

Outline

- Macroeconomic and regulatory update
- Strategic update
- Financial and operating results
- Access Banking Group
 - Capital & Liquidity Management
 - Asset Quality
 - Subsidiaries Performance
 - Digital Lending
- Access Non-Banking Verticals
- 2023 Guidance



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Our Mission

To build and sustain one global platform, open for anyone to join where people can be connected to exceptional opportunities.

Our Vision

To create a globally connected community and ecosystem; Inspired by Africa, for the World.

Our Values

❖ Excellence

"Putting in exceptional effort for exceptional results"

Curiosity

"Never stop questioning"

Empathy

"Standing in someone else's shoes and seeing through their eyes"



Macroeconomic & Regulatory update



H1 2023 Global Operating Environment

Global Outlook

Interest Rates: Central Banks worldwide have been raising interest rates consistently over the past year, as a key strategy to effectively manage inflation. It's expected that interest rates will either remain steady or experience only slight increases during the remaining months of 2023 as inflation starts to ease.

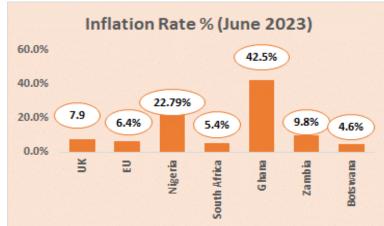
Inflation: Global headline inflation appears to have peaked, due to unexpected reversals in food and energy prices across Europe and North America in the first half of 2023. Albeit inflation continues to exceed the targets of most central banks.

Russo-Ukrainian War: Presently in its 18th month, the ongoing war has caused significant disturbances in global supply chains. It is anticipated that this conflict will persist for an extended period, with consequences for crude oil, fertilizer, and gas prices in the foreseeable future.

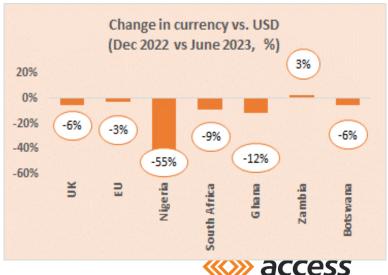
The USD continues to strengthen against the world's major currencies, further worsening inflation.

Many economies in Sub-Saharan Africa experienced significant headwinds









Corporation

Highlights of the Nigerian Domestic Economy in H1' 2023

Key policy expectations from the new government include policies to increase in Foreign Direct Investments and Foreign Portfolio Investments, harmonization of FGN revenue collection agencies, Nigeria's sovereign ratings upgrades, Tax Reforms, intentional initiatives to strengthen the nation's foreign reserves.

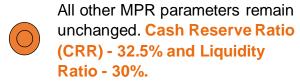
- Nigeria Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew by 2.51% (year-on-year) in real terms in Q2 of 2023 compared to a 2.31% (year-on-year) growth in real terms in Q1 2023.
- Non-oil sector grew by 3.58% while oil sector declined by 13.43% year-on-year.

 Agriculture, Manufacturing, Construction, Trade, Information, Education, and Financial services emerged as the primary catalysts for economic growth.
- Headline inflation increased to 22.79% in June 2023 largely driven by the removal of fuel subsidy, rising energy, food and mobility costs.
- Foreign reserves declined by \$1.3bn to \$34.1bn in Q2 2023 from \$35.5bn in Q1 2023.

The market (NGX) recorded an 18.93% increase as at H1 2023 (N33.19 trillion) relative to Dec. 2022 (N27.92 trillion). The NGX also recorded an all-time high index since 2008 at 60,968 points in June 2023 – an increase of 18.96% relative to Dec. 2022. Access Holdings Plc share price appreciated by 95% to close at \$16.60k in H1' 2023







The Naira experienced an 81% year-on-year depreciation, reaching \$\mathbf{#}769.25/USD, as a result of CBN's efforts to consolidate all segments and enable market-driven exchange rates.

Nigeria's oil production averaged 1.3mb/d in H1 2023, relatively flat year-on-year.

Average T-bills rate closed at 3.87% at end of June 2023, compared to 4.4% at end of 2022, highlighting the downward yield curve of fixed income securities in the period.



2023 highlights of the regulatory landscape (Nigeria)

Banking

- The Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) eliminates market segmentation in the FX market, consolidating all segments into the Investors and Exporters (I&E) Window.
- Regulatory review of the tenure of executive management and non-executive directors of deposit money banks In Nigeria.
- Banks authorized to trade foreign currencies freely at market-determined exchange rate.
- Fresh directives on the categorization of Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs) to strengthen identification and verification requirements.
- Government approval of the securitization of the N23.7 trillion ways and means longstanding overdraft facilities obtained from the CBN.
- The reduction in the Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) for Merchant Banks, from 32.5% to 10%, is anticipated to support job creation in the real sector of the economy.







Pensions

- Draft Guidelines On The Operation Of Branches And Service Centers.
- Framework for the Establishment of Additional Benefit Schemes under the Contributory Pension Scheme.
- Exposure Draft Guidelines On Appointment Of Corporate Sales Agent (CSA) by Operators In The Implementation of the Micro-Pension Plan.
- Launch of the PENCOM Micro Pension Scheme to provide pension coverage to informal sector workers.
- Proposed amendments to the Pension Reform Act encompassing changes related to the transferability of retirement savings accounts (RSAs), the creation of a pension ombudsman role, and the oversight of pension funds administrators (PFAs).



2023 highlights of the regulatory landscape (African Subsidiaries)

Ghana:

- ➤ The Bank of Ghana held its benchmark monetary policy rate steady at a record level of 29.5% in Q2 2023, after raising it by 150 bps in Q1 2023.
- ➤ Participating banks in the domestic debt exchange program (DDE) were granted derecognition losses stemming from the exchange over 4 years, reducing CAR limit to 10% from 13%, increase in Tier II from 2% to 3%.

Kenya:

- ➤ The Central Bank of Kenya increased its benchmark interest rate to 10.5% from 9.5%, the highest increase in seven years.
- Kenya is looking at alternative local bonds in a bid to attract domestic investors amid a liquidity crunch and interest rate hikes.







South Africa:

- > The South African Reserve Bank left its key reportate unchanged at a 14-year high of 8.25% marking a pause in its tightening cycle after 10 consecutive rate hikes.
- > South African real gross domestic product (GDP) expanded by 0.6% in Q2 2023. This follows a 0.4% rise in the first quarter.

Rwanda:

- ➤ The National Bank of Rwanda kept its key interest at 7% in Q2 2023 in order to maintain a downward inflation trend.
- ➤ The National Bank of Rwanda (BNR) issued Regulation No. 72/2023, which determines the administrative sanctions that can be imposed on regulated institutions for non-compliance with anti-money laundering (AML) and counterterrorism financing (CTF) requirements.

