mn South African Rand on June, 30, 2021 with a coupon rate of 2% above 6 months JIBAR payable semi-annually. The bond has a tenor of 5 periods and is due on September, 2026. The Bonds have a call option date of 1st July, 2026 and the issuer's call is subject to supervisory's approval.
- (v) Preference shares represent proceeds from the issuance of class B fixed rate, redeemable non-cumulative convertible preference shares by Access Golf Limited, a special purpose entity of the Company during the period. A total of 64,332,370 preference shares were issued at a nominal value of N0.01 per share issued at N2,500 per Subscription Share. The Preference Shareholders are entitled to an annual fixed dividend of 10% per annum. The conversion is at the option of the investors.

## 36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                                              | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Netherlands Development Finance Company (see note (a))                                                   | 267,254                          | 193,042                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Citi Bank (see note (b))                                                                                 | -                                | 15,774                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| European Investment Bank (see note (c))                                                                  | 76,157                           | 70,379                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Deutsche Investitions- und Entwicklungsgesellschaft (DEG) (see note (d))                                 | -                                | 34,885                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| International Finance Corporation (see note (e))                                                         | -                                | 187,311                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Invest International (see note (f))                                                                      | 14,674                           | 20,951                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| US Development Finance Corporation (see note (g))                                                        | 285,072                          | 312,387                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Botswana Development Corporation Limited (see note (h))                                                  | 39,608                           | 48,548                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Norfund Private Equity Company (see note (i))                                                            | 12,451                           | 20,882                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Central Bank of Rwanda (see note (j))                                                                    | 21,896                           | 21,503                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Central Bank of Nigeria under the Commercial Agriculture Credit Scheme (see note (k))                    | 260                              | 1,257                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Central Bank of Nigeria - Shared Agent Network Expansion Facility (SANEF) (see note (l))                 | 747                              | 1,075                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Special Refinancing & Restructuring Intervention fund (SRRIF) (see note (m))                             | 2,048                            | 3,376                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Central Bank of Nigeria - Salary Bailout facilities (see note (n))                                       | 49,849                           | 53,984                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Central Bank of Nigeria - Excess Crude Account (see note (o))                                            | 83,212                           | 89,974                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Real Sector And Support Facility (RSSF) (see note (p))                                                   | 2,117                            | 3,157                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Development Bank of Nigeria (DBN) (see note (q))                                                         | 69,214                           | 82,483                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Real Sector Support Facility (RSSF) Differentiated Cash Reserve Requirement Scheme (DCRR) (see note (r)) | 190,063                          | 271,449                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Nigeria Mortgage Refinance Company (NMRC) (see note (s))                                                 | 4,566                            | 4,872                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Africa Finance Corporation (AFC)                                                                         | -                                | 477,629                          | -                                  | 477,629                            |
| Ghana International Bank (see note (t))                                                                  | 11,678                           | 13,294                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| BOI Power and steel (PAIF) (see note (u))                                                                | -                                | 167                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Creative Industry Financing Initiative Fund (CIFI) (see note (v))                                        | 205                              | 323                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Accelerated Agricultural Development Scheme (AADS) (see note (w))                                        | 26                               | 71                               | -                                  | -                                  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings continued

| In millions of Naira                                                                                  | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Non-Oil Export Stimulation Facility (NESF) (see note (x))                                             | 4,756                   | 6,831                   | -                         | -                         |
| Health Sector Intervention (HSI) Differentiated Cash Reserve Requirement Scheme (DCRR) (see note (y)) | 11,625                  | 14,129                  | -                         | -                         |
| Lagos State Employment Trust Fund (LESTF) W Initiative (see note (z))                                 | 140                     | 140                     | -                         | -                         |
| ECOWAS Bank for Investment and Development (EBID) (see note (aa))                                     | 40,869                  | 51,010                  | -                         | -                         |
| JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A. (see note (ao))                                                             | -                       | 4,139                   | -                         | -                         |
| Tanzania Mortgage Refinance company ltd (see note (ab))                                               | 3,847                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Bank of Zambia - (TMTRF) (see note (ac))                                                              | 3,590                   | 21,531                  | -                         | -                         |
| ABC Holdings Ltd (see note (ad))                                                                      | 37,618                  | 87,432                  | -                         | -                         |
| Japan International Cooperation Agency(JICA) (see note ae)                                            | 108,997                 | 116,241                 | -                         | -                         |
| British International Investment plc (BII) (see note af)                                              | -                       | 92,961                  | -                         | -                         |
| Medium Term Note Programme(MTNP) (see note ag)                                                        | 13,651                  | 14,467                  | -                         | -                         |
| OFID (see note ah)                                                                                    | 29,759                  | 30,973                  | -                         | -                         |
| Central Bank Pension Fund - Mozambique( see note ai)                                                  | -                       | 6,453                   | -                         | -                         |
| Blue Orchard Micro Finance Fund ( see note aj)                                                        | 22,753                  | 24,298                  | -                         | -                         |
| ARM Investment Managers Limited ( see note ak)                                                        | 7,896                   | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Goldman Sachs INT ( see note al)                                                                      | 40,945                  | -                       | -                         | -                         |
| Other loans and borrowings ( see note am)                                                             | 49,062                  | 2,984                   | -                         | -                         |
| ABSA ( see note an)                                                                                   | 73,228                  | -                       | 73,228                    | -                         |
| AFREXIM( see note ap)                                                                                 | 448,342                 | -                       | 448,342                   | -                         |
|                                                                                                       | <b>2,038,058</b>        | <b>2,402,362</b>        | <b>521,570</b>            | <b>477,629</b>            |

There have been no defaults in any of the borrowings covenants during the year

- (a) The amount of ₦267,253,569,982.09 (USD 185,601,779.24) represents the outstanding balance in the facility granted to the Bank by the Netherlands Development Finance Company effective from August 2020 (USD 93.8m), October 2022 (USD 45m) and April 2025 (USD 162.5m) for a period of 5 years, 6 years and 10 years respectively. The principal amount is repayable quarterly and semi-annually from January 2026, May 2023 and January 2030 respectively while interest is paid quarterly at 9.61%, Semi-Annually at 6 months SOFR + 450bp and quarterly at 3 months SOFR + 850BP.
- (b) The amount of ₦7,749,805,932 (USD 5,058,621) represents the outstanding balance on facility was granted to the Bank by CITI Bank in November 2022 (USD 20M) for a period of 3 years. The principal amount is repayable quarterly from January 2024, while the interest portion is payable quarterly at 3.30% above 3 months SOFR and 330bps. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (c) The amount of ₦76,157,232,501.39 (USD 52,889,538.03) represents the outstanding balance on four facilities granted to the Bank by the European Investment Bank (EIB) in July 2020 (USD 68.7m), Dec 2023 (USD 16.3m), August 2024 (USD 13.53) and August 2025 (USD 22.4) for a period of 5 years, 12 years, 12 years and 12 years respectively. Interest is paid semi-annually at 3.038%, 7.298%, 6.62% and 3.046% respectively.
- (d) The amount of ₦34,382,645,680 (USD 22,442,981)

represents the outstanding balance on the ZAR 250,000,000 facility granted to South Africa in December 2022 for a period of 7 years with the principal and interest amount repayable quarterly. The facility of USD 15mn granted to the Bank by the Deutsche Investitions- und Entwicklungsgesellschaft (DEG) in December 2017 (USD 15m) for a period of 7 and a half years has been fully settled. It also includes From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

- (e) The International Finance Corporation first tranche of USD 87.5mn was disbursed in June 2019 for a period of 10 years. The principal amount will be repayable quarterly from September 2024, while interest is paid quarterly at 7.65% above 3 months SOFR. There has been a transition from SOFR to SOFR effective May 2023 for the interest payable. The second Tranche of USD 70mn was disbursed in March 2024 for a period of 1 year. The principal will be repayable at the end of the tenure while interest will be paid quarterly at 3.75%+ 3 Months SOFR. The principal has been fully settled. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (f) The amount of ₦14,673,803,994.35 (USD 10,190,637.04) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility of USD 20mn granted to the Bank by Invest International in September 2022 for 6 years. The principal amount will be paid in 10 equal installments from November 2022, while interest is paid semi-annually at 4.5% above 6 months SOFR. There has been a transition from SOFR to SOFR effective May 2023 for the interest payable. From

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings continued

this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

- (g) The amount of ₦285,071,910,059.005 (USD 197,976,228.05) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility of USD 200mn granted to Access Bank by the US Development Finance Corporation in November 2022 for 10 years. The principal amount will be repayable quarterly from January 2025 while interest is paid quarterly at 3.90% above 3 months SOFR. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (h) The amount of ₦39,608,475,939.9811 (USD 27,507,223.22) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility of BWP 150mn granted to Access Bank Botswana by the Botswana Development Corporation Ltd (BDC) in 2018. The loan has a 10 year tenure (maturing 3 August 2028) at an interest rate of bank rate (currently 4.75%) and a margin of 4%. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (i) The amount of ₦12,450,976,381 (USD 8,646,932) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Ghana by Norfund in November 2022. The loan has a 5 year tenure (maturing November 2027) at an interest rate of 8.94%. Interest is to be paid semi-annually beginning in June 2023. Principal repayment is semi-annually for the next 4 years. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (j) The amount of ₦21,895,957,318.57 (USD 15,206,265.10) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Rwanda by the Central Bank of Rwanda in 2021 for a year. The principal amount will be bullet at maturity in 2023 while interest is paid at maturity at 8%. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (k) The amount of ₦259,751,969.89 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria in collaboration with the Federal Government of Nigeria (FGN) in respect of Commercial Agriculture Credit Scheme (CACS) established by both CBN and the FGN for promoting commercial agricultural enterprises in Nigeria. The facility is for a maximum year of 7 years at a zero percent interest rate to the Bank. The Bank did not provide security for this facility. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (l) The ₦747,291,017.10 on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria, to facilitate the rapid rollout of agent networks across Nigeria supporting the expansion of a shared Agent Network to deepen financial inclusion in Nigeria. The total facility has a tenor of 10 years at a 5% interest rate and the facility is meant for CBN Licensed Mobile Money Operators and Super Agents. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (m) The facility of ₦2,048,056,634.768 on intervention under the Special refinancing and Restructuring intervention fund, with a 10 year tenor which is due on the 31 July 2028. The bank has a 36 months moratorium on the facility after which principal repayment will be charged quarterly. Though the facility is meant for on-lending to borrowers in specified sectors, the Bank remains the primary obligor to the BOI and therefore assumes the risk of default of customers. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (n) The amount of ₦49,848,930,659.708 represents the outstanding balance on the state salary bailout facilities granted to the bank by the Central Bank of Nigeria for onward disbursements to state governments for payments of salary of workers of the states. The facility has a tenor of 20 years with a 2% interest payable to the CBN. The Bank is under obligation to on-lend to the states at an all-in interest rate of 9% per annum. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (o) The amount of ₦83,212,393,452.19 represents the outstanding balance on the excess crude account loans granted to the bank by the Central Bank of Nigeria for onward disbursements to state governments. The facility has a tenor of 20 years with a 2% interest payable to the CBN. The Bank is under obligation to on-lend to the states at an all-in interest rate of 9% per annum. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (p) The amount of ₦2,116,930,356.93 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria in respect of the Real Sector Support Facility (RSSF) established by CBN. The facility tenor is for a range of 7 to 10 years inclusive of 24 months moratorium at a 3% interest rate to the Bank. An additional facility of NGN2bn was disbursed under the scheme for a period of 7 years inclusive of 1 year moratorium at a 3% interest rate to the Bank. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (q) The amount of ₦69,214,267,482.10 represents the outstanding balance on four on-lending facilities granted to the Bank by the Development Bank of Nigeria in two series in respect of the Micro, Small and Medium Scale Enterprises (MSMEs) and Small Corporates. The facilities are for a maximum of 3 years at a 9.6% interest rate to the Bank. A third series of about 1.68bn was disbursed for a period of 10 years. The fourth facility of about 70bn was disbursed for a period of 10 years at an interest rate of 10%. It also includes the 20bn disbursed in August 2022, for a maximum of 3 years. Principal repayment will began in February 2024 while interest is at a rate of 12%. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (r) The amount of ₦190,062,856,929.038 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria in respect of the Real Sector Support Facility (RSSF) Differentiated Cash Reserve Requirement scheme (DCCR) established by CBN

**36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings** continued

supporting Reddington Multi-specialist Hospital, Dana Motors, Lafarge Africa PLC. The facility is for a maximum period of 7 years inclusive of 12 months moratorium for Reddington and Dana and a 24 months moratorium for Lafarge at a 0% interest rate to the Bank. Additional amounts were disbursed between July 2019 and November 2019 in favor of 5 other beneficiaries amounting to 34.58bn for a period of 7 years with 2 years moratorium at 2% interest rate on a quarterly basis for the first 4 counterparties and 10 years with no moratorium at 1% interest rate on a quarterly basis for the last counterparty. There were additional facilities disbursed in 2020 in favor of 16 other beneficiaries amounting to about N59bn for a period of 4 to 10 years inclusive of 6 months to 2 years moratorium at 2% interest rate on a quarterly basis. Additionally, facility worth 149bn was disbursed in 2022 to for mangal, BUA, retail supermarket etc for a period of 7.5 to 10 years at 2% interest rate on a quarterly basis. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

- (s) The amount of ₦4,565,541,650.62 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Nigeria Mortgage Refinance Company. The facility is for a maximum period of 15 years commencing from the date of execution of this agreement at a 14.5% interest rate to the Bank. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (t) The amount of ₦11,861,478,140.75 (USD 8,237,538.03) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Ghana by Ghana International Bank in October 2022. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (u) This facility on intervention credit granted to the Bank by the Bank of Industry (BOI), a company incorporated in Nigeria, which has a maximum tenor of 15 years and a management fee of 1% deductible at source is paid by the Bank under the on-lending agreement has been fully settled. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (v) The amount of ₦205,264,018 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by the Central Bank of Nigeria under the Creative Industry Financing Initiative established by the CBN. The initiative is on a request by request basis. The tenor of the facilities granted ranges from 3 to 10 years inclusive of a maximum of 24 months moratorium. There are currently 14 beneficiaries under the initiative. The Bank is under obligation to on-lend to customers at an all-in interest rate of 9% with 2% remitted to CBN. The Bank remains the primary obligor to CBN and therefore assumes the risk of default of customers. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (w) The amount of ₦26,293,150.68 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria in respect of the Accelerated Agricultural Development Scheme (AADS) on behalf of Bayelsa State Government. The facility is for a period of 3 years inclusive of 24 months moratorium at a 4% interest

rate repayable on a monthly basis. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

- (x) The amount of ₦4,755,731,567 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria in respect of the Non-Oil Export Stimulation Facility (NESF) supporting Leaf Tobacco and Commodities Nigeria Limited in acquiring additional machinery for expansion of their facilities. The facility is for a period of 6 years inclusive of 12 months moratorium at a 1% interest rate repayable on a quarterly basis which will increase to 2% effective March 1, 2022. It also includes an additional N5bn disbursed in september 2022 for a period of 7 years at 2% interest repayable on a quarterly basiss. Principal repayment will start in October 2024, payable on a quarterly basis. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (y) The amount of ₦11,625,042,376.9436 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Central Bank of Nigeria through the Health Sector Intervention Facility (HSIF) window of the Real Sector Support Facility (RSSF) Differentiated Cash Reserve Requirement scheme (DCCR) supporting 8 beneficiaries (N7.6bn). The tenor of the facility ranges from 4 to 10 years inclusive of maximum moratorium of 12 months. The interest is set at 1% repayable on a quarterly basis which will increase to 2% effective March 2022. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (z) The amount of ₦140,324,715 represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by Lagos State Employment Trust Fund (LESTF) to support financial inclusion of women in Lagos state. The tenor of the facility is 2 years. The interest is set at 5% repayable on a monthly basis. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (aa) The amount of ₦41,828,396,976.3(USD 29,048,910.00) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Group's Subsidiary in Ghana by ECOWAS Bank for Investment and Development (EBID) for two different facilities which attracts an interest rate of 4.75% for 90 days and 2.75% for 63 days respectively disbursed on 29 June 2022 and 6 June 2022 all with principal and interest payable at maturity. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (ab) The facility of ₦3,847,425,500.266(USD 2,671,953.15) was granted to the Group's Subsidiary in Tanzania by Tanzania Mortgage Refinance company ltd which attracts an interest rate of 7.5% for 5 years with interest and principal paid quarterly. the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.
- (ac) The amount of ₦3,589,873,707(USD 2,493,089) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Group's Subsidiary in Zambia by Bank of Zambia - (TMTRF) which attracts an interest rate ranging from 9.5% to 10.25% with tenors ranging from 30 days to 7 years

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings continued

with eight different facilities disbursed on 31 July 2020, 10 March 2021, 3 December 2021 and 16 December 2021. Interest is payable quarterly after 12 months moratorium and principal is paid at maturity. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(ad) The amount of ₦37,618,262,714 (USD 26,125,064) This on-lending facility granted to the Group's Subsidiary in Zambia by ABC Holdings Ltd for two facilities disbursed for a period of 5 and 10 years respectively which attracts an interest rate of 8.5% and 14.25% respectively with Semi-annual repayment of interest and Principal on maturity. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(at) The on-lending facility granted to the Group's Subsidiary in South Africa by SBSA which attracts an interest rate ranging from 9.012% to 9.89% with tenors ranging from 30 days to 1 year. Principal and Interest is payable quarterly within 12 months. The Facility has fully matured with the balances paid off. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 30 June 2025.

(ae) The amount of ₦108,996,856,253.349 (USD 75,695,940.95) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank by the Japan international Cooperation Agency (JICA) on the 22nd of December 2023 which attracts an interest rate of 2.9% plus 6 months SOFR for a tenor of 7 years. Principal and Interest is payable semiannually with a principal moratorium of 3 years. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(af) The on-lending facility granted to the Bank by the British International Investment Plc (BII) on the 29th of September 2023 which attracts an interest rate of 3% plus 3 months SOFR for a tenor of 1 years. Interest is payable Quarterly with principal payment at the end of the contract. The Facility has fully matured with the balances paid off. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(ag) The amount of ₦13,650,925,181.1 (USD 9,480,270) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Botswana. on 29 November 2023 Access Bank Botswana finalised a BWP 101 million drawdown on the BWP 2 billion Medium Term Note Programme. The notes purchasers had options to purchase securities of either a 3 year or 5 year tenure and are repayable in full at maturity. Interest is paid bi annually throughout the term of the bond. The rate for the bonds are fixed at 8.50% and 9.25% for the 3 year and 5 year notes respectively. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(ah) The amount of ₦29,759,171,484.26 (USD 20,667,095.959) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Botswana. On 19 June 2023 Access Bank Botswana finalised a USD 20 million Term loan Facility provided by the OPEC Fund for International Development ("OFID"). The loan was drawdown on the 18th December 2023. The loan has a 5 year tenure with a 2 year moratorium on Capital after which it repayable in

6 equal bi annual installments. Interest is paid quarterly during the three years and the Capital is paid in 16 equal instalments after year 3. The rate is six month SOFR plus a margin of 2.75%. The loan was disbursed in one tranche. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(ay) The amount of ₦12,461,333,556 (USD 8,373,370.4) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Mozambique from INPS which attract an interest rate of 15%, tenor of 1 year with repayment of Principal and interest on maturity. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 30 June 2025.