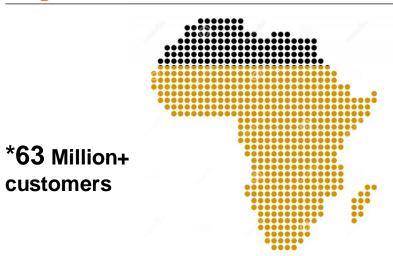


Strategic update



Access Holdings Plc – building a globally connected community and ecosystem

Large customer base



Superior service provided across 20 countries including, the UAE, UK, and 4 rep offices in China, India, Lebanon and Paris







Holdco verticals

Payments

Pensions

Insurance

Consumer lending

Source: Access Bank Financial Statements

*Includes customers from other business verticals

Growing users on our digital channels



000

OOO users

2,863 ATMs

000 12.5mn + USSD



믊

18.5mn unique mobile app and internet banking users

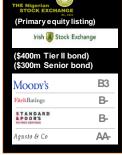
747 Branches



56,859+ POS



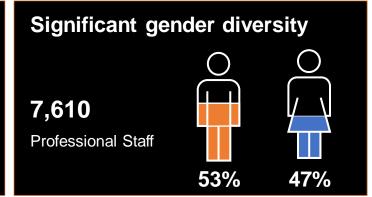
56k+ Agents



Listings

Consistent financial performance

₩940.3bn	料 10	67.6bn
Gross Earnings (H1 '23)	Profit before tax (H1 '23)	
19.3%	18.7%	14.1%
ROAE	CAR	Tier 1 ratio



Awards & recognitions

2023 The Digital Banker - Middle East & Africa Retail Banking Innovation Awards

2023 Global SME Banking Innovation Awards- Best SME Bank for Women Entrepreneurs in Africa

2023 World Economic Magazine - Best Bank in Nigeria

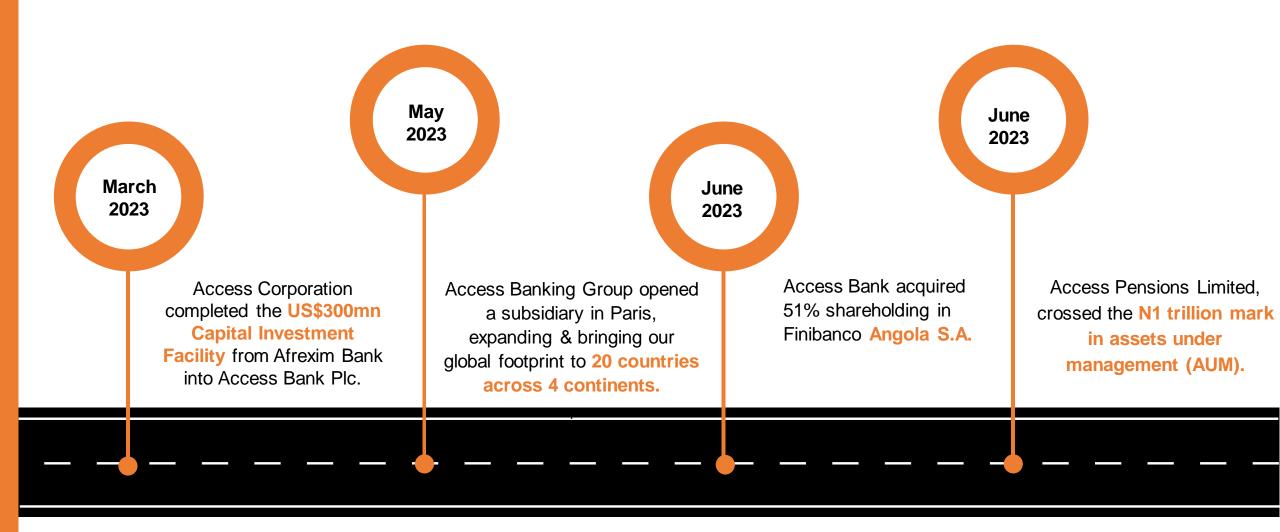
2023 Global Sustainable Finance Awards - Outstanding Leadership in ESG-Related Loans, Africa

2023 Global Finance Awards - Best Bank for Sustainable Finance in Nigeria 2023

2023 The Karlsruhe Sustainable Finance Award - Outstanding Business Sustainability Achievement

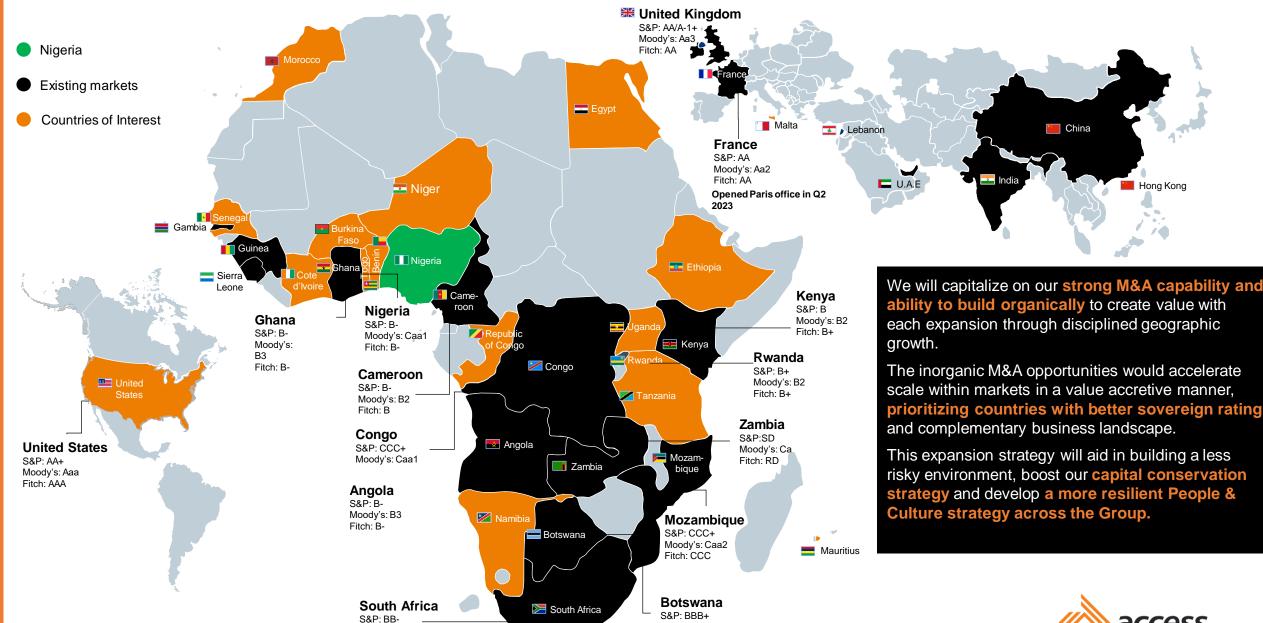


Strategic updates 2023 – agile execution mindset





Access Corporation's footprint continues to grow as planned in this strategic cycle



Moody's: A3

Angola subsidiary operational in Q2 2023

Paris office was opened in Q2 2023

Moody's: Ba2 Fitch: BB-

ESG performance

Sustainability Investment

Minimum 1% PBT dedicated to Sustainability





First commercial bank in Africa to become sustainability certified by **Sustainability Standards and Certification Initiative**



Appointed to the 2030 Core Group

Appointed to the Advisory Council (Green, Social and **Sustainability Bonds** Principles)



Second pilot phase of the Taskforce on Climate-related **Financial Disclosures (TCFD)**

Corporate Social Investment – H1 2023



Reached 2,872,425 lives



Impacted 363 communities



Supported 38 **NGOs**



Invested **56,252** employee volunteering hours



Employees raised about \$249,805 for community programs

100% employee involvement in community volunteering

Empowered Networks



100% Trainees at Access Bank School of Banking Excellence trained on Sustainability

Established Sustainability Champions Network - peaked at 20% of staff

Sustainable Development Finance

Issued Africa's first Climate Bonds Initiative (CBI) certified corporate green bond - 41mn

Supported the launch of the Nigerian Green Bond Development Programme and \$50mn Green Note via private placement

Pioneering African Bank to be recognized as qualified for the 2X Challenge, an initiative founded by the G7 DFIs

Disbursed loans worth over \$48mn to women

Green bond proceeds channeled towards sustainable projects in renewable energy, sustainable mobility and water flood defence

Attracted funding from DFIs to finance sustainability-related

Environmental Footprint



10.8% reduction in operational emissions across scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions



Environmental audit of 100% branches across Nigeria



Recycling waste in **75** locations



Over **696** offsite locations solarpowered ATMs



GHG emission reduction strategy for carbon abatement and offset



2.200 trees planted for biodiversity conservation



Financial and operating results



H1'2023 highlights – sustained positive results across key performance indices



₩590.1b

Market Cap

63m+

Customers

7,610

Employees

20

Countries

Gross Earnings

₩940.3bn

+58.9% y/y

Cost to Income Ratio

60.7% (4.9%) y/y **Total Assets**

#20.9trn

+39.0% ytd

Deposit Growth

₩12.5trn +35.2% y/y

Shareholders' Funds

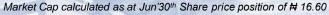
#1.7trn

+40.6% ytd

Profit Before Tax

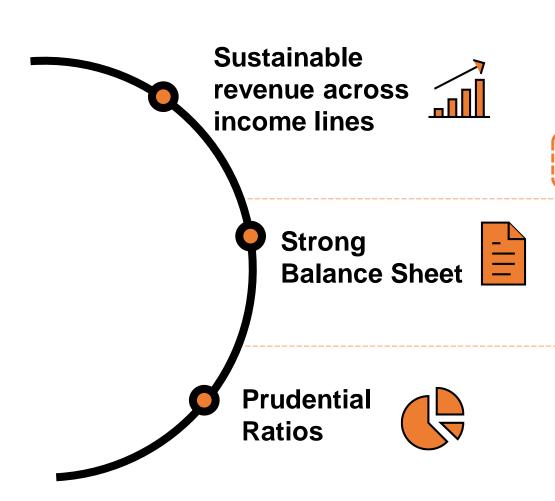
₩167.6bn

+71.4% y/y





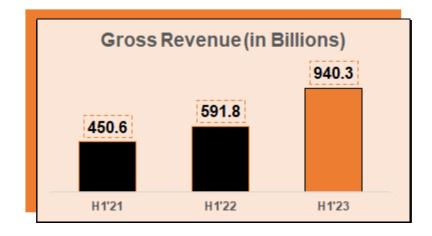
Access Corporation delivered record earnings, with a stronger balance sheet

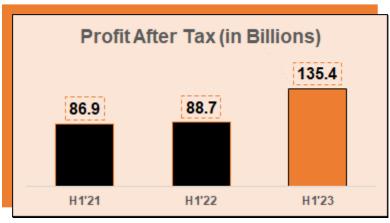


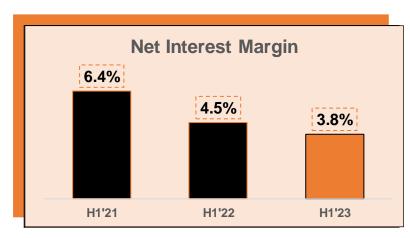
H1 2023	H1 2022	% ∆	
940,311	591,806	58.9	
224,239	197,502	13.5	
333,473	219,502	51.9	
(315,941)	(256,680)	23.1	
(37,175)	(36,863)	8.0	1
167,601	97,791	71.4	•
135,441	88,739	52.6	•
H1 2023	FY 2022	% ∧	
7,623	5,556	37.2	•
20,853	14,998	39.0	
12,508	9,251	35.2	
1,731	1,231	40.6	
1,010	896	12.8	1
H1 2023	H1 2022	% Δ	
19.3%	19.2%	0.1	
60.7%	65.6%	4.9	
18.7%	*24.5%	5.4	
50.0%	53.0%	3.0	
61.5%	50.8%	10.7	
1.0%	2.0%	1.0	
	940,311 224,239 333,473 (315,941) (37,175) 167,601 135,441 H1 2023 7,623 20,853 12,508 1,731 1,010 H1 2023 19.3% 60.7% 18.7% 50.0% 61.5%	940,311 591,806 224,239 197,502 333,473 219,502 (315,941) (256,680) (37,175) (36,863) 167,601 97,791 135,441 88,739 H1 2023 FY 2022 7,623 5,556 20,853 14,998 12,508 9,251 1,731 1,231 1,010 896 H1 2023 H1 2022 19.3% 19.2% 60.7% 65.6% 18.7% *24.5% 50.0% 53.0% 61.5% 50.8%	940,311 591,806 58.9 224,239 197,502 13.5 333,473 219,502 51.9 (315,941) (256,680) 23.1 (37,175) (36,863) 0.8 167,601 97,791 71.4 135,441 88,739 52.6 H1 2023 FY 2022 %Δ 7,623 5,556 37.2 20,853 14,998 39.0 12,508 9,251 35.2 1,731 1,231 40.6 1,010 896 12.8 H1 2023 H1 2022 % Δ 19.3% 19.2% 0.1 60.7% 65.6% 4.9 18.7% *24.5% 5.4 50.0% 53.0% 3.0 61.5% 50.8% 10.7