(ai) The on-lending facility granted to Access Bank Mozambique from the Central Bank Pension Fund which attract an interest rate of 4%, tenor of 4 year with repayment of Principal on maturity and interest on a monthly basis has been fully settled. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(aj) The amount of ₦22,752,590,329.52 (USD 15,801,178.06) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank from Blue Orchard Micro Finance Fund which attract an interest rate of 3.80% Plus 6 Months SOFR payable semi annually, tenor of 5 year with repayment of Principal effective March 2026 on a semi annual basis. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(ak) The amount of ₦7,896,207,786.78 (USD 5,483,744.20) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank from ARM which attract an interest rate of 6.75% and monthly Principal and Interest payment. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(al) The amount of ₦40,945,232,881 (USD 28,435,572) represents the outstanding balance on the on-lending facility granted to the Bank from Goldman Sachs INT at an interest rate of SOFR +3.250% with maturity date of January 2026. From this, creditor has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(am) The amount of ₦49,061,750,012.42 (USD 34,072,316.02) represents other borrowings to the Banking Group not highlighted above. From this creditor, the bank has nil undrawn balance as at 31 December 2025.

(an) The sum of ₦73,228,368,063.41 represents a USD 50 million bridge facility granted to the Company by Absa Bank Limited in July 2025. The facility has a tenor of six (6) months and is priced at a floating interest rate of 3-month SOFR plus a margin of 4% per annum.

(ap) The sum of ₦448,341,741,876.77 represents a USD 300 million term loan facility granted to the Company by African Export-Import Bank (Afreximbank) in July 2025. The facility has an initial tenor of six (6) months, with an option to extend up to three (3) years, and is priced at a floating interest rate of Term SOFR plus a margin of 4% per annum.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 36. Interest bearing loans and borrowings continued

#### Reconciliation of interest bearing borrowings

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Balance as at 1 January 2025                    | 2,402,363                             | 477,629                                 |
| Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings       | 246,846                               | -                                       |
| Repayment of interest bearing borrowings        | (631,552)                             | -                                       |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         | 2,017,657                             | 477,629                                 |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | (7,160)                               | 31,846                                  |
| Other changes                                   |                                       |                                         |
| Interest expense (see Note 8)                   | 223,901                               | 38,467                                  |
| Interest paid                                   | (206,143)                             | (26,372)                                |
| Closing balance as at 31 December 2025          | <b>2,028,255</b>                      | <b>521,570</b>                          |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Balance as at 1 January 2024                    | 1,896,117                             | 293,892                                 |
| Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings       | 2,066,926                             | 464,700                                 |
| Arising from business combination (Note 44)     | 378,189                               | -                                       |
| Repayment of interest bearing borrowings        | -                                     | -                                       |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         | 4,341,232                             | 758,592                                 |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | (2,285,151)                           | (315,279)                               |
| <b>Other changes</b>                            |                                       |                                         |
| Interest expense                                | 207,842                               | 51,859                                  |
| Interest paid                                   | 138,440                               | (17,543)                                |
| Balance as at 31 December 2024                  | <b>2,402,363</b>                      | <b>477,629</b>                          |

### 37 Retirement benefit obligation

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                               | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Recognised liability for defined benefit obligations (see note (a) below) | 13,911                           | 11,559                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Liability for defined contribution obligations                            | 6,154                            | 106                              | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                           | <b>20,065</b>                    | <b>11,665</b>                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (a) Defined benefit obligations

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Post employment benefit plan (see note (i) below) | 13,911                           | 11,559                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Recognised liability                              | <b>13,911</b>                    | <b>11,559</b>                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (i) Post employment benefit plan

The Bank operates a non-contributory, lump sum defined benefit post employment benefit plan for top executive management of the Bank from General Manager and above based on the number of periods spent in these positions. The scheme is also aimed at rewarding executive directors and other senior executives for the contributions to achieving the Bank's long-term growth objectives.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 37 Retirement benefit obligation continued

There is no funding arrangement with a trustee for the Post employment benefit plan as the Bank pays for all obligations from its current period profit as such obligations fall due. Depending on their grade, executive staff of the Bank upon retirement are entitled to certain benefits based on their length of stay on that grade.

The amount recognised in the statement of financial position is as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                                 | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Defined benefit obligations at 1 January                                                    | 11,559                           | 8,480                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Charge for the year:                                                                        |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| -Interest costs                                                                             | 2,692                            | 1,923                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Current service cost                                                                       | 1,822                            | 1,917                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Past service cost                                                                          | -                                | 3,182                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Benefits paid                                                                              | (1,246)                          | (1,521)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| -Pension under the scheme                                                                   |                                  | -                                |                                    |                                    |
| Net actuarial gain/(loss) for the year remeasured in OCI:                                   |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in salary increases        | (402)                            | 231                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in promotions              | -                                | 332                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from benefits due                       | (1,982)                          | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumption    | 1,434                            | (2,411)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in demographic experience  | 86                               | (574)                            |                                    |                                    |
| Remeasurements - Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in correction of past data |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Balance, end of year                                                                        | (53)                             | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Expense recognised in income statement:                                                     | <b>13,911</b>                    | <b>11,559</b>                    | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |
| Current service cost                                                                        |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Past service cost                                                                           |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Interest on obligation                                                                      | 1,822                            | 1,917                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Total expense recognised in profit and loss (see Note 14)                                   | -                                | 3,182                            |                                    |                                    |
|                                                                                             | 2,692                            | 1,923                            | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                                             | <b>4,513</b>                     | <b>7,022</b>                     | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

All retired benefit obligations have been classified as non current with a closing amount of N13.9 billion (December 2024: N11.56b) for both Group and Company

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 3 years. The information on the maturity profile of the defined benefit plan includes the maturity analysis and the distribution of the timing of payment.

**Risk exposure**

Through its defined benefit pension plan, the group is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

- Changes in bond yields - A decrease in government bond yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the plans' bond holdings.
- Inflation risks - Some of the group's pension obligations are linked to salary inflation, and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities.
- Life expectancy - The majority of the plans' obligations are to provide benefits for the life of the member, so increases in life expectancy will result in an increase in the plans' liabilities

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 37 Retirement benefit obligation continued

The sensitivities below relates to Group and Company.

| 31 December 2025<br>In millions of Naira                 | Impact on defined benefit obligation |                      |                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|                                                          | Decrease in assumption by 1%         | Liability changes to | Total comprehensive income |
| Effect of changes in the assumption to the discount rate | Increase in liability by 3.5%        | 14,401               | (490)                      |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the salary growth     | Decrease in the liability by 2.9%    | 13,452               | 458                        |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the mortality rate    | Decrease in liability by 0.05%       | 13,906               | 5                          |

| In millions of Naira                                     | Impact on defined benefit obligation |                      |                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|                                                          | Decrease in assumption by 1%         | Liability changes to | Total comprehensive income |
| Effect of changes in the assumption to the discount rate | Decrease in liability by 3.3%        | 13,448               | 463                        |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the salary growth     | Increase in the liability by 3.1%    | 14,393               | (482)                      |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the mortality rate    | Increase in the liability by 0.06%   | 13,916               | (6)                        |

| 31 December 2024<br>In millions of Naira                 | Impact on defined benefit obligation |                      |                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|                                                          | Decrease in assumption by 1%         | Liability changes to | Total comprehensive income |
| Effect of changes in the assumption to the discount rate | Increase in liability by 2.9%        | 11,896               | (337)                      |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the salary growth     | Decrease in the liability by 2.6%    | 11,258               | 301                        |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the mortality rate    | Decrease in liability by 0.1%        | 11,551               | 8                          |

| In millions of Naira                                     | Impact on defined benefit obligation |                      |                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
|                                                          | Decrease in assumption by 1%         | Liability changes to | Total comprehensive income |
| Effect of changes in the assumption to the discount rate | Decrease in liability by 2.7%        | 11,242               | 318                        |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the salary growth     | Increase in the liability by 2.7%    | 11,877               | (318)                      |
| Effect of changes in assumption to the mortality rate    | Increase in the liability by 0.1%    | 11,568               | (9)                        |

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the year) has been applied as when calculating the pension liability recognised within the statement of financial position. The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous year.

#### Actuarial assumptions:

Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages):

The most recent valuation was performed by Alexander Forbes as at 31 December 2025.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 37 Retirement benefit obligation continued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>             | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Discount rate                           | 21.10%           | 15.00%           |
| Future salary increases                 | 5.00%            | 5.00%            |
| Retirement age for both male and female | 60 years         | 60 years         |
| Retirement rate: 50 – 59 (average rate) | 1.89%            | 1.89%            |
| Withdrawal rate: 18 – 29                | 4.50%            | 4.50%            |
| Withdrawal rate: 30 – 44                | 6.00%            | 6.00%            |
| Withdrawal rate: 45 – 50                | 5.00%            | 5.00%            |
| Withdrawal rate: 51 – 59 (average rate) | 1.67%            | 1.67%            |

Assumptions regarding future mortality before retirement are based on A1967/70 ultimate table published by the Institute of Actuaries of United Kingdom. The rate used to discount post employment benefit obligations has been determined by reference to the yield on Nigerian Government bonds of medium duration. This converts into an effective yield of 21.1% as at 31 March 2025. For members in active service as at the valuation date, the projected unit credit method of valuation as required under the IFRS has been adopted.

### 38 Capital and reserves

#### A Share capital

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                | Company 31 December 2025 | Company 31 December 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>(a) Issued and fully paid-up :</b>      |                          |                          |
| 53,317,838,433 Ordinary shares of 50k each | 26,659                   | 26,659                   |

#### Ordinary shareholding:

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank pari-passu with the same rights and benefits at meetings of the Company.

#### Preference shareholding:

Preference shares do not carry the right to vote. Preference shareholders have priority over ordinary shareholders with regard to the residual assets of the Company and participate only to the extent of the face value of the shares plus any accrued dividends. No preference shares were in issue as at the end of the year.

The movement on the issued and fully paid-up share capital account during the year was as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>    | Company 31 December 2025 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year | 26,659                   |
| Balance, end of the year       | 26,659                   |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                               | Company 31 December 2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year                            | 17,773                   |
| Additional shares by right issues (see note 38B(i) below) | 8,886                    |
| Balance, end of the year                                  | 26,659                   |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 38 Capital and reserves continued

(b) The movement on the number of shares in issue during the year was as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year    | 53,318                                  | 35,545                                  |
| Additional shares by rights issue | -                                       | 17,773                                  |
| Balance, end of the year          | 53,318                                  | 53,318                                  |

#### B Share premium

Share premium is the excess paid by shareholders over the nominal value for their shares.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>             | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year          | 568,244                                 | 234,039                                 |
| Additional shares by rights issue       | -                                       | 334,205                                 |
| Balance, end of the year                | 568,244                                 | 568,244                                 |
| Share capital and share premium (A + B) | <b>594,903</b>                          | <b>594,903</b>                          |

#### C Deposit for shares (subsequent events)

In the circular dated 14 November 2025, the Central Bank of Nigeria clarified that the minimum paid-up capital referenced under Section 7.1 of the Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies (2014) should be calculated strictly as the par value of issued shares plus any share premium arising from the issuance.

In line with this directive, the Group obtained approval for a N21.42 billion private placement from the Central Bank of Nigeria on 20 February 2026.

This brings the Group into full compliance with the revised minimum paid-up capital requirement under the CBN Guidelines, in accordance with Section 7.1 of the CBN Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria (2014). Please refer to note 6 (iv) for breakdown of the private placement.

#### D Additional tier 1 capital

(i) Mandatory Convertible Notes

On the 29 March 2023, the Bank issued a \$300Mn Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital.

The principal terms of the additional tier 1 security are as follows:

- The AT 1 security will rank in claim behind all present and future Senior Obligation; pari passu without any preference among themselves with all present and future parity obligations and in priority to all payments in respect of all present and future Junior Obligations.
- The AT 1 security will bear a fixed interest rate of 15% per annum payable to the Subscriber on in two equal semi-annual installments, in US Dollars net of any fees and taxes. The Issuer (Access Bank Plc) shall have full discretion at all times to vary, cancel, or postpone the Interest payments.
- The AT 1 security is undated and convertible (i) on the date falling 8 (eight) periods (29 March 2031) after the Closing Date being the Conversion Date but shall be converted at the discretion of the Issuer (Access Bank Plc), subject to the approval of the CBN, into ordinary shares of the Company. (ii) a trigger event where the tier 1 capital of the Bank (inclusive of the Notes), is below the requirements of the Central Bank of Nigeria.
- The subscriber shall mandatorily deliver a conversion notice to the issuer (Access Bank Plc) seeking to convert the Notes but the ultimate conversion right is retained with the issuer (Access Bank Plc).

#### C (ii) AT1 Sale & Buyback

(a) On 29 March 2023, Access Holdings Plc and Access Bank Plc (the "Bank") entered into a Mandatory Convertible Notes Purchase Agreement for the issuance of mandatory convertible notes valued at up to US\$300,000,000.00 (Three Hundred Million United States Dollars) by the Bank to the Noteholder.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 38 Capital and reserves continued

- (b) On 30 December 2024, Access Holdings disposed the beneficial rights, interests, and economic interests related to the Notes to two purchasers under a sale and buy back arrangement at a price of US\$1,000 per Note (300,000 Notes), while legal ownership of the Notes remained with the Company. The purchase price for the economic interest is payable within a long stop date as defined in the participation agreement and a receivable was recognised as at 31 December 2024. The economic interest in the Notes includes: the return (interest income) from the Mandatory Convertible Notes, the rights to receive principal repayment as well as other financial benefits or distributions associated with the MCN Notes.

The tenor of the participation right is effective 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2028 and the Company has a right to repurchase the Note at fair value based on the terms of the repurchase as contained in the participation agreement.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                                         | Initial call date | Group<br>31 December<br>2025 | Group<br>31 December<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| U.S.\$500,000,000 Perpetual Fixed Rate Resettable NC 5.25 Additional Tier 1 Subordinated Notes      | 2026              | 206,355                      | 206,355                      |
| U.S.\$300,000,000 Non cumulative Fixed Rate Resettable NC 8 Mandatory convertible Preference shares | 2031              | -                            | -                            |
| Balance, end of the year                                                                            |                   | <b>206,355</b>               | <b>206,355</b>               |

## E Retained earnings

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Retained earnings           | 1,672,783               | 1,144,485               | 49,305                    | 3,021                     |

## F Other components of equity

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                    | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Other regulatory reserves (see i(a) below)     | 651,299                 | 501,254                 | -                         | -                         |
| Share Scheme reserve                           | 285                     | 590                     | -                         | -                         |
| Treasury Shares (see (iii) below)              | (23,146)                | (24,069)                | -                         | -                         |
| Capital Reserve                                | 3,489                   | 3,489                   | -                         | -                         |
| Fair value reserve                             | (55,362)                | (24,411)                | -                         | -                         |
| Foreign currency translation reserve           | 700,026                 | 979,653                 | -                         | -                         |
| Regulatory risk reserve                        | 127,056                 | 157,146                 | -                         | -                         |
| Partial Disposal of Parent Stake in subsidiary | 1,545                   | 4,899                   | -                         | -                         |
|                                                | <b>1,405,191</b>        | <b>1,598,551</b>        | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

## (i) Other reserves

## Other regulatory reserves

## Statutory reserves

Nigerian banking regulations require Access Bank Nigeria to make an annual appropriation to a statutory reserve. As stipulated by S.16(1) of the Banks and Other Financial Institution Act of Nigeria, an appropriation of 30% of profit after tax is made if the statutory reserve is less than paid-up share capital and 15% of profit after tax if the statutory reserve is greater than the paid up share capital.

## SMEEIS Reserves

The Small and Medium Enterprises Equity Investment Scheme (SMEEIS) reserve is maintained to comply with the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN)/ Banker's committee's requirement that all licensed deposit money banks in Nigeria set aside a portion of the profit after tax in a fund to be used to finance equity investment in qualifying small and medium scale enterprises. Under the terms of the guideline (amended by a CBN letter dated 11 July 2006), the contributions will be 10% of profit after tax and shall continue after the first 5 years but banks' contribution shall thereafter reduce to 5% of profit after tax.

However, this is no longer mandatory. Therefore, no additional appropriation has been done during the year.

The small and medium scale industries equity investment scheme reserves are non-distributable.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 38 Capital and reserves continued

#### i(a)

| Group                       | Statutory reserves |                  | SMEES Reserves   |                  | Total            |                  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025   | 31 December 2024 | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
| Opening                     | 500,428            | 327,938          | 827              | 827              | 501,254          | 328,764          |
| Transfers during the year   | 150,045            | 172,490          | -                | -                | 150,045          | 172,490          |
| Closing                     | 650,472            | 500,428          | 827              | 827              | 651,299          | 501,254          |

#### (ii) Share scheme reserve

This represents the total expenses incurred in providing the Company's shares to its qualifying staff members under the RSPP scheme.

#### (iii) Treasury shares

This represents the shares held by the new RSPP scheme which have not yet been allocated to staff based on the pre-determined vesting conditions.

#### (iv) Capital reserve

This balance represents the surplus nominal value of the reconstructed shares of the Company which was transferred from the share capital account to the capital reserve account after the share capital reconstruction in October 2006. The Shareholders approved the reconstruction of 13,956,321,723 ordinary shares of 50 kobo each of the company in issue to 6,978,160,860 ordinary shares of 50 kobo each by the creation of 1 ordinary shares previously held.

#### (v) Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the net cumulative change in the fair value of investments measured through other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognised or impaired.

#### (vi) Foreign currency translation reserve

This balance appears only in the Group accounts and represents the foreign currency exchange difference arising from translating the results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency.

#### (vii) Regulatory risk reserve

The regulatory risk reserves warehouses the difference between the allowance for impairment losses on balance on loans and advances based on Central Bank of Nigeria prudential guidelines and Central Bank of the foreign subsidiaries regulations, compared with the loss incurred model used in calculating the impairment under IFRS.

#### (viii) Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the carried forward recognised income net of expenses plus current period profit attributable to shareholders.