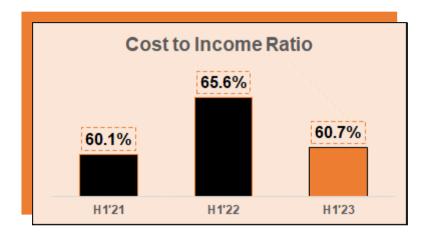


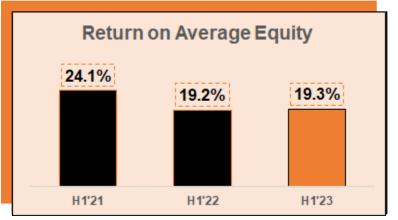
Income statement metrics

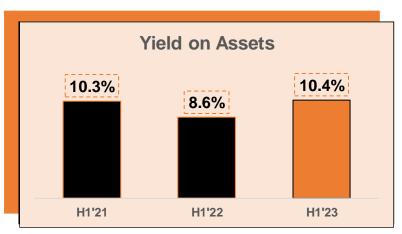






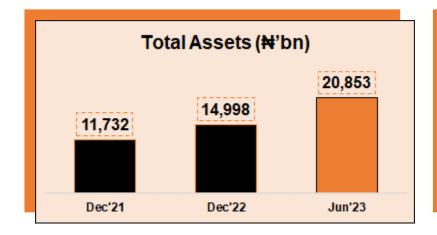


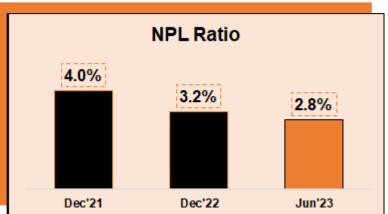


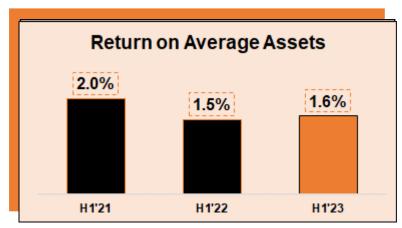


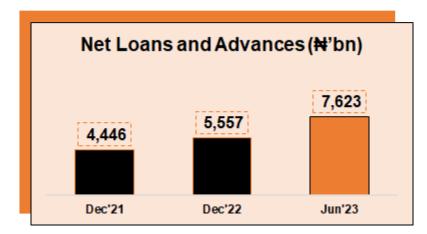


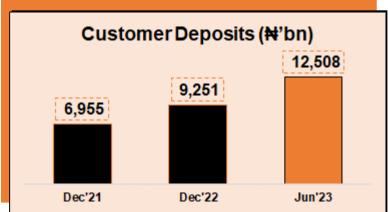
Balance sheet metrics

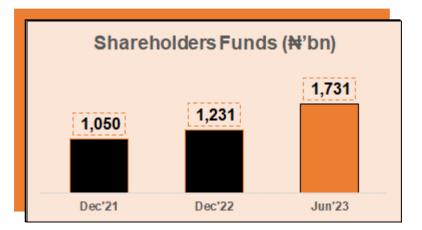






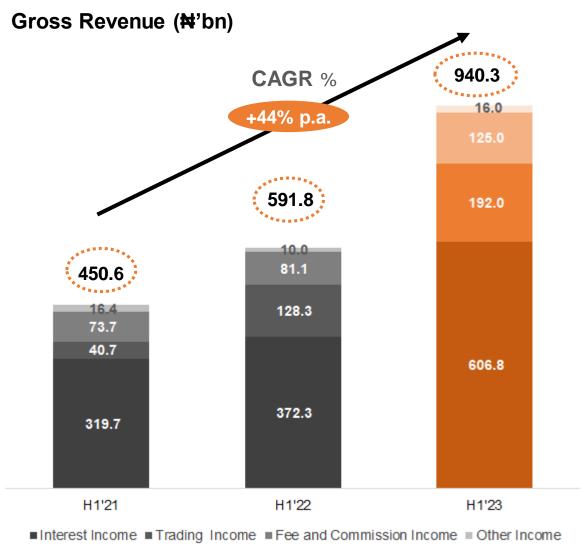








Resilient and diversified revenue growth across key income lines



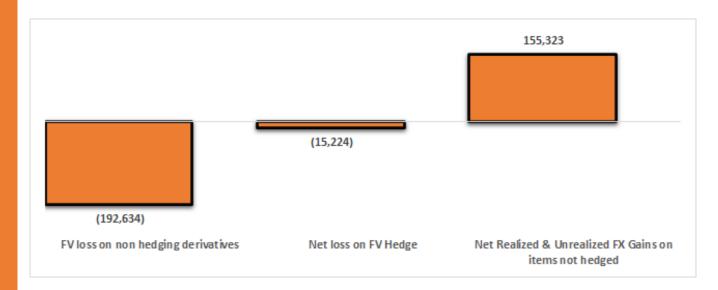
lateract become figures calculated as an addition of lateract income on financial coacts not at EVED! (not hold for trading

- ➤ Interest income drivers ¥606.8bn (+63% y/y, H1'22: ★372.3bn):
- A 38% y/y increase in interest on Loans and Advances to #340.6bn (H1'22: #246.2bn) driven by new loans booked in the period, in addition to repricing in line with market realities.
- A 114% y/y increase in Interest Income from Investment Securities to ₩259bn (H1'22: ₩121.3bn).
- ➤ Non-Interest Income drivers #333.5bn (+52% y/y, H1'22: #219.4bn):
- A 54% y/y increase in Fee & Commission income to \$\frac{\text{\$\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\finter{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\finter{\text{\$\frac{\tex{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\til\exitex{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\exitex{\$\}\exit{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{
- A 50% y/y growth in trading income to ¥192.0bn (¥128.3bn) driven by investments in high-yield fixed-investment securities, revenue generated from FCY trading, with a portion allocated to derivative instruments with the Sovereign



[➤] Gross earnings grew by 58.9% y/y to c. ₩940.3trn in the period (H1'22: ₩591.8bn), comprising 63% increase in interest income and 52% growth in non-interest income.

FX Income Analysis & Impact on Capital (1)



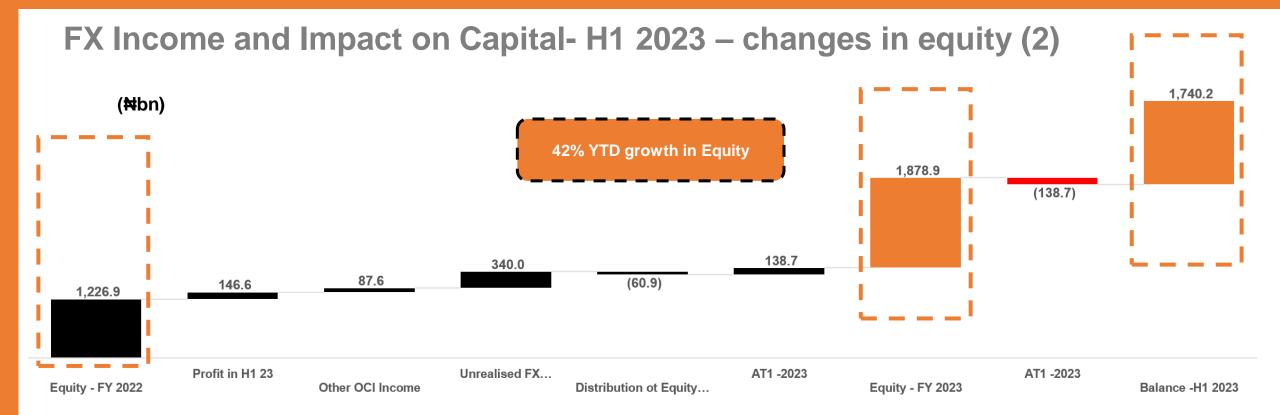
Whilst overall total trading income increased 50% y/y by N63.7bn to N192.0bn (H1' 2022: N128.2bn), included in this figure are :

- Fair value loss on non hedging derivatives at N192.6bn.
- Net loss on fair value hedge of ₩15.2bn
- Net Realized FX Gains of N155.3bn on non hedging items, with an overall Net FX loss impact of c. N52bn.

Given the maturity profile of our Swaps book, there is a timing difference which is expected to show material revaluation gains in Q4 2023 & Q1 2024.

Key Highlights of H1' 23 Trading Income

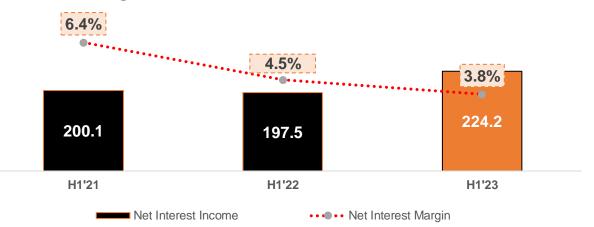
- **❖** High Yield Investment Securities
 - Leveraging high yield securities to boost trading
- Project and Receivables Financing
 - Pioneered the financing of state projects leveraging the States' receivables
- **❖** Structured FX Products
 - Bespoke derivatives structures at cost effective rates to provide foreign exchange liquidity to our corporate clients.
- Impact of currency unification is nil, due to no open position



- Value accretion from our investments in subsidiaries, which acts as a natural hedge, creating sustainable long-term impact on the Balance sheet.
- Given the unification we saw a translation gain of N340bn which impacted the Bank's shareholders funds positively, moving total Bank's Equity from N1.23trn at the end of 2022 to N1.87trn as at HY 2023 (N0.6trn)
- 42% YTD accretion to Equity in HY 2023: creating room for expansion into new markets and business opportunities in line with our 5-year strategy plan

Corporation

Overall impact of the FX rates' unification as pressure on margins grow



Key NIM & COF Drivers

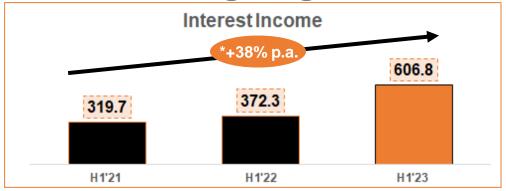
Volume Growth (+37.2%) growth y/y in credit related loans .Deposits (+59.5%) growth y/y across all regions .High growth rate in non -interest bearing assets, driven by the y/y growth in restricted deposits (CRR)

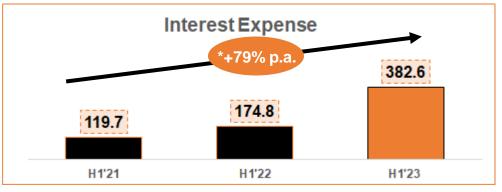
Higher Interest Rates

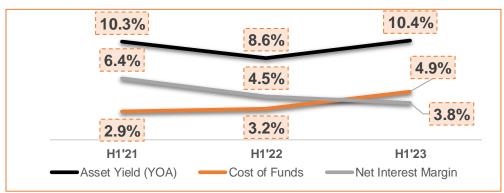
Minimum interest on savings deposit increased from 10% (11.5% as of May 2022) to 30% (18.75% as of Jul 2022) of MPR rate for c.2.2m savings customers, generating significantly higher interest expenses over the past year. The Fed Reserves also increased SOFR rates from <1% in 2022 to over 5% as at HY 2023.

Margin Management The substantial increase in interest-earning assets continues to exert downward pressure on net interest margin, despite the improvement of the overall net interest income. Proactive cost of deposit management and portfolio repricing to support positive NIM growth

Marginal improvement in asset yields from investment securities and fixed income trading activities





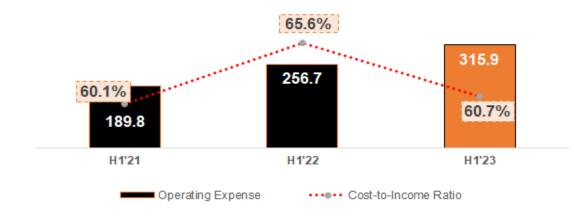


*CAGR %

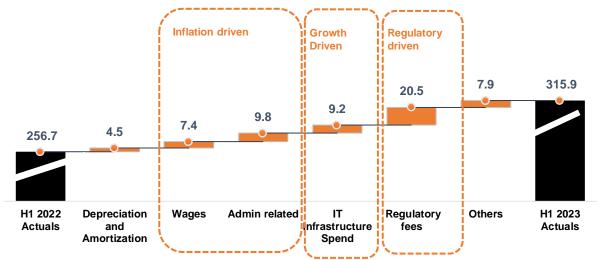


Operating expenses – regulatory costs and inflation driven spend remain key drivers

Operating Expenses (₦'bn), CIR



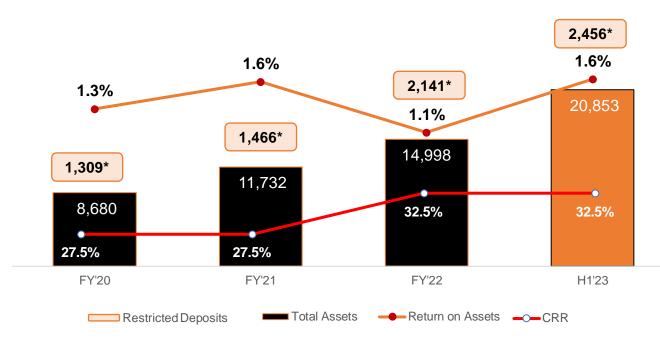
Expense breakdown (★'bn)



- Cost to income ratio (CIR) improved to 60.7% in H1' 23 from 65.6% in HY'22. Our commitment to utilizing technology and innovation across all business verticals remains steadfast, enabling us to expand and lower the cost of serving each customer.
- Positive outcomes of sustained investments made during the previous strategic cycle are becoming evident, as we observe robust growth across all revenue streams to reduce cost.
- ➢ Growth in operating expense by 23.1% y/y to N315bn (H1'22; ₩256.7bn) - adjustments to personnel costs, cushioning the costof-living adjustment (COLA), spike in regulatory fees (AMCON and NDIC) and continuous technology investments to improve cost to serve and user experience.
 - Regulatory costs (NDIC and AMCON) grew by 28% y/y to ₩ 85.0bn.
 - Normalized regulatory fees for H1'23 will reduce CIR to 52.5%
- IT Spend increased by 19% y/y as we continue with investments in technology to scale business and automation of back-end processes to enhance operational efficiency and user experience



Total Assets Analysis – material growth in Restricted Deposits



FY' 22 and H1' 23 (FY'22; N14,998trn).

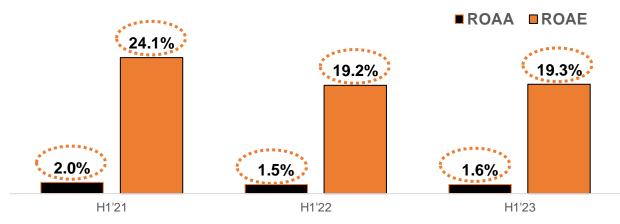
Access Bank restricted deposits with the CBN has grown at a rate of 87.6% over the past 4 years. Cumulative CRR debit in H1'23 is N315bn.

Despite the challenging externalities, return on average asset & return on average equity improved marginally to 1.6% and 19.3% respectively demonstrating our ability to navigate the peculiarities of the markets which we operate in.