### G Non-controlling interest

This represents the Non-controlling interest's (NCI) portion of the net assets of the Group. During the period, the Bank disposed of a portion of its interest holding in Access Bank South Africa. Following the disposal of 25% + 1 ordinary shares in Access Bank South Africa (see Note 46), the Group recognised a non-controlling interest (NCI) representing the Purchasers' proportionate share in Access Bank South Africa's net assets. Initial recognition of NCI is measured at Purchasers' proportionate share of Access Bank South Africa's net assets, in line with IFRS 10.23.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                      | Group<br>31 December<br>2025 | Group<br>31 December<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Access Bank, Gambia                              | 1,828                        | 3,250                        |
| Access Bank, Sierra Leone                        | 199                          | 165                          |
| Access Bank Zambia                               | 38,103                       | 27,310                       |
| Access Bank, Rwanda                              | 3,737                        | 5,048                        |
| Access Bank, Congo                               | 29                           | 31                           |
| Access Bank, Ghana                               | 29,327                       | 21,549                       |
| Access Bank, Mozambique                          | 154                          | 17                           |
| Access Bank, Kenya                               | 6                            | (2)                          |
| Access Bank, South Africa                        | 13,749                       | 1,409                        |
| Access Bank, Botswana                            | 31,678                       | 43,476                       |
| Access Bank, Angola                              | 13,240                       | 805                          |
| Access Bank Tanzania                             | 1,528                        | 1,301                        |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited                      | 10,195                       | 41,451                       |
| Access Insurance                                 | 693                          | 401                          |
| Access Golf                                      | (25,397)                     | (69,002)                     |
| Access Bank UK (Afrasia Bank Limited, Mauritius) | 189,023                      | -                            |
| AT1                                              | 138,675                      | 138,675                      |
|                                                  | <b>446,767</b>               | <b>215,884</b>               |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 38 Capital and reserves continued

This represents the NCI share of profit/(loss) for the year

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Access Bank, Gambia         | 314                                   | 110                                   |
| Access Bank, Sierra Leone   | 55                                    | 27                                    |
| Access Bank Zambia          | 9,245                                 | 3,411                                 |
| Access Bank, Rwanda         | 717                                   | 340                                   |
| Access Bank, Congo          | 7                                     | 1                                     |
| Access Bank, Ghana          | 4,030                                 | 1,943                                 |
| Access Bank, Mozambique     | 45                                    | -                                     |
| Access Bank, Kenya          | (2)                                   | -                                     |
| Access Bank, South Africa   | (7,765)                               | (162)                                 |
| Access Bank, Botswana       | 3,075                                 | 1,189                                 |
| Access Bank, Angola         | 1,811                                 | 51                                    |
| Access Bank Tanzania        | 127                                   | 1                                     |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited | 8,961                                 | 3,137                                 |
| Access Insurance            | 238                                   | 132                                   |
| Access Golf                 | 3,443                                 | 640                                   |
|                             | <b>24,300</b>                         | <b>10,820</b>                         |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                         | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Proportional Interest of NCI in subsidiaries</b> | <b>%</b>                              | <b>%</b>                              |
| Access Bank, Gambia                                 | 6.78%                                 | 12.00%                                |
| Access Bank, Sierra Leone                           | 0.26%                                 | 0.26%                                 |
| Access Bank Zambia                                  | 19.02%                                | 19.02%                                |
| Access Bank, Rwanda                                 | 8.78%                                 | 8.78%                                 |
| Access Bank Congo                                   | 0.02%                                 | 0.02%                                 |
| Access Bank, Ghana                                  | 6.60%                                 | 6.60%                                 |
| Access Bank, Mozambique                             | 0.30%                                 | 0.02%                                 |
| Access ARM Pensions                                 | 49.30%                                | 49.30%                                |
| Access Bank, Kenya                                  | 0.02%                                 | 0.02%                                 |
| Access Bank, South Africa                           | 23.91%                                | 2.11%                                 |
| Access Bank, Botswana                               | 30.00%                                | 30.00%                                |
| Access Bank, Angola                                 | 0.80%                                 | 0.80%                                 |
| Access Bank Tanzania                                | 3.98%                                 | 3.98%                                 |
| Access ARM Pensions Limited                         | 49.30%                                | 49.30%                                |
| Access Insurance                                    | 25.00%                                | 25.00%                                |
| Access Golf                                         | 48.40%                                | 48.40%                                |
| AfrAsia Bank Limited                                | 24.00%                                | -                                     |

### H Dividends

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                 | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Interim dividend paid (June 2024: N0.45k)   | -                                       | 10,664                                  |
| Final dividend paid (Nil. Dec 2024: N2.05k) | -                                       | 63,981                                  |
|                                             | <b>-</b>                                | <b>74,645</b>                           |
| Interim dividend paid (June 2024: N0.45k)   | 53,318                                  | 53,318                                  |

## 39 Contingencies

### Claims and litigation

The Group is a party to numerous legal actions arising out of its normal business operations. The Directors believe that, based on currently available information and advice of counsel, none of the outcomes that result from such proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group, either individually or in the aggregate. N8.63billion provision has been made as at 31 December 2025.

The claims against the Bank are generally considered to have a low likelihood of success and the Bank is actively defending same. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of any of the proceedings will not have a significantly adverse effect on the Bank.

The Company is currently involved in two legal cases as a defendant. The total amount claimed against the Company is estimated at N1.05trillion (Dec 2024: N11.3 Trillion). These claims are pending resolution, and as of the reporting date, the outcome is uncertain.

In the first legal case (2022), the Plaintiffs claimed ownership of the trademark and copyright to the literary work titled "AFRICAN FILMS FESTIVAL" and alleged that African International Films Festival Limited ("AFRIF") violated their rights by organising events under the name "African International Films Festival" without their permission. The plaintiffs stated that their trademark "African Film Festival" has been registered since 2003.

Access Holding Plc, as a co-defendant to the respondent, in its defence refuted the plaintiffs' claimed, stating that it merely provided a donation to AFRIF as part of its corporate social responsibility (CSR) initiatives and was not involved in any trademark violation.

In the second legal case (2025), following the letter dated March 29, 2025, from IPL, acting on behalf of certain minority shareholders of Access Holdings Plc, namely, Mr. Iheanyi Wigwe (a parental relative and first cousin of the late Herbert Wigwe, CFR), Dr. Donatus Ogu, Prof. Bond Anyaehie, and Mr. Chukwuma Chukwurah, allegations were made regarding breaches of corporate governance and conflicts of interest involving Mr. Paul Usoro, SAN, and Mr. Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede, FCIB. These allegations pertain to matters relating to the shares of the late Herbert Wigwe, CFR, and the conduct of Access Holdings Plc in connection with the rights issue undertaken following his death, as well as the administration of his estate.

In light of the foregoing, the minority shareholders have demanded the removal of Mr. Aigboje Aig-Imoukhuede as Chairman of Access Holdings Plc and the suspension of Mr. Paul Usoro, SAN, as Chairman of Access Bank Plc.

In response to the said letter, the Board of Directors resolved that an external legal opinion be obtained. Pursuant to the Legal Opinion from the external solicitor, Access Holdings Plc engaged the services of Olaniwun Ajayi LP to commence legal proceedings against the named minority shareholders, seeking injunctive relief to restrain them from interfering with the management and operations of Access Holdings Plc.

Management has assessed the potential financial impact of these claims and based on professional legal advice that it is not possible to reliably estimate the timing or amount of any potential outflow of resources that may arise from these legal proceedings. Consequently, no provision has been recognised in the financial statements as of the reporting date.

### Contingent liability and commitments

In common with other banks, Group conducts business involving acceptances, performance bonds and indemnities. The majority of these facilities are offset by corresponding obligations of third parties. Contingent liabilities and commitments comprise acceptances, endorsements, guarantees and letters of credit.

### Nature of instruments

An acceptance is undertaken by a bank to pay a bill of exchange drawn on a customer. The Group expects most acceptances to be presented, but reimbursement by the customer is normally immediate. Endorsements are residual liabilities of the Group in respect of bills of exchange, which have been paid and subsequently rediscounted.

Guarantees and letters of credit are given as security to support the performance of a customer to third parties. As the Group will only be required to meet these obligations in the event of the customer's default, the cash requirements of these instruments are expected to be considerably below their nominal amounts.

Other contingent liabilities include transaction related custom and performance bonds and are generally short term commitments to third parties which are not directly dependent on the customer's credit worthiness. Commitments to lend are agreements to lend to a customer in the future, subject to certain conditions. Such commitments are either made for a fixed period, or have no specific maturity dates but are cancellable by the lender subject to notice requirements. Documentary credits commit the Group to make payments to third parties, on production of documents, which are usually reimbursed immediately by customers.

The table below summarises the fair value amount of contingent liabilities and commitments off-financial position risk:

Acceptances, bonds, guarantees and other obligations for the account of customers:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 38 Capital and reserves continued

## a. These comprise:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                                      | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Contingent liabilities:</b>                                                                   |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Transaction related bonds and guarantees                                                         | 2,588,552               | 2,750,543               | -                         | -                         |
| Commitments:                                                                                     |                         |                         |                           |                           |
| Clean line facilities for letters of credit, unconfirmed letters of credit and other commitments | 2,262,534               | 1,658,792               | -                         | -                         |
|                                                                                                  | <b>4,851,086</b>        | <b>4,409,335</b>        | <b>-</b>                  | <b>-</b>                  |

The Bank granted clean line facilities for letters of credit during the year to guarantee the performance of customers to third parties.

## b. Capital Commitment

As at 31 December 2025, the Group had the following significant capital commitments:

## 1. Acquisition of National Bank of Kenya ("NBK")

On 30 May 2025, the Group announced the completion of its acquisition of the entire issued share capital of National Bank of Kenya ('NBK') from KCB Group Plc following the regulatory approvals by Central Bank of Kenya by Gazette notice No.4667. However, the transaction remains subject to the receipt of unconditional regulatory approvals from the Group's primary regulator as at 31 December 2025. Consequently, the financial results of National Bank of Kenya has not been consolidated in these financial statements.

## 40 Reconciliation to the cash and cash equivalents

(a) Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the statement of cash flows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                               |    | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Cash on hand and balances with banks                      | 18 | 2,681,016               | 2,749,383               | 34,657                    | 23,116                    |
| Unrestricted balances with central banks                  | 18 | 1,169,276               | 625,782                 | -                         | -                         |
| Money market placements                                   | 18 | 2,388,035               | 1,846,813               | -                         | -                         |
| Investment under management                               | 19 | 41,803                  | 37,327                  | 34,673                    | 29,839                    |
| Treasury bills with original maturity of less than 90days |    | 1,195,527               | 822,886                 | -                         | -                         |
|                                                           |    | <b>7,475,657</b>        | <b>6,082,191</b>        | <b>69,330</b>             | <b>52,955</b>             |

Cash and cash equivalent for the purpose of the preparation of the statement of cash flows excludes cash collaterals held for letters of credit and the mandatory cash deposit held with the Central Bank of Nigeria.

## (b) Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                     |    | Debt securities issued  |                         | Interest bearing borrowings |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                                 |    | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025   | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
| Net debt                                        | 35 | 989,630                 | -                       | 2,402,363                   | 477,629                   |
| Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings       |    | -                       | -                       | 246,846                     | -                         |
| Repayment of interest bearing borrowings        |    | -                       | -                       | (631,552)                   | -                         |
| Repayment of debt securities issued             | 35 | (415,000)               | -                       | -                           | -                         |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         |    | 574,630                 | -                       | 2,017,657                   | 477,629                   |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | 35 | (123,069)               | -                       | (39,073)                    | 31,846                    |
| <b>Other changes</b>                            |    |                         |                         |                             |                           |
| Interest expense                                | 35 | 119,724                 | -                       | 223,901                     | 38,467                    |
| Interest paid                                   | 35 | (50,819)                | -                       | (206,143)                   | (26,372)                  |
| Balance                                         |    | <b>520,466</b>          | <b>-</b>                | <b>1,996,342</b>            | <b>521,570</b>            |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 40 Reconciliation to the cash and cash equivalents continued

| In millions of Naira                            | Debt securities issued  |                         | Interest bearing borrowings |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                                 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2025 | Group<br>31 Dec<br>2024 | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2025   | Company<br>31 Dec<br>2024 |
| Net debt                                        | 585,024                 | -                       | 1,896,117                   | 293,892                   |
| Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings       | -                       | -                       | 2,066,926                   | 464,700                   |
| Repayment of debt securities issued             | (84,943)                | -                       | -                           | -                         |
| Total changes from financing cash flows         | 500,081                 | -                       | 3,963,043                   | 758,592                   |
| The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates | 303,379                 | -                       | 669,399                     | (315,279)                 |
| <b>Other changes</b>                            |                         |                         |                             |                           |
| Interest expense                                | 53,231                  | -                       | 207,842                     | 51,859                    |
| Interest paid                                   | (27,892)                | -                       | 138,440                     | (17,543)                  |
| Balance                                         | <b>828,799</b>          | <b>-</b>                | <b>4,978,724</b>            | <b>477,629</b>            |

#### (C) Non-cash investing activities and financing activities:

The following activities as listed below are the items that have been identified as non cash investing and financing activities arising from the merger.

The Group entered into certain investing and financing transaction that did not involve the movement of cash.

The non-cash investing activities primarily relate to:

Consideration receivable arising from the partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries (refer to Note 46 for further details). These have been excluded from the statement of cash flows, as they do not give rise to cash inflows or outflows.

### 41 Contraventions of the Banks and Other Financial Institutions Act of Nigeria and CBN circulars

During the year, the Banking subsidiary was fined by its Regulator for contravention of the Banks and Financial Institutions Act of Nigeria and the CBN circulars as listed below:

#### December 2025

| S/N    | Regulatory Body         |                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Date     | In Millions Amount |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| (I)    | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦150m penalty for failing to respond to two regulatory queries within the stipulated timelines regarding inappropriate cash disbursement practices                                          | Jan 2025 | 150                |
| (II)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦42m penalty IRO of infractions incurred in the Risk asset examination report for the period Jan 1 to Dec 2023                                                                              | Jan 2025 | 42                 |
| (III)  | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦200m penalty for failure to comply with the requirement of section 18 (c) of BOFIA 2020 regarding aggregate equity investment in foreign subsidiaries.                                     | Mar 2025 | 200                |
| (IV)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦20m penalty for failing to provide the account opening documentation requested by CBN examiners following an investigation into a reported fraud in First Bank of Nigeria                  | May 2025 | 20                 |
| (V)    | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦20m penalty IRO of FX infractions incurred by authorised dealer                                                                                                                            | May 2025 | 20                 |
| (VI)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦138m penalty IRO of inadequate KYC leading to fraud                                                                                                                                        | May 2025 | 138                |
| (VII)  | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦10 million penalty for failing to fill two required roles                                                                                                                                  | Jun 2025 | 10                 |
| (VIII) | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦35m IRO anti money laundering, combating the financing of terrorism & countering proliferation financing (aml/cft/cpf) risk-based examination for the period May 1, 2024 to April 30, 2025 | Aug 2025 | 35                 |
| (IX)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦100m penalty for the wrong classification of term deposits and non-operational accounts as other liabilities in settlement accounts                                                        | Aug 2025 | 100                |
| (X)    | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦1 billion for deviation from the requirement of Sections 2.3.3. and 2.3.4. of the Guidelines for Licensing and Regulation of Financial Holding Companies in Nigeria, 2014.                 | Sep 2025 | 1,000              |
| (XI)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of ₦103m penalty for non-compliance with the requirements of the operational guidelines on Global Standing Instruction (GSI)                                                                   | Dec 2025 | 104                |
|        | <b>Total</b>            |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |          | <b>1,819</b>       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 38 Capital and reserves continued

December 2024

| S/N    | Regulatory Body         |                                                                                                                                              | Date        | In Millions Amount |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| (I)    | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N300m penalty for wrong warehousing of funds received from a government agency                                                        | 30 Apr 2024 | 300                |
| (II)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N157.5m penalty for contravention of AML regulations                                                                                  | 16 Jul 2024 | 158                |
| (III)  | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N2m penalty for contravention of consumer protection regulation in respect of wrong renewal of debit cards                            | 9 Aug 2024  | 2                  |
| (IV)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N5m penalty for contravention of regulations on targeted financial sanctions and screening solutions relating to the Bank's database  | 29 Oct 2024 | 5                  |
| (V)    | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N5m penalty for contravention of regulations on mystery shopping for confiscated naira notes                                          | 29 Oct 2024 | 5                  |
| (VI)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N5m penalty for contravention of regulations on targeted financial sanctions and screening solutions relating to the Bank's database. | 11 Dec 2024 | 5                  |
| (VII)  | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N69m penalty for contravention of regulations on reporting of cyber incidents that occurred in the Bank                               | 19 Dec 2024 | 69                 |
| (VIII) | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N100.6m penalty for unauthorised sale of securities.                                                                                  | 12 Dec 2024 | 101                |
| (IX)   | Central Bank of Nigeria | Sum of N561m penalty for contravention of AML regulations                                                                                    | 19 Dec 2024 | 561                |
|        | <b>Total</b>            |                                                                                                                                              |             | <b>1,205</b>       |

### 42 Events after reporting date

There were no significant events after the reporting date that could affect the reported amount of assets liabilities as of the reporting date which have not been adjusted for, or disclosed in the financial statement.

### 43 Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise influence over the other party in making financial and operational decisions, or one other party controls both. The definition includes subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and the Group's pension schemes, as well as key management personnel.

#### Transactions with key management personnel

The Group's key management personnel, and persons connected with them, are also considered to be related parties. The definition of key management includes the close members of family of key personnel and any entity over which key management exercise control. The key management personnel have been identified as the executive and non-executive directors of the Group. Close members of family are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that individual in their dealings with Access Holdings PLC and its subsidiaries.

Parent

The parent company, which is also the ultimate parent company, is Access Holdings PLC.

#### (a) Loans and advances to related parties

The Group granted various credit facilities to its subsidiary companies and key management personnel. Key Management Personnel is defined as members of the Board of Directors of the bank, including their close members of family and any entity over which they exercise control. Close member of family are those who may be expected to influence or be influenced by that individual in dealings with the bank. The rates and terms agreed are comparable to other facilities being held in the bank's portfolio. Details of these are described below:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 43 Related Party Transactions continued

| Year ended 31 December 2025<br>In millions of Naira | Directors and other key management personnel (and close family members) | Subsidiaries | Associate | Total     |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Balance, beginning of year                          | 1,422                                                                   | 1,699,757    | 1,526     | 1,702,705 |
| Net movement during the year                        | 318                                                                     | (670,079)    | (1,344)   | (671,105) |
| Balance, end of year                                | 1,740                                                                   | 1,029,678    | 182       | 1,031,599 |
| Interest income earned                              | 83                                                                      | 63           | 16        | 162       |
| ECL due from related parties expense                | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -         |

The loans issued to directors and other key management personnel (and close family members) as at 31 December 2025 are mortgages, overdrafts, credit card and term loans amounting to N1,740 million and they are repayable in various cycles ranging from monthly to several years for the long-tenored obligations. The transactions were carried out at arms length and have an average interest rate of 27.2% and average tenor of 3.5 years. The loans are collateralised by a combination of lien on shares of quoted companies, fixed and floating debentures, corporate guarantee, negative pledge, domiciliation of proceeds of company's receivables, legal mortgages and cash.

The loan to subsidiaries relates to a foreign interbank placements of N1.03 tn granted during the year. It is a non-collateralised placement advanced at an average interest rate of 4.94% and an average tenor of 9 months. This loan has been eliminated on consolidation and does not form part of the reported Group loans and advances balance.

The loan granted to associate as at 31 December 2025 are overdrafts and term loans of N182mn (December 2024: 1.53bn) at an average interest rate of 9% and an average tenor of 5 years.

No impairment losses have been recorded against balances outstanding during the period with key management personnel, and no specific allowance has been made for impairment losses on balances with key management personnel and their immediate relatives at year end.

#### (b) Deposits from related parties

| Year ended 31 December 2025<br>In millions of Naira | Directors (and close family members) | Subsidiaries | Associate | Total     |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Balance, beginning of year                          | 13,767                               | 1,137,626    | 795       | 1,152,188 |
| Net movement during the year                        | 15,833                               | (961,974)    | 9,532     | (936,609) |
| Balance, end of year                                | 29,600                               | 175,652      | 10,328    | 215,579   |
| Interest expenses on deposits                       | 206                                  | 11,852       | 65        | 12,123    |

The deposits are majority term deposit, current account and savings account balances with an average interest rate and tenor of approximately 13.3% and 5.5 months for directors, 9% and 12 months for Associate and 4.9% and 9 months for subsidiaries.