Impact of the unification of FX rates seen as Total Assets increased, causing a marginal growth in ROAA & ROAE.

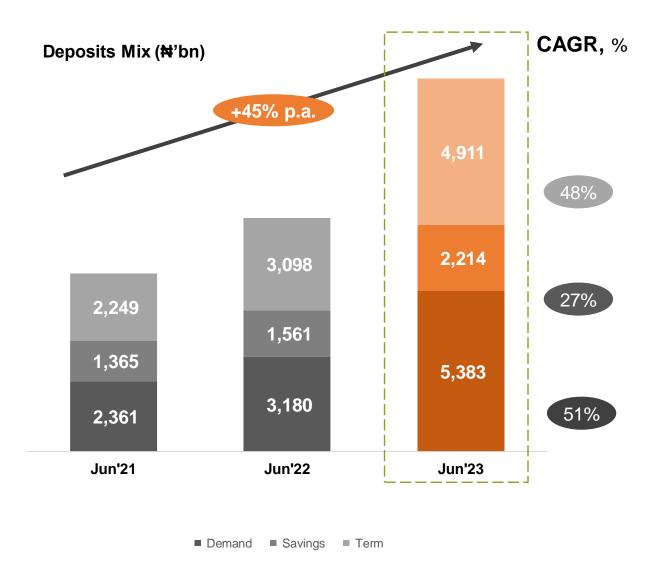
Corporation

Returns on Assets and Equity



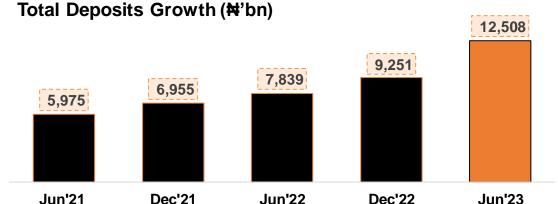
^{* -} Refers to Restricted Deposits with Central Bank of Nigeria – non interest bearing assets

Sustained growth from increased customer activities



Customer deposits increased by 38.1% YTD to ₩12.51trn in the period (FY' 22: ₩9.52trn), from new deposits, incremental growth from existing customers and impact of the FX rates unification.

CASA⁽¹⁾ account deposits increased by 60% y/y to \$7.60trn (H1'22: \$44.74trn) of total deposits. This is from new to bank customers, an increase in digital platform activities, and the expansion of our agency network for financial inclusion, which enables us to provide accessible and affordable financial services to underserved segments of the economy.



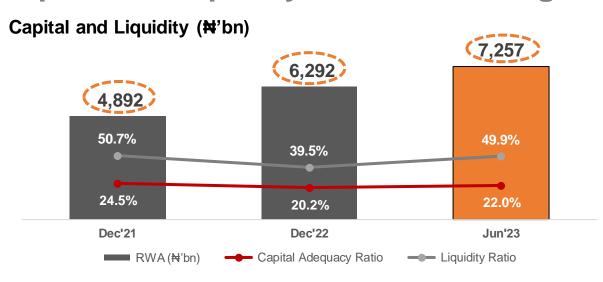


^{1.} Current accounts and savings accounts

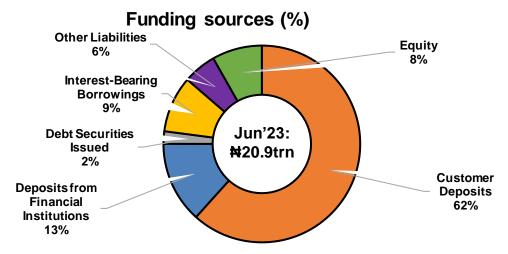
Access Banking Group – Capital & Liquidity Management



Capital and liquidity ratios above regulatory thresholds



- ➤ Strong capital position with CAR at 22.0%. This is above the regulatory threshold of 15%.
- ➤ Tier 1 capital represents **75%** of total regulatory capital **at N1.22trn.**
- ➤ Capital has undergone sensitivity and scenario assessments at various devaluation levels, and it is robust enough to satisfy the necessary capital requirements for the business
- ➤ Liquidity Ratio closed at 50.0% in H1'23 from 39.5% in FY'22. H1'23 liquidity ratio is 20.0% above the regulatory minimum.



Capital Adequacy Computation - Basel II

Underlying in \ *m	Jun-23	Dec-22	% ∆
Tier I Capital	1,219,265	955,202	27.6%
Tier II Capital	406,381	318,369	27.6%
Total Regulatory Capital	1,625,646	1,273,571	27.6%
Credit Risk	6,054,446	5,101,707	18.6%
Operational Risk	1,123,426	1,123,603	0.0%
Market Risk	60,823	60,320	-0.1%
Risk-Weighted Assets	7,238,695	6,285,630	15.2%
Capital Adequacy			
Tier I	16.5%	15.2%	1.3%
Tier II	5.5%	5.0%	0.5%
Total	22.0%	20.2%	1.8%

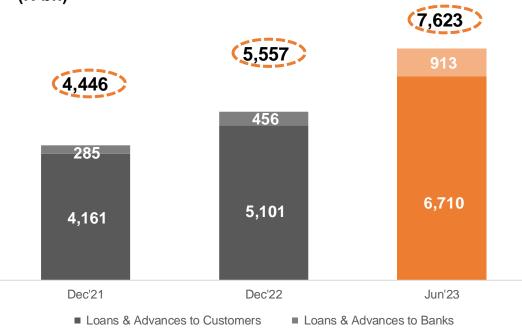


Access Banking Group – Asset Quality

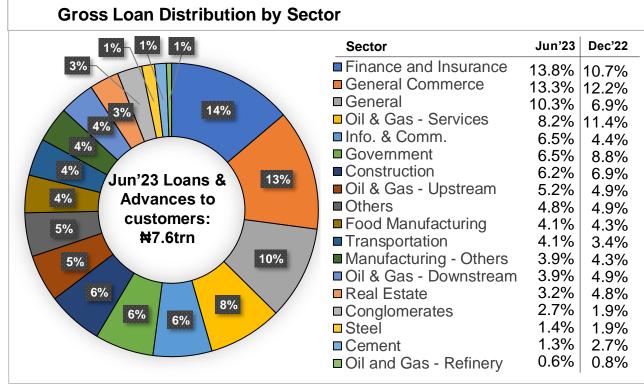


Diversified loan book growth bolstered by effective risk management practices

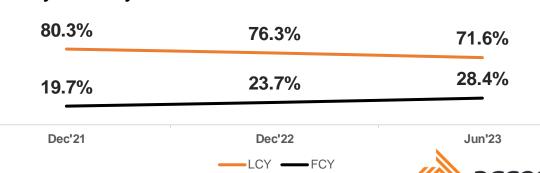
Loans & Advances to customers (\mathbf{H}'bn)



- A well-diversified lending portfolio which prioritizes the quality of assets and targets specific sectors of the economy to stimulate growth and economic recovery.
- The loan book grew by 37% y/y to \(\frac{1}{47.6}\) trn in H1' 23 (Dec'21: \(\frac{1}{45.6}\) trn)
- The FCY loans as a share of the loan book increased to 28.4% (Dec'22: 23.7%).
- Loan-to-Funding ratio closed at 61.5% in H1' 23 (FY '22: 58.7%), indicative
 of a healthy and cautious growth in the loan book.



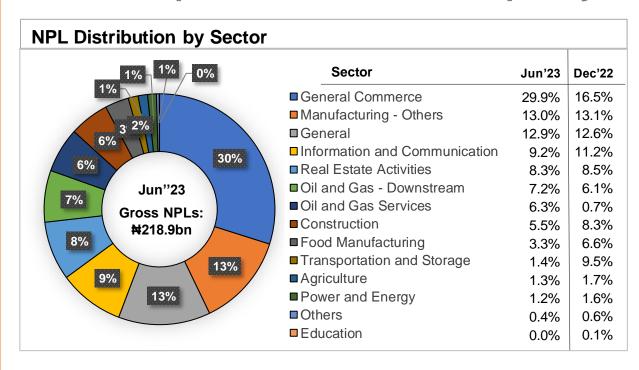
Loans by Currency



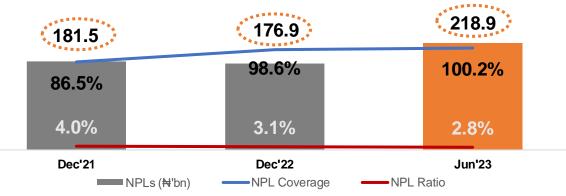
Corporation

⁽¹⁾ The following sectors are included in "Others": Agriculture, Education, Basic Metal Products, Flourmills & Bakeries, and Power & Energy

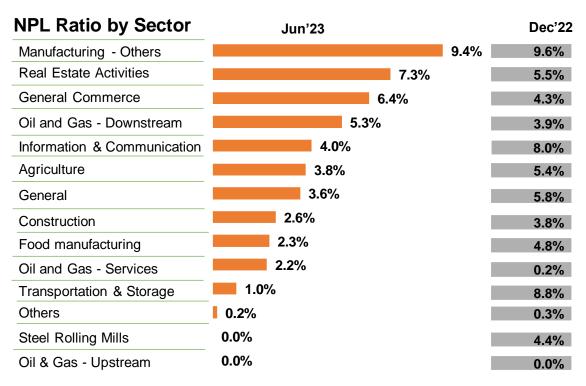
Overall improvements to asset quality and NPL



NPL Analysis



⁽¹⁾ The following sectors are included in "Others": Finance & Insurance, Government, Basic Metal Products, Cement, Conglomerates, Flourmills & Bakeries and Oil & Gas Refinery



- Asset quality remains stable with an improvement in the NPL ratio to 2.8% (FY' 22: 3.1%) on the back of proactive monitoring and our disciplined approach to risk management.
- Sectors most impacted by the unification of FX rates include Oil & Gas and General Commerce, as disposable income shrank materially from the impact of high inflation and removal of fuel subsidy.
- Adequate coverage ratio (including the regulatory risk reserve) at 100.2% (Dec'2022: 98.6%), which is in line with our strategy of maintaining a healthy coverage for the loan book.

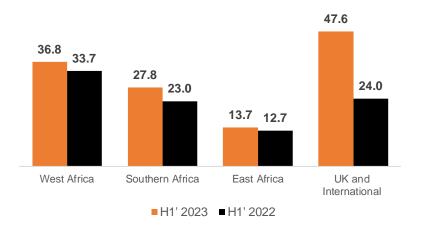


Access Banking Group – Subsidiaries performance



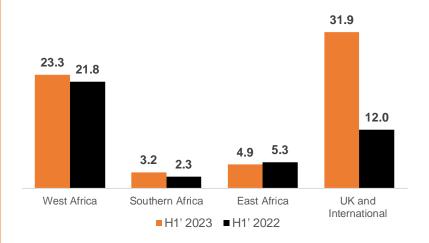
Africa & International subsidiaries' – strong growth hub

OPERATING INCOME



Operating Income	H1' 2023	H1' 2022	% Change
West Africa	36,815	33,661	9%
Southern Africa	27,806	23,015	21%
East Africa	13,728	12,692	8%
Total African Subsidiaries	78,349	69,367	13%
UK and International	47,608	23,962	99%
Total Subsidiaries	125,957	93,329	35%

PBT



PBT	H1' 2023	H1' 2022	% Change
West Africa	23,258	21,815	7%
Southern Africa	3,233	2,345	38%
East Africa	4,862	5,274	-8%
Total African Subsidiaries	31,353	29,433	7%
UK and International	31,937	11,974	167%
Total Subsidiaries	63,291	41,407	53%

Key takeaways

African Subsidiaries

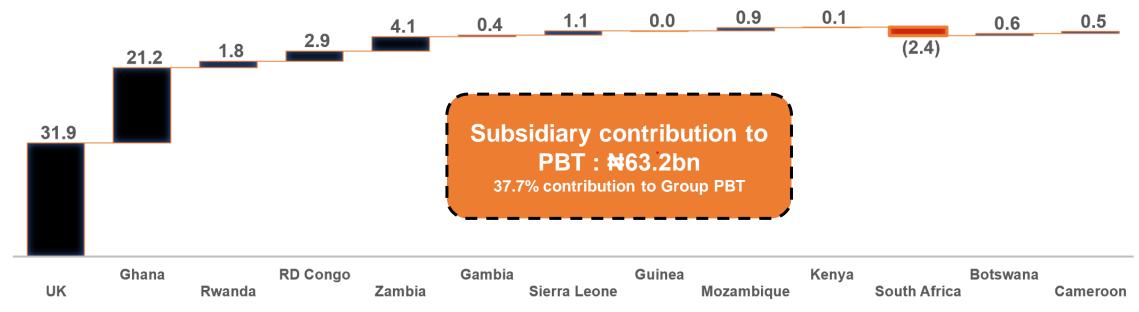
- Operating Income: #78.3bn up 13%y/y (H1'22: #69.3bn)
- Deposits from customers: \text{\mathbb{\pi}1.85trn up 60%}
 (\text{\mathbb{\pi}1'22: \text{\mathbb{\pi}1.1trn}})
- Loans and Advances: ***888.8bn** up 78% (H1'22:498.5bn)
- Ghana recorded a PBT of N21.2bn in H1 2023 All African subsidiaries (excluding South Africa) are profitable at PBT and PAT levels

UK and International Subsidiaries

- Operating Income: **\\47.6bn** up 99%y/y (**H1'22: \\23.9bn**)
- Deposits from customers: ¥1.0bn up 90%
 y/y (H1'22: ¥577bn)
- Loans and Advances: #977bn up 88% (H1'22: # 577bn)
- Impairments: ₩3.6bn improved by 12% y/y (H1'22: ₩4.1bn)
- The standalone Return on Average Equity (ROAE) for our UK subsidiary exceeds 20% on an annualized basis, affirming the effectiveness of our investment strategy in the region.

Improved Subsidiaries' performance

PBT (₦,bn)



- Subsidiaries PBT performance grew by 53% in H1 2023 to ¥63.2bn (H1 2022: N41.4bn).
- Access Bank Ghana recorded a PBT of N21.2bn in H1 2023 driven by series of strategic and business actions executed to improve business performance, following the sovereign debt restructure.
- Total deposits from subsidiaries grew to ¥2.9trn (H1'22: 1.7trn) which represents a 70% growth y/y.