#### (c) Borrowings from related parties

There were no borrowings from related parties during the year



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 43 Related Party Transactions continued

#### (d) Other balances and transactions with related parties

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         | Directors and other key management personnel (and close family members) | Subsidiaries | Associate | Total  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| Cash and cash equivalent            | -                                                                       | 402          | -         | 402    |
| Investment securities               | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Derivative financial instruments    | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Deposit for Investments             | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Deposit from financial institutions | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Receivables                         | -                                                                       | 7,521        | -         | 7,521  |
| Payables                            | -                                                                       | 30,044       | -         | 30,044 |
| Other Liabilities                   | -                                                                       | 5,889        | -         | 5,889  |
| Fee and commission expense          | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Debt securities                     | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Other operating income              | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Interest bearing borrowings         | -                                                                       | -            | -         | -      |
| Off balance sheet exposures         | -                                                                       | 11,277       | -         | 11,277 |

#### (e) Key management personnel compensation for the year comprises:

Directors' remuneration

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Non-executive Directors     |                  |                  |
| Fees                        | 51               | 43               |
| Other emoluments:           | 317              | 572              |
| Allowances                  | 1,227            | 251              |
|                             | 1,595            | 866              |

#### (e) Key management personnel compensation for the year comprises - continued

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>   | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Executive directors           |                  |                  |
| Short term employee's benefit | 110              | 113              |
| Defined contribution plan     | 32               | 32               |
| Share based payment           | -                | -                |
| Retirement benefits paid      | -                | -                |
|                               | 142              | 145              |

#### (f) Directors remuneration:

Remuneration paid to directors (excluding pension contributions and other benefits) was as follows:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Fees as Directors           | 51               | 43               |
| Other emoluments            | 317              | 572              |
| Wages and salaries          | 110              | 113              |
| Allowances                  | 1,227            | 251              |

The Directors remuneration shown above includes

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Chairman                    | 293              | 164              |
| Highest paid director       | 293              | 180              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 43 Related Party Transactions continued

The emoluments of all other directors fell within the following ranges:

| In millions of Naira      | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| ₦1,000,000 - ₦9,000,000   | -                | -                |
| ₦9,000,001 - ₦13,000,000  | -                | -                |
| ₦13,000,001 - ₦20,000,000 | -                | -                |
| ₦1,000,000 - ₦9,000,000   | -                | -                |
| ₦9,000,001 - ₦13,000,000  | -                | -                |
| ₦13,000,001 - ₦20,000,000 | -                | -                |
| ₦20,000,001 - ₦37,000,000 | -                | -                |
| Above ₦37,000,000         | 3                | 2                |
|                           | 3                | 2                |

### 44 Business Combination

#### (a) (i) Business Combination with Standard Chartered Bank, Tanzania

Access Bank Tanzania acquired the Consumer, Private and Business Banking (CPBB) segment of Standard chartered Bank (SCB), Tanzania on the 20th of June 2025. The acquisition involved Access Bank Tanzania acquiring the CPBB segment of SCB Tanzania in exchange for a consideration of ₦13,956,384,882.63 (Thirteen billion, Nine hundred and fifty six million, three hundred and eighty-four thousand, eight hundred and eighty two naira. Sixty three kobo). Subsequent to the acquisition, the acquired business segment, became wholly-owned by Access Bank Tanzania.

The acquisition marks a significant milestone in Access Bank Tanzania's evolution as a full-service commercial bank delivering inclusive, secure, and digitally driven financial services to individuals, entrepreneurs, and businesses across Tanzania.

Goodwill of ₦13.96billion has been provisionally recognised as at the reporting date. The goodwill primarily represents the expected value arising from the customer relationships acquired and Standard Chartered's strong legacy in private and business banking. Combined with the Group's innovation-driven strategy and pan-African presence, the acquisition is expected to create a more robust platform for inclusive financial empowerment

The goodwill has been computed based on the fair value of the net asset of former SCB, Tanzania CPBB compared to the consideration paid for the acquisition.

| In millions of Naira                                                                              | Group December 2025 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Considerations:                                                                                   |                     |
| Cash payment                                                                                      | 13,956              |
| Consideration payable at a future date                                                            | -                   |
| <b>Total Consideration</b>                                                                        | <b>13,956</b>       |
| Net assets/ (liabilities) acquired from business combination (see note 44 (a) (ii) below)         | -                   |
| Fair value adjustment                                                                             | -                   |
| Adjusted Net assets/(liabilities) acquired from business combination (see note 44 (a) (ii) below) | -                   |
| <b>Goodwill</b>                                                                                   | <b>13,956</b>       |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 44 Business Combination continued

#### (a) (ii) Assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                         | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                        | 62,366                         |
| Loans and advances to customers                                     | 54,683                         |
| Property and equipment                                              | 106                            |
|                                                                     | <b>117,155</b>                 |
| Asset classified as held for sale and discontinued operations       | -                              |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                                 | <b>117,155</b>                 |
| Liabilities                                                         |                                |
| Deposits from financial institutions                                |                                |
| Deposits from customers                                             | 117,155                        |
| Other liabilities                                                   |                                |
| Interest-bearing borrowings                                         |                                |
|                                                                     | <b>117,155</b>                 |
| Liabilities classified as held for sale and discontinued operations | -                              |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                                            | <b>117,155</b>                 |
|                                                                     |                                |
| Net assets/ (liabilities)                                           | -                              |
|                                                                     |                                |
| Translation to reporting currency                                   | -                              |
|                                                                     |                                |
| Net assets at reporting date                                        | -                              |

#### (b) (i) Business Combination with Standard Chartered Bank, Gambia

Access Bank Gambia acquired Standard chartered Bank (SCB) in Gambia on the 13th of June 2025. The acquisition involved Access Bank Gambia acquiring 74.85% of the issued share capital of SCB in exchange for a consideration of ₦9,454,803,007 (Nine billion, four hundred and fifty-four million, eight hundred and three thousand and seven naira). Subsequent to the acquisition, Standard Chartered Bank, Gambia became a subsidiary of Access Bank Gambia.

The acquisition of SCB Gambia marks a transformational milestone in the bank's evolution as a leading force in The Gambia's financial sector.

The goodwill is attributable mainly to the anticipated value derived from the expanded branch network and operational synergies from the integration of SCB Gambia into the Group's existing banking business.

The value of Non-controlling interest at acquisition date was measured based on their proportionate interest in the recognised amounts of the assets and liabilities of the acquired entity. The goodwill has been computed based on the fair value of the net asset of former SCB, Gambia compared to the consideration paid for the acquisition.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                           | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Considerations:                                                                       |                                |
| Cash                                                                                  | 9,455                          |
|                                                                                       | -                              |
| <b>Total Consideration</b>                                                            | <b>9,455</b>                   |
| Net liabilities acquired from business combination (see note (b) (ii) below)          | (1,649)                        |
| Fair value adjustment                                                                 | -                              |
| Adjusted Net liabilities acquired from business combination (see note (b) (ii) below) | (1,649)                        |
|                                                                                       |                                |
| <b>Bargain Purchase</b>                                                               | <b>11,104</b>                  |

The fair value of the net assets/(liabilities) acquired include:

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 44 Business Combination continued

#### (b) (ii) Assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                         | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                        | 36,951                         |
| Non pledged trading assets                                          | 65,778                         |
| Loans and advances to customers                                     | 3,388                          |
| Investment securities                                               |                                |
| Investment properties                                               |                                |
| Other assets                                                        | 189                            |
| Investment in subsidiaries                                          |                                |
| Investment in associates                                            |                                |
| Property and equipment                                              | 1,494                          |
| Current tax assets                                                  |                                |
| Intangible assets                                                   |                                |
| Deferred tax assets                                                 | 1,439                          |
|                                                                     | <b>109,239</b>                 |
| Asset classified as held for sale and discontinued operations       | -                              |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                                 | <b>109,239</b>                 |
| Liabilities                                                         |                                |
| Deposits from financial institutions                                | -                              |
| Deposits from customers                                             | 105,681                        |
| Other liabilities                                                   | 5,540                          |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                            | 228                            |
| Debt securities issued                                              | -                              |
| Interest-bearing borrowings                                         |                                |
|                                                                     | <b>111,449</b>                 |
| Liabilities classified as held for sale and discontinued operations | -                              |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                                            | <b>111,449</b>                 |
| Net liabilities                                                     | <b>(2,210)</b>                 |
| Non controlling interest                                            | (562)                          |
| <b>Owners of the Bank equity</b>                                    | <b>(1,648)</b>                 |
| Translation to reporting currency                                   | -                              |
| Net liabilities at reporting date                                   | <b>(1,648)</b>                 |

#### (c) (i) Business Combination with AfrAsia Bank Limited, Mauritius

Access Bank UK acquired a 76% controlling interest in AfrAsia Bank Limited, Mauritius (ABL) on 22 July 2025. A provisional goodwill of N16.3 billion (\$10.6 million) has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025. This primarily reflects the fair value adjustments recognised on acquisition. The provisional goodwill has been computed based on the fair value of the net asset of ABL as at acquisition date compared to the consideration paid for the acquisition. The Group intends to finalise the purchase price allocation within the permitted measurement period, which shall not exceed 12 months from the acquisition date.

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                                              | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Considerations:                                                                          |                                |
| Cash                                                                                     | 611,135                        |
| <b>Total Consideration</b>                                                               | <b>611,135</b>                 |
| Net liabilities acquired from business combination (see note 44 (b)(ii) below)           | 594,854                        |
| Fair value adjustment                                                                    | -                              |
| Adjusted Net liabilities acquired from business combination (see note 44 (c) (ii) below) | 594,854                        |
| <b>Goodwill</b>                                                                          | <b>16,281</b>                  |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 44 Business Combination continued

The fair value of the net assets acquired include:

#### (c) (ii) Assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                         | <b>Group<br/>December 2025</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks                                        | 549,708                        |
| Loans to banks                                                      | 2,609,231                      |
| Loans and advances to customers                                     | 1,884,410                      |
| Investment securities                                               | 4,464,901                      |
| Property, equipment and other assets                                | 298,263                        |
|                                                                     | <b>9,806,513</b>               |
| Asset classified as held for sale and discontinued operations       | -                              |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                                 | <b>9,806,513</b>               |
| Liabilities                                                         |                                |
| Deposits from financial institutions                                | 22,776                         |
| Deposits from customers                                             | 8,925,012                      |
| Other liabilities                                                   | 76,022                         |
|                                                                     | <b>9,023,810</b>               |
| Liabilities classified as held for sale and discontinued operations | -                              |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                                            | <b>9,023,810</b>               |
| Net liabilities                                                     | <b>782,703</b>                 |
| Non controlling interest                                            | 187,849                        |
| <b>Owners of the Group equity</b>                                   | <b>594,854</b>                 |
| Translation to reporting currency                                   | (37,660)                       |
| Net assets at reporting date                                        | 557,194                        |

### 45 Director-related exposures

The Group has some exposures that are related to its Directors. It however follows a strict process before granting such credits to its Directors. The requirements for creating and managing this category of risk assets include the following amongst others:

- Complete adherence to the requirements for granting insider-related exposure as stated in the group's Credit Policy Guidelines, the Insider-related Policy as well as the Bank's duly approved Standard Operating Procedure for managing insider-related exposures.
- Full compliance with the relevant CBN policies on insider-related lending.
- All affected Directors are precluded from taking part in the approval process of credit request wherein they have interest.
- The related Director is required to execute a document authorizing the Group to use their accruable dividends to defray any related-obligor's delinquent exposures.
- The Directors are required to execute documents for the transfer of their shares to the Group's nominated broker to ensure effective control as required by the CBN policy to enhance the group's Corporate Governance structure.
- Section 89 of the Group's Article of Association also reiterated that "a related Director shall vacate office or cease to be a Director, if the Director directly or indirectly enjoys a facility from the Group that remains non-performing for a period of more than 12months.

The Group's principal exposure to all its directors as at 31 December 2025 is N131.8million. However, the relevant obligors under this category also have credit balances and deposits maintained in their bank accounts which mitigate the risks to the Group.

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 45 Director-related exposures continued

Below is a schedule showing the details of the Holding's director-related lending:

#### December 2025

| S/N                         | Name of borrower              | Relationship to reporting institution | Name of related Directors     | Facility type | Limit N'millions | Unimpaired N'millions | Impaired N'millions | Outstanding Principal N'millions | Total N'millions | Status     | Nature of security |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|
| 1                           | Aigboje Aig Imoukhuede        | Chairman                              | Aigboje Aig Imoukhuede        | Credit Card   | 14.4             | 9.7                   | -                   | 9.7                              | 9.7              | Performing | Cash Collateral    |
| 2                           | Innocent C. Ike               | Group Managing Director/CEO           | Innocent C. Ike               | Term Loan     | 200.0            | 86.2                  | -                   | 83.3                             | 86.2             | Performing | Legal Mortgage     |
| 3                           | Innocent C. Ike               | Group Managing Director/CEO           | Innocent C. Ike               | Mortgage Loan | 320.0            | 32.8                  | -                   | 31.8                             | 32.8             | Performing | Legal Mortgage     |
| 4                           | Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere  | Non-Executive Director                | Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere  | Credit Card   | 7.2              | 0.6                   | -                   | 0.6                              | 0.6              | Performing | Cash Collateral    |
| 5                           | Olanrewaju Babatunde Bamisebi | Executive Director                    | Olanrewaju Babatunde Bamisebi | Credit Card   | 28.8             | 2.5                   | -                   | 2.5                              | 2.5              | Performing | Cash Collateral    |
| <b>Balance, end of year</b> |                               |                                       |                               |               | <b>570.4</b>     | <b>131.8</b>          |                     | <b>128.0</b>                     | <b>131.8</b>     |            |                    |

#### December 2024

| S/N                         | Name of borrower             | Relationship to reporting institution | Name of related Directors    | Facility type | Limit N'millions | Unimpaired N'millions | Impaired N'millions | Outstanding Principal N'millions | Total N'millions | Status     | Nature of security |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|
| 1                           | Aigboje Aig Imoukhuede       | Chairman                              | Aigboje Aig Imoukhuede       | Credit Card   | 11.3             | 6                     | -                   | 6                                | 6                | Performing | Cash Collateral    |
| 2                           | Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere | Director                              | Ojinika Nkechinyelu Olaghere | Credit Card   | 11.5             | 6                     | -                   | 6                                | 6                | Performing | Cash Collateral    |
| <b>Balance, end of year</b> |                              |                                       |                              |               | <b>22.8</b>      | <b>11.8</b>           |                     | <b>12</b>                        | <b>12</b>        |            |                    |

#### (a) Partial Disposal of 25% + 1 Ordinary Shares in Access Bank South Africa and Recognition of Non-Controlling Interest

On 30 May 2025, Access Bank Plc ("the Bank" or "the Seller") completed the sale of 25% (1,083,261,865) shares and an additional share of 1 of its ordinary shares in Access Bank South Africa to a consortium of Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment ("B-BBEE") purchasers (the "Purchasers"), who are unrelated third parties.

The transaction was undertaken to comply with the South African Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) legislation, which promotes the inclusion of B-BBEE eligible citizens within the South African economy.

The Group retains control over Access Bank South Africa and continues to consolidate its financial results. Purchasers' shareholding represents transfer of ownership and is recognised as non-controlling interest (NCI). The increase in the non-controlling interests amounted to N4.9 billion, and the N3.4 billion difference between the Sales proceed (N8.3bn) and the adjustment to non-controlling interests was recognised directly in equity, attributable to the owners of the parent. No gain or loss was recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income arising from this transaction.

In the separate financial statements, the Bank continues to carry the remaining investment in subsidiary at cost. The Bank recognised the difference between the Sales proceed (N8.3 billion) and the carrying amount of the portion of investment disposed (N9.7 billion) as a loss (N1.5 billion) in statement of comprehensive income for the year.



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 46 Partial Disposal of a subsidiary without the loss of control

The effect of the changes on the equity attributable to the parent/group is set out below:

#### (b) Assets and liabilities of disposal group comprise the assets and liabilities of South Africa as at 31 December 2025.

| In millions of Naira                | Group<br>31 December 2025 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                       |                           |
| Cash and balances with banks        | 128,925                   |
| Loans and advances to customers     | 193,066                   |
| Investment securities               | 145,405                   |
| Investment properties               | -                         |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 17,610                    |
| Property and equipment              | 2,119                     |
| Intangible assets                   | 7,768                     |
|                                     | <b>494,893</b>            |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                  |                           |
| Deposits from customers             | 301,505                   |
| Other liabilities                   | 11,203                    |
| Interest-bearing borrowings         | 162,508                   |
| Total liabilities held for sale     | <b>475,216</b>            |
| <b>Net Assets</b>                   | <b>19,677</b>             |

#### Recognition of Sales proceed

The transaction was agreed at a total consideration of N10.3 billion (equivalent to ZAR 116.1 million), which is receivable after three years from the transaction date. In line with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, the sales proceeds (consideration receivable) have been initially recognised at fair value, amounting to N8.3 billion (equivalent to ZAR 93.1 million).

The fair value was determined by discounting the expected future receivable using a 7.25% discount rate, corresponding to the South African Reserve Bank's monetary policy rate at the disposal date. The difference between the nominal consideration and the fair value represents the impact of the time value of money and will be unwound to profit or loss over the three-year period using the effective interest method.

As at reporting period, the receivable is N8.0 billion (see note 26a). The impact of the time value of money and exchange difference was recognised in the income statement.

#### (b) Disposal of subsidiary

| In millions of Naira                           | Group<br>31 December 2025 |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Sales Proceed                                  | 10,317                    |
| Discounting impact                             | (2,043)                   |
| Net proceeds                                   | <b>8,274</b>              |
| <b>Parent share of Net assets and Goodwill</b> |                           |
| Parent share of Net assets (78.15%)            | 19,262                    |
| Goodwill at acquisition                        | -                         |
|                                                | <b>19,262</b>             |
| <b>Net realizable value (25.54%)</b>           |                           |
| <b>Stake disposed (25.54%)</b>                 | 25.54%                    |
| Parent share of disposed Net assets            | 4,919                     |
| Disposed stake of Goodwill at acquisition      | -                         |
| Total                                          | <b>4,919</b>              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 46 Partial Disposal of a subsidiary without the loss of control continued

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Gain/(loss) on Disposal          | -            |
| Adjustment to parent's equity    | <b>3,354</b> |
| Number of shares owned by parent | 4,242        |
| Number of shares sold by parent  | 1,083        |

#### Partial Disposal of 8.15% Ordinary Shares in Access Bank Botswana and Recognition of Non-Controlling Interest

In 2024, the Bank disposed off 8.15% of its investment in Access Bank Botswana in order to comply with the Botswana Stock Exchange Equity Listing requirements to meet the minimum of 30% Free float requirements.

The gain/loss arising from the disposal is recognised in profit or loss. The effect of the changes on the equity attributable to the parent/group is set out below:

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         | <b>Group<br/>31-Dec-24</b> |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                       |                            |
| Cash and balances with banks        | 298,297                    |
| Investment under management         | -                          |
| Non pledged trading assets          | 8,826                      |
| Derivative financial assets         | 13                         |
| Loans and advances to banks         | -                          |
| Loans and advances to customers     | 626,263                    |
| Pledged assets                      | -                          |
| Investment securities               | 280,720                    |
| Investment properties               | -                          |
| Restricted deposit and other assets | 15,480                     |
| Investment in associates            | -                          |
| Investment in subsidiaries          | -                          |
| Property and equipment              | 17,237                     |
| Intangible assets                   | 4,726                      |
| Current tax assets                  | -                          |
| Deferred tax assets                 | 745                        |
|                                     | <b>1,252,307</b>           |

#### Partial Disposal of 8.15% Ordinary Shares in Access Bank Botswana and Recognition of Non-Controlling Interest - continued

|                                      |                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Liabilities                          |                  |
| Deposits from financial institutions | 152              |
| Deposits from customers              | 977,471          |
| Other liabilities                    | 68,938           |
| Deferred tax liabilities             | 43               |
| Interest-bearing borrowings          | 91,254           |
| Total liabilities held for sale      | <b>1,137,857</b> |
|                                      | <b>114,450</b>   |

#### Disposal of subsidiary

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Group<br/>31-Dec-24</b> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Sales Proceed               | 12,290                     |
| Cost of sale                | (179)                      |
| Net proceeds                | <b>12,111</b>              |

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 46 Partial Disposal of a subsidiary without the loss of control

#### Parent share of Net assets and Goodwill

|                                     |               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Parent share of Net assets (78.15%) | 89,442        |
| Goodwill at acquisition             | (965)         |
|                                     | <b>88,477</b> |

#### Net realizable value (8.15%)

#### Stake disposed (8.15%)

|                                           |              |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Parent share of disposed Net assets       | 8.15%        |
| Disposed stake of Goodwill at acquisition | 7,290        |
| Total                                     | (79)         |
|                                           | <b>7,211</b> |
| Gain on Disposal                          | <b>4,899</b> |

|                                    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Number of shares owned by parent   | 567   |
| Number of shares sold by parent    | 59    |
| Parent disposed cost of investment | 7,211 |

### 47 Non-audit services

During the year, the Group's auditor, KPMG, were paid for the following services

#### i) Non-audit services required by regulators

| S/N | Service                                              | Description                                                                                             | Sum<br>N'000 |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1   | Risk Management and Whistle Blowing framework review | Report on compliance with CBN's Corporate Governance guidelines for Access Holdings Plc and Access Bank | 40,000       |
| 2   | Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (ICFR)     | KPMG was engaged to review the Group's internal control over it financial reporting activities          | 142,500      |

#### ii) Other non-audit services

| S/N | Service                  | Description                                                                                                      | Sum<br>N'000 |
|-----|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1   | Quality Assurance review | KPMG was engaged to provide a Quality Assurance Review on the bank's Treasury management solution implementation | 100,000      |
| 2   | Quality Assurance review | KPMG was engaged to perform due diligence services                                                               | 70,000       |
| 3   | Quality Assurance review | KPMG was engaged to provide Project management support on the Bank's Access Bank Mobility                        | 69,000       |
| 4   | Quality Assurance review | KPMG was engaged to provide a report on the Customer Experience Survey for some of its subsidiaries              | 66,580       |
| 5   | CRS Compliance service   | KPMG was engaged to provide CRS compliance services                                                              | 8,500        |

### 48 Statement of Cashflow Workings

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 47 Non-audit services continued

#### (I) Non-Pledged Trading assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                    |       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan                                          |       | 207,031                          | 209,208                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquired from business Combination                             |       | 65,778                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Fair value gains/(loss) on FVPL financial instruments (Equity) | 11(a) | (8,203)                          | 1,615                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Gain or loss on disposal of investments                        |       | 374,380                          | (96,451)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest income                                                | 8     | 272,824                          | 372,327                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest received                                              |       | (269,056)                        | (371,459)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                                                |       | (1,241,463)                      | (207,031)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                                  |       | <b>(598,709)</b>                 | <b>(91,791)</b>                  | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (II) Pledged trading assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |   | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan               |   | 768,869                          | 670,470                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additional provision for impairment | 9 | 946                              | (188)                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                     |   | 453,596                          | (768,869)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>       |   | <b>1,223,411</b>                 | <b>(98,586)</b>                  | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (III) Changes in other restricted deposits with central banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>   |  | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan         |  | 1,166,669                        | 1,067,775                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Change in ECL allowance       |  | -                                | 300                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance               |  | (1,167,574)                      | (1,166,669)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b> |  | <b>(905)</b>                     | <b>(98,594)</b>                  | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (IV) Loans and advances to banks and customers

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>       |       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan             |       | 13,067,657                       | 8,918,257                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquired Balances                 | 44    | 4,551,711                        | 322,535                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Change in ECL allowance           |       | (304,133)                        | (99,364)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additions to Assets Held for Sale | 31(b) | (28,000)                         | (40,000)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Gain on modification of loans     | 8     | 6,972                            | 2,256                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest income                   | 8     | 1,944,327                        | 1,772,306                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest received                 |       | (2,044,546)                      | (1,569,741)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                   |       | (16,241,221)                     | (13,068,477)                     | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>     |       | <b>952,766</b>                   | <b>(3,762,227)</b>               | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (V) Restricted deposits and other assets

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> |  | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 48 Statement of Cashflow Workings continued

|                                                 |    |                  |                    |                |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan                           |    | 7,061,178        | 5,076,416          | 507,792        | 11,165           |
| Acquired Balances                               | 44 | 298,452          | 17,453             | -              | -                |
| Change in ECL allowance                         | 9  | (258,808)        | (45,863)           | -              | -                |
| Outflow/Inflow to the CBN                       |    | -                | (141,530)          | -              | -                |
| Reclassification from Other assets              |    | (1,366,303)      | (3,355,044)        | -              | -                |
| Proceeds (Receivable) from sale of subsidiaries |    | -                | (3,557)            | -              | -                |
| Investment in RSPP scheme                       |    | (19,615)         | -                  | -              | -                |
| Foreign exchange difference                     |    | 568,739          | (2,663,122)        | -              | -                |
| Closing balance                                 |    | (6,897,814)      | (7,684,087)        | (25,485)       | (496,072)        |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                   |    | <b>(614,172)</b> | <b>(8,799,336)</b> | <b>482,307</b> | <b>(484,907)</b> |

## (VI) Deposits from banks

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                              |        | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan                                    |        | (9,308,256)                      | (4,437,187)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| Net (loss) on fair value hedge (Hedging ineffectiveness) | 12 (b) | (95,975)                         | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest expense                                         | 8      | (602,807)                        | (954,716)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest paid                                            |        | 581,460                          | 786,031                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquired Balances                                        | 44     | (22,776)                         | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                                          |        | 3,732,294                        | 9,823,123                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                            |        | <b>(5,716,060)</b>               | <b>5,217,251</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## (VII) Deposits from customers

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>   |    | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan         |    | (22,524,925)                     | (15,322,752)                     | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquired Balances             | 44 | (9,147,847)                      | (679,626)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest expense              | 8  | (1,237,727)                      | (992,313)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest paid                 |    | 1,117,240                        | 958,658                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance               |    | 34,562,147                       | 22,524,925                       | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b> |    | <b>2,768,888</b>                 | <b>6,488,893</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## (VIII) Other Liabilities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>         |           | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan               |           | (2,246,378)                      | (1,704,877)                      | (99,810)                           | (17,524)                           |
| Acquired Balances                   | 44        | 81,562                           | 50,089                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Lease payments                      |           | (1,853)                          | (2,766)                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additional provision for impairment |           | 1,072                            | 882                              | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest expense on lease liability | 34(g(ii)) | 4,987                            | 4,358                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| Foreign exchange difference         |           | (176,524)                        | (110,656)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                     |           | 5,507,074                        | 2,715,885                        | 101,669                            | (7,349)                            |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>       |           | <b>3,169,940</b>                 | <b>952,914</b>                   | <b>1,859</b>                       | <b>(24,873)</b>                    |

## (IX) Interest paid

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> |  | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 48 Statement of Cashflow Workings continued

|                                  |                    |                    |                 |                 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deposit from banks and customers | (1,698,700)        | (1,744,689)        | -               | -               |
| Interest bearing borrowings      | (206,143)          | (163,126)          | (26,372)        | (17,543)        |
| Debt securities                  | (50,819)           | (22,859)           | -               | -               |
| Closing balance                  | -                  | 185,985            | -               | -               |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>    | <b>(1,955,662)</b> | <b>(1,744,689)</b> | <b>(26,372)</b> | <b>(17,543)</b> |

#### (X) Interest received

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>    | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Loans from banks and customers | 2,044,546                        | 1,569,741                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Non-Pledged trading assets     | 269,055                          | 371,459                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Investment securities          | 662,832                          | 1,696,335                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Placement                      | 669,744                          | 65,654                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>  | <b>3,646,177</b>                 | <b>3,703,189</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

#### (XI) Additions from investing activities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>            |       | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Acquisition of investment securities   |       | (5,508,822)                      | (4,034,282)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additional investment to fund managers |       | -                                | (66)                             | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquisition of property and equipment  | 28(a) | (141,014)                        | (260,841)                        | (567)                              | (252)                              |
| Acquisition of intangible assets       | 29    | (22,783)                         | (174,208)                        | (146)                              | (72)                               |
| Acquisition of Right of use            |       | (69,914)                         | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>          |       | <b>(5,742,533)</b>               | <b>(4,469,397)</b>               | <b>(713)</b>                       | <b>(324)</b>                       |

#### (XII) Additions from financing activities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                   |          | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Lease payments                                | 34(g)(i) | (66,396)                         | (158,363)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Purchase of own shares                        |          | -                                | (492)                            | -                                  | (492)                              |
| Proceeds from new interest bearing borrowings | 36       | 246,846                          | 351,009                          | -                                  | 351,009                            |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                 |          | <b>180,449</b>                   | <b>192,154</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>350,517</b>                     |

#### (XIII) Proceeds from investing activities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                 |           | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dividend received                                           | 13(a)     | 18,363                           | 10,567                           | -                                  | 96,037                             |
| Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment            |           | 8,406                            | 58,778                           | 66                                 | -                                  |
| Proceeds from disposal of asset held for sale               |           | 11,495                           | 22,292                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Proceeds from matured investment securities                 |           | 5,746,882                        | 2,007,938                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Net cash acquired on business combination                   |           | 14,479                           | 137,547                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Disposal of subsidiaries                                    |           | -                                | 3,557                            | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                               |           | <b>5,799,625</b>                 | <b>2,240,678</b>                 | <b>66</b>                          | <b>96,037</b>                      |
| <b>Net cash acquired on business combination</b>            |           |                                  |                                  |                                    |                                    |
| Cash acquired on acquisition of Standard chartered Tanzania | 44 (b)(i) | 62,366                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Cash acquired on acquisition of Standard chartered Gambia   | 44 (a)    | 36,951                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Cash acquired on acquisition of ABC Tanzania                | 44 (c)(i) | -                                | 31,366                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Cash acquired on acquisition of Atlas Mara Zambia           | 44 (d)(i) | -                                | 199,288                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Cash received on acquisition of Afrasia, Mauritius          |           | 549,708                          | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |



## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

## 48 Statement of Cashflow Workings continued

|                               |               |                |          |          |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| Cash consideration            | (634,546)     | -              | -        | -        |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b> | <b>14,479</b> | <b>230,654</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> |

## (XIV) Proceeds from financing activities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                    | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Proceeds from Additional Tier 1 capital issued | -                                | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                  | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## (XV) Dividend paid

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>           | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dividends paid to owners              | (154,255)                        | (79,978)                         | (109,304)                          | (79,978)                           |
| Payments on Additional Tier 1 capital | (147,098)                        | (125,572)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>         | <b>(301,353)</b>                 | <b>(205,551)</b>                 | <b>(109,304)</b>                   | <b>(79,978)</b>                    |

## (XVI) Investment securities

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                    |          | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Opening balance 1 Jan                                          |          | 11,343,195                       | 5,342,156                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Acquired Balances                                              | 44       | 4,464,901                        | 266,489                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Changes in allowance on FVOCI debt financial instruments       | 25(a)    | 15,223                           | (16,867)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Impairment allowance on AMC debts                              | 9        | 46,021                           | (99,221)                         | -                                  | -                                  |
| Additions to Investment securities                             |          | 35,521,889                       | 22,488,475                       | -                                  | -                                  |
| Disposal of Investment securities                              |          | (30,154,081)                     | (18,621,774)                     | -                                  | -                                  |
| Proceeds from Matured and redeemed FVOCI and AMC Investments   |          | (5,746,882)                      | (2,011,652)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| Fair value gains/(loss) on FVOCI financial instruments         |          | (28,212)                         | 35,862                           | -                                  | -                                  |
| Gain or loss on disposal of investments                        | 11(b)(i) | 107,704                          | 155,416                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest income                                                | 8        | 1,073,670                        | 1,263,878                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Interest received                                              |          | (662,832)                        | (1,635,845)                      | -                                  | -                                  |
| Reclassification from investment securities                    |          | 9,746                            | 4,022,033                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Foreign exchange difference                                    |          | 194,805                          | (197,028)                        | -                                  | -                                  |
| Fair value gains/(loss) on FVPL financial instruments (Equity) | 11(a)    | 120,394                          | 346,388                          | -                                  | -                                  |
| Closing balance                                                |          | (16,305,541)                     | (11,338,311)                     | -                                  | -                                  |
| <b>Recognised in cashflow</b>                                  |          | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                         | <b>-</b>                           | <b>-</b>                           |

## (XVII) Net Foreign Exchange gain/(loss)

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                                             | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2025</b> | <b>Company<br/>31 Dec<br/>2024</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Net Foreign Exchange gain/(loss)                                        | (210,246)                        | (288,341)                        | 31,846                             | 179,163                            |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments excluding hedged portion | (499,061)                        | -                                | -                                  | -                                  |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held                       | 72,032                           | 1,561,588                        | -                                  | -                                  |
|                                                                         | <b>(637,275)</b>                 | <b>1,273,247</b>                 | <b>31,846</b>                      | <b>179,163</b>                     |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>%</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> | <b>%</b> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|

## Notes to the Financial Statement continued

### 48 Statement of Cashflow Workings continued

|                                             |                  |                  |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Gross earnings                              | 5,528,761        | 4,878,176        |
| Interest expense                            |                  |                  |
| Foreign                                     | (343,891)        | (536,163)        |
| Local                                       | (1,845,553)      | (1,415,211)      |
|                                             | 3,339,317        | 2,926,802        |
| Net impairment (loss) on financial assets   | (266,384)        | (46,546)         |
| Net impairment loss on non financial assets | (257,166)        | (198,773)        |
| Bought-in-materials and services            |                  |                  |
| Foreign                                     | (8,573)          | (102,348)        |
| Local                                       | (1,162,812)      | (957,389)        |
| <b>Value added</b>                          | <b>1,644,382</b> | <b>1,621,746</b> |

## OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURES

### Value Added Statement

#### Distribution of Value Added

|                                                                    |                  |             |                  |             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| <b>To Employees:</b>                                               |                  |             |                  |             |
| Employees costs                                                    | 504,171          | 31%         | 381,414          | 24%         |
| <b>To government</b>                                               |                  |             |                  |             |
| Government as taxes                                                | 232,689          | 14%         | 224,802          | 14%         |
| <b>To providers of finance</b>                                     |                  |             |                  |             |
| Interest on borrowings                                             | 343,891          | 21%         | 261,073          | 16%         |
| Dividend to shareholders                                           | -                | 0%          | 79,978           | 5%          |
| <b>Retained in business:</b>                                       |                  |             |                  |             |
| For replacement of property and equipment and intangible assets    | 133,091          | 8%          | 112,240          | 7%          |
| Retained profit (including Statutory and regulatory risk reserves) | 430,540          | 26%         | 562,239          | 34%         |
|                                                                    | <b>1,644,382</b> | <b>100%</b> | <b>1,621,746</b> | <b>100%</b> |

| <i>In millions of Naira</i>                   | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2025</b> | <b>%</b> | <b>Group<br/>31 December<br/>2024</b> | <b>%</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Gross earnings                                | 215,278                               |          | 188,451                               | -        |
| Interest expense                              |                                       |          |                                       | -        |
| Foreign                                       |                                       |          | -                                     | -        |
| Local                                         |                                       |          | -                                     | -        |
|                                               | 215,278                               |          | 188,451                               |          |
| Net impairment (loss) on financial assets     | -                                     |          | -                                     |          |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets | -                                     |          | -                                     |          |
| Bought-in-materials and services              |                                       |          |                                       |          |
| Foreign                                       | -                                     |          | -                                     |          |
| Local                                         | (11,359)                              |          | (3,694)                               |          |
| <b>Value added</b>                            | <b>203,919</b>                        |          | <b>184,756</b>                        |          |

## OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURES

### Value Added Statement continued

#### Distribution of Value Added

##### To Employees:

|                 |       |    |       |    |
|-----------------|-------|----|-------|----|
| Employees costs | 5,479 | 3% | 9,127 | 5% |
|-----------------|-------|----|-------|----|

##### To government

|                     |       |    |        |     |
|---------------------|-------|----|--------|-----|
| Government as taxes | 4,072 | 2% | 42,569 | 23% |
|---------------------|-------|----|--------|-----|

##### To providers of finance

|                        |        |     |        |     |
|------------------------|--------|-----|--------|-----|
| Interest on borrowings | 38,467 | 19% | 51,859 | 28% |
|------------------------|--------|-----|--------|-----|

|                          |         |     |        |     |
|--------------------------|---------|-----|--------|-----|
| Dividend to shareholders | 109,302 | 54% | 79,978 | 43% |
|--------------------------|---------|-----|--------|-----|

##### Retained in business:

|                                           |     |    |     |    |
|-------------------------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|
| For replacement of property and equipment | 315 | 0% | 237 | 0% |
|-------------------------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|

|                                                                    |        |     |     |    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|----|
| Retained profit (including Statutory and regulatory risk reserves) | 46,284 | 23% | 986 | 1% |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|----|

|                |             |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| <b>203,919</b> | <b>100%</b> | <b>184,756</b> | <b>100%</b> |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|

## OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURES

### Other Financial Information (Five-Year Financial Summary)

| Group<br>In millions of Naira                | 31 December<br>2025   | 31 December<br>2024   | 31 December<br>2023   | 31 December<br>2022   | 31 December<br>2021   |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
| Cash and balances with banks                 | 6,229,551             | 5,220,929             | 3,059,186             | 1,969,783             | 1,487,665             |
| Investment under management                  | 41,803                | 37,328                | 51,218                | 39,502                | 34,942                |
| Non pledged trading assets                   | 1,241,463             | 207,031               | 209,208               | 102,690               | 892,508               |
| Pledged assets                               | 741,931               | 1,591,754             | 1,211,643             | 1,265,279             | 344,537               |
| Derivative financial instruments             | 2,307,524             | 1,507,614             | 2,191,511             | 402,497               | 171,332               |
| Loans and advances to banks                  | 2,900,031             | 1,579,947             | 880,535               | 455,709               | 284,548               |
| Loans and advances to customers              | 13,341,190            | 11,487,710            | 8,037,723             | 5,100,807             | 4,161,364             |
| Statutory Reserve Investment                 | 16,248                | 14,482                | 4,156                 | 3,515                 | -                     |
| PPF Investment                               | 3,245                 | 4,106                 | 1,264                 | 651                   | -                     |
| Investment securities                        | 16,305,541            | 11,343,195            | 5,342,157             | 2,761,072             | 2,270,338             |
| Investment properties                        | -                     | 437                   | 437                   | 217                   | 217                   |
| Other assets                                 | 6,897,814             | 7,061,178             | 4,977,550             | 2,424,597             | 1,707,290             |
| Investment in associates                     | -                     | 9,746                 | 8,424                 | 7,510                 | 2,641                 |
| Property and equipment                       | 984,325               | 857,895               | 424,702               | 298,351               | 247,734               |
| Intangible assets                            | 381,239               | 365,173               | 170,724               | 109,087               | 70,332                |
| Deferred tax assets                          | 54,745                | 116,366               | 42,976                | 15,095                | 13,781                |
| Assets classified as held for sale           | 109,630               | 93,125                | 75,417                | 42,039                | 42,737                |
| <b>Total assets</b>                          | <b>51,556,280</b>     | <b>41,498,015</b>     | <b>26,688,831</b>     | <b>14,998,401</b>     | <b>11,731,965</b>     |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                           |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
| Deposits from financial institutions         | 3,732,294             | 9,308,256             | 4,437,187             | 2,005,316             | 1,696,521             |
| Deposits from customers                      | 34,562,147            | 22,524,925            | 15,322,753            | 9,251,238             | 6,954,827             |
| Derivative financial instruments             | 415,616               | 114,767               | 475,999               | 32,737                | 13,953                |
| Current tax liabilities                      | 23,389                | 98,061                | 24,518                | 5,594                 | 4,643                 |
| Other liabilities                            | 5,507,074             | 2,246,378             | 1,727,312             | 769,694               | 560,709               |
| Deferred tax liabilities                     | 20,976                | 41,793                | 25,710                | 1,872                 | 11,652                |
| Debt securities issued                       | 920,466               | 989,630               | 585,024               | 307,253               | 264,495               |
| Interest-bearing borrowings                  | 2,028,255             | 2,402,362             | 1,896,117             | 1,390,029             | 1,171,260             |
| Retirement benefit obligations               | 20,065                | 11,665                | 8,577                 | 3,277                 | 3,877                 |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                     | <b>47,230,282</b>     | <b>37,737,838</b>     | <b>24,503,197</b>     | <b>13,767,010</b>     | <b>10,681,936</b>     |
| <b>Equity</b>                                |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |
| Share capital and share premium              | 594,903               | 594,903               | 251,811               | 251,811               | 251,811               |
| Additional Tier 1 Capital                    | 206,355               | 206,355               | 206,355               | 206,355               | 206,355               |
| Retained earnings                            | 1,672,782             | 1,171,482             | 715,131               | 408,702               | 397,273               |
| Other components of equity                   | 1,405,191             | 1,571,554             | 936,788               | 341,716               | 171,113               |
| Non controlling interest                     | 446,767               | 215,884               | 75,549                | 22,807                | 23,477                |
| <b>Total equity</b>                          | <b>4,325,998</b>      | <b>3,760,178</b>      | <b>2,185,634</b>      | <b>1,231,391</b>      | <b>1,050,029</b>      |
| <b>Total liabilities and Equity</b>          | <b>51,556,280</b>     | <b>41,498,015</b>     | <b>26,688,831</b>     | <b>14,998,401</b>     | <b>11,731,965</b>     |
| <b>Gross earnings</b>                        | <b>5,528,761</b>      | <b>4,878,176</b>      | <b>2,594,739</b>      | <b>1,387,911</b>      | <b>971,885</b>        |
| <b>Profit before income tax</b>              | <b>1,007,121</b>      | <b>867,019</b>        | <b>729,001</b>        | <b>167,680</b>        | <b>176,581</b>        |
| <b>Profit from continuing operations</b>     | <b>743,045</b>        | <b>642,217</b>        | <b>619,324</b>        | <b>152,902</b>        | <b>160,096</b>        |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>                   | <b>743,045</b>        | <b>642,217</b>        | <b>619,324</b>        | <b>152,902</b>        | <b>160,096</b>        |
| <b>Non controlling interest</b>              | <b>24,300</b>         | <b>23,580</b>         | <b>6,831</b>          | <b>888</b>            | <b>1,888</b>          |
| <b>Profit attributable to equity holders</b> | <b>718,745</b>        | <b>618,637</b>        | <b>612,492</b>        | <b>153,790</b>        | <b>158,208</b>        |
| <b>Dividend declared</b>                     | <b>-</b>              | <b>2.05k</b>          | <b>30k</b>            | <b>150k</b>           | <b>100k</b>           |
| <b>Earning per share - Basic</b>             | <b>1348k</b>          | <b>1671k</b>          | <b>1724k</b>          | <b>445k</b>           | <b>459k</b>           |
| <b>- Adjusted</b>                            | <b>1348k</b>          | <b>1671k</b>          | <b>1723k</b>          | <b>428k</b>           | <b>445k</b>           |
| <b>Number of ordinary shares of 50k</b>      | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>53,317,838,433</b> | <b>35,545,225,622</b> | <b>35,545,225,622</b> | <b>35,545,225,622</b> |

## OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURES

### Other Financial Information (Four-Year Financial Summary)

| Company<br>In millions of Naira         | 31 December<br>2025 | 31 December<br>2024 | 31 December<br>2023 | 31 December<br>2022 |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                           |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Cash and balances with banks            | 34,657              | 23,116              | 22,670              | 2,488               |
| Investment under management             | 34,673              | 29,839              | 43,795              | 35,760              |
| Derivative financial instruments        | -                   | -                   | 141,077             | -                   |
| Other assets                            | 24,941              | 507,792             | 22,885              | 11,720              |
| Investment in subsidiary                | 1,179,394           | 656,431             | 443,231             | 290,316             |
| Property and equipment                  | 1,051               | 1,041               | 711                 | 845                 |
| Intangible assets                       | 257                 | 257                 | 111                 | -                   |
| Deferred tax assets                     | -                   | -                   | 72                  | 72                  |
| Total assets                            | 1,274,973           | 1,218,474           | 674,553             | 341,202             |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                      |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Current tax liabilities                 | 7,119               | 42,522              | 2,200               | 224                 |
| Other liabilities                       | 101,669             | 99,810              | 124,683             | 90,317              |
| Interest-bearing borrowings             | 521,570             | 477,629             | 293,892             | -                   |
| Deferred tax liabilities                | 122                 | -                   | -                   | -                   |
| Total liabilities                       | 630,480             | 619,961             | 420,775             | 90,540              |
| <b>Equity</b>                           |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Share capital and share premium         | 594,903             | 594,903             | 251,811             | 251,811             |
| Retained earnings                       | 49,305              | 3,021               | 1,593               | (1,151)             |
| Other components of equity              | 285                 | 590                 | 373                 | -                   |
| Total equity                            | 644,493             | 598,514             | 253,777             | 250,660             |
| Total liabilities and Equity            | 1,274,973           | 1,218,474           | 674,553             | 341,202             |
| <b>Gross earnings</b>                   | 215,278             | 188,451             | 89,975              | 36,679              |
| <b>Profit before income tax</b>         | 159,658             | 123,533             | 61,729              | 31,684              |
| <b>Profit for the year</b>              | 155,586             | 80,964              | 59,616              | 31,532              |
| <b>Dividend declared</b>                | -                   | 2.05k               | 30k                 | 150k                |
| <b>Earning per share - Basic</b>        | 292k                | 219k                | 168k                | 89k                 |
| <b>- Adjusted</b>                       | 292k                | 219k                | 168k                | 89k                 |
| <b>Number of ordinary shares of 50k</b> | 53,317,838,433      | 53,317,838,433      | 35,545,225,622      | 35,545,225,622      |

\*Financial summary-This is the fourth year of consolidation and operation. The Company's numbers are as displayed on the primary financial statements.





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# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

At Access Holdings Plc, we care about our Shareholders and their Information



## 07

|                                                                                     |                                               |     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|
|  | Shareholder Engagement                        | 333 |
|                                                                                     | Securities Dealing Policy                     | 335 |
|                                                                                     | Notice of the Annual General Meeting          | 338 |
|                                                                                     | Explanatory Notes to the Proposed Resolutions | 340 |
|                                                                                     | Dividend History                              | 342 |
|                                                                                     | Capital Formation History                     | 343 |
|                                                                                     | E-Mandate Activation Form                     | 345 |
|                                                                                     | Contact Information Update Form               | 347 |
|                                                                                     | Request for Change of Address                 | 349 |
|                                                                                     | Proxy Form                                    | 351 |
|                                                                                     | Investors' Enquiries & Complaints             | 352 |

# SHAREHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Board and Management of Access Holdings Plc ('the Company') are committed to ensuring transparency in their dealings with stakeholders. Accordingly, we provide shareholders with a continuous and timely flow of financial and non-financial information in order to ensure that their expectations are aligned with the Company's corporate objectives.

The Company continues to implement its investor relations programme to effectively communicate with shareholders. The Company, in upholding best practices, employs various channels of communication to provide information to its shareholders:

| CHANNEL                                 | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Annual Report and Accounts</b>       | <p>The Annual Report and Accounts is a comprehensive report of the Group's activities throughout the preceding year. It is produced in paper and electronic formats and posted to Shareholders and other stakeholders at least 21 days before the Annual General Meeting as required by law.</p> <p>The Company's website, <a href="http://www.accessholdingsplc.com">www.accessholdingsplc.com</a> serves as a go-to resource and is continuously updated with relevant information for our shareholders.</p> |
| <b>Result Announcement</b>              | The Company ensures complete access to financial performance information through the publication of quarterly and annual results in print and online media.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Conference calls</b>                 | Following the publication of the Group's conference call with shareholders, investors and analysts. The conference calls enable the investors community to gain a better understanding of the Group's performance and future plans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Annual General Meeting (AGM)</b>     | The Annual General Meeting is an annual event during which the Company Board and Senior Management meet with shareholders to discuss the Company's performance, strategy and other concerns of shareholders. Decisions are reached by majority vote as required by law.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Shareholder Associations Meeting</b> | In addition to the Annual General Meeting, the Company considers it important to hear from representatives of various shareholder associations in order to address shareholders' concerns and receive advice from shareholders.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Non-Deal Road Show</b>               | The Group's management team ensures that it meets with international and local shareholders at least once a year.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

Our shareholders are encouraged to share in the responsibility of sustaining the Company corporate values by exercising their rights which include

- Voting at the shareholders' meeting
- Sharing in the property of the Company upon dissolution
- Electing and removing Directors
- Approving by-laws and changes thereto
- Appointing the auditor of the Company
- Examining corporate records, financial statements and Directors' reports and
- Approving major or fundamental changes (such as those affecting a company's structure or business activities).

## ENQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS MANAGEMENT

The Investors Enquiries and Complaints Management Policy ('the Policy') sets out the manner and circumstances in which the shareholders of the Group may contact the Company regarding their shareholding interest in the Company and how the Company will address the shareholders' concerns. It provides guidance to the individuals within the Company that are responsible for handling and resolving shareholders' complaints or enquiries. The Policy provides for efficient, fair and timely management and resolution of shareholders' enquiries and complaints.

The policy is made pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules relating to the Complaints Management Framework of the Nigerian Capital Market and the implementing Circular Number NSE/LARD/CIR6/15/04/22 issued by the Nigerian Exchange Limited and is contained in **page 352** of this report.

## INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT DETAILS

|                        | Retail Shareholders                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Institutional Investors & Financial Analysts                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>E-mail</b>          | shareholderservices@accessholdingsplc.com<br>info@coronationregistrars.com                                                                                                                                                                                              | investorrelations@accessholdingsplc.com                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Phone</b>           | 234-1-2364130<br>234-1-2714566-7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | +234 0813 059 1031                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Contact Address</b> | <b>Coronation Registrars Ltd.</b><br>Plot 09, Amodu Ojikutu Street,<br>Victoria Island, Lagos<br><br><b>Shareholder Services Unit,</b><br>Access Holdings Plc<br>Access Tower<br>Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Abiodun Oniru Street,<br>Oniru Estate, Victoria Island, Lagos | <b>Investor Relations Unit</b><br>Access Holdings Plc<br>Access Tower<br>Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Abiodun Oniru Street,<br>Oniru Estate, Victoria Island, Lagos |

# SECURITIES DEALING POLICY

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Policy shall be read in conjunction with the Central Bank of Nigeria's corporate governance guidelines for financial holding companies in Nigeria ('CBN Guidelines'); the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rules (SEC Rules); the Investments and Securities Act 2007 (ISA) and the Nigerian Exchange Limited's Rules ('NGX Rules').

## 2.0 PURPOSE

This Policy aims to provide a framework for compliance with the CBN Guidelines, the SEC Rules and the ISA provisions as well as NGX Rules on dealing with Access Holdings Plc's ('the Group') products, including its securities, by Directors, Senior Management and Employees of the Company and its subsidiaries or a related company and all insiders (hereafter called 'Affected Persons'). It is intended to ensure that the Affected Persons do not abuse, or place themselves under the suspicion of abusing privileged information or taking or benefiting from material non-public information at their disposal or which come to their possession during their duties, especially at periods leading up to the announcement of the Group's financial results.

The Policy contains appropriate compliance standards and procedures that guarantees seamless implementation. It provides for internal review mechanism with a view to measuring compliance and effectiveness. It is the responsibility of Affected Persons to ensure that none of their dealings constitute insider trading.

If an Affected Person is in doubt about any provision of this Policy, the person should consult the Company Secretary prior to undertaking any transaction on the Company's products, including its securities or encouraging or procuring someone else to so deal.

## 3.0 DEFINITIONS

### 3.1 The following terms have the following meanings unless the context otherwise requires:

**"Affected Persons"** means employees, senior management, members of Shareholders Audit Committee and Directors of the Group and its subsidiaries or a Related Party; **"Audit Committee"** means both the Shareholders' Audit Committee and the Board Audit Committee of the Company;

**"Group"** means Access Holdings Plc.

**"Company Secretary"** means the Company Secretary of Access Holdings Plc or any person duly authorised to discharge the functions of the Company Secretary for the time being in force;

### **"Dealing" means:**

- (a) any sale or purchase of, or agreement to sell or purchase any products of the Group, including its securities;
- (b) the grant to, or acceptance by such a person, of any option relating to such products, including securities or of any other right or obligation, present or future, conditional or unconditional, to acquire or dispose of any such products;
- (c) the acquisition, disposal, exercise or discharge of, or any dealing with, any such option, right or obligation in respect of such products, including its securities;
- (d) dealings between directors and/or employees of the Group;
- (f) Over the Counter dealings;
- (g) Off-Market Dealing; and,
- (g) transfers for no consideration.

**"Director"** means any person who occupies the position of a Director in Access Holdings Plc, or in any of its subsidiaries;

**"Employee"** means any person engaged under a contract of employment with the Group or any of its subsidiaries, and any other persons engaged by a third party service provider or outsourcing agency to provide support services to Access Holdings Plc or any of its subsidiaries;

**"Holding"** means any legal or beneficial interest, direct or indirect in the Group's securities;

**"Insider"** shall include members of Audit Committee, Directors or employees of the Group and any of its subsidiaries, a related company and its employees, a company or firm engaged in a professional or business capacity with the Group or any of its subsidiaries and their employees, including any Shareholder who holds 5% or more of any class of the Group's securities or a similar holding in any of its subsidiaries;

**"Products"** includes securities of the Group.

**"Related Party"** shall mean a spouse or partner or any other

dependents or relative who lives with the Affected Persons or for whom the Affected Person provides material financial support. This also includes those parties over whose trading activity the Affected Persons have a direct or indirect beneficial interest, control or investment influence.

**"Securities"** means any securities of the Group admitted to trading on a Stock Exchange;

**"Securities Dealing"** means trading in the Group's shares or any change whatsoever to the holding of securities of which the holder is an Affected Person at a period when an Affected Person is in possession or deemed to be in possession (actual or constructive) of material non-public information;

**"Unpublished price-sensitive information"** means information which:

- a. relates to products of the Group, including its securities
- b. is specific or precise;
- c. has not been made public; and
- d. if it were made public would have a significant effect on the price or value of any security.

#### 4.0 PROHIBITION OF SECURITIES DEALINGS

**4.1** Affected Person, Insiders and Related Parties shall not deal in any products of the Group, including its securities in a manner and at the period that suggests he is in possession of privileged information whether actual or constructive. For clarity of purpose, any such persons shall be deemed to be in constructive possession of material non-public information where;

- a. Such information is in the possession of a class or a group of persons to which such person belongs; or
- b. By virtue of such person's duties, job description, sphere of service or business relationship with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, he would be expected to possess such unpublished price-sensitive information.

**4.2** The Policy is designed to comply with applicable statutory and regulatory obligations, ensuring that businesses are conducted in line with industry standards and relevant regulatory requirements as well as protect proprietary or confidential information that may be in possession of such persons from being abused or misused.

**4.3** In order to avoid a potential risk of speculative trading as well as to encourage Affected Persons to trade for investment purposes, persons who are presumed to possess some privileged information must hold their personal and privies' account positions for a minimum of 15 (fifteen) calendar days from the date of such presumption before any trade instructions can be executed.

4.4 Any person who is precluded by this Policy from dealing

in the Group's products, including its securities must not encourage any other person or Related Party to do so and must refrain from disclosing such material non-public information or opinions which might likely lead to another person trading on that information.

**4.5** It is recognised that Affected Persons perform different roles and functions within the Group with attendant different exposures to material non-public information. It is an obligation therefore for all Affected Persons to discharge their duty of care and contractual responsibility by ensuring that the information obtained by virtue of their respective positions is not communicated to Related Party, which may induce such party to trade on the Group's products, including its securities.

#### 5.0 NON-DEALING PERIODS

**5.1** No insider of the Issuer and their connected persons shall deal in the products of the Group, including its securities when the trading window is closed. Any period during which trading is restricted shall be termed as a non-dealing period.

**5.2** The non-dealing period shall commence prior to the release of any price sensitive information, and the period shall cover the time of:

- a. Declaration of Financial results (quarterly, half-yearly and full year);
- b. Declaration of dividends (interim and final);
- c. Issue of products, including securities by way of public offer or rights or bonus, etc.;
- d. Any major expansion plans or winning of bid or execution of new projects e.g. amalgamation, mergers, takeovers and buy-back;
- e. Disposal of the whole or a substantial part of the undertaking;
- f. Any changes in policies, plans or operations of the Group that are likely to materially affect the prices of the products, including securities of the Group;
- g. Disruption of operations due to natural calamities;
- h. Litigation/dispute with a material impact

**5.3** Save as otherwise communicated in writing by the Company Secretary, the following periods shall be deemed to be non-dealing periods:

- a. The end of the financial period in review (quarterly, half-yearly, and full year); or
- b. Fifteen (15) calendar days prior to a Board meeting or the date of circulation of the agenda and Board Papers, which ever occurs earlier, except for the declaration of financial results and dividends, in which case the period in 5.3a above would apply



The non-dealing period shall be suspended 24 hours after the price sensitive information is submitted to NGX via its Issuers Portal. The trading period shall thereafter be opened.