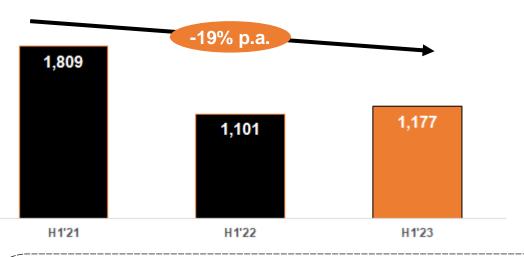


Access Banking Group: Retail Banking and Digital Lending

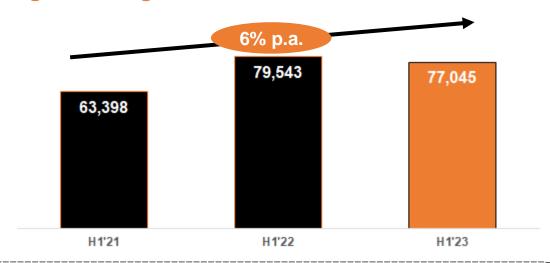


Increased scale and velocity of our digital lending

Digital lending count, #,Thousand



Digital lending value, ₩'million



Products:



Small Ticket Personal Loans



Pay day and Instant Business Loans



Device Financing

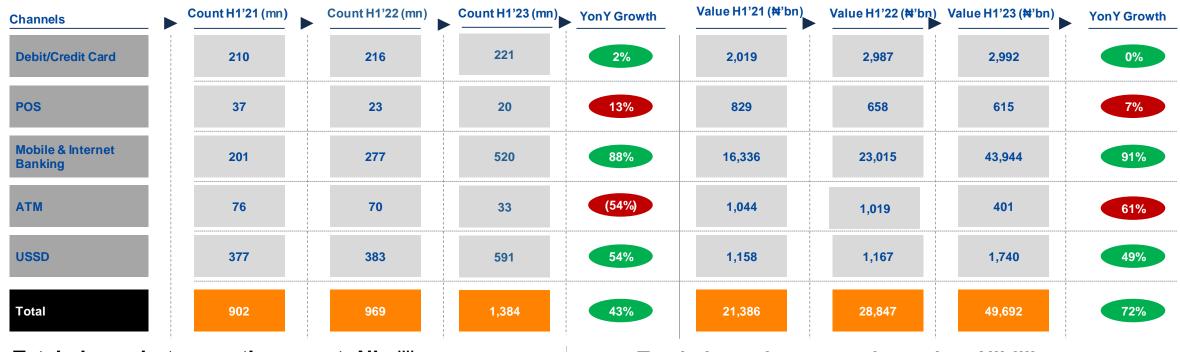


Salary Advance

- ~\mathbf{77.0bn} disbursement, a 3% y/y decline from \mathbf{\mathbf{7}}79.5bn in H1'22*
- ~1,177,361 digital loans in H1 2, a 7% y/y increase from 1,100,591 in H1'22
- ~\\$18.5bn digital lending revenue generated, 102% y/y growth from ₦9.1bn in H1'22



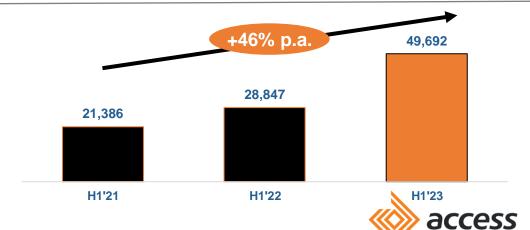
Improved revenue and transaction velocity on digital channels



Total channels transaction count, ₦'million

902 969 H1'21 H1'22 H1'23

Total channels transaction value, ₦'billion



Corporation

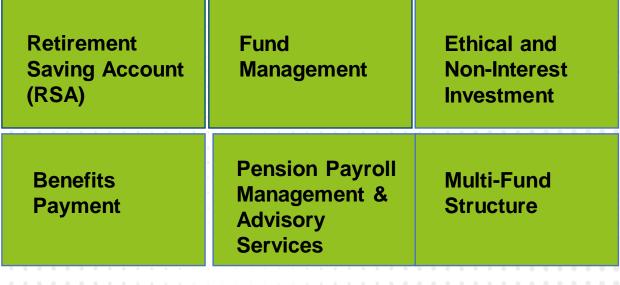
Access Non-Banking Verticals





Access Pensions: Future Shaping (Half Year Update)

Largest PFA by number of 2nd Registered RSA Accounts Largest PFA by 4th Asset under Management (AUM) Ranking on Return of Top 5 Investment in the last **3years N1.0Trn** (AUM at H1'23) N10Bn Shareholders Funds Institutional 13 Clients



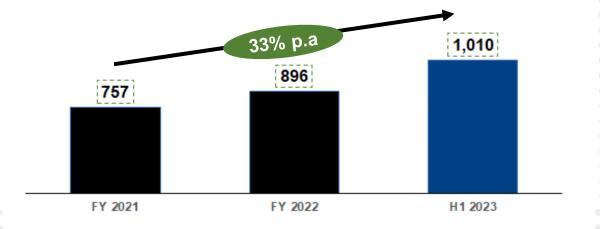
AUM Analysis

- 31% Y/Y growth post merger in AUM.
- RSA Funds (Active and Retiree) accounted for 93% of the total AUM of N1.01 trillion as of June 2023. Active RSA accounted for 82% of the total AUM.

Revenue Analysis

- The fee income of N5.1 billion accounted for 90% of total revenue. Fee revenue is directly correlated to the AUM balances as well as the number of funded accounts monthly.
- Investment income earned on cash and marketable securities as well as statutory reserves and accounted for 10% of total revenue for the period under review

Total Assets Under management



Access Hydrogen: Simplifying Payments (Half Year Update)



NGN 3 Tn

Processed through our Switch

NGN 4 Bn

In POS and Instant Pay transactions

~4000

Merchants
onboarded across
POS and Instant
Pay

407%

MoM growth in transaction value on POS

POS



- Hydrogen achieved a total transaction value of one hundred million within 38 days of operations
- Surpassed one billion transaction value within 45 days
- Exceeded three billion transaction value in two months of operations

99%

System uptime for account switching

NGN 120 Mn

Daily POS transaction volumes at end of June

45+

POS merchant onboards per day

34

States in Nigeria with transacting Hydrogen merchants

InstantPay



- Virtual account solution for easy payments and transfers
- Crossed one billion in monthly transaction processing in 2 months



2023 Guidance



Access Corporation: Financial Targets



Key Takeaways

NIM is expected to be at least 6% in 2027, this growth in NIM will be driven by increased lending within the core Bank and by the growth expected to come through the Consumer Lending business which will typically have higher margins on average.

Healthy ROE expected over the next 5 year as we continue to maximise returns for shareholders. ROE along with ROA are expected to grow, as a result of improvements in CIR and an increase in footprint across higher efficiency locations

Source: Access Corporation Financial Model

Access Corporation

Investor Relations

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