- c. Any other period may be designated by the Group Chief Executive Officer as a Non-Dealing Period.
- d. The Group shall notify NGX in advance of the commencement of the nondealing period.

## 6.0. EXCEPTIONS TO NON-DEALING PERIODS

- 6.1** As a general rule, the Group shall not suspend a non-dealing period after it is announced. However with the prior approval of the NGX, trading may be permitted during a closed period only:
  - a. To execute transactions pursuant to statutory or regulatory obligations or court orders;
  - b. To exercise stock options under a pre-existing employee stock option scheme; and
  - c. To execute large volumes trades or block divestments between insiders only.

## 7.0 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 7.1 Board of Directors:** The Board of Directors of Access Holdings Plc shall have ultimate responsibility for this Policy. The Board shall initiate and maintain measures and controls to ensure adherence to this Policy.
- 7.2 Compliance Manager:** The Compliance Manager shall monitor adherence and observance of this policy. He shall create sufficient awareness about the existence and terms of this policy. He shall be responsible for ensuring that the Policy is circulated regularly in the Group's internal communications. He shall also investigate issues of non-compliance and suspicious trading and report same to the Board Audit Committee.
- 7.3 Human Resources Group:** The Human Resource Group shall deal with breaches of this policy by facilitating disciplinary action and applying sanctions appropriately to defaulting persons. The Human Resources Group shall keep records of breaches of this policy as part of each

employee's record. Such disciplinary actions shall be without prejudice to the applicable statutory sanction for breach of the provisions of the ISA on the issue.

- 7.4 Company Secretary:** The Company Secretary will render advice on this Policy, its applicability and consequence of breach.

- 7.4.1** The Company Secretary shall ensure that External Advisers undertake not to abuse, or place themselves under the suspicion of abusing privileged information or benefiting from material non-public information at their disposal or which comes to their possession during performance of their duties

- 7.4.2.** While notifying employees of the commencement of the non-dealing period, the Company Secretary shall include a link to the Policy on the Company's website

## 8.0 EXCLUSION

Investment in Unit Trusts and Collective Investment Schemes are excluded from the ambit of this Policy.

## 9.0. REVIEW OF THE POLICY

The Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall review this policy annually or such other period as the circumstances may warrant to ensure that it remains current and consistent with best practices and applicable laws.

Any changes to the policy shall be recommended to the Board for approval.

## 10.0 POLICY GOVERNANCE

**Date Approved:** July 1, 2024

**Recommended By:** Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee

**Approved By:** The Board

**Responsibility for Document Management:** Group Company Secretariat

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# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 4th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Access Holdings Plc ('the Company') will hold at Balmoral Convention Centre, Federal Palace Hotel, Ahmadu Bello Way, Victoria Island, Lagos on Wednesday, June 10, 2026, at 10.00 a.m. You will be asked to consider and, if thought fit, pass the resolutions below:

## A. ORDINARY BUSINESS/ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

1. To receive the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the Reports of the Directors, Auditor, Board Evaluation Consultants and Statutory Audit Committee thereon.
2. To elect Mr. Innocent. C. Ike as the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer
3. To elect Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi as an Independent Non-Executive Director.
4. To re-elect Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo as a Non-Executive Director.
5. To re-elect Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere as a Non-Executive Director.
6. To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditor for the 2026 financial year
7. To disclose the remuneration of the managers of the Company in line with the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.
8. To elect/re-elect members of the Statutory Audit Committee.

## B. SPECIAL BUSINESS/ORDINARY RESOLUTION

9. That in compliance with the Rule of the Nigerian Exchange Limited governing transactions with Related Parties or Interested Persons, the Company, and its related entities ("The Group") be and are hereby granted a General Mandate in respect of all recurrent transactions entered with a related party or interested person provided such transactions are of a revenue or trading nature or are necessary for the Company's day-to-day operations. This Mandate shall commence on the date that this resolution is passed and shall continue to operate until the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Dated this 10<sup>th</sup> day of May 2026

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

**Sunday Ekwochi**

Group Company Secretary  
FRC/2013/PRO/NBA/002/00000005528  
No. 14/15, Prince Alaba Abiodun Oniru Road  
Oniru Estate, Victoria Island, Lagos State.

## NOTES

### 1. Proxy

A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not also be a member. A proxy form is attached to the Notice, and it is valid for the purpose of the meeting. All instruments of proxy should be duly stamped at the Stamp Duties Office and deposited at the office of the Registrars, Coronation Registrars Limited, Plot 09, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos or sent via e-mail at [eforms@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:eforms@coronationregistrars.com) not later than 48 hours prior to the time of the meeting.

In the case of Joint Shareholders, the signature of any one of them will suffice, but the names of all the Joint Shareholders must be stated.

If the shareholder is a company, the proxy form must be under the Common Seal or under the hand of the same officer or attorney duly authorised by the company to act on its behalf.

### 2. Live Streaming Link

The AGM will be streamed live online to enable shareholders and other stakeholders who will not be attending the meeting in person to follow the proceedings. The live streaming link for the meeting will be available on the Company's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com) in due course.

### 3. Unclaimed Dividend Warrants

Shareholders are hereby informed that a list of all unclaimed dividend will be uploaded on the Company's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com). Any shareholder affected by this notice is advised to contact Coronation Registrars Limited at Plot 09, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, or via email at [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

### 4. Closure of Register of Members

The Register of Members and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed on May 26, 2026 to enable the Registrar to prepare for the Annual General Meeting.

### 5. Election/Re-election of Directors

The following Directors are being proposed for election:

- Mr. Innocent. C. Ike as the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer
- Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

And re-election of the following Directors

- Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo as a Non-Executive Director.
- Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere a Non-Executive Director.

The profiles of the Directors for re-election are contained in the Annual Report.

### 6. E-Annual Report

The electronic version of the Annual report is available at the Company's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com). Shareholders who have provided their email details to the Registrar will receive the electronic version of the Annual Report via email. Additionally, Shareholders who are interested in receiving the electronic version of the Annual Report may request via e-mail to [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com) or [groupcompanysecretariat@accessholdingsplc.com](mailto:groupcompanysecretariat@accessholdingsplc.com).

### 7. Questions from Shareholders

Shareholders and other holders of the Company's securities reserve the right to ask questions not only at the meeting but also in writing prior to the meeting on any item contained in the Annual Report and Accounts. Please send questions, comments or observations to the Group Company Secretariat, Access Holdings Plc, Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Oniru Street, Oniru Estate, Victoria Island, Lagos or by e-mail to [groupcompanysecretariat@accessholdingsplc.com](mailto:groupcompanysecretariat@accessholdingsplc.com) not later than June 4, 2026. Questions and answers will be presented at the Annual General Meeting.

### 8. Voting By Interested Persons

In line with the provisions of Rule 20.8 (h) Rules Governing Related Party Transaction of Nigerian Exchange Limited, interested persons have undertaken to ensure that their proxies, representatives, or associates shall abstain from voting on resolution 9 above.

### 9. Statutory Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of 3 shareholders and 2 Directors. In accordance with S.404(6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, any member may nominate a shareholder for election as a member of the Audit Committee by giving notice in writing of such nomination to the Company Secretary at least 21 days before the Annual General Meeting.

Kindly note that by virtue of the provisions of the Nigerian Code of Corporate Governance, 2018 and the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, all members of the Statutory Audit Committee should be financially literate and at least one member must be a member of a professional accounting body in Nigeria established by an Act of the National Assembly and be knowledgeable in internal control processes. Pursuant to Section 26(3) of the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Audit Regulations 2020, all nominations to the Audit Committee shall be accompanied with evidence of registration of the nominees with the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria.

In view of the foregoing, nominations to the Statutory Audit Committee should be supported by relevant credentials of the nominees.

### 10. Website

A copy of this Notice and other information relating to the meeting can be found at [www.accessholdingsplc.com/investors](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com/investors)

# EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE PROPOSED RESOLUTIONS

The Notes below provide explanations to the proposed resolutions.

Resolutions 1-9 are being proposed as ordinary resolutions. This implies that a simple majority of votes in favour of each resolution is required for it to be passed. Please note that if you abstain from voting you will not be counted in the calculation of the proportion of votes 'for' or 'against' a resolution.

## Resolution 1: Annual Report and Financial Statements

The Directors are required under Section 388 (1) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 to lay before the shareholders in General Meeting for each financial year copies of the financial statements of the Company made up to a date not exceeding nine months prior to the date of the meeting. This provides the shareholders the opportunity to ask questions on the content of the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

## Resolutions 2– 5: Election/Re-Election of Directors

The Board, pursuant to the powers vested on it by the Company's Articles of Association had appointed Mr. Innocent. C. Ike as a Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer and Mrs Ibironke Adeyemi as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

In line with the Articles, Mr. Innocent. C. Ike shall be elected as a Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer while Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi will be elected as an Independent Non-Executive Director during the Annual General Meeting, as it is their first Annual General Meeting since their appointment.

The Company's Articles of Association also requires one-third of all Non-Executive Directors (rounded down) to stand for re-election every year (depending on their tenure on the Board).

Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo and Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere, being eligible for re-election, will retire at this Annual General Meeting and will submit themselves for re-election. It is hereby confirmed that following a formal evaluation, the Directors continue to demonstrate commitment to their

roles as Non-Executive Directors. The re-election of the directors will enable the Board to maintain the needed balance of skill, knowledge, and experience.

The interest of Directors standing for election/re-election in the ordinary shares of the Company as of December 31, 2024, are as shown below.

| S/N | Name                   | Direct Holding | Indirect Holding |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1   | Mr. Innocent C. Ike    | Nil            | Nil              |
| 2   | Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi  | Nil            | Nil              |
| 3   | Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo | 11,788,945     | Nil              |
| 4   | Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere  | 24,598,044     | Nil              |

The biographical details of the four directors for election/re-election are contained in pages 89-90 of the Annual Report.

## Resolution 6: Auditor's Remuneration

Section 408 (1) (b) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 provides that the remuneration of Auditors of a company shall subject to Section 408 (1) (a) be fixed by the company in a general meeting or in such manner as the company in general meeting may determine. Pursuant to this provision, the shareholders will be required to authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors for the financial year ending December 31, 2026. Pursuant to this provision, the shareholders will be required to authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors for the financial year ending December 31, 2025.

### **Resolution 7: Disclosure of Remuneration of Managers**

The Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 in Section 257 provides that the compensation of managers of a company shall be disclosed to members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, shareholders will be requested to note the disclosure on the remuneration of the Managers of the Company as contained in Page 251 of the Annual Report.

### **Resolution 8: Election/Re-election of Members of Statutory Audit Committee**

In accordance with Section 404 (6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, any member may nominate a Shareholder for election as a Member of the Statutory Audit Committee by giving notice in writing of such nomination to the Company Secretary at least 21 days before the

Annual General Meeting. Members will be required to vote at the Annual General Meeting to elect or re-elect members of Statutory Audit Committee.

### **Resolution 9: General Mandate for Recurring Transactions with Related Parties/Interested Persons Transactions**

In accordance with the provisions of rules of the Nigerian Exchange Limited governing Related Parties or Interested Persons transactions, members will be required to approve a General Mandate to the Company and its Entities ('Group') for all recurrent transactions with related parties or interested persons that have a revenue or trading nature or are necessary for the Company's day-to-day transactions. This General Mandate would be effective from the date the resolution is passed until the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

# DIVIDEND HISTORY

For Access Bank Plc and Access Holdings Plc as at 31 December, 2025

| S/N | Dividend Payment       | Year Ended | Date Received | Amount Declared (₦)       | Div per share | Unclaimed as at December 31, 2025 (₦) | Claimed as at December 31, 2025 (₦) |
|-----|------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1   | Dividend 8             | 6/30/2010  | 9/11/2010     | 3,219,885,266.04          | 0.20          | 306,317,949.89                        | 2,913,567,316.15                    |
| 2   | Dividend 9             | 12/31/2010 | 4/28/2011     | 5,366,475,443.40          | 0.30          | 393,430,482.55                        | 4,973,044,960.85                    |
| 3   | Dividend 10            | 6/30/2011  | 9/21/2011     | 3,577,650,295.60          | 0.20          | 298,617,461.20                        | 3,279,032,834.40                    |
| 4   | Dividend 11            | 12/31/2011 | 4/27/2012     | 6,866,475,435.00          | 0.30          | 518,415,786.26                        | 6,348,059,648.74                    |
| 5   | Dividend 12            | 6/30/2012  | 10/17/2012    | 5,148,656,754.30          | 0.25          | 408,620,889.24                        | 4,740,035,865.06                    |
| 6   | Dividend 13            | 12/31/2012 | 4/25/2013     | 12,356,776,210.32         | 0.60          | 1,105,097,436.54                      | 11,251,678,773.78                   |
| 7   | Dividend 14            | 6/30/2013  | 9/17/2013     | 5,148,656,754.30          | 0.25          | 441,882,505.91                        | 4,706,774,248.39                    |
| 8   | Dividend 15            | 12/31/2013 | 4/30/2014     | 7,208,119,746.95          | 0.35          | 662,732,132.76                        | 6,545,387,614.19                    |
| 9   | Dividend 16            | 6/30/2014  | 9/23/2014     | 5,148,656,754.30          | 0.25          | 524,297,802.90                        | 4,624,358,951.40                    |
| 10  | Dividend 17            | 12/31/2014 | 5/6/2015      | 7,208,119,456.02          | 0.35          | 717,105,028.15                        | 6,491,014,427.87                    |
| 11  | Dividend 18            | 6/30/2015  | 9/10/2015     | 6,508,795,773.20          | 0.25          | 793,193,849.50                        | 5,715,601,923.70                    |
| 12  | Dividend 19            | 12/31/2015 | 4/26/2016     | 7,810,552,340.37          | 0.30          | 698,338,722.98                        | 7,112,213,617.39                    |
| 13  | Dividend 20            | 6/30/2016  | 9/14/2016     | 6,508,795,763.64          | 0.25          | 572,435,215.63                        | 5,936,360,548.01                    |
| 14  | Dividend 21            | 12/31/2016 | 3/29/2017     | 10,523,898,704.16         | 0.40          | 962,349,134.32                        | 9,561,549,569.84                    |
| 15  | Dividend 22            | 6/30/2017  | 9/21/2017     | 6,579,385,418.35          | 0.25          | 591,137,877.36                        | 5,988,247,540.99                    |
| 16  | Dividend 23            | 12/31/2017 | 25/04/2018    | 10,543,652,010.12         | 0.40          | 1,068,154,025.37                      | 9,475,497,984.75                    |
| 17  | Dividend 24            | 6/30/2018  | 9/21/2018     | 6,590,513,640.52          | 0.25          | 650,433,961.79                        | 5,940,079,678.73                    |
| 18  | Dividend 25            | 12/31/2018 | 4/25/2019     | 8,093,007,625.67          | 0.25          | 743,984,399.51                        | 7,349,023,226.16                    |
| 19  | Dividend 26            | 6/30/2019  | 10/3/2019     | 8,090,057,979.07          | 0.25          | 733,375,145.20                        | 7,356,682,833.88                    |
| 20  | Dividend 27            | 12/31/2019 | 5/30/2020     | 12,956,339,977.00         | 0.40          | 1,214,298,490.51                      | 11,742,041,486.49                   |
| 21  | Dividend 28            | 6/30/2020  | 9/25/2020     | 8,106,049,074.40          | 0.25          | 767,129,149.47                        | 7,338,919,924.93                    |
| 22  | Dividend 29            | 12/31/2020 | 4/29/2021     | 17,880,496,347.40         | 0.55          | 1,725,607,701.81                      | 16,154,888,645.59                   |
| 23  | Dividend 30            | 6/30/2021  | 9/28/2021     | 9,742,856,013.12          | 0.30          | 947,415,008.75                        | 8,795,441,004.37                    |
| 24  | Access Holdings Div. 1 | 12/31/2021 | 4/28/2022     | 22,701,511,655.13         | 0.70          | 2,065,122,854.98                      | 20,636,388,800.15                   |
| 25  | Access Holdings Div. 2 | 6/30/2022  | 10/11/2022    | 6,488,492,821.44          | 0.20          | 598,149,149.27                        | 5,890,343,672.17                    |
| 26  | Access Holdings Div. 3 | 12/31/2022 | 5/24/2023     | 42,106,842,565.06         | 1.30          | 3,752,125,531.00                      | 38,354,717,034.06                   |
| 27  | Access Holdings Div. 4 | 6/30/2023  | 10/19/2023    | 9,698,684,255.91          | 0.30          | 883,793,189.23                        | 8,814,891,066.68                    |
| 28  | Access Holdings Div. 5 | 12/31/2023 | 4/18/2024     | 58,201,778,712.78         | 1.80          | 5,653,212,974.56                      | 52,548,565,738.22                   |
| 29  | Access Holdings Div. 6 | 6/30/2024  | 10/19/2024    | 14,561,665,019.87         | 0.45          | 1,462,562,913.05                      | 13,099,102,106.82                   |
| 30  | Access Holdings Div. 7 | 12/31/2024 | 5/15/2025     | 99,356,987,057.34         | 2.05          | 7,425,210,247.98                      | 91,931,776,809.36                   |
|     | <b>TOTAL</b>           |            |               | <b>434,299,834,870.78</b> | <b>13.95</b>  | <b>36,645,587,226.38</b>              | <b>397,654,247,644.40</b>           |



# CAPITAL FORMATION HISTORY

| S/N | Year | Corporate Action                                                                                                 | Number of Shares  | Amount in Naira (₦) |
|-----|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1   | 2021 | Capital at incorporation                                                                                         | 2,000,000         | 2,000,000           |
| 2   | 2021 | Sub-division of shares from 2 million ordinary shares of ₦1 each to 4 million ordinary shares of ₦0.50 kobo each | *4,000,000        | 2,000,000           |
| 3   | 2021 | Increase in share capital                                                                                        | **54,100,000,000  | 27,050,000,000      |
| 4   | 2022 | Scheme of Arrangement between Access Bank Plc and Holders of its full paid ordinary shares of ₦0.50 kobo         | ***35,545,225,622 | 17,772,612,811      |
| 5   | 2024 | Rights Issue                                                                                                     | 53,317,838,433    | 26,658,919,217      |

\* 4 million ordinary shares of ₦0.50 kobo held by the 2 initial share holders of Access Holdings Plc

\*\* In line with Sec 124 of Company and Allied Matters Act (CAMA) of 2020, 18,554,774,378 units of unissued shared were cancelled in 2022

\*\*\* On March 10, 2022, being the effective date of the Scheme of Arrangement between Access Bank Plc and holders of its fully paid up shares of ₦0.50k each, the 4 million ordinary shares held by the 2 initial shareholders were relinquished

Also, the 35,545,225,622 ordinary shares of ₦0.50 Kobo each of Access Bank Plc held by qualifying shareholders were exchanged for 35,545,225,622 ordinary shares of ₦0.50 Kobo in Access Holdings Plc as provided for in the Scheme of Arrangement



## E-MANDATE ACTIVATION FORM

### INSTRUCTION

Please complete all sections of this form to make it eligible for processing and return to the address below. The completed form can also be submitted through any Access Bank Plc nearest to you. This service costs **N150.00** per approved mandate per company.

The Registrar,  
Coronation Registrars Limited RC 126257  
9 Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu,  
Victoria Island, P.M.B 12753 Lagos, Nigeria.

Website: [www.coronationregistrars.com](http://www.coronationregistrars.com)  
E-mail: [info@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:info@coronationregistrars.com)

For enquiries, please call 012 272 570 or send e-mail to [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

**ONLY CLEARING BANKS  
ARE ACCEPTABLE**

**AFFIX CURRENT  
PASSPORT  
PHOTOGRAPH**

(to be stamped by bankers)

Please write your name  
at the back of your  
passport photograph

Coronation Registrars Limited hereby disclaims liability or responsibility for errors/omissions/misstatements in any document transmitted electronically.

### SHAREHOLDER ACCOUNT INFORMATION

I\We hereby request that henceforth, all my\our Dividend Payment(s) due to me\us from my\our holdings in all the companies at the right hand column be credited directly to my\our bank detailed below:

Bank Verification No.

Bank Name

Bank Account No.

Account Opening Date

### SHAREHOLDER ACCOUNT INFORMATION

Surname/  
Company  
Name

First Name

Other Name(s)

Address

City  State  Country

Previous  
Address  
(if any)

CHN (if any)

Mobile Telephone 1  Mobile Telephone 2

E-mail

Signature(s)

Joint/  
Company  
Signatories

Company  
Seal  
(if applicable)

Kindly tick & quote your shareholder account no. in the box below:

| ✓                        | NAME OF COMPANY                                        | SHAREHOLDER No.      |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Access Bank PLC                                        | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Access Bank Bond                                       | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Access Bank Green Bond                                 | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Afrinvest WA Ltd – NIDF                                | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | AIICO Insurance PLC                                    | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | AIICO Money Market Fund                                | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Airtel Africa PLC                                      | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Air Liquide Nigeria PLC                                | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Caverton Offshore Support Group                        | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | ChapelHill Denham – NIDF, NREIT                        | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Coronation Asset Management Limited                    | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Coronation Insurance Plc<br>(formerly Wapic Insurance) | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | First Ally Asset Management                            | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dangote Cement Bond                                    | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dangote Cement PLC                                     | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FirstTrust Mortgage Bank PLC                           | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FSDH Asset Management Limited                          | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Food Emporium International Limited                    | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Gombe State Government                                 | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | IHS Nigeria PLC                                        | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Lagos State Government                                 | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Lead Asset Management Limited                          | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | McNichols Consolidated PLC                             | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Mixta Real Estate Bond                                 | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MTN Nigeria Communication PLC                          | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | NASD PLC                                               | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | NDEP PLC                                               | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | NIPCO PLC                                              | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Red Star Express PLC                                   | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SFS Capital Nigeria Limited                            | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | STACO Insurance PLC                                    | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Three Points Industries Limited                        | <input type="text"/> |



## CONTACT INFORMATION UPDATE FORM

Dear Customer,  
Kindly complete this form. This is to enable us to validate your record and process your request to serve you better.

For enquiries, please call 012 272 570 Or send e-mail to [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

*Coronation Registrars Limited hereby disclaims liability or responsibility for errors/omissions/misstatements in any document transmitted electronically.*

## SHAREHOLDER'S DETAILS

Name:

SURNAME / MIDDLE NAME / FIRST NAME

Phone No:

Email:

**Address:**

**BVN**

I confirm that the information provided in this form is correct and can be used by Coronation to communicate with me.

Signature & Date:

Kindly return the duly completed form via email to [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

**Coronation Registrars Limited**

9 Amodu Ojikutu, VI, Lagos, Nigeria | 012 272 570 | +234 816 288 1632 |  
info@coronationregistrars.com | www.coronationregistrars.com

## DATA PRIVACY STATEMENT

Coronation Registrars Limited of Plot 009, Amodu Ojikutu Street, off Saka Tinubu, Victoria Island Lagos State, Nigeria is the data controller under the Nigeria Data Protection Regulation.

Coronation Registrars Limited ("CRL", or "Coronation", "Us", "Our") will use the information you provide on this form and which we obtain from other sources (i.e. Central Securities Clearing System) in accordance with our Privacy Notice; <https://coronationregistrars.com/privacy/>

We will use information that we hold about you for the purposes of creating and maintaining shareholding registers, Process and keep you informed on the status of your shareholding, Communicating and administering our services and events (such as sending promotional materials, newsletters and other marketing communications), Providing customer support, managing our relationship with you, Verifying your identity and protecting against and preventing fraud and other unlawful activity, claims and other liabilities. For a full list of purposes and lawful basis, please see our Privacy Notice.

We may share the information about you and your dealings with us, to the extent permitted by law, for purposes of national security, and for the purpose of improving and providing our services to you. We may also disclose information about you with other member entities within the Coronation Group if we determine that such disclosure is reasonably necessary to enforce our terms and conditions or protect our operations or users. Additionally, in the event of a reorganization, merger, or sale we may transfer any, and all personal information we collect to the relevant third party. Some of these third parties may be located outside Nigeria, in which case we will take all reasonable steps to ensure that your personal information is treated securely and in accordance with our Privacy Notice and applicable data protection laws.

Kindly address all questions, comments and requests regarding data privacy to: Data Protection Officer: [dpo@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:dpo@coronationregistrars.com) or Tel: +234 (1)227 2570

## DECLARATION

☐

I /We certify that all information provided in this form with all accompanying form is true and authentic.

## CONSENT

I/We hereby consent that my/our data may be processed by Coronation Registrars Limited and other authorized member entities within the Coronation Group for the purpose of maintaining shareholders registers and other purposes directly related to this.

SIGNATURE & DATE



## REQUEST FOR CHANGE OF ADDRESS

### INSTRUCTION

\*This field is COMPULSORY, failure to comply with this instruction means your form will not be processed.

The Registrar,  
Coronation Registrars Limited RC 126257  
9 Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu,  
Victoria Island, P.M.B 12753 Lagos, Nigeria.

Website: [www.coronationregistrars.com](http://www.coronationregistrars.com)  
E-mail: [info@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:info@coronationregistrars.com)

For enquiries, please call 012 272 570 or send e-mail to [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

Coronation Registrars Limited hereby disclaims liability or responsibility for errors/omissions/misstatements in any document transmitted electronically.

**AFFIX CURRENT  
PASSPORT  
PHOTOGRAPH**

(to be stamped by bankers)

Please write your name  
at the back of your  
passport photograph

Re-Shareholding in

Kindly effect a change of my contact address in the above named company as stated below:

From: Old Address

RESIDENCE / TOWN / CITY / STATE / COUNTRY

P.O. Box

(Please indicate P.O Box of PMB Number if applicable)

To: New Address

RESIDENCE / TOWN / CITY / STATE / COUNTRY

P.O. Box

Request made by:

SURNAME / MIDDLE NAME / FIRST NAME

### SHAREHOLDER'S SIGNATURE

Name

SURNAME / MIDDLE NAME / FIRST NAME

Date

D D M M 2 0 Y Y

Signature\*

Kindly return the duly completed form to the Registrar, Coronation Registrars Limited at the address stated above.



## PROXY FORM

4TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ACCESS HOLDINGS PLC ('the Meeting') to be held at Balmoral Convention Centre, Federal Palace Hotel, Ahmadu Bello Way, Victoria Island, Lagos, on Wednesday, June 10, 2026, at 10:00 a.m.

"I/WE

OF \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Name of Shareholder in block letters)

Being a member/(s) of the above named Company hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ or failing him/her, \_\_\_\_\_ as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Meeting of the Company to be held on Wednesday June 10, 2026 and at any adjournment thereof. Unless otherwise instructed, the Proxy will vote or abstain from voting as he/she thinks fit.

| A  | ORDINARY BUSINESS/ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | FOR | AGAINST | ABSTAIN |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------|---------|
| 1. | To receive the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the Reports of the Directors, Auditor, Board Evaluation Consultants and Audit Committee thereon.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     |         |         |
| 2. | To elect Mr. Innocent C. Ike as the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     |         |         |
| 3. | To elect Mrs. Ibironke Adeyemi as an Independent Non-Executive Director.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     |         |         |
| 4. | To re-elect Mr. Olusegun Ogbonnewo as a Non-Executive Director.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     |         |         |
| 5. | To re-elect Mrs. Ojinika Olaghere as a Non-Executive Director.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     |         |         |
| 6. | To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors for the 2026 financial year.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     |         |         |
| 7. | To disclose the remuneration of the managers of the Company in line with the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |     |         |         |
| 8. | To elect/re-elect members of the Statutory Audit Committee.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     |         |         |
| B  | SPECIAL BUSINESS/ORDINARY RESOLUTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     |         |         |
| 9. | That in compliance with the Rule of the Nigerian Exchange Limited governing transactions with Related Parties or Interested Persons, the Company, and its related entities ("The Group") be and are hereby granted a General Mandate in respect of all recurrent transactions entered with a related party or interested person provided such transactions are of a revenue or trading nature or are necessary for the Company's day-to-day operations. This Mandate shall commence on the date on which this resolution is passed and shall continue to operate until the date on which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held. |     |         |         |

Please indicate with an 'X' in the appropriate box how you may wish your votes to be cast on the resolutions set above. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion.

Dated this ..... day of ..... 2026

-----  
 Shareholder's Signature

### Important Notes

A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy also need not be a member. A proxy form is attached to the Notice, and it is valid for the purpose of the Meeting. All instruments of proxy should be duly stamped at the Stamp Duties Office and deposited at the office of the Registrars, Coronation Registrars Limited, Plot 09, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Saka Tinubu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, or e-mailed to **eforms@coronationregistrars.com** not later than 48 hours prior to the time of the Meeting. In the case of Joint Shareholders, the signature of any one of them will suffice, but the names of all the Joint Shareholders must be stated.

If the shareholder is a Corporation, the proxy form must be under the Common Seal or under the hand of the same officer or attorney duly authorised by the Corporation to act on its behalf.

-----  
 Signature of the Person Attending

# INVESTORS' ENQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS MANAGEMENT POLICY

## 1. SCOPE AND OBJECTIVE OF POLICY

This Investors Enquiries and Complaints Management Policy ('the Policy') sets out the manner and circumstances in which the shareholders of Access Holdings Plc ('the Company') may contact the Company regarding their shareholding interest in the Company and how the Company will assist to address the shareholders' concerns. It provides guidance to the individuals within the Company that are responsible for handling and resolving shareholders' complaints or enquiries. The policy provides for efficient, fair and timely management and resolution of shareholders' enquiries and complaints.

The policy is made pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rules Relating to the Complaints Management Framework of the Nigerian Capital Market and the implementing Circular Number NSE/LARD/CIR6/15/04/22 issued by the Nigerian Exchange Limited.

The policy does not cover complaints and enquiries by the enquiries and complaints falling outside the purview of the Securities and Exchange Commission ('SEC'). The Registrars, Coronation Registrars Limited has its own complaint handling procedures and policies, which are not covered by this policy. The contact details of the Registrars are contained in Article 9 of this Policy.

## 2. STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

Access Holdings is committed to providing high standards of services for shareholders, including:

- Providing efficient and easy access to shareholders' information;
- Enabling shareholders to have shareholders' related matters acknowledged and addressed; and
- Providing the means for shareholders' enquiries and complaints to be appropriately handled.

## 3. DEFINITIONS

Unless otherwise described in the Policy, the following terms and definitions apply throughout this policy:

- 3.1 'Access Holdings Plc' means the company which has its ordinary shares listed on the Nigerian Exchange Limited ISIN Number NGACCESS0005 and further identified with Legal Entity Identifier Number 029200328C3N9Y12D660.
- 3.2 'Shareholder' means the registered owner of ordinary shares in Access Holdings
- 3.3 'Competent Authority' means Nigerian Exchange Limited

## 4. ENQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS PROCEDURES

There are several ways shareholders can access relevant information about their shareholding and make related enquiries and complaints.

### 4.1 Visiting the Company's Website

Shareholders may visit the Company's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com) for detailed information to assist them in managing their investments. Information available on the website include but is not limited to calendar of key dates, useful shareholder forms, frequently asked questions, and Annual General Meeting Notices.

### 4.2 Contact our Registrar

Shareholders who wish to make an enquiry or complaint about their shareholding should first contact the Registrars, Coronation Registrar Limited (see the contact details in Article 9 of this policy). The Registrars manages and updates all the registered information relating to shareholdings, including shareholder name(s); payment of dividend; distribution of Annual Report and company's meeting notices; distribution of share certificates and e-allotment; change of shareholder's address, mandate and name; filing of caution on shares and e-dividend mandate.

### 4.3 The Web Registry Platform

This is a web-based platform provided by the Company's Registrars to its shareholders. The platform affords shareholders the opportunity to enjoy the following services:

- i. Ability to generate, print or export their Statement of Shareholding.
- ii. Access to view certificate details, including dividend and other transaction history.
- iii. Ability to initiate certificate dematerialization request and follow up on the status of the request independent of the stockbroker prior to the broker submitting the physical documentation.
- iv. On-line change of address without having to write the registrar.

### How to Access the Web Registry Service

- i. Download form from the Registrars' website – [www.coronation.ng/institutional/about-us/registrars/](http://www.coronation.ng/institutional/about-us/registrars/)
- ii. Complete form and return to the Registrars

- iii. Pay an Annual Subscription fee of N1,000
- iv. Receive log-on detail and password
- v. Access portal on the Registrar's website

The Web Registry provides a quick, convenient and secure way for conducting standard shareholders' enquiries and transactions.

#### 4.4. Shareholder Services Desk at the Corporation's Branches Nationwide

Shareholders can visit any of the Corporation's branches nationwide and submit their completed forms or complaint letters at the branch which are transmitted to the Shareholder Services Unit for resolution or referenced to the Registrar as the case may be.

### 5. ENQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS TO THE CORPORATION'S SHAREHOLDER SERVICES UNIT

Access Corporation is committed to responding to shareholders' enquiries and complaints fairly and promptly, whether by email, telephone, or post. The following actions will be taken upon receipt of an enquiry or complaint:

5.1 Complaints received by e-mail shall be acknowledged by e-mail within 24 hours. Where complaints are received by post, the Corporation shall respond within five (5) working days of the receipt of the complaint. The Corporation will respond using the same or similar medium that was used for the initial enquiry unless otherwise notified or agreed with the shareholder. The acknowledgement letter will typically contain the following information.

- a) Details of how the complainant will be updated on the complaint status.
- b) Name, designation and direct contact of the officer dealing with complaint.
- c) Complaint management and resolution procedure and requirements
- d) Anticipated closure time.

5.2 The Corporation shall endeavor to resolve all complaints received by it from Access Bank account holders within ten (10) working days (upon the shareholder meeting all conditions precedent) and notify the Competent Authority within two (2) days of the resolution. However, where the complaints involves shareholders with unclaimed dividend with accounts domiciled in other banks, resolution will be within 30 – 60 days depending on the response time from the other institutions. The Competent Authority would be notified within two (2) days of the resolution.

5.3 Where the complaint is not resolved within the given time frame, the Complainant may refer the complaint to the Competent Authority within two (2) working days enclosing a summary of events leading to the referral and copies of relevant supporting documents.

### 6. RECORDING OF ENQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS AND REPORTING

The Corporation shall maintain an Electronic Register for Complaints and Enquiries. The register shall contain the following information:

- i. The date that the enquiry or complaint was received;
- ii. Name of the shareholder;
- iii. Telephone number, e-mail address or other contact details;
- iv. Nature of enquiry or complaint;
- v. Details of enquiry
- vi. Whether there is any cost associated;
- vii. Action taken.
- viii. Copy of all correspondence sent to the shareholder
- ix. Remarks and Comments.

The Company Secretary shall compile and file electronic copies of the report to Nigerian Exchange Limited on a quarterly basis at [ir@nse.com.ng](mailto:ir@nse.com.ng) or any other e-mail address as may be advised by Nigerian Exchange Limited.

### 7. LIAISON WITH THE CORPORATION'S REGISTRAR

In investigating a shareholder's enquiry, complaint or feedback, the Corporation may liaise with the Registrar. If necessary, the Corporation's engagement with the Registrar will include:

- i. Determining the facts.
- ii. Determining what action has been taken by the Registrar (if any); and
- iii. Coordinating a response with the assistance of the Registrar

### 8. CONDITIONS FOR CLOSURE

The Corporation shall consider a complaint closed in any of the following situations

- i. When the Corporation has fully complied with the shareholder's request
- ii. Where the shareholder has accepted the Corporation's response
- iii. Where the shareholder has not responded to the Corporation within 4 weeks of receiving the letter of closure
- iv. Where the Corporation's Company Secretary or the General Counsel has certified that the Corporation has met its contractual, statutory, or regulatory obligation.
- v. Where the shareholders revert with a fresh complaint after a letter of closure has been sent.

### 9. REGISTRAR'S CONTACT DETAILS

The Corporation's Registrar, United Securities Limited may be contacted through the following means

## Office Address

Plot 009, Amodu Ojikutu Street,  
Off Saka Tinubu, Victoria Island, Lagos, Nigeria  
Telephone: +234 (1) 271 4566, +234 (1) 271 4567  
E-mail: [customercare@coronationregistrars.com](mailto:customercare@coronationregistrars.com)

## 10. THE CORPORATION'S SHAREHOLDERS SERVICES UNIT

Shareholders seeking more information about the Company may contact the Company's Shareholder Relations Units at:

### Shareholder Services Unit

Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Oniru Street  
Oniru Estate  
Victoria Island, Lagos  
Telephone: +234(1) 2804130  
Email: [shareholderservices@accessholdingsplc.com](mailto:shareholderservices@accessholdingsplc.com)

## 11. PUBLICATIONS

This policy is available on the Company's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com) and will also be published in the Company's Annual Report as required by the relevant SEC Rule.

## 12. RESOURCES

The Company shall provide sufficient resources so that shareholders enquiries and complaints may be dealt with adequately and in an efficient and timely manner.

## 13. CHARGES AND FEES

Wherever possible and subject to statutory requirement, Access Company will not charge shareholders for making enquiries, giving feedback, providing a response or for any aspect while resolving a shareholder's matter. The Registrar may however reserve the right to charge the shareholders for value adding services.

## 14. REVIEW

The Company will regularly review this policy and the procedure concerning shareholders' enquiries and complaint. Any changes or subsequent versions of this policy shall be published in the Corporation's website at [www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com).

## 15. POLICY REVIEW

The Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall review this policy annually or such other period as the circumstances may warrant to ensure that it remains current and consistent with best practices and applicable laws. Any changes to the policy shall be recommended to the Board for approval.

## 16. POLICY GOVERNANCE

**Date Approved:** April 30, 2026

**Recommended By:** Board Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee

**Approved By:** The Board

Responsibility for Document Management: Group Company Secretariat



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of where the world is going.

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Africa to the world.



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more.



**access**



**Access Holdings Plc**

BANKING | LENDING | PAYMENTS | INSURANCE | PENSIONS

***Corporate Head Office:***

Access Tower,  
Plot 14/15, Prince Alaba Abiodun Oniru Road,  
Victoria Island, Lagos, Nigeria  
[www.accessholdingsplc.com](http://www.accessholdingsplc.com)